

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM S-11

FOR REGISTRATION UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933
OF SECURITIES OF CERTAIN REAL ESTATE COMPANIES

SUNRISE REALTY TRUST, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Sunrise Realty Trust, Inc.
525 Okeechobee Blvd., Suite 1650
West Palm Beach, FL 33401
(561) 530-3315

(Address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of registrant's principal executive offices)

Brian Sedrish
Sunrise Realty Trust, Inc.
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Approximate date of commencement of proposed sale to the public: As soon as practicable after the effective date of this Registration Statement.

If any of the securities being registered on this Form are to be offered on a delayed or continuous basis pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933 check the following box:

If this Form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, please check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(c) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(d) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.

If delivery of the prospectus is expected to be made pursuant to Rule 434, check the following box.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-accelerated filer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Smaller reporting company	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
		Emerging growth company	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided to Section 7(a)(2)(B) of the Securities Act.

The registrant hereby amends this Registration Statement on such date or dates as may be necessary to delay its effective date until the registrant shall file a further amendment which specifically states that this Registration Statement shall thereafter become effective in accordance with Section 8(a) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or until the Registration Statement shall become effective on such date as the Securities and Exchange Commission, acting pursuant to said Section 8(a), may determine.

The information in this preliminary prospectus is not complete and may be changed. We may not sell these securities until the registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission is effective. This preliminary prospectus is not an offer to sell nor does it seek an offer to buy these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted.

SUBJECT TO COMPLETION, DATED JANUARY 21, 2025.

PROSPECTUS

5,500,000 Shares



Sunrise Realty Trust, Inc. Common Stock

Sunrise Realty Trust, Inc. (the "Company") is offering 5,500,000 shares of its common stock. Our common stock is listed on The Nasdaq Capital Market under the symbol "SUNS." The last reported sale price of our common stock on January 17, 2025 was \$14.14 per share.

We are externally managed by Sunrise Manager LLC (our "Manager"). As of December 31, 2024, our affiliated persons (as defined in Form S-11 under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act")) beneficially own (as determined in accordance with the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC")) an aggregate of 2,058,487 shares of our common stock, or approximately 16.46% of our common stock upon completion of this offering (or 15.44% if the underwriters exercise their option to purchase additional shares in full), not including any purchases in this offering by our affiliated persons. Certain of our directors and officers (the "Affiliated Investors") have indicated an interest in purchasing up to \$ million in shares of common stock in this offering at the public offering price. If the Affiliated Investors purchase shares in this offering, these affiliates of ours will beneficially own additional shares of our common stock.

We believe we have been organized and operated and we intend to elect, and continue to operate in a manner that will enable us to qualify, to be taxed as a real estate investment trust for U.S. federal income tax purposes (a "REIT"), commencing with our taxable year ended December 31, 2024. To assist us in complying with certain U.S. federal income tax requirements applicable to REITs, among other purposes, shares of our common stock are subject to restrictions on ownership and transfer including, subject to certain exceptions, a 4.9% ownership limit in value or number of shares, whichever is more restrictive. Our Board of Directors (our "Board" or "Board of Directors"), in its sole discretion, may exempt (prospectively or retroactively) shareholders from this ownership limit and Leonard M. Tannenbaum, who also serves as our Executive Chairman, has been granted an exemption allowing him to own up to 29.9% of our common stock. See "Description of Capital Stock—Ownership Limitations and Exceptions."

We are an "emerging growth company" as defined under the U.S. federal securities laws and, as such, are subject to reduced public company reporting requirements.

Investing in our common stock involves risks. See "[Risk Factors](#)" beginning on page 36 of this prospectus. The most significant risks relating to your investment in our common stock include the following:

- we have limited history of operating as an independent company, and our historical financial information is not necessarily representative of the results that we would have achieved as a separate, publicly-traded company and may not be a reliable indicator of our future results;
- our ability to identify a successful business and investment strategy and execute on our strategy;
- the ability of our Manager to locate suitable loan opportunities for us and to monitor and actively manage our portfolio and implement our investment strategy;
- our ability to meet the expected ranges of originations and repayments;
- the allocation of loan opportunities to us by our Manager;
- changes in general economic conditions, in our industry and in the commercial finance and commercial real estate markets;
- the state of the U.S. economy generally or in the specific geographic regions in which we operate, including as a result of the impact of natural disasters;
- the impact of a protracted decline in the liquidity of credit markets on our business;
- the amount, collectability and timing of our cash flows, if any, from our loans;
- losses that may be exacerbated due to the concentration of our portfolio in a limited number of loans and borrowers;
- the departure of any of the executive officers or key personnel supporting and assisting us from our Manager or its affiliates;
- impact of and changes in governmental regulations, tax law and rates, accounting guidance and similar matters;
- the impact of a changing interest rate environment;
- our ability to maintain our exemption from registration under the Investment Company Act (as defined below); and
- our ability to qualify and maintain our qualification as a REIT.

Neither the SEC nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

	Price to Public	Underwriting Discounts and Commissions ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Proceeds to Company
Per Share	\$	\$	\$
Total	\$	\$	\$

(1) See "Underwriting" for additional disclosure regarding of the compensation payable to the underwriters.

(2) The underwriters will not receive a discount on any of our shares of common stock purchased by the Affiliated Investors.

We have granted the underwriters the right to purchase up to an additional 825,000 shares of common stock at the public offering price less the underwriting discount and commission to cover over-allotments within 30 days after the date of this prospectus.

Certain Affiliated Investors have indicated an interest in purchasing up to \$ million in shares of common stock in this offering at the public offering price. Because this indication of interest is not a binding agreement or commitment to purchase, the Affiliated Investors could determine to purchase more, less or no shares of common stock in this offering, or the underwriters could determine to sell more, less or no shares to the Affiliated Investors. The underwriters will not receive a discount on any of our shares of common stock purchased by the Affiliated Investors. The underwriters expect to deliver the shares of common stock to the purchasers on , 2025.

Bookrunning Managers

RAYMOND JAMES

KEEFE, BRUYETTE & WOODS
A Stifel Company

BTIG

OPPENHEIMER & CO.

Co-Lead Managers

B. RILEY SECURITIES

A.G.P.

Co-Manager

SEAPORT GLOBAL SECURITIES

The date of this prospectus is , 2025.

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IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS

We and the underwriters have not authorized anyone to provide you with information or to make any representations other than those contained in this prospectus, or in any free writing prospectuses prepared by or on behalf of us or to which we have referred you. We have not, and the underwriters have not, authorized anyone to provide you with any other information, and we take no responsibility for, and provide no assurance as to the reliability of, any other information that others may give you. We are offering to sell, and seeking offers to buy, the shares only under circumstances and in jurisdictions where offers and sales are permitted and we are not making an offer to sell, or seeking offers to buy, the shares under any circumstances or in any jurisdiction in which the person making such offer, solicitation or sale is not qualified to do so or to anyone to whom it is unlawful to make an offer, solicitation or sale. You should assume that the information appearing in this prospectus is accurate as of the date on the front cover of this prospectus only, regardless of the time of delivery of this prospectus or any sale of the shares. Our business, financial condition, results of operations and growth prospects may have changed since that date.

ROUNDING

We have made rounding adjustments to some of the figures included, in this prospectus. Accordingly, numerical figures shown as totals in some tables may not be an arithmetic aggregation of the figures that preceded them.

MARKET AND INDUSTRY DATA

We use market data and industry forecasts and projections throughout this prospectus, and in particular in "*Prospectus Summary*" and "*Business*." We have obtained the market data from certain third-party sources of information, including publicly available industry publications and subscription-based publications. Industry forecasts are based on industry surveys and the preparer's expertise in the industry and there can be no assurance that any of the industry forecasts will be achieved. Any industry forecasts are based on data (including third-party data), models and experience of various professionals and are based on various assumptions, all of which are subject to change without notice. None of such data and forecasts was prepared specifically for us. No third-party source that has prepared such information has reviewed or passed upon our use of the information in this prospectus, and no third-party source is quoted or summarized in this prospectus as an expert. We believe these data are reliable, but we have not independently verified the accuracy of this information. While we are not aware of any misstatements regarding the market data presented herein, industry forecasts and projections involve risks and uncertainties and are subject to change based on various factors, including those discussed under the heading "*Risk Factors*." These and other factors could cause results to differ materially from those expressed in these publications and reports.

NON-GAAP METRICS

This prospectus contains "non-GAAP financial measures," including distributable earnings, within the meaning of Regulation G promulgated by the SEC. Non-GAAP financial measures are financial measures that are not presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the U.S. ("GAAP") and this prospectus therefore includes a reconciliation of these non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable financial measures calculated in accordance with GAAP.

We use certain non-GAAP financial measures, some of which are included in this prospectus, both to explain our results to shareholders and the investment community and in the internal evaluation and management of our businesses. Our management believes that these non-GAAP financial measures and the information they provide are useful to investors since these measures permit investors and shareholders to assess the overall performance of our business using the same tools that our management uses to evaluate our past performance and prospects for future performance.

While we believe that these non-GAAP financial measures are useful in evaluating our performance, this information should be considered as supplemental in nature and not as a substitute for or superior to the related financial information prepared in accordance with GAAP. Additionally, these non-GAAP financial measures may differ from similar measures presented by other companies.

PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

This summary highlights selected information contained elsewhere in this prospectus. It does not contain all of the information that may be important to you and your investment decision. Before investing in our common stock, you should carefully read this entire prospectus, including the matters set forth under "Risk Factors," "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and our financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this prospectus.

Unless the context otherwise requires, the terms "Company," "SUNS," "we," "us" or "our" in this prospectus refer to Sunrise Realty Trust, Inc. and the terms "shares" or "common stock" refer to shares of our common stock, \$0.01 par value per share.

Overview

Sunrise Realty Trust, Inc. is a real estate focused debt fund, actively pursuing opportunities to finance transitional commercial real estate projects located across the Southern U.S. SUNS is an integral part of the platform of affiliated asset managers under the Tannenbaum Capital Group ("TCG"). SUNS is led by a veteran team of commercial real estate investment professionals and its external manager, Sunrise Manager LLC (our "Manager"), which, alongside other TCG platform asset managers pursuing similar or adjacent opportunities, are supported by the marketing, reporting, legal and other non-investment support services provided by the team of professionals within the TCG platform. Our and our Manager's relationship with TCG provide us with investment opportunities through a robust relationship network of commercial real estate owners, operators and related businesses as well as significant back-office personnel to assist in management of loans.

Our focus is on originating and investing in secured commercial real estate ("CRE") loans and providing capital to high-quality borrowers and sponsors with transitional business plans collateralized by CRE assets with opportunities for near-term value creation, as well as recapitalization opportunities. SUNS intends to further diversify its investment portfolio, targeting investments in senior mortgage loans, mezzanine loans, B-notes, commercial mortgage-backed securities ("CMBS") and debt-like preferred equity securities across CRE asset classes. We intend for SUNS' investment mix to include loans secured by high quality residential (including multi-family, condominiums and single-family residential communities), retail, office, hospitality, industrial, mixed-use and specialty-use real estate. As of December 31, 2024, SUNS' portfolio of loans had an aggregate outstanding principal of approximately \$132.6 million.

Our investment focus includes originating or acquiring loans backed by single assets or portfolios of assets that typically have (i) an investment hold size of approximately \$15-100 million, secured by CRE assets, including transitional or construction projects, across diverse property types, (ii) a duration of approximately 2-5 years, (iii) interest rates that are determined periodically on the basis of a floating base lending rate (e.g., SOFR) plus a credit spread, (iv) a loan-to-value ("LTV") ratio of no greater than approximately 75% on an individual investment basis and (v) no more than approximately 75% loan-to-value across the portfolio, in each case, at the time of origination or acquisition, and are led by experienced borrowers and well-capitalized sponsors with high quality business plans. Our loans typically feature origination fees and/or exit fees. We target a portfolio net internal rate of return ("IRR") in the low-teens, which we believe may increase to the mid-teens after including total interest and other revenue from the portfolio, including loans funded from drawing on our leverage, net of our interest expense from our portfolio lenders. We are also targeting a near- to mid-term target capitalization of one-third equity, one-third secured debt availability and one-third unsecured debt. We do not expect to be

fully drawn on our secured debt availability and, as a result, we are targeting an expected leverage ratio of 1.5:1 debt-to-equity.

As of December 31, 2024, we had a potentially actionable pipeline of approximately \$1.2 billion of commercial real estate deal commitments under review by our Manager, and have signed non-binding term sheets for approximately \$341.7 million of commitments from a pool of approximately \$31.8 billion CRE deals sourced by our Manager and its affiliates. We are in varying stages of our review and have not completed our due diligence process with respect to the transactions we are currently reviewing and for which we have signed term sheets. As a result, there can be no assurance that we will move forward with any of these potential investments.

In July 2024, we separated from Advanced Flower Capital Inc. (f/k/a AFC Gamma, Inc. "AFC") through a Spin-Off transaction. The separation was effected by the transfer of AFC's commercial real estate portfolio, from AFC to us and the distribution of all of the outstanding shares of our common stock to all of AFC's shareholders of record as of the close of business on July 8, 2024. As a result of the Spin-Off, we are now an independent, public company trading under the symbol "SUNS" on the Nasdaq Capital Market.

We are an externally managed Maryland corporation and intend to elect to be taxed as a REIT under Section 856 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), commencing with our taxable year ended December 31, 2024. We believe our organization and current and proposed method of operation will enable us to qualify as a REIT. However, no assurances can be given that our beliefs or expectations will be fulfilled, since qualification as a REIT depends on our continuing to satisfy numerous asset, income, distribution and other tests described under "*U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations—Taxation*," which in turn depends, in part, on our operating results and ability to obtain financing. We also intend to operate our business in a manner that will permit us to maintain our exemption from registration under the Investment Company Act.

Target Investments and Portfolio

We invest in transitional CRE assets located in the Southern U.S., including ground-up development and recapitalization transactions, with an emphasis on direct origination of loans with borrowers. We typically invest in loans that have the following characteristics:

- target deal size of \$15 million to \$250 million;
- investment hold size of \$15 million to \$100 million;
- secured by CRE assets, including transitional or construction projects, across diverse property types;
- located primarily within markets in the Southern U.S. benefiting from economic tailwinds with growth potential;
- interest rates that are determined periodically on the basis of a floating base lending rate (e.g., SOFR) plus a credit spread;
- no more than approximately 75% loan-to-value on an individual investment basis and no more than approximately 75% loan-to-value across the portfolio, in each case, at the time of origination or acquisition;
- duration of approximately 2-5 years;
- origination fees and/or exit fees;
- significant downside protections; and

- experienced borrowers and well-capitalized sponsors with high quality business plans.

The allocation of capital among our target assets will depend on prevailing market conditions at the time we invest and may change over time in response to changes in prevailing market conditions, including with respect to interest rates and general economic and credit market conditions as well as local economic conditions in markets where we are active.

Southern U.S.

Our investments are primarily concentrated in those states/districts that SUNS considers to be part of the Southern U.S. Those states/districts include AL, AR, DE, FL, GA, KY, LA, MD, MS, NC, OK, SC, TN, TX, VA, WV and D.C. Within its targeted geographic region, we expect that the following states, which are and are expected to continue exhibiting above average population and employment growth, will represent a greater share of the overall geographic exposure: GA, FL, NC, SC, TN and TX.

Market Opportunity

We plan to capitalize on developments in CRE credit markets where non-bank lenders have provided an increasing share of CRE financings as a result of the capital shortage caused by the development, rehabilitation and re-capitalization of assets across the U.S., and particularly in the Southern U.S. We believe this shift is caused by two recent changes: (1) substantially lower amounts of bank capital being made available for transitional real estate assets due to tighter lending parameters, regulatory requirements and portfolio issues; and (2) dislocations and declining liquidity caused by the rapid rise in interest rates that began in March 2022. We believe that this represents a paradigm shift relative to the low interest rate environment observed over the past ten years, which was characterized by an abundance of cheap capital. We believe that non-bank lenders can take advantage of banks' recent retrenchment and lack of capital, as well as the current interest rate environment, to generate higher returns with lower leverage levels. Additionally, we are not burdened by the same regulatory hurdles facing traditional lenders, which we believe will better allow us to structure attractive credit positions without taking undue risk or excessive leverage.

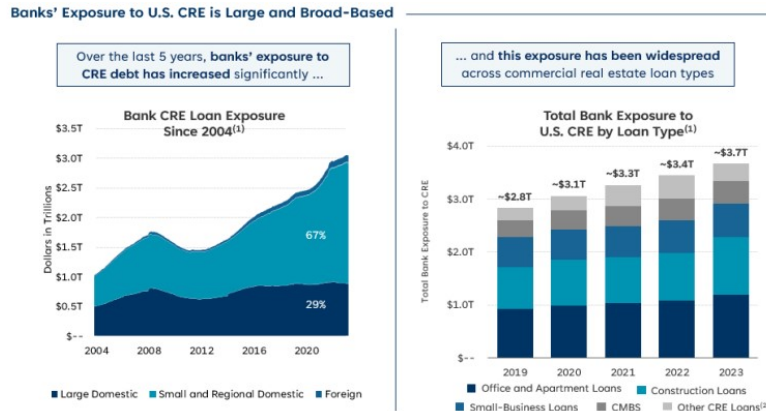
We intend to focus on the Southern U.S. due to: (1) positive demographic trends, including accelerated migration patterns resulting from COVID-19 and the resulting shortage in residential and commercial real estate supply; and (2) our local presence, knowledge and network of brokers and sponsors in these markets.

Large and Deep Addressable Market Facing Dislocations

Since 2018, banks have significantly increased their issuance of CRE loans. According to the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (the "FDIC"), over the last five years, banks' exposure to U.S. CRE markets has risen approximately \$1 trillion in aggregate, nearing \$4 trillion in total, with bank investments broadly distributed across CRE loan types. The current environment of higher interest rates and declining liquidity has caused severe issues across these loan portfolios.

Historically, for CRE projects, higher interest rates typically result in: (1) decreased valuations; (2) lower occupancy rates; (3) construction/development delays; and (4) reduced liquidity (i.e., fewer options for borrowers). Each of these changes increases the default risk of CRE loans on bank balance sheets, and as these effects typically happen in tandem, the impact is magnified. For example, many CRE loans have short terms with balloon payments and in a higher rate environment, refinancing these loans becomes challenging and expensive. In an environment

of declining valuations and occupancy rates, however, borrowers of these loans have even less ability to secure favorable refinancing terms, further increasing default risk.



(1) Newmark Research Data.

(2) Other CRE Loans include real-estate investor loans and other assets linked to commercial properties.

Banks entered 2023 facing new regulations (Basel III), an office sector crash, rising interest rates and declining liquidity, forcing them to curtail their lending activity. Regional bank turmoil and sustained rate hikes in 2023 further amplified bank retrenchment from CRE lending and forced some lenders to liquidate existing loan portfolios to improve balance sheet liquidity. In addition, higher rates coupled with the slowdown in the structured credit markets (warehouse lines and CLOs) has eroded lender margins, causing some to exit.

With banks and other traditional lenders halting lending or unable to bridge funding gaps due to lower leverage targets, we believe that there is a large and immediate need for capital from non-traditional capital providers to support transitional CRE business plans. CRE is a capital intensive asset class with a consistent need for debt financing for development, rehabilitation and recapitalizations. We believe that the U.S. CRE debt market is capable of delivering predictable income streams with significant downside protection through an economic cycle.

Further, the current environment of elevated interest rates combined with reduced CRE valuations present compelling lending opportunities. Declines in real estate values reduce new lender risk in the form of lower LTV ratios: originated loans placed at approximately 70% LTV (based on valuations as of July 2024) represent approximately 55% LTV of peak asset valuations. In addition, higher benchmark rates (Treasury Rate and SOFR) as well as elevated spreads

enhance net interest margins, which we believe results in greater opportunity for outsized returns.



* Based on management estimates. Provided for illustrative purposes only and does not reflect the terms of any specific capital structure.

(1) Valuation decline based on Green Street Commercial Property Price Index as of July 2024 (~20% decline from recent peak).

(2) Source: Cushman & Wakefield, Green Street Advisors.

(3) Source: Average of apartment, industrial, office, self-storage, senior housing, single-family rental, and strip center sectors.

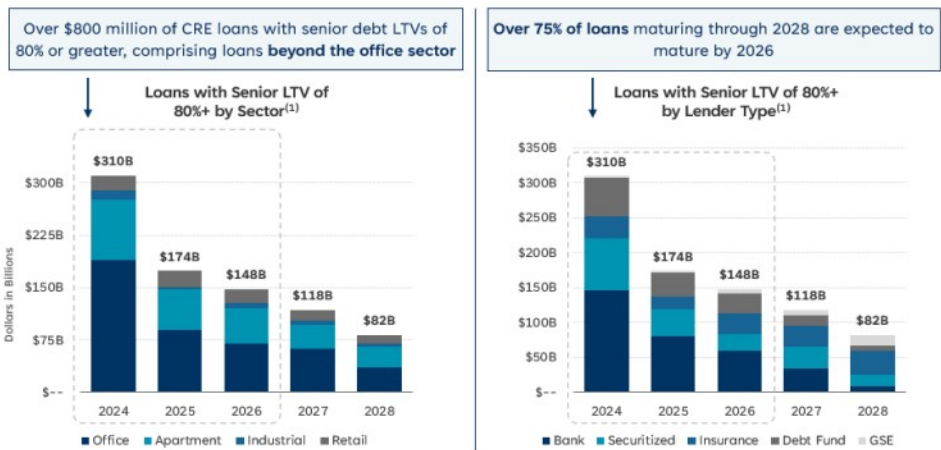
(4) LIBOR used for Dec 2019; SOFR used for July 2024.

We believe that, in times of dislocation, the risk-adjusted returns available in the U.S. CRE debt market offer an attractive investment opportunity and support an allocation from opportunistic investors.

High Volume of Near-Term CRE Loan Maturities

CRE debt transactions are typically financed with short duration loans, which amplifies the need for a consistent supply of fresh capital for both new originations and rollover financings. We expect that a high volume of near-term maturing debt will lead to substantial demand for CRE debt capital. According to S&P Global, over \$2.1 trillion in loans across CRE sectors are set to

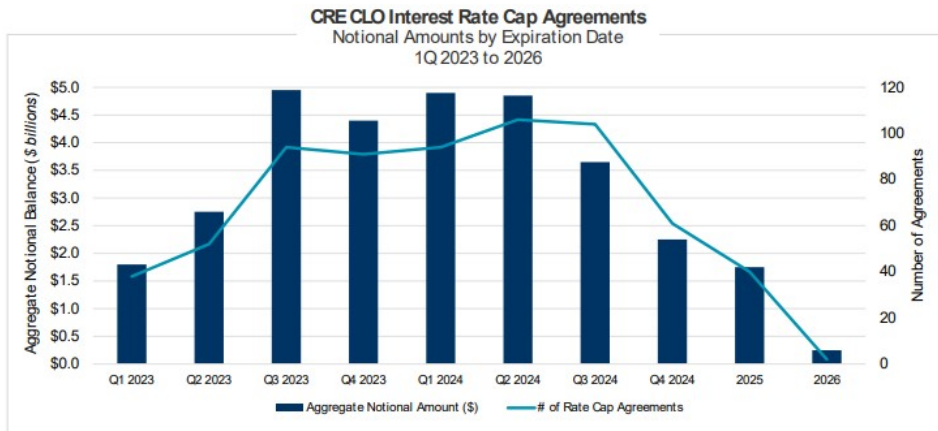
mature in 2025 and 2026, with approximately \$832 billion of loans carrying senior debt LTVs of 80% or greater maturing from 2024 through 2028.



(1) Green Street, NCREIF, RCA, Trepp, MBA, Newmark Research. Loans with an estimated senior debt LTV of 80% or greater are potentially troubled. The loans are marked-to-market using an average of cumulative changes in the Dow Jones REIT sector price indices, REIT sector enterprise value indices and Green Street sector CPPI.

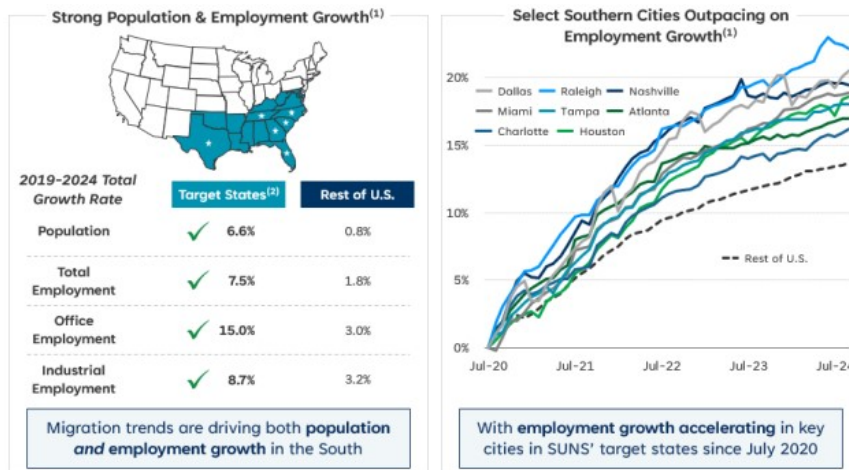
The actions of bank regulators have enabled banks and other lenders to extend maturing loans rather than force repayments that may result in capital impairment. The rapid rise in interest rates from March 2022 to September 2023, coupled with this backlog of refinancing needs, is causing banks to seek repayment to recover capital and shore up liquidity. Additionally, many loans contain rate caps which are naturally expiring as loan terms come due (see chart below from Cred-iq.com). The currently elevated interest rates have made purchasing these caps, previously struck at low levels, uneconomical. We believe that the most pressing gap is for subordinate financings, as we believe banks who are continuing to lend look to reduce leverage levels. Maturing loans, plus expiring rate caps, will create opportunities for alternative lenders who can bridge the gap and offer borrowers gap financing to complete their capitalizations. We anticipate that lenders who can take advantage of this dislocation will be able to generate equity-

like returns with debt-like risk, with leverage levels significantly below where they have been over the last decade.



Migration Patterns and Business Growth Driving Demand for CRE in the Southern U.S.

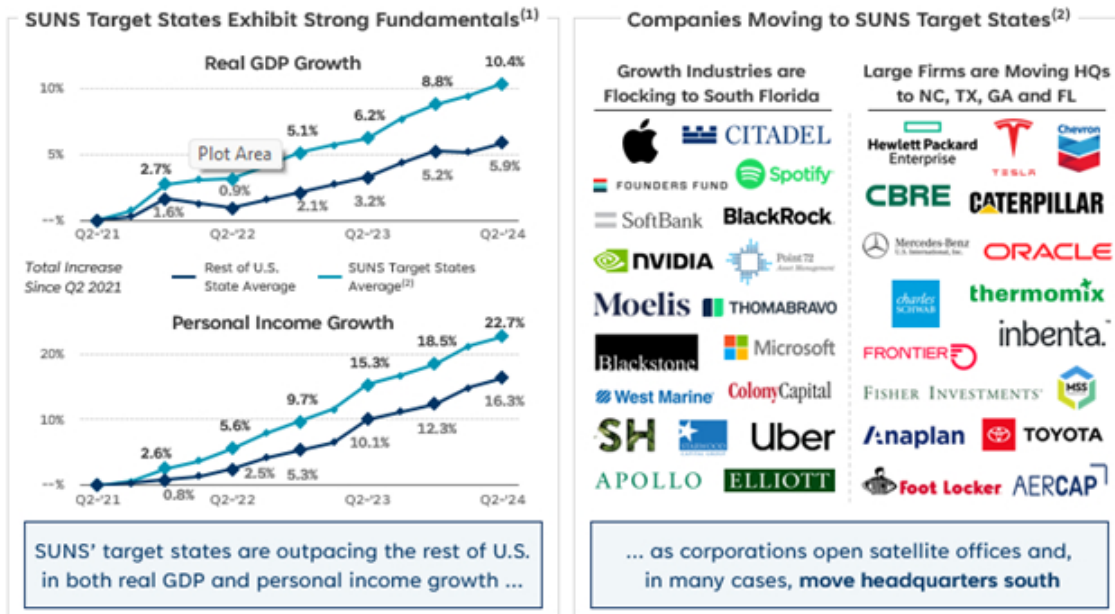
According to the 2022 Allied US Migration Report, population and employment migration to the Southern U.S. has long been occurring, but COVID-19 has accelerated this growth. These trends have caused the Southern U.S. to benefit from increased population, employment and real GDP growth, as per the U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis.



(1) U.S. Census Bureau Data; CoStar Market Data; Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis

(2) Target states include: FL, TX, NC, SC, TN, and GA.

Personal income growth in our target states is outpacing the U.S. average, largely due to corporations moving to the Southern U.S.



(1) U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis; Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis.
 (2) Target states include: FL, TX, NC, SC, TN, and GA.

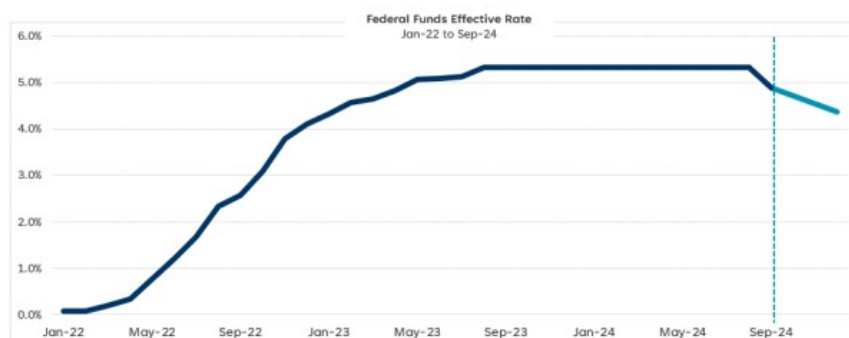
We expect these migration and growth trends to continue for the foreseeable future given the favorable business environment, climate, taxes, access to intellectual capital and lower fixed expenses available in the Southern U.S.

COVID-19's acceleration of pre-existing migration patterns and business growth in the Southern U.S. has driven increased unmet demand for CRE in the Southern U.S. We anticipate that the CRE supply lag in the Southern U.S. will worsen in the coming years due to the reduced access to capital from traditional CRE lenders discussed above, which we believe will provide a consistent flow of investment opportunities in our target states and investment types.

Higher Rates and Decreased Competition

From March 2022 to July 2023, the Federal Reserve embarked on an aggressive rate hiking cycle, ending a four-decade bond bull market characterized by cheap and abundant capital. Credit markets have experienced tremendous disruption, including the failure of Silicon Valley Bank and Signature Bank in Spring 2023; the iShares 20 Plus Year Treasury Bond ETF is off over 46% from its all time closing high in 2020 (as of October 25, 2024). Implied bank lending rates suggest that an elevated rate environment (especially relative to the recent decade) will persist into 2025 (see chart below from the Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis). As a result, it is

anticipated that borrowers will have difficulty refinancing oversized debt tranches and servicing the cost of new debt capital.



Source: Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis

We believe that this market environment bodes well for lenders who can provide subordinated debt tranches and serve as “rescue capital” where borrowers otherwise would be required to support existing equity investments. We believe that many borrowers will prefer to utilize mezzanine loans and/or debt-like preferred equity securities to plug gaps.

Historically, many lenders relied upon high degrees of low-cost leverage, enabling them to compete aggressively on pricing offered to borrowers. These relatively highly-levered lenders have pulled back due to: (1) their inability to access the aforementioned cheap financing in the current market environment; and (2) portfolio issues that resulted from their aggressive use of leverage. We believe that lenders with capital to deploy and more conservative leverage profiles, like our company, will be able to take advantage of these dynamics to obtain better pricing at lower leverage points than has existed over the last several years. Additionally, highly leveraged lenders may become sources of deal flow if they are forced to sell positions to cover margin calls or investor redemptions.

Potential Opportunities for Immediate Deployment

Our opportunity set is expected to encompass the following categories, with the volume of each dependent on currently elevated interest rates declining at the expected rates, the supply of fresh capital that enters the CRE lending space, and continued migration trends to the Southern U.S. We believe the following will be the most actionable areas of focus over the next several years:

1. New loan originations for well-capitalized sponsors with high-quality business plans that would have borrowed at lower rates and higher leverage levels over the last decade;
2. Recapitalization transactions of high-quality assets for borrowers with maturing loans or rate cap expirations, who in addition to refinancing existing lenders may need incremental capital to satisfy further repositioning and carrying costs, or may need additional time to achieve lease-up or other milestones prior to receiving permanent financing or engaging in an asset sale;
3. Special situations investments where equity investors may seek portfolio-level liquidity and we can provide a loan backed by a diversified portfolio of quality assets at acceptable leverage levels; and

4. Banks or other lenders seeking to sell existing loans to generate liquidity, the selling of which may be involuntary due to capital calls or investor redemptions and may be done at a discount to par.

We believe that the current market climate will produce a robust pipeline of quality lending opportunities in markets in the Southern U.S. experiencing strong growth and demand tailwinds characterized by:

1. Conservative leverage levels;
2. Improved lender protections; and
3. Higher absolute returns relative to the last decade.

Our investment portfolio is expected to comprise a spectrum of CRE asset classes, including high quality multifamily, condominiums, industrial, office, retail, hospitality, mixed-use and specialty-use real estate, as well as investments including refinancings for later-and-transitional-stage assets and ground-up development.

Attractive Risk-Adjusted Return Profile

We believe that our strategy of taking advantage of declining liquidity in the CRE credit markets, combined with investing in geographies with favorable demographic tailwinds, should provide our investors a strong degree of downside protection combined with attractive risk-adjusted returns. We anticipate that recapitalization transactions driven by maturing loans or interest rate cap expirations will allow us to invest into deals that have been relatively de-risked. As an example, we may have the opportunity to invest in assets where the primary risk is lease-up of a property, as opposed to day one ground-up development risk. In these situations, equity and potentially other tranches (mezzanine, preferred equity) may be subordinated to our tranche, which may allow us to generate attractive returns with a significant cushion below.

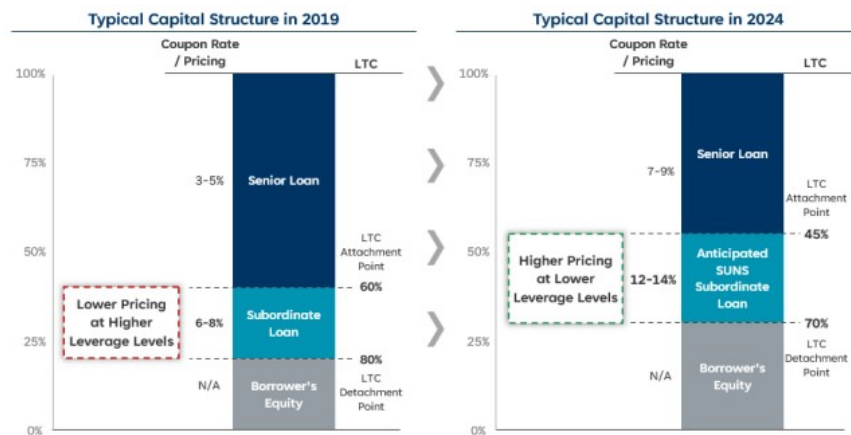
Our ground-up development loans are expected to be secured by collateral located in Southern U.S. geographies with strong demographic and demand tailwinds. In new build or rehabilitation projects, in addition to these tailwinds, we also expect to require that borrowers contribute increased levels of equity, reducing our leverage detachment point, further enhancing credit quality. The increased levels of equity are expected to provide strong downside protection for our company, as our loans are anticipated to carry reduced loan to value ratios than were observed in our target markets as recently as a year and a half ago. As demonstrated by the below

chart (from Green Street Advisors as of October 2024), historically, impairment in CRE values has been limited to the first 0-40% of the capital structure.



Source: Green Street Advisors as of October 2024

As a result of the forces impacting CRE capital markets, including increased interest rates, lower availability of capital, and higher equity requirements, we believe that providers of subordinated debt capital will be able to consistently command mid-teens returns at lower LTV levels than were required over the last decade. These tranches provide better downside protection and more closely resemble senior leverage as compared with the prior ten years.



Source: Based on management estimates. Provided for illustrative purposes only and does not reflect the terms of any specific capital structure.

We believe that traditional lenders are structurally challenged and will continue to pull back from the market, which will provide us with the opportunity to achieve our targeted returns for several years to come.

Investment Objective

We will seek to generate strong risk-adjusted returns by originating and investing in CRE assets located in the Southern U.S., including ground-up development and recapitalization transactions, with an emphasis on direct origination of loans with borrowers. Returns are

anticipated to be generated through a combination of current and/or accrued interest payments, origination and exit fees, servicing fees, minimum multiple-of-capital payments and extension and other fees. We intend to primarily invest in senior mortgage loans, mezzanine loans, B-notes, CMBS and debt-like preferred equity securities across CRE asset classes.

We will seek to lend to experienced borrowers in order to: (i) finance acquisitions, (ii) refinance existing indebtedness, (iii) fund value-add and transitional business plans, or (iv) provide portfolio-level liquidity solutions directly or via purchases of existing loans. We expect that our investments will typically have the following characteristics:

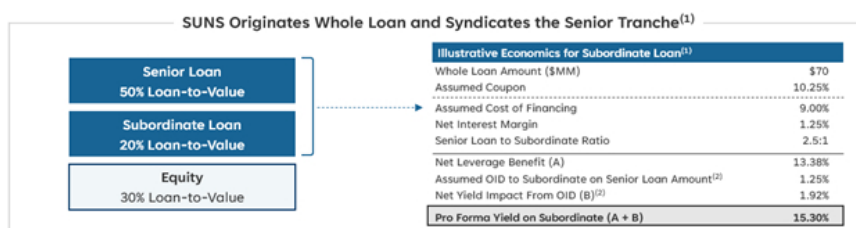
- target deal size of \$15 million to \$250 million;
- investment hold size of \$15 million to \$100 million;
- secured by CRE assets, including transitional or construction projects, across diverse property types;
- located primarily within markets in the Southern U.S. benefiting from economic tailwinds with growth potential;
- interest rates that are determined periodically on the basis of a floating base lending rate (e.g., SOFR) plus a credit spread;
- no more than approximately 75% LTV on an individual investment basis and no more than approximately 75% LTV across the portfolio, in each case, at the time of origination or acquisition;
- duration of approximately 2-5 years;
- origination fees and/or exit fees;
- significant downside protections; and
- experienced borrowers and well-capitalized sponsors with high quality business plans.

Our portfolio of investments will target low-teens net IRR, which we aim to be in the mid-teens after including total interest and other revenue from the portfolio, including loans funded from drawing on our leverage, net of our interest expense from our portfolio lenders. We are targeting an expected leverage ratio of 1.5:1 debt-to-equity.

Our investment mix will likely include high quality residential (including multifamily, condominiums and single-family residential communities), industrial, office, retail, hospitality, mixed-use and specialty-use real estate.

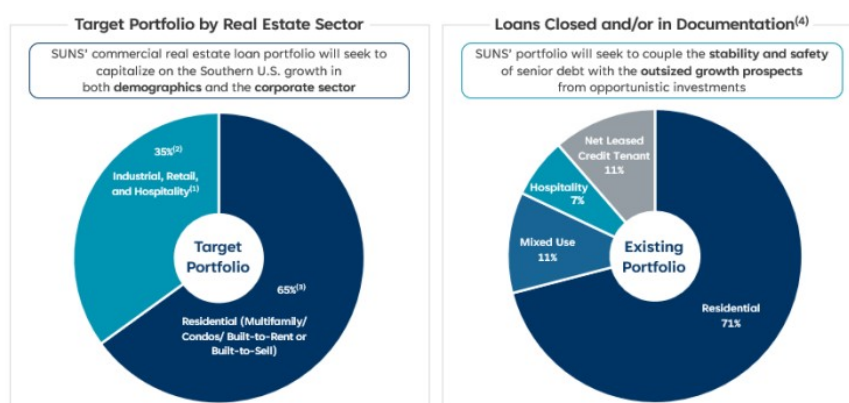
Our investment program will primarily include senior mortgage loans, mezzanine loans, B-notes, CMBS and debt-like preferred equity securities. We may originate or purchase the above types of investments and hold them to maturity. We may also originate a whole loan and subsequently create a mezzanine loan by partnering with a senior lender (likely a national or regional bank, or an insurance company), who will acquire the senior portion of the loan from us. We believe that this structure would allow us to deliver enhanced returns to our investors while

providing competitive financing rates to our borrowers. An example of this structure is shown below.



- (1) Based on an assumed thirty-six (36) month term, fully-funded at close and annual compounding for yield calculation. Based on management estimates. Provided for illustrative purposes only and does not reflect the terms of any specific loan or borrower.
- (2) The entire 1.25% original issue discount (OID) is being allocated exclusively to the subordinate tranche, amounting to 4.375% of its \$20 million balance.

The following charts summarize our target portfolio by property and transaction types.



- (1) May include mixed-use and specialty-use properties.
- (2) Anticipated to comprise approximately 25%-50% of the portfolio. Provided for illustrative purposes only. No assurances can be given that SUNS will achieve the indicated portfolio diversification or returns.
- (3) Anticipated to comprise approximately 50%-75% of the portfolio. Provided for illustrative purposes only. No assurances can be given that SUNS will achieve the indicated portfolio diversification or returns.
- (4) Includes loans in documentation stage; SUNS is in varying stages of negotiation and has not completed its due diligence process with respect to projects that have not closed. As a result, there can be no assurance that these potential investments will be completed on the terms described above or at all. A component of these loans may be held through one or more affiliated co-investors.

The allocation of capital among our target assets will depend on prevailing market conditions at the time we invest and may change over time in response to changes in prevailing market conditions, including with respect to interest rates and general economic and credit market conditions as well as local economic conditions in markets where we are active.

Key Differentiating Factors

We believe that there is an immediate opportunity to capitalize on CRE market dislocations and declining liquidity, converging with migration trends to the Southern U.S. These

opportunities are outlined below along with our view of our competitive advantages in identifying meaningful investment opportunities.

Unique Market Opportunity: A rapid rise in interest rates has caused significant impairment and disruption to the CRE capital markets. Legacy portfolio issues have caused banks and other traditional CRE lenders to retrench from CRE, and elevated interest rates have drained liquidity from the CRE capital markets. \$2.0 trillion of looming CRE maturities by 2026 will have to be addressed, and capital providers with liquidity and speed of execution will be better positioned to take advantage of this market dislocation. In addition, we believe that there is a supply-demand imbalance in the Southern U.S. for CRE. COVID-19 sped up migration inflows to the Southern U.S. as market dislocations simultaneously began to halt new supply, worsening any supply-demand imbalance further. We anticipate that this supply lag will persist for the foreseeable future.

Experience and Strategic Presence: We believe that our size and institutional infrastructure, as well as our management team's expertise in transitional real estate, distressed debt and recapitalizations; cycle-tested track record in CRE credit; deep knowledge of the Southern U.S. CRE market; and deep network of relationships across CRE markets will differentiate our company in making CRE debt investments in the Southern U.S. We maintain a strategic local presence in the Southern U.S., with our headquarters in West Palm Beach, Florida, which we believe will enhance our sourcing capabilities and local market knowledge.

Diversified Portfolio: We intend to build a diversified portfolio of CRE investments that combines the upside potential from higher-yielding investments, including mezzanine loans, B-notes, CMBS, subordinate credit and debt-like preferred equity securities, with the relative safety of a stable pool of senior mortgage loans, which we believe will maximize risk-adjusted returns for our shareholders.

TCG Platform: Our and our Manager's relationship with TCG provide us with investment opportunities through a robust relationship network of commercial real estate owners, operators and related businesses as well as significant back-office personnel to assist in management of loans.

Strong Underlying Collateral: Our debt investments will primarily be secured by real estate assets that are expected to be diversified across asset classes, including high quality residential (including multifamily, condominiums and single-family residential communities), industrial, office, retail, hospitality, mixed-use and specialty-use real estate.

Underwriting and Investment Process

We believe that our Manager's rigorous investment process on our behalf enables us to make investments with potential for value creation as it seeks to provide capital to strong sponsors with readily executable business plans while endeavoring to implement significant downside

protections. Our investment process includes, but is not limited, to the origination, underwriting, investment committee review, legal documentation and post-closing steps outlined below.

Origination	Underwriting	Investment Committee	Legal Documentation and Post-Closing
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Direct origination platform works to create enhanced yields by originating and structuring investments, as well as implementing enhanced controls • Platform drives increased deal flow, which provides for improved deal selectivity • Allows for specific portfolio construction and a focus on higher quality investment opportunities 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Disciplined underwriting process leads to a highly selective approach • Underwriting team focuses on collateral and sponsor analysis, business plan review and exit strategy • Other tools that we frequently use to verify data, include but are not limited to: appraisals, comparable analyses, environmental reports, site visits, and background checks 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Focused on managing credit risk through comprehensive investment review process • The investment committee must approve each investment before commitment papers are issued • Members of the investment committee include: Leonard M. Tannenbaum and Brian Sedrish 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Investment team works alongside external counsel to negotiate creditor agreements and other applicable agreements • Emphasis is placed on financial covenants and a limitation of actions that may be adverse to lenders • Portfolio is proactively managed to monitor ongoing performance and loan covenant compliance

We require a significant amount of information from each of our borrowers and on any guarantors, typically including: ownership structure charts; the borrower's and related entities' governing documents; a list of judgments, liens, and criminal convictions against key personnel/management; a list of pending or threatened claims/litigation by or against the borrower or its guarantor(s) including the status of any claim; information about other liabilities, including loans, foreclosures and bankruptcies; lending and banking references; recent certificates of good standing for all loan party entities; and other background information such as Google, credit and Lexis/Nexis searches. We also conduct financial due diligence on borrowers including, but not limited to, reviewing: audited or certified annual financial statements for the previous year, including monthly financial statements (where available); a detailed operating budget for the forward looking year; a list of any non-recurring/extraordinary revenues or expenses for current and prior fiscal years; details of corporate overhead or other corporate eliminations; balance sheet, within 30 days of closing; the last three (3) months of bank deposits; a capitalization table; proof of insurance policies; and resumes and net worth of key personnel/management. Additionally, we conduct extensive due diligence on properties owned or leased by its borrowers and any related guarantors.

Our Manager

We are externally managed and advised by our Manager, a registered investment adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended (the "Advisers Act"), and an affiliate of Leonard M. Tannenbaum and Robyn Tannenbaum. Our Manager is beneficially owned 67.8% by Leonard M. Tannenbaum, our Executive Chairman, 8.8% by Robyn Tannenbaum, our President, and 18.4% by Tannenbaum family members and trusts, as of December 31, 2024, and Brian Sedrish, our Chief Executive Officer, is expected to be granted approximately 7.0% ownership in

connection with this offering, which is expected to further increase relative to the amount of equity capital raised by the Company. The executive offices of our Manager are located at 525 Okeechobee Blvd., Suite 1650, West Palm Beach, FL 33401 and the telephone number of our Manager's executive offices is (561) 530-3315. Our Manager entered into an administrative services agreement (the "Administrative Services Agreement") with TCG Services LLC ("TCG Services"), that sets forth the terms on which TCG Services provides certain administrative services, including providing personnel, office facilities, information technology and other equipment and legal, accounting, human resources, clerical, bookkeeping and record keeping services at such facilities and other services that are necessary or useful for us. TCG Services is an affiliate of our Manager and Leonard Tannenbaum, our Executive Chairman, and Robyn Tannenbaum, our President. Our Manager also entered into a Services Agreement (the "Services Agreement") with SRT Group LLC ("SRT Group"), an affiliate of our Manager, Leonard M. Tannenbaum, Robyn Tannenbaum, Brian Sedrish and Brandon Hetzel. The Services Agreement sets forth the terms on which SRT Group will provide investment personnel to us.

As of December 31, 2024, our Manager, through the Administrative Services Agreement with TCG Services and the Services Agreement with SRT Group, has access to the services of over 30 professionals, including six investment professionals. The investment personnel provided by our Manager and the investment committee members of our Manager have over 60 years of combined investment management experience and are a valuable resource to us.

Our Management Agreement and Fee Waiver

On February 22, 2024, we and our Manager entered into a management agreement (the "Management Agreement"), effective upon the listing of our common stock. Pursuant to the Management Agreement, the Manager manages the loans and day-to-day operations of the Company, subject at all times to the further terms and conditions set forth in the Management Agreement and such further limitations or parameters as may be imposed from time to time by the Company's Board.

The Manager receives base management fees (the "Base Management Fees") that are calculated and payable quarterly in arrears, in an amount equal to 0.375% of the Company's Equity (as defined in the Management Agreement), subject to certain adjustments, less 50% of the aggregate amount of any other fees ("Outside Fees"), including any agency fees relating to the Company's loans, but excluding the Incentive Compensation (as defined below) and any diligence fees paid to and earned by the Manager and paid by third parties in connection with the Manager's due diligence of potential loans.

In addition to the Base Management Fees, the Manager is entitled to receive incentive compensation (the "Incentive Compensation" or "Incentive Fees") with respect to each fiscal quarter (or portion thereof that the Management Agreement is in effect) based upon the Company's achievement of targeted levels of Core Earnings. "Core Earnings" is defined in the Management Agreement as, for a given period, the net income (loss) for such period, computed in accordance with GAAP, excluding (i) non-cash equity compensation expense, (ii) Incentive Compensation, (iii) depreciation and amortization, (iv) any unrealized gains or losses or other non-cash items that are included in net income for the applicable reporting period, regardless of whether such items are included in other comprehensive income or loss, or in net income and (v) one-time events pursuant to changes in GAAP and certain non-cash charges, in each case after discussions between the Manager and the Company's independent directors and approved by a majority of the independent directors.

From time to time, the Manager may waive fees it would otherwise be entitled to under the terms of the Management Agreement. The Manager intends to waive (i) the inclusion of the net proceeds from this offering in the Company's Equity for purposes of calculating the management fee until the earlier of (a) December 31, 2025 and (b) the quarter in which the total amount of the net proceeds of this offering have been utilized to fund loans in our portfolio and (ii) an additional \$1.0 million in fees.

For additional information, see "*Our Manager and Our Management Agreement.*"

Key Financial Measures and Indicators

As a commercial real estate finance company, we believe the key financial measures and indicators for our business are Distributable Earnings (as defined below), book value per share and dividends declared per share.

Distributable Earnings

In addition to using certain financial metrics prepared in accordance with GAAP to evaluate our performance, we also use Distributable Earnings to evaluate our performance, excluding the effects of certain transactions and GAAP adjustments we believe are not necessarily indicative of our current loan activity and operations. Distributable Earnings is a measure that is not prepared in accordance with GAAP. We use these non-GAAP financial measures both to explain our results to shareholders and the investment community and in the internal evaluation and management of our businesses. Our management believes that these non-GAAP financial measures and the information they provide are useful to investors since these measures permit investors and shareholders to assess the overall performance of our business using the same tools that our management uses to evaluate our past performance and prospects for future performance. The determination of Distributable Earnings is substantially similar to the determination of Core Earnings under our Management Agreement, provided that Core Earnings is a component of the calculation of any Incentive Compensation earned under the Management Agreement for the applicable time period, and thus, Core Earnings is calculated without giving effect to Incentive Compensation expense, while the calculation of Distributable Earnings accounts for any Incentive Compensation earned for such time period.

We define Distributable Earnings as, for a specified period, the net income (loss) computed in accordance with GAAP, excluding (i) stock-based compensation expense, (ii) depreciation and amortization, (iii) any unrealized gains, losses or other non-cash items recorded in net income (loss) for the period, regardless of whether such items are included in other comprehensive income or loss, or in net income (loss); provided that Distributable Earnings does not exclude, in the case of investments with a deferred interest feature (such as OID, debt instruments with PIK interest and zero coupon securities), accrued income that we have not yet received in cash, (iv) increase (decrease) in provision for current expected credit losses, (v) TRS (income) loss, net of any dividends received from TRS and (vi) one-time events pursuant to changes in GAAP and certain non-cash charges, in each case after discussions between our Manager and our independent directors and after approval by a majority of such independent directors.

We believe providing Distributable Earnings on a supplemental basis to our net income as determined in accordance with GAAP is helpful to shareholders in assessing the overall performance of our business. As a REIT, we are required to distribute at least 90% of our annual REIT taxable income, subject to certain adjustments, and to pay tax at regular corporate rates to the extent that we annually distribute less than 100% of such taxable income. Given these requirements and our belief that dividends are generally one of the principal reasons that

shareholders invest in our common stock, we generally intend to attempt to pay dividends to our shareholders in an amount at least equal to such REIT taxable income, if and to the extent authorized by our Board. Distributable Earnings is one of many factors considered by our Board in authorizing dividends and, while not a direct measure of net taxable income, over time, the measure can be considered a useful indicator of our dividends.

Distributable Earnings is a non-GAAP financial measure and should not be considered as a substitute for GAAP net income. We caution readers that our methodology for calculating Distributable Earnings may differ from the methodologies employed by other REITs to calculate the same or similar supplemental performance measures, and as a result, our reported Distributable Earnings may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other REITs.

The following table provides a reconciliation of GAAP net income to Distributable Earnings:

	Three months ended September 30, 2024	Period from August 28, 2023 to September 30, 2023	Nine months ended September 30, 2024	Period from August 28, 2023 to September 30, 2023
Net income	\$ 1,738,363	\$ 7,767	\$ 5,014,451	\$ 7,767
Adjustments to net income:				
Stock-based compensation expense	160,139	—	160,139	—
Depreciation and amortization	—	—	—	—
Unrealized (gains) losses, or other non-cash items	—	—	—	—
(Decrease) increase in provision for current expected credit losses	(47,527)	—	24,327	—
TRS (income) loss	—	—	—	—
One-time events pursuant to changes in GAAP and certain non-cash charges	—	—	—	—
Distributable earnings	\$ 1,850,975	\$ 7,767	\$ 5,198,917	\$ 7,767
Basic weighted average shares of common stock outstanding	6,800,500	6,889,032	6,800,500	6,889,032
Distributable earnings per basic weighted average share	\$ 0.27	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.76	\$ 0.00

Book Value Per Share

We believe that book value per share is helpful to shareholders in evaluating our growth as we scale our equity capital base and continue to invest in our target investments. The book value per share of our common stock as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023 was approximately \$16.19 and \$4.53, respectively, on a post-split share basis. The September 30, 2024 book value per share of our common stock includes a reduction in book value due to the declaration of the fourth quarter dividend, declared on August 14, 2024. The book value per share of our Common Stock as of September 30, 2024 would have been \$16.61, absent the declaration of the fourth quarter dividend.

Dividends Declared Per Share

In August 2024, we declared a partial quarter cash dividend of \$0.21 per common share for the quarter ending September 30, 2024, which was paid on October 15, 2024 to shareholders of record as of September 30, 2024, and a regular cash dividend of \$0.42 per common share for the quarter ending December 31, 2024, which is payable on January 15, 2025 to shareholders of record as of December 31, 2024.

Updates to Our Portfolio During the Third Quarter of 2024

In July 2024, we and an affiliate entered into a senior secured mortgage loan for a total aggregate commitment amount of approximately \$35.2 million for the refinance of an active adult multi-family residential rental development in southwest Austin, Texas. We committed a total of approximately \$14.1 million and the affiliate committed the remaining approximately \$21.1 million. The senior secured loan was issued at a discount of 1.0% and matures in three years. At closing, we funded approximately \$11.4 million and the affiliate funded approximately \$17.0 million. The loan bears interest at a rate of SOFR plus 4.25%, with a rate index floor of 4.75%. The senior secured loan is secured by a deed of trust on the property and any deposit and reserve accounts established by the terms of the senior secured loan. The proceeds of the senior secured loan will be used to, among other things, fund the completion of construction and other reserves and refinance existing debt.

In July 2024, we and an affiliate entered into a senior secured mortgage loan for a total aggregate commitment amount of \$42.0 million for the refinance of a luxury hotel component of a 20-story mixed-use project in San Antonio, Texas. We committed a total of approximately \$27.3 million, and the affiliate committed the remaining \$14.7 million. The senior secured loan was issued at a discount of 1.0% and matures in three years. At closing, we funded approximately \$25.0 million and the affiliate funded approximately \$13.5 million. The senior secured loan bears interest at a rate of SOFR plus 6.35%, with a rate index floor of 4.50%. The senior secured loan is secured by a first-priority mortgage on the property and a security interest in all of the equity interests held by the borrower. The proceeds of the senior secured loan will be used to, among other things, fund the completion of reserves and refinance existing debt.

In August 2024, we and an affiliate entered into amendments to the existing secured mezzanine and senior loan credit agreements for the mixed-use property in Houston, Texas. The amendments, among other things, (i) extended the maturity date on both loans from November 2024 to February 2026, (ii) modified the senior loan interest rate from floating (3.48% plus SOFR, SOFR floor of 4.0%) to fixed 12.5% and (iii) included a \$12.0 million upside to the senior loan, of which we have commitments for \$6.0 million and the affiliate co-investor has commitments for the rest.

In August 2024, we, along with our affiliates, entered into a \$75.00 million senior secured revolving loan and a \$85.00 million senior mortgage loan for a total aggregate commitment amount of \$160.00 million for the construction of a master-planned single-family residential home community and property development in Palm Beach Gardens, Florida. We committed a total of approximately \$18.75 million and \$21.25 million to the revolving loan and mortgage loan, respectively, and funded \$8.77 million and \$18.76 million towards each respective loan at close. Affiliates committed the remaining \$56.25 million and \$63.75 million towards the revolving loan and mortgage loan, funding \$26.32 million and \$56.29 million, respectively, at close. The revolving loan and mortgage loan were each issued at a discount of 1.25%. The revolving loan bears interest at a rate of SOFR plus 6.25%, with a rate index floor of 4.00%, and unused fee of 2.00%. The proceeds of the revolving loan will be used to, among other things, fund the

completion of reserves, fund home construction costs and refinance existing debt. The mortgage loan bears an interest rate of SOFR plus 8.25%, with a rate index floor of 4.00%. The proceeds of the mortgage loan will be used to, among other things, fund the completion of construction and other reserves and refinance existing debt. The mortgage loan and the revolving loan each mature in three years. The loans are each secured by senior first mortgage lien on the property and a security interest in all of the equity interests held by the borrower.

Spin-Off

On February 22, 2024, AFC announced a plan to separate into two independent, publicly traded companies—one focused on providing institutional loans to state law compliant cannabis operators in the United States, the other an institutional CRE lender focused on the Southern U.S. Prior to the Spin-Off, the Company held AFC's CRE portfolio as a wholly-owned subsidiary of AFC. On July 9, 2024, AFC completed the separation of its CRE portfolio through the spin-off of the Company from AFC (the "Spin-Off") through a pro-rata distribution of all of the outstanding shares of our common stock to all of AFC's shareholders of record as of the close of business on July 8, 2024 (the "Record Date"). AFC's shareholders of record as of the Record Date received one share of our common stock for every three shares of AFC common stock held as of the Record Date. AFC retained no ownership interest in us following the Spin-Off. Prior to the Spin-Off, AFC contributed approximately \$114.8 million to us in connection with the Spin-Off, comprised of its CRE portfolio and cash.

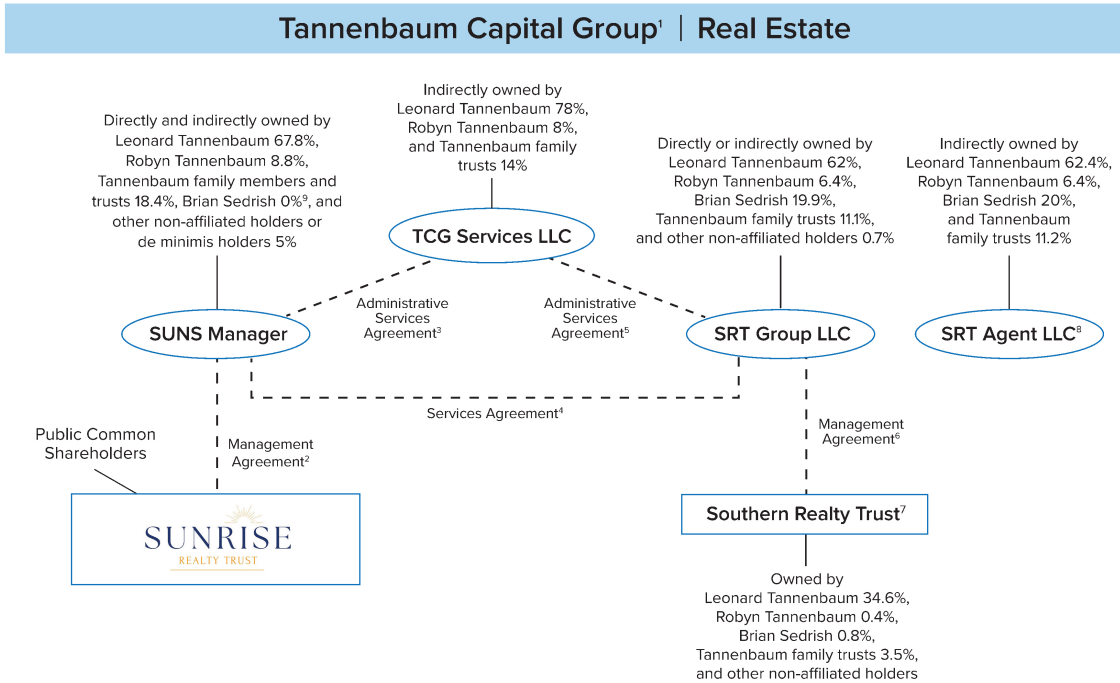
In connection with the Spin-Off, we entered into several agreements with AFC that govern the relationship between us and AFC following the Spin-Off, including a separation and distribution agreement (the "Separation and Distribution Agreement") and a tax matters agreement (the "Tax Matters Agreement"). These agreements provide for the allocation between AFC and us of the assets, liabilities and obligations (including, among others, investments, property and tax-related assets and liabilities) of AFC and its subsidiaries attributable to periods prior to, at and after the Spin-Off. Moreover, concurrent with the completion of the Spin-Off on July 9, 2024, our Management Agreement became effective. Our Manager also entered into the Administrative Services Agreement.

Effective July 1, 2024, Jodi Hanson Bond and James Fagan resigned from AFC's Board of Directors and joined our Board of Directors. Additionally, Alexander Frank was appointed as a director of the Company and remains a director of AFC. In addition, effective July 1, 2024, Leonard M. Tannenbaum was appointed our Executive Chairman (and remains Chairman of AFC) and Brian Sedrish was appointed as our Chief Executive Officer and as a member of our Board of Directors. Brandon Hetzel continued in his role as our Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (and remains the Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer of AFC), and Robyn Tannenbaum continued in her role as our President (and remains the President and Chief Investment Officer of AFC).

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, we incurred approximately \$0.0 million and \$0.6 million, respectively, related to Spin-Off costs, which are recorded within professional fees in the unaudited interim statements of operations.

Organizational Chart

The ownership percentages shown in the below chart is as of December 31, 2024.



- (1) Tannenbaum Capital Group (“TCG”) is a platform for real estate and private credit focused asset managers and lenders, including Sunrise Realty Trust, Inc. (“SUNS”) and Southern Realty Trust, Inc. (“SRT”). TCG’s team of professionals provides services to the asset managers that are part of the TCG platform, including marketing, reporting, legal and other non-investment support services. Leonard Tannenbaum has a 78% interest in TCG and Robyn Tannenbaum has a 8% interest in TCG.
- (2) Represents contractual relationship pursuant to which SUNS Manager provides investment advisory and related services to SUNS.
- (3) Represents contractual relationship pursuant to which TCG Services LLC provides administrative personnel and services to SUNS’ Manager.
- (4) Represents contractual relationship pursuant to which SRT Group LLC provides investment personnel and services to SUNS’ Manager.
- (5) Represents contractual relationship pursuant to which TCG Services LLC provides administrative personnel and services to SRT Group LLC.
- (6) Represents contractual relationship pursuant to which SRT Group LLC provides investment advisory and related services to SRT.
- (7) Brian Sedrish is the Chief Executive Officer, a member of the investment committee, and a board member of SRT. Leonard Tannenbaum is a member of the investment committee and Executive Chairman of the board of directors of SRT. Robyn Tannenbaum is the Head of Capital Markets of SRT.
- (8) Serves as the agent for certain loans of SUNS.
- (9) Brian Sedrish, our Chief Executive Officer, is expected to be granted approximately 7.0% ownership in connection with this offering, which is expected to further increase relative to the amount of equity capital raised by the Company.

Recent Developments

Updates to Our Portfolio Subsequent to September 30, 2024

In November 2024, we and affiliated co-investors entered into a whole loan (the “Whole Loan”) consisting of an aggregate of \$96.0 million in loan commitments. The property securing the loan is a development site and related condominium project located in Fort Lauderdale, Florida. The proceeds are expected to be used to commence and facilitate construction. We committed a total of \$30.0 million and affiliated co-investors committed \$60.0 million, with the remaining \$6.0 million committed by an unaffiliated investor (the “Originating Lender”). At closing, we funded approximately \$3.6 million, the affiliated co-investors funded approximately \$7.2 million and the Originating Lender funded approximately \$0.7 million. The Whole Loan is split into a Senior Loan and Mezzanine Loan, each with two A-Notes (\$62.4 million of the total commitment amount) and two B-Notes (\$33.6 million of the total commitment amount, of which \$6.0 million was committed by the Originating Lender). The A-Notes bear interest at a rate of SOFR plus 4.75%, with a rate index floor of 4.75%, of which we currently hold approximately \$20.8 million. The B-Notes bear interest at a rate of SOFR plus 11.00%, with a rate index floor of 4.75%, of which we currently hold approximately \$9.2 million. The A-Notes and B-Notes were issued at a discount of 1.0% and mature in 26 months, subject to two, six-month extension options. As of December 31, 2024, the outstanding principal balance on the Whole Loan was approximately \$3.9 million and the cash interest rate was 11.7%.

In November 2024, we and an affiliated co-investor also entered into a \$26.0 million subordinate loan (the “Subordinate Loan”). The property securing the loan is a development site and related multifamily project located in Miami, Florida. The proceeds are expected to be used to commence and facilitate construction. We committed a total of \$13.0 million and the affiliated co-investor committed the remaining \$13.0 million. The Subordinate Loan bears interest at a rate of 13.25% per annum, was issued at a discount of 1.0% and matures in 36 months, subject to one, six-month extension option. As of December 31, 2024, the outstanding principal balance on the Subordinate Loan was approximately \$0.1 million and the cash interest rate was 13.25%.

In December 2024, we and an affiliated co-investor entered into a \$57.0 million senior secured loan for the refinance of a luxury boutique hotel located in Austin, Texas. We committed a total of approximately \$32.0 million, and the affiliate committed the remaining \$25.0 million. The senior secured loan was issued at a discount of 1.25% and matures in three years. At closing, we funded approximately \$29.9 million and the affiliate funded approximately \$23.4 million. The senior secured loan bears interest at a rate of SOFR plus 5.50%, with a rate index floor of 4.00%. The senior secured loan is secured by a first-priority fee and leasehold deed of trust on the property. The proceeds of the senior secured loan will be used to, among other things, refinance existing debt and fund reserves. As of December 31, 2024, the outstanding principal balance on the senior secured loan was approximately \$29.9 million and the cash interest rate was 9.9%.

Loan and Security Agreement with East West Bank

On November 6, 2024, the Company entered into the Loan and Security Agreement (the “Revolving Credit Agreement”) by and among the Company, the lenders party thereto, and East West Bank, as administrative agent, joint lead arranger, joint book runner, co-syndication agent and co-documentation agent (“East West Bank”). The Revolving Credit Agreement provides for a senior secured revolving credit facility (the “Revolving Credit Facility”) that contains initial aggregate commitments of \$50.0 million from one or more FDIC-insured banking institutions, which may be borrowed, repaid and redrawn (subject to a borrowing base based on eligible loan

obligations held by the Company and subject to the satisfaction of other conditions provided under the Revolving Credit Agreement). As of December 31, 2024, we had an aggregate of \$123.8 million outstanding under our Revolving Credit Facility. Interest is payable on the Revolving Credit Facility in cash in arrears at the rate per annum equal to the greater of (i) SOFR plus two and three quarters of one percent (2.75%) and (ii) the floor of 5.38%, provided, however, that the interest rate will increase by an additional twenty five basis points (0.25%) during any Increase Rate Month (as defined in the Revolving Credit Agreement). The Revolving Credit Facility matures on November 8, 2027.

The Company is required to pay certain fees to the agent and the lenders under the Revolving Credit Agreement, including a \$75,000 agent fee payable to the agent and a 0.25% per annum loan fee payable ratably to the lenders, in each case, payable on the closing date and on the annual anniversary thereafter. Commencing on the six-month anniversary of the closing date, the Revolving Credit Facility has an unused line fee of 0.25% per annum, payable semi-annually in arrears. Based on the terms of the Revolving Credit Agreement, the unused line fee is waived if our average revolver usage exceeds the minimum amount required per the Revolving Credit Agreement.

The amount of total commitments under the Revolving Credit Facility may be increased to up to \$200.0 million in aggregate, subject to available borrowing base and lenders' willingness to provide additional commitments. The Revolving Credit Facility is guaranteed by certain material subsidiaries of the Company and is secured by substantially all assets of the Company and certain of its material subsidiaries; provided that upon the meeting of certain conditions, the facility will be secured only by certain assets of the Company comprising of or relating to loan obligations designed for inclusion in the borrowing base. In addition, the Company is subject to various financial and other covenants, including a liquidity and debt service coverage ratio covenant.

On December 9, 2024, the Company entered into Amendment Number One to Loan and Security Agreement, by and among the Company, the lenders party thereto and East West Bank, pursuant to which, among other things, the aggregate commitment was temporarily increased until January 8, 2025 to the sum of (i) \$50 million plus (ii) the lesser of \$75 million and the aggregate amount of funds maintained in the Company's borrowing base cash account. Following January 8, 2025, the aggregate commitment automatically reverted back to \$50 million.

On December 30, 2024, the Company entered into Amendment Number Two to Loan and Security Agreement, by and among the Company, Sunrise Realty Trust Holdings I LLC and East West Bank, pursuant to which, among other things, the parties agreed to additional representations, covenants and other amendments to maintain its REIT status and limit the use of participation interests in any underlying obligor loan receivables secured as collateral.

We may use a portion of the net proceeds received from this offering to repay amounts outstanding under the Revolving Credit Facility. As of January 10, 2025, we had an aggregate of approximately \$16.2 million outstanding under our Revolving Credit Facility.

Relationships

Certain of the lenders and their affiliates may in the future engage in investment banking, commercial banking and other financial advisory and commercial dealings with the Company and its affiliates.

SRTF Revolving Credit Facility

On November 6, 2024, in conjunction with the entry by the Company into the Revolving Credit Facility, we terminated the unsecured revolving credit agreement (the "Credit Agreement") dated September 26, 2024, by and between us, as borrower, and SRT Finance LLC, as agent and lender. Upon execution of the Revolving Credit Facility, the lenders' commitments under the Credit Agreement were terminated and the liability of the Company and its subsidiaries with respect to their obligations under the Credit Agreement was discharged.

On December 9, 2024, the Company entered into a new unsecured revolving credit agreement (the "SRTF Credit Agreement"), by and among the Company, as borrower, the lenders party thereto from time to time, and SRT Finance LLC, as agent and lender. SRT Finance LLC is indirectly owned by Leonard M. Tannenbaum, Executive Chairman of the Company's Board of Directors, and Robyn Tannenbaum, President of the Company, along with their family members and associated family trusts. The SRTF Credit Agreement provides for an unsecured revolving credit facility (the "SRTF Credit Facility") with a \$75.0 million commitment, which may be borrowed, repaid and redrawn, subject to a draw fee and the other conditions provided in the SRTF Credit Agreement. Interest is payable on the SRTF Credit Facility at a rate per annum equal to 8.00%. The SRTF Credit Facility matures on the earlier of (i) May 31, 2028 and (ii) the date of the closing of any Refinancing Indebtedness (as defined in the SRTF Credit Agreement) with an aggregate principal amount equal to or greater than \$75.0 million. Commencing on January 1, 2026, the Company is required to pay an annual fee equal to 1.00% of the aggregate commitments ratably to the lenders, payable on the first business day of each calendar year; provided that the fee due and payable on January 3, 2028 will be pro rated on the basis of a year of 360 days for the actual number of days elapsed from and including January 1, 2028 until and excluding May 31, 2028.

As of January 10, 2025, we had no amounts outstanding under our SRTF Credit Facility.

Risk Factor Summary

An investment in our Company is subject to a number of risks, including risks relating to our business, risks related to the Spin-Off and risks related to our common stock. Set forth below is a high-level summary of some, but not all, of these risks. Please read the information in the section entitled "*Risk Factors*" of this prospectus, for a more thorough description of these and other risks.

Risks Related to Our Business and Growth Strategy

- We were recently formed and have limited operating history, and may not be able to successfully operate our business, integrate new assets and/or manage our growth or to generate sufficient revenue to make or sustain distributions to our shareholders.
- Competition for the capital investments that we make may reduce the return of these investments, which could adversely affect our operating results and financial condition.
- Our investments' lack of liquidity may adversely affect our business.
- Our existing portfolio is, and our future portfolio may be, concentrated in a limited number of investments, which subjects us to an increased risk of significant loss if any asset declines in value.
- In the event of borrower distress or a default, we may lack the liquidity necessary to protect our investment or avoid a corresponding default on any obligations we may have in connection with our own financing.

- We may need to foreclose on certain of the loans we originate or acquire, which could result in losses that materially and adversely affect us.
- If our Manager overestimates the yields or incorrectly prices the risks of our investments, we may experience losses.
- Declines in market prices and liquidity in the capital markets can result in significant net unrealized losses of our portfolio, which in turn would reduce our book value.
- A prolonged economic slowdown, a lengthy or severe recession or declining real estate values could impair our investments and harm our operating results.
- Investments in non-conforming and non-investment grade rated investments involve an increased risk of default and loss.
- Investments in subordinated mortgage interests, mezzanine loans and other assets that are subordinated or otherwise junior in a borrower's capital structure may expose us to greater risk of loss.
- Our portfolio is concentrated in the Southern U.S., and we will be subject to economic and other risks of doing business in those geographic markets.
- Our investments expose us to risks associated with debt-oriented real estate investments generally.
- If the loans that we originate or acquire do not comply with applicable laws, we may be subject to penalties, which could materially and adversely affect us.
- Climate change has the potential to impact the properties underlying our investments and our ability to identify attractive investment opportunities.
- Changes in laws or regulations governing our operations, including laws and regulations governing REITs, or those of our competitors, or changes in the interpretation thereof, or newly enacted laws or regulations, could result in increased competition for our target assets, require changes to our business practices and collectively could adversely impact our revenues and impose additional costs on us, which could materially and adversely affect us.

Risks Related to Sources of Financing Our Business

- Our growth depends on external sources of capital, which may not be available on favorable terms or at all.
- We may incur significant debt, which may subject us to restrictive covenants and increased risk of loss and may reduce cash available for distributions to our shareholders, and our governing documents contain no limit on the amount of debt we may incur.
- Monetary policy actions by the United States Federal Reserve could adversely impact both our borrowers and our financial condition.
- Interest rate fluctuations could increase our financing costs, which could lead to a significant decrease in our results of operations, cash flows and the market value of our investments.

Risks Related to the Spin-Off

- We have limited history of operating as an independent company, and our historical financial information is not necessarily representative of the results that we would have achieved as a separate, publicly-traded company and may not be a reliable indicator of our future results.
- Following the Spin-Off, our financial profile changed, and we are a smaller, less diversified company than AFC prior to the Spin-Off.

- We may not achieve some or all of the expected benefits of the Spin-Off, and the Spin-Off may materially adversely affect our business.
- The terms we received in our agreements with AFC and its subsidiaries involve potential conflicts of interest and could be less beneficial than the terms we may have otherwise received from unaffiliated third parties.
- Some of our directors and officers may have actual or potential conflicts of interest because of their equity ownership in AFC.

Risks Related to Our Organization and Structure

- Maintenance of our exemption from registration under the Investment Company Act may impose significant limits on our operations.

Risks Related to Our Relationship with our Manager and its Affiliates

- Our future success depends on our Manager and its key personnel and investment professionals. We may not find a suitable replacement for our Manager if the Management Agreement is terminated or if such key personnel or investment professionals leave the employment of our Manager or its affiliates or otherwise become unavailable to us.
- Our growth depends on the ability of our Manager to make loans on favorable terms that satisfy our investment strategy and otherwise generate attractive risk-adjusted returns initially and consistently from time to time.
- There are various conflicts of interest in our relationship with our Manager that could result in decisions that are not in the best interests of our shareholders.

Risks Related to Our Taxation as a REIT

- Failure to qualify as a REIT would cause us to be taxed as a regular corporation, which would substantially reduce funds available for distributions to our shareholders.
- Even if we qualify as a REIT, we may face other tax liabilities that reduce our cash flows.
- REIT distribution requirements could adversely affect our ability to execute our business plan and liquidity and may force us to borrow funds during unfavorable market conditions.
- Complying with REIT requirements may limit our ability to hedge our operational risks effectively and may cause us to incur tax liabilities.

Risks Related to This Offering and our Common Stock

- If you purchase shares of our common stock in this offering, you will experience immediate dilution.
- The market price for our common stock may be volatile, which could contribute to the loss of all or part of your investment.

If any of the factors enumerated above or in “*Risk Factors*” occurs, our business, financial condition, liquidity, results of operations and prospects could be materially and adversely affected. In that case, the trading price of our common stock could decline, and you may lose some or all of your investment.

Corporate Information

Our principal executive offices are located at 525 Okeechobee Blvd., Suite 1650, West Palm Beach, FL 33401, and our telephone number at this address is (561) 530-3315. Our website is www.sunriserealtytrust.com. Information contained in, or accessible through, our website is not a part of, and is not incorporated into, this prospectus.

Restrictions on Ownership and Transfer of Securities

To assist us in complying with the limitations on the concentration of ownership of a REIT imposed by the Code, among other purposes, shares of our common stock are subject to restrictions on ownership and transfer, including, subject to certain exceptions, a 4.9% ownership limit in value or number of shares, whichever is more restrictive, and for Qualified Institutional Investors, a 9.8% ownership limit in value or number of shares, whichever is more restrictive. Our Board of Directors, in its sole discretion, may exempt (prospectively or retroactively) shareholders from this ownership limit and Leonard M. Tannenbaum, our Executive Chairman, has been granted an exemption allowing him to own up to 29.9% of the outstanding shares of our common stock. See “*Description of Capital Stock—Ownership Limitations and Exceptions*” for more information.

Our Charter and Bylaws provide that any transfer of shares of our capital stock occurs which, if effective, would result in any person Beneficially Owning or Constructively Owning shares of our capital stock in violation of the restrictions will result in the shares so transferred being automatically transferred to trust for the benefit of a charitable beneficiary, and the purported transferee acquiring no rights in the shares. Additionally, any transfer of shares of our capital stock that, if effective, would cause our assets to be deemed “plan assets” within the meaning of Department of Labor regulation 20 C.F.R. 2510.3-101 for purposes of ERISA or Section 4975 of the Code shall be void ab initio, and the intended transferee shall acquire no rights in such shares of our capital stock. Our Charter also provides that a transfer of shares of our capital stock that, if effective, would result in our capital stock being beneficially owned by fewer than 100 persons (determined under the principles of Section 856(a)(5) of the Code) shall be void ab initio, and the intended transferee shall acquire no rights in such shares of our capital stock. See “*Description of Capital Stock—Transfer Restrictions*” for more information.

Federal Income Tax Status

We intend to elect to be taxed as a REIT commencing with our taxable year ended December 31, 2024. Our qualification as a REIT depends on our ability to meet, on a continuing basis, through actual investment and operating results, various complex requirements under the Code, relating to, among other things, organizational requirements, the sources of our gross income, the composition and value of our assets, and our distribution levels. We believe that our organization and current and proposed method of operation will enable us to qualify as a REIT under the Code.

We generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income tax on the portion of our taxable income or capital gain that is distributed to shareholders annually for as long as we qualify as a REIT. This treatment substantially eliminates the “double taxation” (i.e., at both the corporate and stockholder levels) that typically results from investment in a corporation. Under the Code, REITs are subject to numerous organizational and operational requirements, including a requirement that they distribute each year at least 90% of their REIT taxable income, computed without regard to the dividends paid deduction and our net capital gain. If we fail to qualify for taxation as a REIT in any taxable year and the relief provisions do not apply, we will be subject to tax on our

taxable income at regular corporate rates and may be disqualified from taxation as a REIT for the four taxable years following the year during which we ceased to qualify as a REIT. Distributions to shareholders in any year in which we fail to qualify as a REIT will not be deductible by us, nor will we be required to make those distributions. Even if we continue to qualify for taxation as a REIT, we may be subject to certain federal, state and local taxes on our income and assets, including taxes on any undistributed income. See “*U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations*” for more information.

Distributions

Any future determination to make distributions will be at the discretion of our Board, subject to compliance with applicable law and any contractual provisions, including under agreements for indebtedness that we may incur, that restrict or limit our ability to make distributions, and will depend upon, among other factors, our results of operations, financial condition, earnings, capital requirements and other factors that our Board deems relevant.

We intend to make regular quarterly distributions to holders of our common stock. U.S. federal income tax law generally requires that a REIT distribute annually at least 90% of its REIT taxable income, without regard to the deduction for dividends paid and excluding net capital gains, and that it pay tax at regular corporate rates to the extent that it annually distributes less than 100% of such REIT taxable income. We intend to make distributions in an amount at least equal to the amount necessary to maintain our qualification as a REIT. See “*Distribution Policy*” for a summary of our distribution policy and “*U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations—Taxation—Requirements For Qualification—Annual Distribution Requirements*” for a summary of our distribution requirements as a REIT.

Implications of Being an Emerging Growth Company

We are an “emerging growth company” as defined in Section 2(a)(19) of the Securities Act as modified by the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act of 2012 (the “JOBS Act”). As an emerging growth company, we are eligible and may choose to take advantage of certain exemptions from various reporting requirements applicable to other public companies that are not emerging growth companies, including:

- an exemption from the auditor attestation requirements with respect to internal control over financial reporting under Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (the “Sarbanes-Oxley Act”);
- exemption from say-on-pay, say-on-frequency and say-on-golden parachute voting requirements;
- reduced disclosure obligations regarding executive compensation in our periodic reports and proxy statements; and
- an extended transition period to defer compliance with new or revised accounting standards until such date that a private company is otherwise required to comply with such new or revised accounting standards.

Following this offering, we will remain an emerging growth company until the earliest of (1) the last day of the fiscal year (a) following the fifth anniversary of the date of the first sale of our common stock pursuant to an effective registration statement under the Securities Act, (b) in which we have total annual revenue of at least \$1.235 billion, or (c) in which we are deemed to be a large accelerated filer, which generally means the market value of our common equity that is held by non-affiliates exceeds \$700 million as of the end of the prior fiscal year’s second fiscal

quarter; and (2) the date on which we have issued more than \$1 billion in non-convertible debt securities during the prior three-year period.

We have elected to take advantage of the extended transition period that allows an emerging growth company to delay the adoption of certain accounting standards until those standards would otherwise apply to private companies. Additionally, because we have taken advantage of certain reduced reporting requirements, the information contained herein may be different from the information you receive from other public companies in which you hold stock. See *“Risk Factors—Risks Related to this Offering and our Common Stock—We are an “emerging growth company” and a “smaller reporting company” and we cannot be certain if the reduced disclosure requirements applicable to emerging growth companies and smaller reporting companies will make shares of our common stock less attractive to investors”* for certain risks related to our status as an emerging growth company.

The Offering

Common stock offered by us	5,500,000 shares (or 6,325,000 shares, if the underwriters exercise in full their option to purchase additional shares of common stock).
Common stock to be outstanding after this offering	12,504,676 shares (or 13,329,676 shares, if the underwriters exercise in full their option to purchase additional shares of common stock).

Use of Proceeds

We estimate that the net proceeds to us from this offering, after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us, will be approximately \$ million (or approximately \$ million if the underwriters exercise their over-allotment option in full). We intend to use the net proceeds received from this offering to (i) fund existing delayed draw construction loan commitments, (ii) fund newly originated CRE loans to companies that are consistent with our investment strategy and (iii) for working capital and other general corporate purposes, which may include repayment of debt, including amounts outstanding under the Revolving Credit Facility. As of January 10, 2025, we had an aggregate of approximately \$16.2 million outstanding under our Revolving Credit Facility. Interest is payable on the Revolving Credit Facility in cash in arrears at the rate per annum of SOFR plus two and three quarters of one percent (2.75%) with a SOFR floor of 2.63%, provided, however, that the interest rate will increase by an additional twenty five basis points (0.25%) during any Increase Rate Month (as defined in the Revolving Credit Agreement). As of January 10, 2025, the interest rate on our borrowings under the Credit Facility is 7.08%. The Revolving Credit Facility matures on November 8, 2027. See “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Liquidity and Capital Resources—Revolving Credit Facility” for more information. As of January 10, 2025, we had no amounts outstanding under our SRTF Credit Facility. Interest is payable on the SRTF Credit Facility at the rate per annum equal to 8.00%. The SRTF Credit Facility matures on the earlier of (i) May 31, 2028 and (ii) the date of the closing of any Refinancing Indebtedness (as defined in the SRTF Credit Agreement) with an aggregate principal amount equal to or greater than \$75.0 million. See “Prospectus Summary—Recent Developments—SRTF Revolving Credit Facility” for more information. Pending application of the net proceeds, we may invest the net proceeds from this offering in interest-bearing, short-term investments, including money market accounts or funds, commercial mortgage-backed securities and corporate bonds, which are consistent with our qualification as a REIT and to maintain our exclusion from registration under the Investment Company Act. See “Use of Proceeds.”

Nasdaq symbol

“SUNS.”

Risk Factors

See “*Risk Factors*” and other information included in this prospectus for a discussion of factors you should carefully consider before deciding to invest in shares of our common stock.

Indication of Interest

Certain Affiliated Investors have indicated an interest in purchasing up to \$ _____ million in shares of common stock in this offering at the public offering price. Because this indication of interest is not a binding agreement or commitment to purchase, the Affiliated Investors could determine to purchase more, less or no shares of common stock in this offering, or the underwriters could determine to sell more, less or no shares to the Affiliated Investors. If the Affiliated Investors purchase shares in this offering, these affiliates of ours will beneficially own additional shares of our common stock. The underwriters will not receive a discount on any of our shares of common stock purchased by the Affiliated Investors.

The number of shares of common stock to be outstanding after this offering includes the number of shares of common stock outstanding as of December 31, 2024. This number excludes:

- 435,478 shares of common stock reserved for future grant or issuance under the Sunrise Realty Trust, Inc. Stock Incentive Plan (the “2024 Stock Incentive Plan”), which shares will automatically increase as described in “*Management—2024 Stock Incentive Plan*”.

Unless the context indicates otherwise, all information in this prospectus assumes:

- 7,004,676 shares of common stock outstanding as of December 31, 2024; and
- no issuance of stock options or vesting of restricted stock units on or after December 31, 2024.

Summary Financial and Other Data

The following table sets forth our summary financial and other data as of and for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and as of and for the period from August 28, 2023 (the date of commencement of operations) to December 31, 2023. The following data should be read in conjunction with our financial statements and the related notes thereto and the section entitled “*Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.*” Any interim financial data is not necessarily indicative of results that may be experienced for the full year or any future reporting period, and the historical financial data presented may not be indicative of our future performance.

	Three months ended September 30, 2024	Period from August 28, 2023 to September 30, 2023	Nine months ended September 30, 2024	Period from August 28, 2023 to September 30, 2023
Revenue				
Interest income	\$ 3,220,930	\$ 7,767	\$ 7,226,812	\$ 7,767
Interest expense	(43,197)	—	(43,197)	—
Net interest income	3,177,733	7,767	7,183,615	7,767
Expenses				
Management and incentive fees	422,238	—	422,238	—
General and administrative expenses	572,249	—	593,817	—
Stock-based compensation	160,139	—	160,139	—
Professional fees	332,271	—	968,643	—
Total expenses	1,486,897	—	2,144,837	—
Decrease (increase) in provision for current expected credit losses	47,527	—	(24,327)	—
Net income before income taxes	1,738,363	7,767	5,014,451	7,767
Income tax expense	—	—	—	—
Net income	\$ 1,738,363	\$ 7,767	\$ 5,014,451	\$ 7,767
Earnings per common share:				
Basic earnings per common share	\$ 0.26	\$ —	\$ 0.74	\$ —
Diluted earnings per common share	\$ 0.25	\$ —	\$ 0.73	\$ —
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding:				
Basic weighted average shares of common stock outstanding	6,800,500	6,889,032	6,800,500	6,889,032
Diluted weighted average shares of common stock outstanding	6,825,905	6,889,032	6,825,905	6,889,032

	As of	
	September 30, 2024 (unaudited)	December 31, 2023
Balance Sheet Data:		
Total assets	\$ 167,834,524	\$ 31,244,622
Total liabilities	\$ 55,695,714	\$ 10,000
Total shareholders' equity	\$ 112,138,810	\$ 31,234,622

	Three months ended September 30, 2024	Period from August 28, 2023 to September 30, 2023	Nine months ended September 30, 2024	Period from August 28, 2023 to September 30, 2023
Other Financial Data				
Distributable Earnings	\$ 1,850,975	\$ 7,767	\$ 5,198,917	\$ 7,767
Basic weighted average shares of common stock outstanding	6,800,500	6,889,032	6,800,500	6,889,032
Distributable earnings per basic weighted average share	\$ 0.27	\$ —	\$ 0.76	\$ —

RISK FACTORS

An investment in our common stock involves a high degree of risk and should be considered highly speculative. Before making an investment decision, you should carefully consider the following risk factors, which address the material risks concerning our business and an investment in our common stock. If any of the risks discussed below occur, our business, prospects, liquidity, funds from operations, internal rate of return, financial condition and results of operations, and our ability to make distributions to our shareholders could be materially and adversely affected, in which case the value of our common stock could decline significantly and you could lose all or part of your investment. Some statements in the following risk factors constitute forward-looking statements.

Risks Related to Our Business and Growth Strategy

We were recently formed and have limited operating history, and may not be able to operate our business successfully or to generate sufficient revenue to make or sustain distributions to our shareholders.

We were formed on August 28, 2023, began operations in January 2024 and have limited operating history. As of December 31, 2024, our portfolio consisted of loans to eight different borrowers (such portfolio, our "Existing Portfolio"). We are subject to all of the business risks and uncertainties associated with any new business, including the risk that we will not achieve our investment objectives and that the value of your investment could decline substantially. We cannot assure you that we will be able to operate our business successfully or profitably, or implement our operating policies. Our ability to provide attractive returns to our shareholders is dependent on our ability both to generate sufficient cash flow to pay our investors attractive distributions and to achieve capital appreciation, and we cannot assure you that we will be able to do either. There can be no assurance that we will be able to generate sufficient revenue from operations to pay our operating expenses and make or sustain distributions to shareholders. Our limited resources may also materially and adversely impact our ability to successfully implement our business plan. The results of our operations and the implementation of our business plan depend on several factors, including the availability of opportunities to make loans, the availability of adequate equity and debt financing, the performance of the commercial real estate sector, conditions in the financial markets and economic conditions.

Competition for the capital investments that we make may reduce the return of these investments, which could adversely affect our operating results and financial condition.

We seek to compete as an alternative financing provider of capital to CRE markets in the Southern U.S. We expect a number of entities to compete with us to make the types of investments that we intend to originate or acquire. These competitors may prevent us from making attractive capital investments on favorable terms. Our competitors may have greater resources than we do and may be able to compete more effectively as a capital provider. In particular, larger companies may enjoy significant competitive advantages that result from, among other things, a lower cost of capital and enhanced operating efficiencies.

Additionally, some of our competitors may have higher risk tolerances or different risk assessments, which could allow them to consider a wider variety of investments, deploy more aggressive pricing and establish more relationships than we can. Our competitors may also adopt transaction structures similar to ours, which would decrease our competitive advantage in offering flexible transaction terms. In addition, due to a number of factors, the number of entities

and the amount of funds competing for suitable capital investments may increase, resulting in investments with terms less favorable to investors.

Increased competition in our markets could result in a decrease in origination volumes, which could adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition. Furthermore, competition for investments in our target assets may lead to the price of these assets increasing or return on investment declining, which may further limit our ability to generate desired returns. Also, as a result of this competition, desirable investments in our target assets may be limited in the future, and we may not be able to take advantage of attractive risk-adjusted investment opportunities from time to time. In addition, reduced CRE transaction volume could increase competition for available investment opportunities. We can provide no assurance that we will be able to continue to identify and make investments that are consistent with our investment objectives, or that the competitive pressures we face will not have a material adverse effect on us. Any of the foregoing may lead to a decrease in our profitability, and you may experience a lower return on your investment. Increased competition in providing capital investments may also preclude us from making those investments that would generate attractive returns to us.

If we are unable to successfully integrate new CRE loans and manage our growth, our results of operations and financial condition may suffer.

Our ability to achieve our investment objectives will depend on our ability to grow, which will depend, in turn, on our Manager's ability to identify, acquire, originate and invest in CRE loans that meet our investment criteria. We may be unable to successfully and efficiently integrate newly acquired assets into our Existing Portfolio or otherwise effectively manage our assets or growth effectively. In addition, our acquisition plan and growth strategy may place significant demands on our Manager's administrative, operational, asset management, financial and other resources. Any failure to manage increases in size effectively could adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.

We will allocate our cash on hand and the proceeds of our financing activities without input from our shareholders.

Our shareholders will not be able to evaluate the exact manner in which our cash or the proceeds from our financing activities will be invested in the future or the economic merit of our future investments. As a result, we may use our cash on hand and/or the proceeds from our financing activities to invest in investments with which our shareholders may not agree. Additionally, our investments will be selected by our Manager with input from the members of the Investment Committee, and our shareholders will not have input into such investment decisions. Both of these factors will increase the uncertainty, and thus the risk, of investing in our securities. The failure of our Manager to apply our cash and/or the proceeds of our financing activities effectively or to find investments that meet our investment criteria in sufficient time or on acceptable terms could result in unfavorable returns, could cause a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, liquidity, results of operations and ability to make distributions to our shareholders, and could cause the value of our securities to decline.

Until appropriate investments can be identified, we may invest such cash and proceeds in interest-bearing, short-term investments, including money market accounts or funds, commercial mortgage-backed securities, corporate bonds, certain debt securities (including seller notes), equity interests of commercial REITs and other investments, which are consistent with our intention to qualify as a REIT and to maintain our exemption from registration under the Investment Company Act. These investments would be expected to provide a lower net return than we seek to achieve from investment in our target investments. We expect to reallocate any

such investments into our target portfolio within specified time frames, subject to the availability of appropriate investment opportunities. Our Manager intends to conduct due diligence with respect to each investment and suitable investment opportunities may not be immediately available. Even if opportunities are available, there can be no assurance that our Manager's due diligence processes will uncover all relevant facts or that any investment will be successful.

We cannot assure you that (i) we will be able to enter into definitive agreements to invest in any new investments that meet our investment objectives, (ii) we will be successful in consummating any investment opportunities we identify or (iii) any of the investment we may make using our cash on hand and proceeds of any financing activities will yield attractive risk-adjusted returns. Our inability to do any of the foregoing likely would materially and adversely affect our business and our ability to make distributions to our shareholders.

The due diligence process undertaken by our Manager in regard to our investment opportunities may not reveal all facts relevant to an investment and, as a result, we may experience losses, which could materially and adversely affect us.

Before originating a loan to a borrower or making other investments for us, our Manager conducts due diligence that it deems reasonable and appropriate based on the facts and circumstances relevant to each potential investment. When conducting due diligence, our Manager may be required to evaluate important and complex business, financial, tax, accounting, environmental and legal issues. Outside consultants, legal advisors, accountants and investment banks may be involved in the due diligence process in varying degrees depending on the type of potential investment. Relying on the resources available to it, our Manager evaluates our potential investments based on criteria it deems appropriate for the relevant investment. Our Manager's loss estimates may not prove accurate, as actual results may vary from estimates. If our Manager underestimates the asset-level losses relative to the price we pay for a particular investment, we may experience losses with respect to such investment. Additionally, during the mortgage loan underwriting process, appraisals will generally be obtained by our Manager on the collateral underlying each prospective mortgage. Inaccurate or inflated appraisals may result in an increase in the severity of losses on the mortgage loans. Any such losses could materially and adversely affect us.

Our investments' lack of liquidity may adversely affect our business.

Our target assets are relatively illiquid investments due to their short life, lack of cash flow from property that is collateral for those investments, their potential unsuitability for securitization and the greater difficulty of recovery in the event of a borrower's default. In addition, certain of our investments may become less liquid after our investment as a result of periods of delinquencies or defaults or turbulent market conditions. The illiquidity of our investments may make it difficult for us to sell such investments if the need or desire arises. Moreover, to the extent that we invest in securities, the securities will likely be subject to prohibitions against their transfer, sale, pledge or their disposition except in transactions that are exempt from registration requirements or are otherwise in accordance with federal securities laws. As a result, we may be unable to dispose of such investments in a timely manner or at all. If we are required and able to liquidate all or a portion of our portfolio quickly, we could realize significantly less value than that which we had previously recorded for our investments, and we cannot assure you that we will be able to sell our assets at a profit in the future. Further, we may face other restrictions on our ability to liquidate an investment to the extent that we or our Manager have or could be attributed as having material, non-public information regarding the relevant business entity. Our ability to vary our portfolio in response to changes in economic and

other conditions may therefore be relatively limited, which could adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.

Our Existing Portfolio is, and our future portfolio may be, concentrated in a limited number of investments, which subjects us to an increased risk of significant loss if any asset declines in value.

Our Existing Portfolio is, and our future loans may be, concentrated in a limited number of investments. We currently have funded loans to eight different borrowers. If a significant investment fails to perform as expected, such a failure could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and operating results, and the magnitude of such effect could be more significant than if we had further diversified our portfolio. A consequence of this limited number of investments is that the aggregate returns we realize may be significantly adversely affected if a small number of investments perform poorly, if we need to write down the value of any one investment and/or if an investment is repaid prior to maturity and we are not able to promptly redeploy the proceeds. While we intend to diversify our portfolio of investments as we deem prudent, we do not have fixed guidelines for diversification. As a result, our portfolio could be concentrated in relatively few investments.

If our portfolio of investments is concentrated in a particular property type, type of loan or type of security, economic and business downturns relating generally to such type of asset may result in defaults on a number of our investments within a short time period, which may reduce our net income and the value of our common stock and accordingly reduce our ability to pay dividends to our shareholders.

Our portfolio is concentrated in the Southern U.S., and we will be subject to economic and other risks of doing business in those geographic markets.

Our portfolio is concentrated in the Southern U.S. This geographic concentration exposes us to the risks associated with the real estate and commercial lending industry in general to a greater extent within the states and regions in which our CRE investments will be concentrated. These risks include:

- declining real estate values;
- overbuilding;
- extended vacancies of properties;
- increases in operating expenses such as property taxes and energy costs;
- changes in zoning laws;
- rising unemployment rates;
- occurrence of environmental events;
- rising casualty or condemnation losses; and
- uninsured damages from floods, hurricanes, earthquakes or other natural disasters.

Any adverse economic or real estate developments or any adverse changes in the local business climate in any such states could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and our ability to make distributions to our shareholders.

The commercial mortgage loans we intend to originate and acquire are subject to the ability of the commercial property owner to generate net income from operating the property.

Commercial mortgage loans are secured by multi-family or commercial property and are subject to risks of loss that may be greater than similar risks associated with loans made on the security of single-family residential property. The ability of a borrower to repay a loan secured by an income-producing property typically is dependent primarily upon the successful operation of such property rather than upon the existence of independent income or assets of the borrower. If the net operating income of the property is reduced, the borrower's ability to repay the loan may be impaired. Net operating income of an income-producing property can be adversely affected by, among other things,

- tenant mix;
- success of tenant businesses;
- property management decisions;
- property location, condition and design;
- competition from comparable types of properties;
- changes in laws that increase operating expenses or limit rents that may be charged;
- changes in national, regional or local economic conditions or specific industry segments, including the credit and securitization markets;
- declines in regional or local real estate values;
- declines in regional or local rental or occupancy rates;
- increases in interest rates, real estate tax rates and other operating expenses;
- inability to pass increases in costs of operations along to tenants;
- costs of remediation and liabilities associated with environmental conditions;
- the potential for uninsured or underinsured property losses;
- in the case of transitional mortgage loans, limited cash flows at the beginning;
- changes in governmental laws and regulations, including fiscal policies, zoning ordinances and environmental legislation and the related costs of compliance; and
- acts of God, terrorist attacks, social unrest and civil disturbances.

The estimates of market opportunity and forecasts of market growth included in this registration statement may prove to be inaccurate. Even if the market in which we compete achieves the forecasted growth, our business could fail to grow at similar rates, if at all.

The CRE market estimates and growth forecasts are uncertain and based on assumptions and estimates that may be inaccurate. Our addressable market depends on a number of factors, including the fluctuation of interest rates, changes in the competitive landscape, volume of near-term CRE loan maturities, migration to the Southern U.S. and changes in economic conditions. Even if the market in which we compete meets the size estimates and growth rates we forecast, our business could fail to grow at similar rates, if at all.

In the event of borrower distress or a default, we may lack the liquidity necessary to protect our investment or avoid a corresponding default on any obligations we may have in connection with our own financing.

In the event of borrower distress or a default, we may lack the liquidity necessary to protect our investment or avoid a corresponding default on any obligations we may have in connection

with our own financing specifically related to, or otherwise impacted by, such investment. In the event of a default by a borrower on a non-recourse loan, we generally will have recourse only to the underlying asset (including any escrowed funds and reserves) collateralizing that loan, except to the extent of any creditworthy guarantees as discussed in “—*The CRE loans that we originate or acquire may be non-recourse loans, and the assets securing these loans may not be sufficient to protect us from a partial or complete loss if the borrower defaults on the loan, which could materially and adversely affect us.*” In addition, declines in real estate values may induce mortgagors to voluntarily default on their loans, increasing the risk of foreclosure and loss of capital. If the underlying property collateralizing the loan is insufficient to satisfy the outstanding balance of such loan, after expenses incurred in connection with enforcing our rights, we may suffer a loss of principal or interest that adversely affects our liquidity and its ability to service or repay its own leverage. Real estate investments generally lack liquidity compared to other financial assets, and the increased lack of liquidity resulting from borrower distress or a default may limit our ability to quickly stabilize or strengthen our portfolio or take other necessary actions to avoid a corresponding default on our financing.

We may need to foreclose on certain of the loans we originate or acquire, which could result in losses that materially and adversely affect us.

Properties underlying our CRE loans may be subject to unknown or unquantifiable liabilities that may adversely affect the value of our investments. Such defects or deficiencies may include title defects, title disputes, liens or other encumbrances on the mortgaged properties. The discovery of such unknown defects, deficiencies and liabilities could affect the ability of our borrowers to make payments to us or could affect our ability to take title to and sell the underlying properties, which could materially and adversely affect us.

We may find it necessary or desirable to foreclose on certain of the loans we originate or acquire in order to preserve our investment. Any foreclosure process may be lengthy and expensive. Among the expenses that are likely to occur in any foreclosure would be the incurrence of substantial legal fees and potentially significant transfer taxes. If we foreclose on an asset, we may take title to the property securing that asset subject to any debt and debt service requirements then in effect. As a result, we cannot assure you that the value of the collateral underlying a foreclosed loan at or after the time a foreclosure is contemplated or completed will exceed our investment, including related foreclosure expenses and assumed indebtedness, or that operating cash flows from such investment will exceed debt service requirements, if any. As a result, a contemplated or completed foreclosure could result in significant losses. If we do not or cannot sell a foreclosed property, we would then come to own and operate it as “real estate owned.” Owning and operating real property involves risks that are different (and in many ways more significant) than the risks faced in lending against a CRE asset.

Whether or not we have participated in the negotiation of the terms of any such loans, we cannot assure you as to the adequacy of the protection of the terms of the applicable loan, including the validity or enforceability of the loan and the maintenance of the anticipated priority and perfection of any applicable security interests. Furthermore, claims may be asserted by lenders or borrowers that might interfere with enforcement of our rights. Borrowers may resist foreclosure actions by asserting numerous claims, counterclaims and defenses against us, including, without limitation, lender liability claims and defenses, even when the assertions may have no basis in fact, in an effort to prolong the foreclosure action and seek to force the lender into a modification of the loan or a favorable buyout of the borrower’s position in the loan. In some states, foreclosure actions can take several years or more to litigate. At any time prior to or during the foreclosure proceedings, the borrower may file for bankruptcy, which would have the effect of staying the foreclosure actions and further delaying the foreclosure process and

potentially resulting in a reduction or discharge of a borrower's debt. Foreclosure may create a negative public perception of the related property, resulting in a diminution of its value. Even if we are successful in foreclosing on a loan, the liquidation proceeds upon sale of the underlying real estate may not be sufficient to recover our cost basis in the loan, resulting in a loss to us. Furthermore, any costs or delays involved in the foreclosure of the loan or a liquidation of the underlying property will further reduce the net proceeds and, thus, increase any such loss. The incurrence of any such losses could materially and adversely affect us.

Loans on properties in transition often involve a greater risk of loss than loans on stabilized properties, including the risk of cost overruns on and non-completion of the construction or renovation of or other capital improvements to the properties underlying the loans we may originate or acquire, and the risk that a borrower may fail to execute the business plan underwritten by us, potentially making it unable to refinance our loan at maturity, each of which could materially and adversely affect us.

We may originate or acquire loans on transitional CRE properties to borrowers who are typically seeking capital for repositioning, renovation, rehabilitation, leasing, development, redevelopment or construction. The typical borrower under a loan on a transitional asset has usually identified an undervalued asset that has been under-managed and/or is located in an improving market. If the market in which the asset is located fails to materialize according to the borrower's projections, or if the borrower fails to improve the quality of the asset's management and/or the value of the asset, or if it costs the borrower more than estimated or takes longer to execute its business plan than estimated, including as a result of supply chain disruptions, the borrower may not receive a sufficient return on the asset to satisfy our loan or may experience a prolonged reduction of net operating income and may not be able to make payments on our loan on a timely basis or at all, which could materially and adversely affect us. Other risks may include: environmental risks, delays in legal and other approvals (e.g., certificates of occupancy), other construction and renovation risks and subsequent leasing of the property not being completed on schedule and general economic conditions. Accordingly, we bear the risk that we may not recover some or all of our loan unpaid principal balance and interest thereon.

Furthermore, borrowers usually use the proceeds of permanent financing to repay a loan on a transitional property after the CRE property is stabilized. Loans on transitional CRE properties are therefore subject to risks of a borrower's inability to obtain permanent financing to repay our loan. Our loans are also subject to risks of borrower defaults, bankruptcies, fraud and losses. In the event of any default under our loans, we bear the risk of loss of principal and non-payment of interest and fees to the extent of any deficiency between the value of the underlying asset and the principal amount and unpaid interest and fees of our loan. To the extent we suffer losses with respect to our loans, it could have a material adverse effect on us.

Construction loans involve an increased risk of loss.

We invest in loans which fund the construction of commercial properties. As of December 31, 2024, approximately 27% of the aggregate outstanding principal amount of our portfolio of loans fund the construction of commercial properties. If we fail to fund our entire commitment on a construction loan or if a borrower otherwise fails to complete the construction of a project, there could be adverse consequences associated with the loan, including, but not limited to: a loss of the value of the property securing the loan, especially if the borrower is unable to raise funds to complete it from other sources; a borrower's claim against us for failure to perform under the loan documents; increased costs to the borrower that the borrower is unable to pay; a bankruptcy filing by the borrower; and abandonment by the borrower of the collateral for the loan. The occurrence

of such events may have a negative impact on our results of operations. Other loan types may also include unfunded future obligations that could present similar risks.

Risks of cost overruns and non-completion of the construction or renovation of the properties underlying loans we originate or acquire could materially and adversely affect us.

The renovation, refurbishment or expansion by a borrower of a mortgaged property involves risks of cost overruns and non-completion. Costs of construction or renovation to bring a property up to market standards for the intended use of that property may exceed original estimates, possibly making a project uneconomical. Other risks may include: environmental risks, permitting risks, other construction risks, and subsequent leasing of the property not being completed on schedule or at projected rental rates. If such construction or renovation is not completed in a timely manner, or if it costs more than expected, the borrower may experience a prolonged reduction of net operating income and may be unable to make payments of interest or principal to us, which could materially and adversely affect us.

Investments we may make in CMBS may be subject to losses.

Investments we may make in CMBS may be subject to losses. In general, losses on a mortgaged property securing a mortgage loan included in a securitization will be borne first by the equity holder of the property, then by a cash reserve fund or letter of credit, if any, then by the holder of a subordinated loan or B-note, if any, then by the "first loss" subordinated security holder (generally, the "B-Piece" buyer) and then by the holder of a higher-rated security. In the event of default and the exhaustion of any equity support, reserve fund, letter of credit, subordinated loans or B-notes, and any classes of securities junior to those in which we invest, we may not be able to recover all of our investment in the securities we purchase. In addition, if the underlying mortgage portfolio has been overvalued by the originator, or if the values subsequently decline and, as a result, less collateral is available to satisfy interest and principal payments due on the related mortgage-backed security, there would be an increased risk of loss. The prices of lower credit quality securities are generally less sensitive to interest rate changes than more highly rated investments, but more sensitive to adverse economic downturns or individual issuer developments.

We may not control the special servicing of the mortgage loans included in the CMBS in which we invest, and, in such cases, the special servicer may take actions that could adversely affect our interests.

With respect to each series of CMBS in which we invest, overall control over the special servicing of the related underlying mortgage loans may be held by a directing certificate-holder, which is appointed by the holders of the most subordinate class of CMBS in such series. We may acquire classes of existing series of CMBS where we will not have the right to appoint the directing certificate-holder. In connection with the servicing of the specially serviced mortgage loans, the related special servicer may, at the direction of the directing certificate-holder, take actions that could adversely affect our interests.

With respect to certain mortgage loans included in our CMBS investments, the properties that secure the mortgage loans backing the securitized pool may also secure one or more related mortgage loans that are not in the CMBS, which may conflict with our interests.

Certain mortgage loans included in our CMBS investments may be part of a loan combination or split loan structure that includes one or more additional mortgaged loans (senior, subordinate or pari passu and not included in the CMBS investments) that are secured by the

same mortgage instrument(s) encumbering the same mortgaged property or properties, as applicable, as is the subject mortgage loan. Pursuant to one or more co-lender or similar agreements, a holder, or a group of holders, of a mortgage loan in a subject loan combination may be granted various rights and powers that affect the mortgage loan in that loan combination, including: (i) cure rights; (ii) a purchase option; (iii) the right to advise, direct or consult with the applicable servicer regarding various servicing matters affecting that loan combination; or (iv) the right to replace the directing certificate- holder (without cause).

The B-notes that we may acquire may be subject to additional risks related to the privately negotiated structure and terms of the transaction, which may result in losses to us.

We may invest in B-notes. B-notes are mortgage loans typically (i) secured by a first mortgage on a single large commercial property or group of related properties and (ii) contractually subordinated to an A-note secured by the same first mortgage on the same collateral. As a result, if a borrower defaults, there may not be sufficient funds remaining for B-note holders after payment to the A-note holders. However, because each transaction is privately negotiated, B-notes can vary in their structural characteristics and risks. For example, the rights of holders of B-notes to control the process following a borrower default may vary from transaction to transaction. Further, B-notes typically are secured by a single property and so reflect the risks associated with significant concentration. Significant losses related to B-notes would result in operating losses for us and may limit our ability to make distributions to our shareholders.

If our Manager overestimates the yields or incorrectly prices the risks of our investments, we may experience losses.

Our Manager values our potential CRE investments based on yields and risks, taking into account estimated future losses and the collateral securing a potential investment, if any, and the estimated impact of these losses on expected future cash flows, returns and appreciation. Our Manager's loss estimates and expectations of future cash flows, returns and appreciation may not prove accurate, as actual results may vary from estimates and expectations. If our Manager underestimates the asset-level losses or overestimates investment yields relative to the price we pay for a particular investment, we may experience losses with respect to such investment.

Some of our investments may be recorded at fair value and, as a result, there will be uncertainty as to the value of these investments.

Many of our investments will likely be in the form of positions or securities that are not publicly-traded. The fair value of securities and other investments that are not publicly-traded may not be readily determinable. Subject to the discretion of the our Board, we may value these investments annually, or more frequently as circumstances dictate, at fair value, which may include unobservable inputs. Because such valuations are subjective, the fair value of certain of our assets may fluctuate over short periods of time and our determinations of fair value may differ materially from the values that would have been used if a ready market for these investments existed. Our results of operations for a given period and the value of our securities generally could be adversely affected if our determinations regarding the fair value of these investments were materially higher than the values that we ultimately realize upon their disposal. The valuation process has been particularly challenging recently, as market events have made valuations of certain assets more difficult, unpredictable and volatile.

Interest rate fluctuations could increase our financing costs, which could lead to a significant decrease in our results of operations, cash flows and the market value of our investments.

Our primary interest rate exposures will relate to the financing cost of our debt. To the extent that our financing costs will be determined by reference to floating rates, the amount of such costs will depend on a variety of factors, including, without limitation, (i) for collateralized debt, the value and liquidity of the collateral, and for non-collateralized debt, our credit, (ii) the level and movement of interest rates, and (iii) general market conditions and liquidity. In a period of rising interest rates, our interest expense on floating-rate debt would increase, while any additional interest income we earn on our floating-rate investments may not compensate for such increase in interest expense.

At the same time, the interest income we earn on our fixed-rate investments would not change and the market value of our fixed-rate investments would decrease. Similarly, in a period of declining interest rates, our interest income on floating-rate investments would decrease, while any decrease in the interest we are charged on our floating-rate debt may not compensate for such decrease in interest income and interest we are charged on our fixed-rate debt would not change. Any such scenario could materially and adversely affect us. If, as a result of lower interest rates our interest income declines at a higher rate than the decline in our financing costs, our results of operations and ability to make distributions to our shareholders would be negatively impacted.

Monetary policy actions by the United States Federal Reserve could adversely impact both our borrowers and our financial condition.

We, as well as our borrowers, are affected by the fiscal and monetary policies of the United States Government and its agencies, including the policies of the Federal Reserve, which regulates the supply of money and credit in the United States. In an effort to combat rising inflation levels, the Federal Reserve steadily began increasing the target federal funds rate in the first quarter of 2022 and continued to do so in 2023. The Federal Funds Target Rate increased by 5.25 percentage points between March 2022 and December 2023, with a 0.50 percentage point decrease in September 2024 and a 0.25 percentage point decrease in November 2024. Changes in the federal funds rate as well as the other policies of the Federal Reserve affect interest rates, which have a significant impact on the demand for debt capital. Changes in fiscal and monetary policies are beyond our control, are difficult to predict and could materially adversely affect us and our borrowers.

Declines in market prices and liquidity in the capital markets can result in significant net unrealized losses of our portfolio, which in turn would reduce our book value.

Volatility in the capital markets can adversely affect our investment valuations. Decreases in the market values or fair values of our investments are recorded as unrealized losses. The effect of all of these factors on our portfolio can reduce our book value (and, as a result our asset coverage calculation) by increasing net unrealized losses in our portfolio. Depending on market conditions, we could incur substantial realized and/or unrealized losses, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations.

Provisions for loan losses are difficult to estimate.

In June 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) No. 2016-13 Financial Instruments - Credit Losses - Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments (Topic 326) (“ASU No. 2016-13”) (the “CECL Standard”). This update changed how entities will measure credit losses for most financial assets and certain

other instruments that are not measured at fair value. The CECL Standard replaced the “incurred loss” approach under existing guidance with an “expected loss” model for instruments measured at amortized cost. The CECL Standard requires entities to record allowances (“CECL Allowances”) on certain financial assets carried at amortized cost, such as loans held for investment and held-to-maturity debt securities that are deducted from the carrying amount of the assets to present the net carrying value at the amounts expected to be collected on the assets. We have adopted the CECL Standard as of August 28, 2023, the date of formation. The CECL Standard can create volatility in the level of our CECL Allowances for loan losses. If we are required to materially increase our level of CECL Allowances for loan losses for any reason, such increase could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Our CECL Allowances are evaluated on a quarterly basis. The determination of CECL Allowances require us to make certain estimates and judgments, which may be difficult to determine. Our estimates and judgments are based on a number of factors, including (i) whether cash from the borrower’s operations is sufficient to cover the debt service requirements currently and into the future, (ii) the ability of the borrower to refinance the loan and (iii) the liquidation value of collateral, all of which remain uncertain and are subjective.

The investments and other assets we will acquire may be subject to impairment charges, and we may experience a decline in the fair value of our assets.

We will periodically evaluate the investments we obtain and other assets for impairment indicators. The judgment regarding the existence of impairment indicators is based upon factors such as market conditions, borrower performance and legal structure. If we determine that an impairment has occurred, we would be required to make an adjustment to the net carrying value of the asset which could have an adverse effect on our results of operations in the period in which the impairment charge is recorded.

Such impairment charges reflect non-cash losses at the time of recognition and a subsequent disposition or sale of impaired assets could further affect our future losses or gains as they are based on the difference between the sale price received and the cost of such assets at the time of sale, as may be adjusted for amortization. If we experience a decline in the fair value of our assets, our results of operations, financial condition and our ability to make distributions to our shareholders could be materially and adversely affected.

Any credit ratings assigned to our investments will be subject to ongoing evaluations and revisions, and we cannot assure you that those ratings will not be downgraded.

Some of our investments may be rated by rating agencies such as Moody’s Investors Service, Fitch Ratings, Standard & Poor’s, DBRS, Inc. or Realpoint LLC. Any credit ratings on our investments are subject to ongoing evaluation by credit rating agencies, and we cannot assure you that any such ratings will not be changed or withdrawn by a rating agency in the future if, in its judgment, circumstances warrant. If rating agencies assign a lower-than-expected rating or reduce or withdraw, or indicate that they may reduce or withdraw, their ratings of our investments in the future, the value of our investments could significantly decline, which would adversely affect the value of our portfolio and could result in losses upon disposition.

A prolonged economic slowdown, a lengthy or severe recession or declining real estate values could impair our investments and harm our operating results.

The risks associated with our investments may be more severe in the future during periods of economic slowdown or recession if these periods are accompanied by declining real estate

values. In the future, declining real estate values could reduce the level of loan originations, since borrowers often use appreciation in the value of their existing properties to support the purchase or investment in additional properties. Borrowers may also be less able to pay principal of and interest on our loans if the value of real estate weakens. Further, future declines in real estate values could significantly increase the likelihood that we will incur losses on our investments in the event of default because the value of our collateral may be insufficient to cover our cost on the investment. Any sustained period of increased payment delinquencies, foreclosures or losses could adversely affect our ability to originate or acquire loans. Any of the foregoing risks could materially and adversely affect us.

Investments in non-conforming and non-investment grade rated investments involve an increased risk of default and loss.

Many of our investments may not conform to conventional loan standards applied by traditional lenders and either will not be rated (as is often the case for private loans) or will be rated as non-investment grade by the rating agencies. As a result, these investments should be expected to have a higher risk of default and loss than investment-grade rated assets. Any loss we incur may be significant and may materially and adversely affect us. Our investment guidelines do not limit the percentage of unrated or non-investment grade rated assets we may hold in our portfolio.

Investments in subordinated mortgage interests, mezzanine loans and other assets that are subordinated or otherwise junior in a borrower's capital structure may expose us to greater risk of loss.

We originate or acquire subordinated mortgage interests, mezzanine loans and other assets that are subordinated or otherwise junior to other financing in a borrower's capital structure and that involve privately negotiated structures. To the extent we invest in subordinated debt or mezzanine tranches of a borrower's capital structure, these investments, and our remedies with respect thereto, including the ability to foreclose on any collateral securing the investments, are subject to the rights of holders of more senior tranches in the borrower's capital structure and, to the extent applicable, contractual intercreditor and/or participation agreement provisions. Significant losses related to these loans or investments could materially and adversely affect us.

As the terms of these investments are subject to contractual relationships among lenders, co-lending agents and others, they can vary significantly in their structural characteristics and other risks. For example, the rights of holders of subordinated mortgage interests to control the process following a borrower default may vary from transaction to transaction. Further, subordinated mortgage interests typically are secured by a single property and accordingly reflect the risks associated with significant concentration.

Like subordinated mortgage interests, mezzanine loans are by their nature structurally subordinated to more senior property-level financings. If a borrower defaults on our mezzanine loan or on debt senior to our loan, or if the borrower is in bankruptcy, our mezzanine loan will be satisfied only after the property-level debt and other senior debt is paid in full. As a result, a partial loss in the value of the underlying collateral can result in a total loss of the value of the mezzanine loan. In addition, even if we are able to foreclose on the underlying collateral following a default on a mezzanine loan, we would be substituted for the defaulting borrower and, to the extent income generated on the underlying property is insufficient to meet outstanding debt obligations on the property, we may need to commit substantial additional capital and/or deliver a replacement guarantee by a creditworthy entity, which could include us, to stabilize the property and prevent additional defaults to lenders with existing liens on the

property. In addition, our investments in senior loans may be effectively subordinated to the extent we borrow under a warehouse line (which can be in the form of a repurchase facility) or similar facility and pledge the senior loan as collateral. Under these arrangements, the lender has a right to repayment of the borrowed amount before we can collect on the value of our loan, and therefore if the value of the pledged senior loan decreases below the amount we have borrowed, we could experience significant losses.

The CRE loans that we originate or acquire may be non-recourse loans, and the assets securing these loans may not be sufficient to protect us from a partial or complete loss if the borrower defaults on the loan, which could materially and adversely affect us.

Most CRE loans represent non-recourse obligations of the borrower, with the exception of certain limited purpose guarantees such as customary non-recourse carve-outs for certain “bad acts” by a borrower, environmental indemnities and, in some cases, completion guarantees, carry guarantees and limited payment guarantees. Consequently, we do not typically have recourse (or have very limited recourse for specified purposes) against the assets of the borrower or its sponsor other than our recourse to specified loan collateral. In the event of a borrower default under one or more of our loans, we bear a risk of loss to the extent of any deficiency between the value of the specified collateral and the unpaid principal balance on our loan, absent recoveries to us under any applicable guarantees, which could materially and adversely affect us. In addition, we may incur substantial costs and delays in realizing the value of such collateral. Further, although a loan may provide for limited recourse to a principal, parent or other affiliate of the borrower, there is no assurance that we will be able to recover our deficiency from any such party or that its assets would be sufficient to pay any otherwise recoverable claim. In the event of the bankruptcy of a borrower, the loans to that borrower will be deemed to be secured only to the extent of the value of any underlying collateral at the time of bankruptcy (as determined by the bankruptcy court), and the loan or lien securing the loan could be subject to the avoidance powers of the bankruptcy trustee or debtor-in-possession.

We may be subject to additional risks associated with CRE loan participations.

Our CRE loans may be held in the form of participation interests or co-lender arrangements in which we share the loan rights, obligations and benefits with other lenders. With respect to participation interests, we may require the consent of these parties to exercise our rights under the loans, including rights with respect to amendment of loan documentation, enforcement proceedings upon a default and the institution of, and control over, foreclosure proceedings. In circumstances where we hold a minority interest, we may become bound to actions of the majority to which we otherwise would object. We may be adversely affected by this lack of control with respect to these interests.

If we originate or acquire CRE loans or CRE-related assets secured by liens on facilities that are subject to a ground lease and the ground lease is terminated unexpectedly, our interests in the loans or assets could be materially and adversely affected.

A ground lease is a lease of land, usually on a long-term basis, that does not include buildings or other improvements on the land. Normally, any real property improvements made by the lessee during the term of the lease will revert to the landowner at the end of the lease term. We may originate or acquire CRE loans or CRE-related assets secured by liens on facilities that are subject to a ground lease, and, if the ground lease were to expire or terminate unexpectedly, due to the borrower’s default on the ground lease, our interests in the loans could be materially and adversely affected. Additionally, any rent payments that the borrower may be obligated to make pursuant to the terms of such ground lease would reduce cash flows available to the borrower

from the property, which may in turn impair the borrower's ability to repay the borrower's obligations to us.

Any distressed loans or other investments we make, or investments that later become non-performing, may subject us to losses and other risks relating to bankruptcy proceedings, which could materially and adversely affect us.

Our loans and other investments may include distressed investments (for example, investments in defaulted, out-of-favor or distressed bank loans and debt securities), or certain of our investments may become non-performing following our origination or acquisition thereof. Certain of our investments may include properties that typically are highly leveraged, with significant burdens on cash flow and, therefore, involve a high degree of financial risk. During an economic downturn or recession, loans or securities of financially or operationally troubled borrowers or issuers are more likely to go into default than loans or securities of other borrowers or issuers not experiencing such difficulties. Loans or securities of financially or operationally troubled issuers are also typically less liquid and more volatile than loans or securities of borrowers or issuers not experiencing such difficulties. The market prices of such securities are subject to erratic and abrupt market movements and the spread between bid and asked prices may be greater than normally expected. Investment in the loans or securities of financially or operationally troubled borrowers or issuers involves a high degree of credit and market risk.

In certain limited cases (for example, in connection with a workout, restructuring or foreclosure proceeding involving one or more of our investments), the success of our investment strategy will depend, in part, on our ability to effectuate loan modifications and/or restructure and improve the operations of our borrowers. The activity of identifying and implementing successful restructuring programs and operating improvements entails a high degree of uncertainty. There can be no assurance that we will be able to identify and implement successful restructuring programs and improvements with respect to any distressed loans or other investments we may have from time to time.

These financial difficulties may never be overcome and may cause borrowers to become subject to bankruptcy or other similar administrative proceedings. There is a possibility that we may incur substantial or total losses on our loans or other investments and, in certain circumstances, become subject to certain additional potential liabilities that may exceed the value of our original investment therein. For example, under certain circumstances, a lender that has inappropriately exercised control over the management and policies of a debtor may have its claims subordinated or disallowed or may be found liable for damages suffered by parties as a result of such actions. In any reorganization or liquidation proceeding relating to our loans or other investments, we may lose our entire investment, may be required to accept cash or securities with a value less than our original investment and/or may be required to accept different terms, including payment over an extended period of time. In addition, under certain circumstances, payments to us may be reclaimed if any such payment or distribution is later determined to have been a fraudulent conveyance, preferential payment or similar transaction under applicable bankruptcy and insolvency laws. Furthermore, bankruptcy laws and similar laws applicable to administrative proceedings may delay our ability to realize on collateral for loan positions held by us, may adversely affect the economic terms and priority of such loans through doctrines such as equitable subordination or may result in a restructuring of the debt through principles such as the "cramdown" provisions of the bankruptcy laws. Any of the foregoing results could materially and adversely affect us.

There may be circumstances in which our investments could be subordinated to claims of other creditors, or we could be subject to lender liability claims.

If one of our borrowers were to go bankrupt, depending on the facts and circumstances, a bankruptcy court might re-characterize our investment and subordinate all or a portion of our claim to that of other creditors. In addition, we could be subject to lender liability claims if we are deemed to be too involved in a borrower's business or exercise control over such borrower. For example, we could become subject to a lender's liability claim, if, among other things, we actually render significant managerial assistance to a borrower to which we have made a debt investment.

As a debt investor, we are often not in a position to exert influence on borrowers, and the shareholders and management of such borrowers may make decisions that could decrease the value of investments in such borrower.

As a debt investor, we are subject to the risk that a borrower may make business decisions with which we disagree and the shareholders and management of such company may take risks or otherwise act in ways that do not serve our interests. As a result, a borrower may make decisions that could decrease the value of our investment in such borrower.

Insurance proceeds on a property may not cover all losses, which could result in the corresponding non-performance of or loss on our investment related to such property.

There are certain types of losses, generally of a catastrophic nature, such as earthquakes, floods, hurricanes, terrorism or acts of war, which may be uninsurable or not economically insurable. Inflation, changes in building codes and ordinances, environmental considerations and other factors, including terrorism or acts of war, also might result in insurance proceeds insufficient to repair or replace an asset if it is damaged or destroyed. Under these circumstances, the borrower's receipt of insurance proceeds with respect to a property relating to one of our investments might not be adequate to restore our economic position with respect to our investment. Any uninsured loss could result in the loss of anticipated cash flow from, and the asset value of, the affected asset and the value of our investment related to such property.

Prepayment rates may adversely affect the yield on our loans and the value of our portfolio of assets.

The value of our assets may be affected by prepayment rates on loans. In periods of declining interest rates, prepayment rates on loans will generally increase. If interest rates decline, the proceeds of prepayments received during such periods are likely to be reinvested by us in assets yielding less than the yields on the assets that were prepaid. In periods of increasing interest rates and/or credit spreads, prepayment rates on loans will generally decrease, which could impact our liquidity, or increase our potential exposure to loan non-performance. In addition, if we originate or acquire mortgage-related securities or a pool of mortgage securities, we anticipate that the underlying mortgages will prepay at a projected rate generating an expected yield. If we purchase assets at a premium to par value, when borrowers prepay their loans faster than expected, the corresponding prepayments on the asset may reduce the expected yield on such securities because we will have to amortize the related premium on an accelerated basis. Conversely, if we purchase assets at a discount to par value, when borrowers prepay their loans slower than expected, the decrease in corresponding prepayments on the asset may reduce the expected yield on such securities because we will not be able to accrete the related discount as quickly as originally anticipated. In addition, as a result of the risk of prepayment, the market

value of the prepaid assets may benefit less than other fixed income securities from declining interest rates.

Prepayment rates on loans may be affected by a number of factors including, but not limited to, the then-current level of interest rates, the availability of mortgage credit, the relative economic vitality of the area in which the related properties are located, the servicing of the loans, possible changes in tax laws, other opportunities for investment, and other economic, social, geographic, demographic and legal factors and other factors beyond our control. Consequently, such prepayment rates cannot be predicted with certainty and no strategy can completely insulate us from prepayment or other such risks.

CRE valuation is inherently subjective and uncertain.

The valuation of CRE assets and therefore the valuation of any underlying collateral relating to loans and other investments made by us is inherently subjective and uncertain due to, among other factors, the individual nature of each property, its location, the expected future cash flows from that particular property, future market conditions, changing demand for various types of real estate and the valuation methodology adopted. In addition, where we invest in construction loans, initial assessments will assume completion of the project. As a result, the valuations of the CRE assets against which we will make loans and other investments are subject to a large degree of uncertainty, which has increased due to the current market volatility, and are made on the basis of assumptions and methodologies that may not prove to be accurate, particularly in periods of volatility, low transaction flow or restricted debt or equity capital availability in the CRE markets.

Our investments expose us to risks associated with debt-oriented real estate investments generally.

We invest primarily in debt and debt-like preferred equity in or relating to real estate assets. Any deterioration of real estate fundamentals generally, and in the Southern U.S. in particular, could negatively impact our performance by making it more difficult for our borrowers to satisfy their debt payment obligations to us, increasing the default risk applicable to borrowers, and/or making it relatively more difficult for us to generate attractive risk-adjusted returns. Changes in general economic conditions will affect the creditworthiness of our borrowers and may include economic and/or market fluctuations, changes in environmental, zoning and other laws, casualty or condemnation losses, regulatory limitations on rents, decreases in property values, changes in the appeal of properties to tenants, changes in supply and demand, fluctuations in real estate fundamentals (including average occupancy and room rates for hotel properties), energy supply shortages, various uninsured or uninsurable risks, natural disasters, outbreaks of pandemics or contagious diseases, terrorism, acts of war, changes in government regulations (such as rent control, moratoriums against tenant evictions or foreclosures or regulation of greenhouse gas emissions), political and legislative uncertainty, changes in real property tax rates and operating expenses, changes in interest rates, changes in monetary policy, changes in consumer spending, currency exchange rates changes in the availability of debt financing and/or mortgage funds which may render the sale or refinancing of properties difficult or impracticable, increased mortgage defaults, increases in borrowing rates, negative developments in the economy that depress travel activity, demand and/or real estate values generally and other factors that are beyond our control.

Recent concerns about the real estate market, elevated interest rates, inflation, energy costs and geopolitical issues have contributed to increased volatility and diminished expectations for the economy and markets going forward. We cannot predict the degree to which economic

conditions generally, and the conditions for CRE debt investing in particular, will improve or decline. Declines in the performance of relevant regional and global economies or in the CRE debt market could have a material adverse effect on us.

We may invest in derivative instruments, which would subject us to increased risk of loss.

Subject to qualifying and maintaining our qualification as a REIT, we may invest in derivative instruments. Derivative instruments, especially when purchased in large amounts, may not be liquid in all circumstances, so that in volatile markets we may not be able to close out a position without incurring a loss. The prices of derivative instruments, including swaps, futures, forwards and options, are highly volatile and such instruments may subject us to significant losses. The value of such derivatives also depends upon the price of the underlying instrument or commodity. Such derivatives and other customized instruments also are subject to the risk of non-performance by the relevant counterparty. In addition, actual or implied daily limits on price fluctuations and speculative position limits on the exchanges or over-the-counter markets in which we may conduct our transactions in derivative instruments may prevent prompt liquidation of positions, subjecting us to the potential of greater losses. Derivative instruments that may be purchased or sold by us may include instruments not traded on an exchange. The risk of non-performance by the obligor on such an instrument may be greater and the ease with which we can dispose of or enter into closing transactions with respect to such an instrument may be less than in the case of an exchange-traded instrument. In addition, significant disparities may exist between “bid” and “asked” prices for derivative instruments that are traded over-the-counter and not on an exchange. Such over-the-counter derivatives are also typically not subject to the same type of investor protections or governmental regulation as exchange-traded instruments.

In addition, we may invest in derivative instruments that are neither presently contemplated nor currently available, but which may be developed in the future, to the extent such opportunities are both consistent with our investment objectives and legally permissible. Any such investments may expose us to unique and presently indeterminate risks, the impact of which may not be capable of determination until such instruments are developed and/or we determine to make such an investment.

If the loans that we originate or acquire do not comply with applicable laws, we may be subject to penalties, which could materially and adversely affect us.

Loans that we originate or acquire may be directly or indirectly subject to U.S. federal, state or local governmental laws. Real estate lenders and borrowers may be responsible for compliance with a wide range of laws intended to protect the public interest, including, without limitation, the Truth in Lending, Equal Credit Opportunity, Fair Housing and Americans with Disabilities Acts and local zoning laws (including, but not limited to, zoning laws that allow permitted non-conforming uses). If we or any other person fails to comply with such laws in relation to a loan that we have originated or acquired, legal penalties may be imposed, which could materially and adversely affect us. Additionally, jurisdictions with “one action,” “security first” and/or “antideficiency rules” may limit our ability to foreclose on a real property or to realize on obligations secured by a real property. In the future, new laws may be enacted or imposed by U.S. federal, state or local governmental entities, and such laws could have a material adverse effect on us.

We may not control the servicing of mortgage loans in which we invest and, in such cases, the special servicer may take actions that could adversely affect our interests.

Third parties may service certain of our investments, and their responsibilities will include all services and duties customary to servicing and sub-servicing mortgage loans in a diligent manner consistent with prevailing mortgage loan servicing standards, such as the collection and remittance of payments on our mortgage loans, administration of mortgage escrow accounts, collection of insurance claims and foreclosure. Should a servicer experience financial or operational difficulties, it may not be able to perform these services or these services may be curtailed, including any obligation to advance payments of amounts due from delinquent loan obligors. For example, typically a servicer's obligation to make advances on behalf of a delinquent loan obligor is limited to the extent that it does not expect to recover the advances from the ultimate disposition of the collateral pledged to secure the loan. In addition, as with any external service provider, we are subject to the risks associated with inadequate or untimely services for other reasons such as fraud, negligence, errors, miscalculations or other reasons. The ability of a servicer to effectively service our loans may be critical to our success. The failure of a servicer to effectively service our loans could materially and adversely affect us.

Liability relating to environmental matters may impact the value of our loans or of properties that we may acquire upon foreclosure of the properties underlying our investments.

To the extent we take title to any of the properties underlying our investments, we may be subject to environmental liabilities arising from the foreclosed properties. Under various U.S. federal, state and local laws, an owner or operator of real property may become liable for the costs of removal of certain hazardous substances released on its property. These laws often impose liability without regard to whether the owner or operator knew of, or was responsible for, the release of the hazardous substances. The presence of hazardous substances on a property may adversely affect our ability to sell the property, and we may incur substantial remediation costs. As a result, the discovery of material environmental liabilities attached to those properties could materially and adversely affect us.

In addition, the presence of hazardous substances may adversely affect an owner's ability to sell real estate or borrow using real estate as collateral. To the extent that an owner of a property underlying one of our loans becomes liable for removal costs, the ability of the owner to make payments to us may be reduced, which in turn may adversely affect the value of the relevant loan held by us and could materially and adversely affect us.

Climate change has the potential to impact the properties underlying our investments.

Currently, it is not possible to predict how legislation or new regulations that may be adopted to address greenhouse gas emissions will impact CRE properties. However, any such future laws and regulations imposing reporting obligations or limitations on greenhouse gas emissions or additional taxation of energy use could require the owners of properties to make significant expenditures to attain and maintain compliance. Any such increased costs could impact the financial condition of our borrowers and their ability to meet their loan obligations to us. Consequently, any new legislative or regulatory initiatives related to climate change could adversely affect our business.

We also face business trend-related climate risks. Investors are increasingly taking into account Environmental, Social, and Governance factors, including climate risks, in determining whether to invest in companies or properties. Additionally, our reputation and investor relationships could be damaged as a result of our involvement with certain industries or assets

associated with activities perceived to be causing or exacerbating climate change, as well as any decisions we make to continue to conduct or change its activities in response to considerations relating to climate change.

The physical impact of climate change could also have a material adverse effect on the properties underlying our investments. Physical effects of climate change such as increases in temperature, sea levels, the severity of weather events and the frequency of natural disasters, such as hurricanes, tropical storms, tornadoes, wildfires, floods and earthquakes, among other effects, could damage the properties underlying our investments. The costs of remediating or repairing such damage, or of investments made in advance of such weather events to minimize potential damage, could be considerable. Additionally, such actual or threatened climate change related damage could increase the cost of, or make unavailable, insurance on favorable terms on the properties underlying our investments. Such repair, remediation or insurance expenses could reduce the net operating income of the properties underlying our investments which may in turn impair borrowers' ability to repay their obligations to us.

Subject to the approval of our Board (which must include a majority of our independent directors), our Manager may change our investment strategies or guidelines, financing strategies or leverage policies without the consent of our shareholders.

Subject to the approval of our Board (which must include a majority of our independent directors), our Manager may change our investment strategies or guidelines, financing strategies or leverage policies with respect to loans, originations, acquisitions, growth, operations, indebtedness, capitalization and distributions at any time without the consent of our shareholders, which could result in a portfolio with a different risk profile than that of our Existing Portfolio or of a portfolio comprised of our target loans. A change in our investment strategy may increase our exposure to interest rate risk, default risk and commercial real estate market fluctuations. Furthermore, a change in our asset allocation could result in our making loans in asset categories different from those described in this prospectus. Any changes to our investment guidelines will require an amendment to our Management Agreement. Such amendments or other material information regarding such strategies and policies will be disclosed through the filing of current or periodic reports with the SEC. These changes could adversely affect our financial condition, results of operations, the market price of our equity and our ability to make distributions to our shareholders.

Changes in laws or regulations governing our operations, including laws and regulations governing REITs, or those of our competitors, or changes in the interpretation thereof, or newly enacted laws or regulations, could result in increased competition for our target assets, require changes to our business practices and collectively could adversely impact our revenues and impose additional costs on us, which could materially and adversely affect us.

The laws and regulations governing REITs by state and federal governments and our operations or those of our competitors, as well as their interpretation, may change from time to time, and new laws and regulations may be enacted. We may be required to adopt or suspend certain business practices as a result of any changes, which could impose additional costs on us, which could materially and adversely affect us. For example, as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, some government entities instituted moratoria on business activities, construction, evictions and foreclosures and rent cancellation. These measures and future measures of this kind may adversely affect us or our borrowers. Furthermore, if "regulatory capital" or "capital adequacy" requirements-whether under the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (the "Dodd-Frank Act"), Basel III, or other regulatory action-are further strengthened or expanded with respect to lenders that provide us with debt financing, or were to

be imposed on us directly, they or we may be required to limit or increase the cost of financing they provide to us or that we provide to others. Among other things, this could potentially increase our financing costs, reduce our ability to originate or acquire loans and reduce our liquidity or require us to sell assets at an inopportune time or price.

In addition, various laws and regulations currently exist that restrict the investment activities of banks and certain other financial institutions but do not apply to us, which we believe creates opportunities for us to originate loans and participate in certain other investments that are not available or attractive to these more regulated institutions. However, proposals for legislation that would change how the financial services industry is regulated are continually being introduced in the U.S. Congress and in state legislatures. Federal financial regulatory agencies may adopt regulations and amendments intended to effect regulatory reforms including reforms to certain Dodd-Frank-related regulations. Prospective investors should be aware that changes in the regulatory and business landscape as a result of the Dodd-Frank Act and as a result of other current or future legislation and regulation may decrease the restrictions on banks and other financial institutions and allow them to compete with us for investment opportunities that were previously not available or attractive to, or otherwise pursued by, them, which could have a material adverse impact on us.

Over the last several years, there also has been an increase in regulatory attention to the extension of credit outside of the traditional banking sector, raising the possibility that some portion of the non-bank financial sector will become subject to new regulation. Increased regulation of non-bank lending could negatively impact our results of operations, cash flows and financial condition, impose additional costs on us or otherwise materially and adversely affect us.

State licensing requirements may cause us to incur expenses, and our failure to be properly licensed may have a material adverse effect on us.

Some jurisdictions require non-bank companies to hold licenses to conduct lending activities. State licensing statutes vary from state to state and may prescribe or impose: various recordkeeping requirements; restrictions on loan origination and servicing practices, including limits on finance charges and the type, amount and manner of charging fees; disclosure requirements; requirements that licensees submit to periodic examination; surety bond and minimum specified net worth requirements; periodic financial reporting requirements; notification requirements for changes in principal officers, stock ownership or corporate control; restrictions on advertising; and requirements that loan forms be submitted for review. If required, obtaining and maintaining state licenses will cause us to incur expenses and failure to be properly licensed under state law or otherwise may have a material adverse effect on us.

We depend on our Manager and its affiliates to develop appropriate systems and procedures to control operational risk.

We depend on our Manager and its affiliates to develop the appropriate systems and procedures to control operational risk. Operational risks arising from mistakes made in the confirmation or settlement of transactions, from transactions not being properly booked, evaluated or accounted for or other similar disruption in our operations may cause us to suffer financial losses, the disruption of our business, liability to third parties, regulatory intervention or damage to our reputation. We will rely heavily on our Manager's financial, accounting and other data processing systems. The ability of our systems to accommodate transactions could also constrain our ability to properly manage its portfolio. Generally, our Manager will not be liable for losses incurred due to the occurrence of any such errors.

We may not be able to obtain or maintain required licenses and authorizations to conduct our business and may fail to comply with various state and federal laws and regulations applicable to our business.

In general, lending is a highly regulated industry in the United States and we are required to comply with, among other statutes and regulations, certain provisions of the Equal Credit Opportunity Act of 1974 (the "Equal Credit Opportunity Act") that are applicable to commercial loans, the Uniting and Strengthening America by Providing Appropriate Tools Required to Intercept and Obstruct Terrorism Act of 2001 (the "USA Patriot Act"), regulations promulgated by the Office of Foreign Asset Control, various laws, rules and regulations related to the U.S. federal and state securities laws and regulations. In addition, certain states have adopted laws or regulations that may, among other requirements, require licensing of lenders and financiers, prescribe disclosures of certain contractual terms, impose limitations on interest rates and other charges, and limit or prohibit certain collection practices and creditor remedies.

There is no guarantee that we will be able to obtain, maintain or renew any required licenses or authorizations, which vary state-to-state, to conduct our business or that we would not experience significant delays in obtaining these licenses and authorizations. As a result, we could be delayed in conducting certain business if we were first required to obtain certain licenses or authorizations or if renewals thereof were delayed. Furthermore, once licenses are issued and authorizations are obtained, we are required to comply with various information reporting and other regulatory requirements to maintain those licenses and authorizations, and there is no assurance that we will be able to satisfy those requirements or other regulatory requirements applicable to our business on an ongoing basis, which may restrict our business and could expose us to penalties or other claims.

Any failure to obtain, maintain or renew required licenses and authorizations or failure to comply with regulatory requirements that are applicable to our business could result in material fines and disruption to our business and could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, operating results and our ability to make distributions to our shareholders.

We may be subject to claims by third parties asserting that we have caused our, our Manager's or our Manager's affiliates' directors, officers, employees, consultants or advisors to breach the terms of their non-competition or non-solicitation agreement.

Many of our, our Manager's and our Manager's affiliates' directors, officers, employees, consultants and advisors are currently or were previously employed at business development companies and other investment vehicles, including our potential competitors. Although we try to ensure that our, our Manager's and our Manager's affiliates' directors, officers, employees, consultants and advisors do not inadvertently violate their non-competition or non-solicitation agreements with third parties in their work for us, we may in the future be subject to claims that we have caused such individuals to breach the terms of such agreements.

If we fail in prosecuting or defending any such claims, in addition to paying monetary damages, we may lose valuable personnel and our business, financial condition, liquidity, results of operations and ability to make distributions to equity holders may be adversely affected. Even if we are successful in prosecuting or defending against such claims, litigation could result in substantial costs and could be a distraction to management. In addition, any litigation or threat thereof may adversely affect the ability of us, our Manager and affiliates of our Manager to hire future employees or contract with third parties.

COVID-19, or the future outbreak of any other highly infectious or contagious diseases, could materially and adversely impact or cause disruption to our borrowers and their operations, and in turn our ability to continue to execute our business plan.

COVID-19, or the future outbreak of any other highly infectious or contagious diseases, has had and could in the future have material and adverse effects on our borrowers and their operations, as well as on our performance, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows due to, among other factors:

- a complete or partial closure of, or other operational issues at, one or more of our borrowers' locations resulting from government or such company's actions;
- difficulty accessing equity and debt capital on attractive terms, or at all, and a severe disruption and instability in the global financial markets or deteriorations in credit and financing conditions that may affect our access to capital necessary to fund business operations and our borrowers' ability to fund their business operations and meet their obligations to us;
- delays in construction at the properties of our borrowers, which may adversely impact their ability to commence operations and generate revenues from projects; and
- the potential negative impact on the health of our personnel, particularly if a significant number of them are impacted, resulting in a deterioration in our ability to ensure business continuity during a disruption.

The extent to which COVID-19 or future public health crises ultimately impacts our operations and those of our borrowers will depend on numerous factors that are beyond our control, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted at this time. COVID-19 and future public health crises present material uncertainty and risk with respect to our performance, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

The outcome of the 2024 presidential election could materially and adversely impact or cause disruption to our borrowers and their operations, and in turn our ability to continue to execute our business plan.

As a result of the 2024 presidential election, there will be a new administration and it is unclear what changes in federal policy, including tax policies, and at regulatory agencies may occur over time through policy and personnel changes following the election. Such policy changes often lead to changes involving the level of oversight and focus on certain industries and corporate entities. The nature, timing, economic and political effects of potential changes to the current legal and regulatory frameworks affecting the CRE industry remain uncertain. As a result, the outcome of the 2024 presidential election could materially and adversely impact or cause disruption to our borrowers and their operations, and in turn our ability to continue to execute our business plan.

Risks Related to Sources of Financing Our Business

Our growth depends on external sources of capital, which may not be available on favorable terms or at all.

We intend to grow by expanding our portfolio of investments, which we finance primarily through newly-issued equity or debt. We may not be in a position to take advantage of attractive investment opportunities for growth if we are unable, due to global or regional economic uncertainty, changes in the state or federal regulatory environment relating to our business, our

own operating or financial performance or otherwise, to access capital markets on a timely basis and on favorable terms or at all. In addition, U.S. federal income tax law generally requires that a REIT distribute annually at least 90% of its REIT taxable income, without regard to the deduction for dividends paid and excluding net capital gain and certain non-cash income, and that it pay U.S. federal income tax at regular corporate rates to the extent that it annually distributes less than 100% of such taxable income. Because we intend to grow our business, this limitation may require us to raise additional equity or incur debt at a time when it may be disadvantageous to do so.

Our access to capital depends upon a number of factors over which we have little or no control, including, but not limited to:

- general economic or market conditions;
- the market's view of the quality of our assets;
- the market's perception of our growth potential;
- the current regulatory environment with respect to our business; and
- our current and potential future earnings and cash distributions.

If general economic instability or downturn leads to an inability to borrow at attractive rates or at all, our ability to obtain capital to finance our investments could be negatively impacted.

If we are unable to obtain capital on terms and conditions that we find acceptable, we likely will have to reduce the investments we make. In addition, our ability to refinance all or any debt we may incur in the future, on acceptable terms or at all, is subject to all of the above factors, and will also be affected by our future financial position, results of operations and cash flows, which additional factors are also subject to significant uncertainties, and therefore we may be unable to refinance any debt we may incur in the future, as it matures, on acceptable terms or at all. If we are unable to refinance debt incurred to finance our loans, we also may have to forego other investment opportunities that require equity and our liquidity may be diminished. All of these events would have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, liquidity and results of operations.

For our borrowed money, the potential for gain or loss on amounts invested in us will be magnified and may increase the risk of investing in us.

We use borrowings, also known as leverage, to finance the acquisition of a portion of our investments. The use of leverage increases the volatility of investments by magnifying the potential for gain or loss on invested equity capital. If we use leverage to partially finance our investments, through borrowing from banks and other lenders, you will experience increased risks of investing in shares of our common stock. If the value of our assets increases, leverage would cause the net asset value attributable to our common stock to increase more sharply than it would have had we not leveraged. Conversely, if the value of our assets decreases, leverage would cause net asset value to decline more sharply than it otherwise would have had we not used leverage. Similarly, any increase in our income in excess of interest payable on the borrowed funds would cause our net income to increase more than it would without the leverage, while any decrease in our income would cause net income to decline more sharply than it would have had we not borrowed. Such a decline could negatively affect our ability to make distributions to our shareholders. Our ability to execute our strategy using leverage depends on various conditions in the financing markets that are beyond our control, including liquidity and credit spreads.

Global economic, political and market conditions could have a significant adverse effect on our business, financial condition, liquidity and results of operations, including a negative impact on our ability to access the debt markets on favorable terms.

Downgrades by rating agencies to the U.S. government's credit rating or concerns about its credit and deficit levels in general could cause interest rates and borrowing costs to rise, which may negatively impact both the perception of credit risk associated with our portfolio and our ability to access the debt markets on favorable terms. In addition, a decreased U.S. government credit rating could create broader financial turmoil and uncertainty, which may weigh heavily on our financial performance and the value of our equity. Additionally, concerns regarding a potential increase in inflation would likely cause interest rates and borrowing costs to rise.

Deterioration in the economic conditions in the Eurozone and globally, including instability in financial markets, may pose a risk to our business. In recent years, financial markets have been affected at times by a number of global macroeconomic and political events, including the following: large sovereign debts and fiscal deficits of several countries in Europe and in emerging markets jurisdictions, levels of non-performing loans on the balance sheets of European banks, the potential effect of any European country leaving the Eurozone, the effect of the United Kingdom leaving the European Union, and market volatility and loss of investor confidence driven by political events. Market and economic disruptions have affected, and may in the future affect, consumer confidence levels and spending, personal bankruptcy rates, levels of incurrence and default on consumer debt and home prices, among other factors. We cannot assure you that market disruptions in Europe, including the increased cost of funding for certain governments and financial institutions, will not impact the global economy, and we cannot assure you that assistance packages will be available, or if available, be sufficient to stabilize countries and markets in Europe or elsewhere affected by a financial crisis. To the extent uncertainty regarding any economic recovery in Europe negatively impacts consumer confidence and consumer credit factors, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be significantly and adversely affected.

The Chinese capital markets have also experienced periods of instability over the past several years. These market and economic disruptions, have affected, and may in the future affect, the U.S. capital markets, which could adversely affect our business, financial condition or results of operations.

The current global financial market situation, as well as various social and political circumstances in the U.S. and around the world (including wars and other forms of conflict, terrorist acts, security operations and catastrophic events such as fires, floods, earthquakes, tornadoes, hurricanes and global health epidemics), may contribute to increased market volatility and economic uncertainties or deterioration in the U.S. and worldwide. Additionally, the U.S. government's credit and deficit concerns, the European sovereign debt crisis, the potential trade war with China, relations between Russia and Ukraine and the conflict between Israel and Hamas and Israel and Hezbollah could cause interest rates to be volatile, which may negatively impact our ability to access the debt markets on favorable terms.

We may incur significant debt, which may subject us to restrictive covenants and increased risk of loss and may reduce cash available for distributions to our shareholders, and our governing documents contain no limit on the amount of debt we may incur.

Subject to market conditions and availability, we may incur significant debt through bank credit facilities (including term loans and revolving facilities), public and private debt issuances and derivative instruments, in addition to transaction or asset specific funding arrangements. The

percentage of leverage we employ will vary depending on our available capital, our ability to obtain and access financing arrangements with lenders, debt restrictions contained in those financing arrangements and the lenders' and rating agencies' estimate of the stability of our portfolio's cash flow. While our governing documents, the Revolving Credit Agreement and the SRTF Credit Facility contain restrictions on the amount of debt we may incur, we still have the ability under any such restrictions to significantly increase the amount of leverage we utilize at any time without approval of our shareholders. Leverage can enhance our potential returns but can also exacerbate our losses. Incurring substantial debt could subject us to many risks that, if realized, would materially and adversely affect us, including, but not limited to, the risks that:

- our cash flow from operations may be insufficient to make required payments of principal of and interest on the debt we incur or we may fail to comply with all of the other covenants contained in such debt, which is likely to result in (i) acceleration of such debt (and any other debt containing a cross-default or cross-acceleration provision) that we may be unable to repay from internal funds or to refinance on favorable terms, or at all, (ii) our inability to borrow unused amounts under our financing arrangements, even if we are current in payments on borrowings under those arrangements, and/or (iii) the loss of some or all of our assets to foreclosure or sale;
- we may be unable to borrow additional funds as needed or on favorable terms, or at all;
- to the extent we borrow debt that bears interest at variable rates, increases in interest rates could materially increase our interest expense;
- our default under any loan with cross-default provisions could result in a default on other indebtedness;
- incurring debt may increase our vulnerability to adverse economic and industry conditions with no assurance that loan yields will increase with higher financing costs;
- we may be required to dedicate a substantial portion of our cash flow from operations to payments on the debt we may incur, thereby reducing funds available for operations, future business opportunities, shareholder distributions, including distributions currently contemplated or necessary to satisfy the requirements for REIT qualification, or other purposes; and
- we are not able to refinance debt that matures prior to the loan it was used to finance on favorable terms, or at all.

There can be no assurance that a leveraging strategy will be successful. If any one of these events were to occur, our financial condition, results of operations, cash flow, and our ability to make distributions to our shareholders could be materially and adversely affected.

Our indebtedness may affect our ability to operate our business, and may have a material adverse effect on our financial condition and results of operations.

The restrictive covenants in our Revolving Credit Facility and SRTF Credit Facility impact the way in which we conduct our business because of financial and operating covenants. Given the restrictive covenants in our Revolving Credit Facility and SRTF Credit Facility, our indebtedness could have significant adverse consequences to us, such as:

- limiting our ability to satisfy our financial obligations;
- limiting our ability to obtain additional financing to fund our working capital needs, acquisitions, capital expenditures or other debt service requirements or for other purposes;

- limiting our ability to use operating cash flow in other areas of our business because we must dedicate a substantial portion of these funds to service debt;
- limiting our ability to compete with other companies who are not as highly leveraged, as we may be less capable of responding to adverse economic and industry conditions;
- restricting us from making strategic acquisitions, developing properties or exploiting business opportunities;
- covenants in the agreements governing our and our subsidiaries' existing and future indebtedness;
- exposing us to potential events of default (if not cured or waived) under financial and operating covenants contained in our or our subsidiaries' debt instruments that could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and operating results;
- increasing our vulnerability to a downturn in general economic conditions; and
- limiting our ability to react to changing market conditions in our industry and in our borrowers' industries.

We may not be able to generate sufficient cash flow to meet our debt service obligations.

Our ability to make payments on our outstanding debt, and to fund our operations, working capital and capital expenditures, depends on our ability to generate cash in the future. To a certain extent, our cash flow is subject to general economic, industry, financial, competitive, operating, legislative, regulatory and other factors, many of which are beyond our control.

We cannot assure you that our business will generate sufficient cash flow from operations or that future sources of cash will be available to us in an amount sufficient to enable us to pay amounts due on our indebtedness, including the Revolving Credit Facility and the SRTF Credit Facility, or to fund our other liquidity needs. Additionally, if we incur additional indebtedness in connection with future acquisitions or development projects or for any other purpose, our debt service obligations could increase.

We may need to refinance all or a portion of our indebtedness, including the Revolving Credit Facility and the SRTF Credit Facility, on or before maturity. Our ability to refinance our indebtedness or obtain additional financing will depend on, among other things:

- our financial condition and market conditions at the time; and
- restrictions in the agreements governing our indebtedness.

As a result, we may not be able to refinance any of our indebtedness, including the Revolving Credit Facility and SRTF Credit Facility, on commercially reasonable terms, or at all. If we do not generate sufficient cash flow from operations, and additional borrowings or refinancings or proceeds of asset sales or other sources of cash are not available to us, we may not have sufficient cash to enable us to meet all of our obligations, including payments on the Revolving Credit Facility and SRTF Credit Facility. Accordingly, if we cannot service our indebtedness, we may have to take actions such as seeking additional equity or delaying capital expenditures, or strategic acquisitions and alliances, any of which could have a material adverse effect on our operations. We cannot assure you that we will be able to effect any of these actions on commercially reasonable terms, or at all.

Any lending facilities will impose restrictive covenants.

Any lending facilities which we enter would be expected to contain customary negative covenants and other financial and operating covenants similar to the restrictive covenants in the Revolving Credit Facility and SRTF Credit Facility that, among other things, may affect our ability to incur additional debt, make certain investments or acquisitions, reduce liquidity below certain levels, make distributions to our shareholders, redeem debt or equity securities and impact our flexibility to determine our operating policies and investment strategies. For example, such loan documents would typically be expected to contain negative covenants that would limit, among other things, our ability to repurchase our equity, distribute more than a certain amount of our net income or funds from operations to our shareholders, employ leverage beyond certain amounts, sell assets, engage in mergers or consolidations, grant liens, and enter into transactions with affiliates. If we fail to meet or satisfy any such covenants, we would likely be in default under these agreements, and the lenders could elect to declare outstanding amounts due and payable, terminate their commitments, require the posting of additional collateral and enforce their interests against existing collateral. We could also become subject to cross-default and acceleration rights and, with respect to collateralized debt, the posting of additional collateral and foreclosure rights upon default. Further, such restrictions could also make it difficult for us to satisfy the qualification requirements necessary to maintain our status as a REIT.

Any bank credit facilities that we may use in the future to finance our operations may require us to provide collateral or pay down debt.

We may utilize bank credit facilities (including term loans and revolving facilities) to finance our investments if they become available on acceptable terms. We may not have the funds available to repay our debt at that time, which would likely result in defaults unless we are able to raise the funds from alternative sources, which we may not be able to achieve on favorable terms or at all. If we cannot meet these requirements, lenders could accelerate our indebtedness, increase the interest rate on advanced funds and terminate our ability to borrow funds from it, which could materially and adversely affect our financial condition and ability to implement our investment strategy. In addition, if a lender files for bankruptcy or becomes insolvent, our loans may become subject to bankruptcy or insolvency proceedings, thus depriving us, at least temporarily, of the benefit of such loans. Such an event could restrict our access to bank credit facilities and increase our cost of capital. The providers of bank credit facilities may also require us to maintain a certain amount of cash or set aside assets sufficient to maintain a specified liquidity position that would allow us to satisfy our collateral obligations. As a result, we may not be able to obtain leverage as fully as we would choose, which could reduce the return on our investments. If we are unable to meet these collateral obligations, our financial condition and prospects could deteriorate rapidly.

In addition, there can be no assurance that we will be able to obtain bank credit facilities on favorable terms, or at all. Banks and other financial institutions may be reluctant to enter into lending transactions with us.

Adoption of the Basel III standards and other proposed supplementary regulatory standards may negatively impact our access to financing or affect the terms of our future financing arrangements.

In response to various financial crises and the volatility of financial markets, the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision (the "Basel Committee") adopted the Basel III standards several years ago to reform, among other things, bank capital adequacy, stress testing, and market liquidity risk. United States regulators have elected to implement substantially all of the Basel III

standards and have even implemented rules requiring enhanced supplementary leverage ratio standards, which impose capital requirements more stringent than those of the Basel III standards for the most systematically significant banking organizations in the United States. Adoption and implementation of the Basel III standards and the supplemental regulatory standards adopted by United States regulators may negatively impact our access to financing or affect the terms of our future financing arrangements due to an increase in capital requirements for, and constraints on, the financial institutions from which we may borrow.

Moreover, in January 2019, the Basel Committee published its revised capital requirements for market risk, known as Fundamental Review of the Trading Book (“FRTB”), which are expected to generally result in higher global capital requirements for banks that could, in turn, reduce liquidity and increase financing and hedging costs. United States federal bank regulatory agencies released a formal FRTB proposal in July 2023. Under the proposal, large banks would begin transitioning to the new framework on July 1, 2025, with full compliance starting July 1, 2028. The impact of FRTB will not be known until after any resulting rules are finalized and implemented by the United States federal bank regulatory agencies.

Hedging against interest rate exposure may adversely affect our earnings, limit our gains or result in losses, which could adversely affect cash available for distribution to our shareholders.

Subject to qualifying and maintaining our qualification as a REIT, we may enter into interest rate swap agreements or pursue other interest rate hedging strategies. Our hedging activity will vary in scope based on the level of interest rates, the type of portfolio investments held, and other changing market conditions. Interest rate hedging may fail to protect or could adversely affect us because, among other things:

- interest rate hedging can be expensive, particularly during periods of rising and volatile interest rates;
- available interest rate hedging may not correspond directly with the interest rate risk for which protection is sought;
- the duration of the hedge may not match the duration of the related liability or asset;
- our hedging opportunities may be limited by the treatment of hedging transactions, and income from hedging transactions, under the rules determining REIT qualification;
- the credit quality of the party owing money on the hedge may be downgraded to such an extent that it impairs our ability to sell or assign our side of the hedging transaction;
- the party owing money in the hedging transaction may default on its obligation to pay; and
- we may purchase a hedge that turns out not to be necessary, i.e., a hedge that is out of the money.

Any hedging activity we engage in may adversely affect our earnings, which could adversely affect cash available for distribution to our shareholders. Therefore, while we may enter into such transactions to seek to reduce interest rate risks, unanticipated changes in interest rates may result in poorer overall investment performance than if we had not engaged in any such hedging transactions. In addition, the degree of correlation between price movements of the instruments used in a hedging strategy and price movements in the portfolio positions being hedged or liabilities being hedged may vary materially. Moreover, for a variety of reasons, we may not seek to establish a perfect correlation between such hedging instruments and the portfolio holdings being hedged. Any such imperfect correlation may prevent us from achieving the intended hedge and expose us to risk of loss.

We are subject to counterparty risk associated with our hedging activities.

We are subject to credit risk with respect to the counterparties to derivative contracts (whether a clearing corporation in the case of exchange-traded instruments or another third party in the case of over-the-counter instruments). If a counterparty becomes bankrupt or otherwise fails to perform its obligations under a derivative contract due to financial difficulties, we may experience significant delays in obtaining any recovery under the derivative contract in a dissolution, assignment for the benefit of creditors, liquidation, winding-up, bankruptcy, or other analogous proceeding. In addition, in the event of the insolvency of a counterparty to a derivative transaction, the derivative transaction would typically be terminated at its fair market value. If we are owed this fair market value in the termination of the derivative transaction and its claim is unsecured, we will be treated as a general creditor of such counterparty, and will not have any claim with respect to the underlying security. We may obtain only a limited recovery or may obtain no recovery in such circumstances. Counterparty risk with respect to certain exchange-traded and over-the-counter derivatives may be further complicated by recently enacted U.S. financial reform legislation.

Risks Related to the Spin-Off

We have limited history of operating as an independent company, and our historical financial information is not necessarily representative of the results that we would have achieved as a separate, publicly-traded company and may not be a reliable indicator of our future results.

The historical information about the Company in this prospectus refers to our business as operated by us as a wholly-owned subsidiary and integrated with AFC and managed by AFC Manager (the "Spin-Off Business"). Our historical financial information included in this prospectus is derived from AFC's accounting records and is presented on a standalone basis as if the Spin-Off Business has been conducted independently from AFC. Accordingly, the historical financial information does not necessarily reflect the financial condition, results of operations or cash flows that we would have achieved as a separate, publicly-traded company during the periods presented or those that we will achieve in the future primarily as a result of the factors described below:

- Prior to the Spin-Off, our working capital requirements and capital for our general corporate purposes, including capital expenditures and acquisitions, were satisfied as part of the corporate-wide cash management policies of AFC. We may need to obtain additional financing from banks, through public offerings or private placements of debt or equity securities, strategic relationships or other arrangements, which may or may not be available and may be more costly.
- Prior to the Spin-Off, we had operated as a wholly-owned subsidiary of AFC and as part of its broader corporate organization, rather than as an independent company. AFC, AFC Manager or one of their respective affiliates performed various corporate functions for us, such as legal, treasury, accounting, auditing, human resources, investor relations, and finance. Our historical financial results reflect allocations of corporate expenses from AFC for such functions, which may be less than the expenses we would have incurred had we operated as a separate, publicly-traded company.
- Historically, we have shared economies of scope and scale in costs, employees, vendor relationships and customer relationships, as well as the management fee to AFC Manager. While we have sought to minimize the impact on SUNS when separating these arrangements, the execution of the management agreement with our Manager, the administrative services agreement between our Manager and TCG Services and the

services agreement between our Manager and SRT Group, there is no guarantee these arrangements will continue to capture these benefits in the future.

Other significant changes may occur in our cost structure, management, financing and business operations as a result of operating as a company separate from AFC. For additional information about the past financial performance of our business and the basis of presentation of the historical financial statements of our business, see “*Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations*” and the historical financial statements and accompanying notes included elsewhere in this prospectus.

Following the Spin-Off, our financial profile changed, and we are a smaller, less diversified company than AFC prior to the Spin-Off.

The Spin-Off resulted in us becoming a smaller, less diversified company with more limited businesses concentrated in our industry. As a result, we may be more vulnerable to changing market conditions, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. In addition, the diversification of our revenues, costs, and cash flows will diminish as a standalone company, such that our results of operations, cash flows, working capital and financing requirements may be subject to increased volatility and our ability to fund capital expenditures and investments may be diminished.

In connection with the separation into two public companies, each of AFC and we agreed to indemnify each other for certain liabilities. If we are required to pay under these indemnities to AFC, our financial results could be negatively impacted. In addition, the AFC indemnities may not be sufficient to hold us harmless from the full amount of liabilities for which AFC will be allocated responsibility, and AFC may not be able to satisfy its indemnification obligations in the future.

Pursuant to the Separation and Distribution Agreement and certain other agreements between AFC and us, each party agreed to indemnify the other for certain liabilities. Third parties could also seek to hold us responsible for any of the liabilities that AFC has agreed to retain. Any amounts we are required to pay pursuant to these indemnification obligations and other liabilities could require us to divert cash that would otherwise have been used in furtherance of our operating business. Further, the indemnities from AFC for our benefit may not be sufficient to protect us against the full amount of such liabilities, and AFC may not be able to fully satisfy its indemnification obligations.

Moreover, even if we ultimately succeed in recovering from AFC any amounts for which we are held liable, we may be temporarily required to bear these losses ourselves. Each of these risks could negatively affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.

The terms we received in our agreements with AFC and its subsidiaries involve potential conflicts of interest and could be less beneficial than the terms we may have otherwise received from unaffiliated third parties.

The agreements we entered into with AFC in connection with the Spin-Off were prepared in the context of the Spin-Off while we were still a wholly-owned subsidiary of AFC. Accordingly, during the period in which the terms of those agreements were prepared, we did not have an independent Board of Directors or a management team that was independent of AFC. As a result, the terms of those agreements may not reflect terms that would have resulted from arm’s-length negotiations between unaffiliated third parties. For example, the allocation of assets, liabilities,

rights, indemnification and other obligations between AFC and us under the Separation and Distribution Agreement may have been different if agreed to by two unaffiliated parties.

Some of our directors and officers may have actual or potential conflicts of interest because of their equity ownership in AFC.

Because of their current or former positions with AFC, following the Spin-Off, some of our directors and executive officers may own shares of AFC common stock, and the individual holdings may be significant for some of these individuals compared to their total assets. This ownership may create, or may create the appearance of, conflicts of interest when these directors and officers are faced with decisions that could have different implications for AFC or us. For example, potential conflicts of interest could arise in connection with the resolution of any dispute that may arise between AFC and us regarding the terms of the agreements governing the Spin-Off and the relationship thereafter between the companies.

Risks Related to Our Organization and Structure

Provisions in our charter (our “Charter”) and our bylaws (our “Bylaws”) may have anti-takeover effects that could discourage an acquisition of us by others, even if an acquisition would be beneficial to our shareholders, and may prevent attempts by our shareholders to replace or remove our current management.

Our Charter and our Bylaws contain provisions that may have the effect of delaying or preventing a change in control of us or changes in our management. Our Charter and Bylaws include, among others, provisions that:

- authorize our Board, without your approval, to cause us to issue additional shares of our common stock or to raise capital through the creation and issuance of shares of our preferred stock, par value \$0.01 per share (“preferred stock”), debt securities convertible into common stock, options, warrants and other rights, on terms and for consideration as our Board in its sole discretion may determine;
- authorize “blank check” preferred stock, which could be issued by our Board without shareholder approval, subject to certain specified limitations, and may contain voting, liquidation, dividend and other rights senior to our common stock;
- establish a classified Board such that not all members of the Board are elected at each annual meeting of shareholders, which may delay the ability of our shareholders to change the membership of a majority of our Board;
- specify that only our Board, the chairman of our Board, our chief executive officer or president or, upon the written request of shareholders entitled to cast not less than a majority of the votes entitled to be cast, our secretary can call special meetings of our shareholders;
- establish advance notice procedures for shareholder proposals to be brought before an annual meeting of our shareholders, including proposed nominations of individuals for election to our Board;
- provide that a majority of directors then in office, even though less than a quorum, may fill any vacancy on our Board, whether resulting from an increase in the number of directors or otherwise, and that any director elected to fill such vacancy shall serve for the remainder of the full term of the class to which such director was elected and until his or her successor is duly elected and qualifies;
- specify that no shareholder is permitted to cumulate votes at any election of directors;

- provide our Board the exclusive power to adopt, alter or repeal any provision of our Bylaws and to make new Bylaws; and
- require supermajority votes of the holders of our common stock to amend specified provisions of our Charter.

These provisions, alone or together, could delay or prevent hostile takeovers and changes in control or changes in our management.

Any provision of our Charter or Bylaws that has the effect of delaying or deterring a change in control could limit your opportunity to receive a premium for your shares of our common stock, and could also affect the price that some investors are willing to pay for our common stock. Any person or entity purchasing or otherwise acquiring any interest in shares of our capital stock shall be deemed to have notice of and to have consented to the provisions of our Charter and Bylaws described above.

Our authorized but unissued shares of common stock and preferred stock may prevent a change in control of our Company.

The Charter authorizes us to issue shares of our common stock and our preferred stock without shareholder approval, subject to certain specified limitations. In addition, subject to certain voting rights specifically provided in our Charter or by state statute, our Board may, without shareholder approval, amend the Charter from time to time to increase or decrease the aggregate number of shares of our stock or the number of shares of stock of any class or series that we have authority to issue and classify or reclassify any unissued shares of our common stock and our preferred stock and set the preferences, rights and other terms of the classified or reclassified shares. As a result, our Board may, subject to certain specified limitations, establish a class or series of shares of our common stock and our preferred stock that could delay or prevent a merger, third-party tender offer, change of control or similar transaction or a change in incumbent management that might involve a premium price for shares of our common stock or otherwise be in the best interests of our shareholders.

The Maryland General Corporation Law prohibits certain business combinations, which may make it more difficult for us to be acquired.

We are a Maryland corporation and subject to the Maryland General Corporation Law (“MGCL”). Under the MGCL, “business combinations” between a Maryland corporation and an “interested shareholder” or an affiliate of an interested shareholder are prohibited for five years after the most recent date on which the interested shareholder becomes an interested shareholder. These business combinations include a merger, consolidation, share exchange or, in circumstances specified in the statute, an asset transfer or issuance or reclassification of equity securities. An interested shareholder is defined as: (a) any person who beneficially owns, directly or indirectly, 10% or more of the voting power of the then-outstanding voting stock of a corporation; or (b) an affiliate or associate of a corporation who, at any time within the two-year period prior to the date in question, was the beneficial owner, directly or indirectly, of 10% or more of the voting power of the then-outstanding stock of such corporation.

A person is not an interested shareholder under the statute if the board of directors approved in advance the transaction by which the person otherwise would have become an interested shareholder. However, in approving a transaction, the board of directors may provide that its approval is subject to compliance, at or after the time of approval, with any terms and conditions determined by the board of directors.

After the expiration of the five-year period described above, any business combination between a Maryland corporation and an interested shareholder must generally be recommended by the board of directors of such corporation and approved by the affirmative vote of at least:

- 80% of the votes entitled to be cast by holders of the then-outstanding shares of voting stock of such corporation; and
- two-thirds of the votes entitled to be cast by holders of voting stock of such corporation, other than shares held by the interested shareholder with whom or with whose affiliate the business combination is to be effected, or held by an affiliate or associate of the interested shareholder.

These supermajority vote requirements do not apply if the corporation's common shareholders receive a minimum price, as defined under the MGCL, for their shares in the form of cash or other consideration in the same form as previously paid by the interested shareholder for its shares. The MGCL also permits various exemptions from these provisions, including business combinations that are exempted by the board of directors before the time that the interested shareholder becomes an interested shareholder.

Pursuant to the statute, our Board has adopted a resolution exempting any business combination with Leonard M. Tannenbaum, or any of his affiliates. Consequently, the five-year prohibition and the supermajority vote requirements will not apply to a business combination between us and Leonard M. Tannenbaum or any of his affiliates. As a result, Leonard M. Tannenbaum or any of his affiliates may be able to enter into business combinations with us that may not be in the best interests of our shareholders, without compliance with the supermajority vote requirements and the other provisions of the statute. The business combination statute may discourage others from trying to acquire control of our Company and increase the difficulty of consummating any offer.

In addition, under the MGCL, holders of our "control shares" (defined as voting shares of stock that, if aggregated with all other shares of stock owned or controlled by the acquirer, would entitle the acquirer to exercise one of three increasing ranges of voting power in electing directors) acquired in a "control share acquisition" (defined as the direct or indirect acquisition of issued and outstanding "control shares") have no voting rights except to the extent approved by our shareholders by the affirmative vote of at least two-thirds of all of the votes entitled to be cast on the matter, excluding all interested shares. Our Bylaws contain a provision exempting from the Maryland Control Share Acquisition Act any and all acquisitions by any person of shares of our capital stock. There can be no assurance that this exemption will not be amended or eliminated at any time in the future.

The Charter contains provisions that make removal of our directors difficult, which could make it difficult for our shareholders to effect changes to management.

The Charter provides that a director may only be removed for cause upon the affirmative vote of holders of a majority of the votes entitled to be cast generally in the election of directors. This requirement makes it more difficult to change our management by removing and replacing directors and may prevent a change of control that is in the best interests of our shareholders.

Our Bylaws designate the Circuit Court for Baltimore City, Maryland as the sole and exclusive forum for certain types of actions and proceedings that may be initiated by our shareholders and provide that claims relating to causes of action under the Securities Act may only be brought in federal district courts, which could limit shareholders' ability to obtain a favorable judicial forum for disputes with us or our directors, officers or employees, if any, and could discourage lawsuits against us and our directors, officers and employees, if any.

Our Bylaws provide that, unless we consent in writing to the selection of an alternative forum, the Circuit Court for Baltimore City, Maryland, or, if that court does not have jurisdiction, the United States District Court for the District of Maryland, Northern Division, will be the sole and exclusive forum for (a) any Internal Corporate Claim, as such term is defined in the MGCL, (b) any derivative action or proceeding brought on our behalf (other than actions arising under federal securities laws), (c) any action asserting a claim of breach of any duty owed by any of our directors, officers or other employees to us or to our shareholders, (d) any action asserting a claim against us or any of our directors, officers or other employees arising pursuant to any provision of the MGCL or our Charter or Bylaws or (e) any other action asserting a claim against us or any of our directors, officers or other employees that is governed by the internal affairs doctrine. These choice of forum provisions will not apply to suits brought to enforce a duty or liability created by the Securities Act, the Exchange Act, or any other claim for which federal courts have exclusive jurisdiction. Furthermore, our Bylaws provide that, unless we consent in writing to the selection of an alternative forum, the federal district courts of the United States of America shall, to the fullest extent permitted by law, be the sole and exclusive forum for the resolution of any claim arising under the Securities Act.

These exclusive forum provisions may limit the ability of our shareholders to bring a claim in a judicial forum that such shareholders find favorable for disputes with us or our directors, officers, or employees, if any, which may discourage such lawsuits against us and our directors, officers, and employees, if any. Alternatively, if a court were to find the choice of forum provisions contained in our Bylaws to be inapplicable or unenforceable in an action, we may incur additional costs associated with resolving such action in other jurisdictions, which could materially adversely affect our business, financial condition, and operating results. For example, under Section 22 of the Securities Act, federal courts have concurrent jurisdiction over all suits brought to enforce any duty or liability created by the Securities Act or the rules and regulations thereunder. As a result, there is uncertainty as to whether a court would enforce our exclusive forum provisions. Investors cannot waive compliance with the federal securities laws and the rules and regulations thereunder. In addition, the exclusive forum provisions described above do not apply to any actions brought under the Exchange Act.

Ownership limitations contained in the Charter may restrict change of control or business combination opportunities in which our shareholders might receive a premium for their shares.

In order for us to qualify as a REIT, for each taxable year after our first REIT taxable year, no more than 50% in value of our outstanding capital stock may be owned, directly or indirectly, by five or fewer individuals during the last half of any taxable year (other than the first year for which an election to be a REIT has been made). "Individuals" for this purpose include natural persons, private foundations, some employee benefit plans and trusts, and some charitable trusts. To preserve our REIT qualification, the Charter includes ownership limits based on the value and number of outstanding shares of our capital stock. Subject to certain exceptions, (i) no person, other than a Qualified Institutional Investor (as defined in our Charter) or an Excepted Holder (as defined in our charter), shall beneficially own or constructively own shares of our capital stock in

excess of the aggregate stock ownership limit set forth in our Charter, (ii) no Qualified Institutional Investor, other than an Excepted Holder, shall beneficially own or constructively own shares of our capital stock in excess of the aggregate stock ownership limit applicable to Qualified Institutional Investor as set forth in our Charter and (iii) no Excepted Holder shall beneficially own or constructively own shares of our capital stock in excess of the stock ownership limit applicable to such Excepted Holder. Leonard M. Tannenbaum is an Excepted Holder and may maintain an equity interest up to 29.9% in value or number of shares, whichever is more restrictive, of our Company. These ownership limitations could have the effect of discouraging a takeover or other transaction in which our shareholders might receive a premium for their shares over the then prevailing market price or which holders might believe to be otherwise in their best interests.

Maintenance of our exemption from registration under the Investment Company Act may impose significant limits on our operations. Your investment return in our common stock may be reduced if we are required to register as an investment company under the Investment Company Act.

We intend to conduct our operations so that we will be exempt from the provisions of the Investment Company Act pursuant to an exemption contained in 3(c)(5) thereunder. The Investment Company Act provides certain protection to investors and imposes certain restrictions on registered investment companies (including, for example, limitations on the ability of registered investment companies to incur leverage), none of which will be applicable to us.

The exemption contained in 3(c)(5)(C) is available for entities “primarily engaged in the business of purchasing or otherwise acquiring mortgages and other liens on and interests in real estate.” This exemption generally requires that at least 55% of an entity’s portfolio must be comprised of qualifying assets and at least another 25% of the portfolio must be comprised of real estate-related assets under the Investment Company Act (and no more than 20% comprised of non-qualifying or non-real assets). “Qualifying assets” for this purpose include, for example, certain mortgage loans, certain B-Notes and certain mezzanine loans that satisfy various conditions as interpreted by the SEC staff in various no-action letters and other SEC interpretive guidance). Investments that do not satisfy the “qualifying asset” conditions set forth in the relevant SEC staff no-action letters and other guidance, may be classified as real estate-related or non-real estate-related assets, depending upon applicable SEC guidance, if any. Pursuant to this guidance, and depending on the characteristics of the specific investments, certain mortgage loans, participations in mortgage loans, mortgage-backed securities, mezzanine loans, joint venture investments, preferred equity and the equity securities of other entities may not constitute qualifying assets and therefore our investments in these types of assets may be limited.

We classify our assets for purposes of our 3(c)(5)(C) exemption based upon no-action positions taken by the SEC staff and interpretive guidance provided by the SEC and its staff. These no-action positions are based on specific factual situations that may be substantially or entirely different from the factual situations we may face and a number of these no-action positions were issued more than twenty years ago. There may be no guidance from the SEC or its staff that applies directly to our factual situations and as a result we may have to apply SEC staff guidance that relates to other factual situations by analogy. No assurance can be given that the SEC or its staff will concur with our classification of our assets. In addition, the SEC or its staff may, in the future, issue further guidance that may require us to re-classify our assets for purposes of the Investment Company Act. If we are required to reclassify our assets, we may no longer be in compliance with the exemption from the definition of an investment company provided by Section 3(c)(5)(C) of the Investment Company Act.

As a consequence of seeking to maintain an exemption from registration under the Investment Company Act on an ongoing basis, we and/or our subsidiaries may be restricted from making certain investments. In particular, a change in the value of any of our assets could negatively affect our ability to maintain our exemption from regulation under the Investment Company Act. To maintain compliance with the applicable exemption under the Investment Company Act, we may be unable to sell assets we would otherwise want to sell and may need to sell assets we would otherwise wish to retain which could result in higher costs or lower proceeds to us than we would have paid or received if we were not seeking to comply with such requirements. In addition, we may have to acquire additional assets that we might not otherwise have acquired or may have to forego opportunities to acquire assets that we would otherwise want to acquire and would be important to our investment strategy. Thus, maintaining our exemption from registration under the Investment Company Act may hinder our ability to operate solely on the basis of maximizing profits.

A failure by us to maintain this exemption would require us to significantly restructure our investment strategy in a manner that would be less advantageous to us than would be the case in the absence of such requirements. For example, because affiliate transactions are generally prohibited under the Investment Company Act, we would not be able to enter into transactions with any of our affiliates if we are required to register as an investment company, which could have a material adverse effect on our ability to operate the business and pay distributions. If we were required to register as an investment company but failed to do so, we would be prohibited from engaging in our business, and criminal and civil actions could be brought against us. In addition, our contracts would be unenforceable unless a court required enforcement, and a court could appoint a receiver to take control of such entity and liquidate its business.

Rapid and steep declines in the values of our commercial real estate-related investments may make it more difficult for us to maintain our qualification as a REIT or exemption from the Investment Company Act.

If the market value or income potential of commercial real estate-related investments declines as a result of increased interest rates or other factors, we may need to increase our commercial real estate loans and income and/or liquidate our non-qualifying assets in order to maintain our REIT qualification or exemption from the Investment Company Act. If the decline in commercial real estate asset values and/or income occurs quickly, this may be especially difficult to accomplish. This difficulty may be exacerbated by the illiquid nature of any non-qualifying assets that we may own. We may have to make investment decisions that we otherwise would not make absent REIT and Investment Company Act considerations.

Our rights and the rights of our shareholders to recover on claims against our directors and officers are limited, which could reduce our and our shareholders' recovery against them if they negligently cause us to incur losses.

The MGCL provides that a director has no liability in such capacity if the director performs his or her duties in good faith, in a manner he or she reasonably believes to be in our best interests and with the care that an ordinarily prudent person in a like position would use under similar circumstances. A director who performs his or her duties in accordance with the foregoing standards should not be liable to us or any other person for failure to discharge his or her obligations as a director.

The Charter permits us, and the Bylaws require us, to the maximum extent permitted by Maryland law, to indemnify and, without requiring a preliminary determination of the ultimate entitlement to indemnification, pay or reimburse reasonable costs, fees and expenses in advance

of final disposition of a proceeding to any individual who is a present or former director or officer and who is made or threatened to be made a party to, or witness in, the proceeding by reason of his or her service in that capacity or any individual who, while a director or officer and at our request, serves or has served as a director, officer, partner, trustee, member or manager of another corporation, REIT, limited liability company, partnership, joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan or other enterprise and who is made or threatened to be made a party to, or witness in, the proceeding by reason of his or her service in that capacity. With the approval of our Board, we may provide such indemnification and advance for expenses to any individual who served a predecessor of our Company in any of the capacities described above and any employee or agent of our Company or a predecessor of our Company, including our Manager and its affiliates. In addition to the indemnification provided by the Charter and Bylaws, we have entered into indemnification agreements to indemnify, and advance certain fees, costs and expenses to, our directors and officers, subject to certain standards to be met and certain other limitations and conditions as set forth in such indemnification agreements.

While we do not currently do so, we are permitted, to the fullest extent permitted by law, to purchase and maintain insurance on behalf of any of our directors, officers, employees and agents, including our Manager and its affiliates, against any liability asserted against such person. Alternatively, we may in the future establish a sinking fund to contribute a specified amount of cash on a monthly basis towards insuring such persons against liability. Any such insurance or sinking fund may result in us having to expend significant funds, which will reduce the available cash for distribution to our shareholders. Additionally, while we do not have directors and officers insurance, regardless of whether we have a sinking fund, we may also have to expend significant funds to cover our commitments to indemnify our directors and officers.

Risks Related to Our Relationship with our Manager and its Affiliates

Our future success depends on our Manager and its key personnel and investment professionals. We may not find a suitable replacement for our Manager if the Management Agreement is terminated or if such key personnel or investment professionals leave the employment of our Manager or its affiliates or otherwise become unavailable to us.

We rely on the resources of our Manager to manage our day-to-day operations, as we do not separately employ any personnel. We rely completely on our Manager to provide us with investment advisory services and general management services. All of our executive officers also serve as officers or employees of our Manager or its affiliates. Our Manager has significant discretion as to the implementation of our investment and operating policies and strategies. Accordingly, we believe that our success depends to a significant extent upon the efforts, experience, diligence, skill and network of business contacts of the officers, key personnel and investment professionals of our Manager and its affiliates as well as the information and deal flow generated by such individuals. The officers, key personnel and investment professionals of our Manager and its affiliates source, evaluate, negotiate, close and monitor our loans; therefore, our success depends on their continued service. The departure of any of the officers, key personnel and investment professionals of our Manager or its affiliates could have a material adverse effect on our business.

Our Manager is not obligated to dedicate any specific personnel exclusively to us. None of our officers are obligated to dedicate any specific portion of their time to our business. Each of them may have significant responsibilities for other investment vehicles managed by affiliates of our Manager. As a result, these individuals may not always be able to devote sufficient time to the management of our business. Further, when there are turbulent conditions in the commercial real estate markets or distress in the credit markets, the attention of our Manager's personnel and our

executive officers and the resources of our Manager may also be required by other investment vehicles managed by affiliates of our Manager.

Our Manager has entered into the Administrative Services Agreement with TCG Services and Services Agreement with SRT Group pursuant to which our Manager relies on the resources of such affiliates to support our operations. We can give no assurances that these affiliates will be able to perform their obligations to our Manager under any such services agreement that is ultimately entered into. This could, in turn, have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations, and our ability to pay dividends to our shareholders.

In addition, we offer no assurance that our Manager will remain our manager or that we will continue to have access to our Manager's and its affiliates' officers, key personnel and investment professionals due to the termination of the Management Agreement, our Manager being acquired, our Manager being internalized by another client of our Manager, or due to other circumstances. Currently, we are managed by our Board and its officers and by our Manager, as provided for under the Management Agreement. The current term of the Management Agreement will expire on February 22, 2027, and will be automatically renewed for one-year terms thereafter unless otherwise terminated. Furthermore, our Manager may decline to renew the Management Agreement with 180 days' written notice prior to the expiration of the renewal term. If the Management Agreement is terminated and we are unable to find a suitable replacement for our Manager, we may not be able to execute our investment strategy.

Our growth depends on the ability of our Manager to make loans on favorable terms that satisfy our investment strategy and otherwise generate attractive risk-adjusted returns initially and consistently from time to time.

Our ability to achieve our investment objectives depends on our ability to grow, which depends, in turn, on the management and investment teams of our Manager and their ability to identify and to make loans on favorable terms in accordance with our investment strategy as well as on our access to financing on acceptable terms. The demands on the time of the professional staff of our Manager and its affiliates will increase as our portfolio grows and the management of our Existing Portfolio may divert our Manager's attention from future potential loans or otherwise slow our rate of investment. Our Manager may be unable to successfully and efficiently integrate new loans into our Existing Portfolio or otherwise effectively manage our assets or our future growth effectively. We cannot assure you that our Manager or its affiliates will be able to hire, train, supervise, manage and retain new officers and employees to manage future growth effectively, and any such failure could have a material adverse effect on our business. The failure to consummate loans on advantageous terms without substantial expense or delay would impede our growth, would negatively affect our results of operations and our ability to generate cash flow and make distributions to our shareholders, and could cause the value of our common stock to decline.

There are various conflicts of interest in our relationship with our Manager that could result in decisions that are not in the best interests of our shareholders.

We are subject to conflicts of interest arising out of our relationship with our Manager and its affiliates as part of being on the TCG platform. We are managed by our Manager and our executive officers are employees of our Manager or one or more of its affiliates, which are affiliated with TCG. Additionally, our executive officers, including many of our employees, may be employed by or operate other investment vehicles. There is no guarantee that the policies and procedures adopted by us, the terms and conditions of the Management Agreement or the policies

and procedures adopted by our Manager and its affiliates, will enable us to identify, adequately address or mitigate these conflicts of interest.

Some examples of conflicts of interest that may arise by virtue of our relationship with our Manager include:

Manager's advisory activities. Our Manager and its affiliates may sponsor or manage other investment vehicles that have investment objectives that compete or overlap with, and may from time to time invest in, our target asset classes. Currently, an affiliate of our Manager sponsors and manages Southern Realty Trust Inc. ("SRT"), a private vehicle which is a part of the TCG platform and that intends to elect to be treated as a REIT, with an investment strategy to provide capital solutions, including loans, to CRE markets in the Southern U.S., similar to SUNS. As of September 30, 2024, SRT's portfolio of loans had an aggregate outstanding principal of approximately \$105 million and SRT's shareholders' equity was approximately \$114 million. Consequently, we, on the one hand, and these other investment vehicles, including SRT, on the other hand, may from time to time pursue the same or similar loan opportunities. To the extent such other investment vehicles seek to acquire the same target assets as us, the scope of opportunities otherwise available to us may be adversely affected and/or reduced. Our Manager or its affiliates may also give advice to such other investment vehicles that may differ from the advice given to us even though their investment objectives may be the same or similar to ours. In addition to being led by Brian Sedrish, our Chief Executive Officer, SRT is managed by an affiliate of Mr. and Mrs. Tannenbaum and Mr. Sedrish. Additionally, our investment committee and the investment committee of SRT both include Mr. Tannenbaum and Mr. Sedrish. As a result, we and our Manager must dedicate a high level of attention to minimizing potential conflicts and other potential issues with respect to the selection of our investments. As described below, we have developed a robust allocation policy designed to address these potential issues.

Allocation of loans. Our Manager and its affiliates endeavor to allocate loan opportunities in a fair and equitable manner, subject to their internal policies. The internal policies of our Manager and its affiliates, which may be amended without our consent, are intended to enable us to share equitably with any other investment vehicles that are managed by our Manager or affiliates of our Manager, such as SRT. These policies may and are expected to change and be updated from time to time, for example, to reflect the ongoing experience of our Manager and its affiliates with respect to allocation matters, changes in circumstances, such as changes in relevant market conditions, certain regulatory considerations, and the acceptance of additional clients by our Manager and its affiliates. In general, loan opportunities are allocated taking into consideration various factors, including, among others, the relevant investment vehicles' available capital, their investment objectives or strategies, their risk profiles and their existing or prior positions in a borrower or particular loan, their potential conflicts of interest, the nature of the opportunity and market conditions, certain regulatory considerations, the rotation of loan opportunities and any other considerations deemed relevant by our Manager and its affiliates. Nevertheless, it is possible that we may not be given the opportunity to participate in certain loans made by investment vehicles managed by our Manager or affiliates of our Manager. In addition, there may be conflicts in the allocation of loan opportunities among us and the investment vehicles managed by our Manager or affiliates of our Manager.

The allocation policy of our Manager addresses the allocation of investment and disposition opportunities among SUNS and other clients which may include, among others, private funds, REITs, separately managed accounts, collateralized loan obligation issuers and small business investment companies and entities regulated under the Investment Company Act (collectively, the "Funds") advised by our Manager or its affiliates. The policy recognizes that because of commonality and/or overlap of investment objectives and policies among the Funds, investment

and/or disposition opportunities that are attractive to SUNS may be attractive to one or more other Funds. Under the allocation policy, which applies to investment advisers affiliated with our Manager, each Fund's investment committee is responsible for evaluating whether a particular investment opportunity is appropriate at that time for such Fund. If a Fund's investment committee determines that such investment opportunity is appropriate for such Fund, the investment committee is then responsible for determining the appropriate size of the opportunity to be pursued for such Fund. In making this two-part assessment, the investment committee may consider a variety of factors, including without limitation (i) compliance with governing documents, (ii) compliance with applicable regulations, such as the Investment Company Act and REIT compliance, and (iii) portfolio management considerations, including available capital; investment strategies and objectives; liquidity objectives and constraints; hold size target ranges; tax considerations; applicable regulatory restrictions; risk profile, asset class, geographic location and other diversification and investment concentration parameters; the characteristics of the investment (including the expected return, type of investment, seniority in the capital structure, and call and put features); target returns; and supply or demand for an investment at a given price level, among other considerations.

If multiple Funds determine that an investment is appropriate for each such Fund, such Fund shall be allocated the amount of the investment that it is seeking, as determined by the criteria set forth above. If in such circumstances it is not possible to fully satisfy the size of the investment sought by all such Funds, the opportunity will generally be allocated pro rata in proportion to the level of investment originally sought on behalf of such Fund. Our Manager will conduct ongoing monitoring for compliance with such policy.

Co-investments. Other investment vehicles managed by our Manager or affiliates of our Manager co-invest with us or hold positions in loans where we have also invested, including by means of splitting commitments, participating in loans or other means of syndicating loans. Such loans raise potential conflicts of interest between us and such other investment vehicles. To the extent such investment vehicles seek to acquire the same target assets as us, subject to the internal policies of our Manager and its affiliates described above, the scope of opportunities otherwise available to us may be adversely affected and/or reduced. In such circumstances, the size of the investment opportunity in loans otherwise available to us may be less than it would otherwise have been, and we may participate in such opportunities on different and potentially less favorable economic terms than such other parties if our Manager deems such participation as being otherwise in our best interests. Furthermore, when such other investment vehicles have interests or requirements that do not align with our interests, including differing liquidity needs or desired investment horizons, conflicts may arise in the manner in which any voting or control rights are exercised with respect to the relevant borrower, potentially resulting in an adverse impact on us. If we participate in a co-investment with an investment vehicle managed by our Manager or an affiliate of our Manager and such vehicle fails to fund a future advance on a loan, we may be required to, or we may elect to, cover such advance and invest additional funds. In addition, if we and such other investment vehicles invest in different classes or types of debt, equity or other investments relating to the same borrower, actions may be taken by such other investment vehicles that are adverse to our interests, including, but not limited to, during a work-out, restructuring or insolvency proceeding or similar matter occurring with respect to such loan. Subject to applicable internal policies of our Manager and its affiliates, our Manager and/or its affiliates may also from time to time serve as administrative agent to all lenders of such co-invested loans. In such a case, there may arise potential conflicts of interest between us, such other investment vehicles and/or such affiliated administrative agent.

Investments into investment vehicles managed by our Manager or affiliates of our Manager and their borrowers. We may invest in, acquire, sell assets to or provide financing to investment

vehicles managed by our Manager or affiliates of our Manager and their borrowers or purchase assets from, sell assets to, or arrange financing from any such investment vehicles and their borrowers. Any such transactions will require approval by a majority of our independent directors. There can be no assurance that any procedural protections will be sufficient to ensure that these transactions will be made on terms that will be at least as favorable to us as those that would have been obtained in an arm's-length transaction.

Fees and expenses. We will be responsible for certain fees and expenses as determined by our Manager, including due diligence costs, legal, accounting and financial advisor fees and related costs, incurred in connection with evaluating and consummating loan opportunities, regardless of whether such loans are ultimately consummated by the parties thereto.

The ability of our Manager and its officers and employees to engage in other business activities may reduce the time our Manager spends managing our business and may result in certain conflicts of interest.

Certain of our officers and directors and the officers and other personnel of our Manager also serve or may serve as officers, directors or partners of certain affiliates of our Manager, as well as investment vehicles sponsored by such affiliates, including investment vehicles or managed accounts not yet established, whether managed or sponsored by affiliates or our Manager. For example, our Chief Executive Officer, Brian Sedrish also serves as Chief Executive Officer of SRT, and is expected to be the Chief Executive Officer for other entities focused on CRE that are affiliated with our Manager. Additionally, our Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer, Brandon Hetzel also serves as the Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer of AFC and other entities affiliated with our Manager. Accordingly, the ability of our Manager and its officers and employees to engage in other business activities may reduce the time our Manager spends managing our business. These activities could be viewed as creating a conflict of interest insofar as the time and effort of the professional staff of our Manager and its officers and employees will not be devoted exclusively to our business; instead it will be allocated between our business and the management of these other investment vehicles.

In the course of our investing activities, we will pay Base Management Fees to our Manager and will reimburse our Manager for certain expenses it incurs. As a result, investors in our common stock will invest on a "gross" basis and receive any distributions on a "net" basis after expenses, resulting in, among other things, a lower rate of return than one might achieve through direct loans. As a result of this arrangement, our Manager's interests may be less aligned with our interests.

Our Management Agreement with our Manager was not negotiated on an arm's-length basis and may not be as favorable to us as if it had been negotiated with an unaffiliated third party, and the manner of determining the Base Management Fees may not provide sufficient incentive to our Manager to maximize risk-adjusted returns for our portfolio since it is based on the book value of our equity per annum and not on our performance.

We rely completely on our Manager to provide us with investment advisory services and general management services. Our executive officers also serve as officers or employees of our Manager or its affiliates. Our Management Agreement was negotiated between related parties and its terms, including fees payable, may not be as favorable to us as if it had been negotiated with an unaffiliated third party. Our Management Agreement with our Manager became effective concurrently with the completion of the Spin-Off.

We pay our Manager substantial Base Management Fees regardless of the performance of our portfolio. Pursuant to the terms of our Management Agreement, our Manager receives Base Management Fees that are calculated and payable quarterly in arrears in cash, in an amount equal to 0.375% of our Equity (as defined below), subject to certain adjustments, less 50% of the aggregate amount of any Outside Fees, including any agency fees relating to our loans, but excluding the Incentive Compensation and any diligence fees paid to and earned by our Manager and paid by third parties in connection with our Manager's due diligence of potential loans. Such Base Management Fees are calculated and payable quarterly in arrears in cash, subject to certain adjustments. Our Manager's entitlement to the Base Management Fees, which are not based upon performance metrics or goals, might reduce its incentive to devote its time and effort to seeking loans that provide attractive risk-adjusted returns for our portfolio. Further, the Base Management Fee structure gives our Manager the incentive to maximize the book value of our equity raised by the issuance of new equity securities or the retention of existing equity value, regardless of the effect of these actions on existing shareholders. In other words, the Base Management Fee structure rewards our Manager primarily based on the size of our equity raised and not necessarily on our financial returns to shareholders. This in turn could hurt both our ability to make distributions to our shareholders and the market price of our common stock.

The initial term of our Management Agreement will expire on February 22, 2027, and will be automatically renewed for one-year terms thereafter unless otherwise terminated. Furthermore, our Manager may decline to renew either Management Agreement with 180 days' written notice prior to the expiration of the renewal term. If our Management Agreement is terminated and we are unable to find a suitable replacement for our Manager, we may not be able to continue to execute our investment strategy.

Terminating our Management Agreement for unsatisfactory performance of our Manager or electing not to renew the Management Agreement may be difficult and terminating our Management Agreement in certain circumstances requires payment of a substantial termination fee.

Terminating our Management Agreement without cause is difficult and costly. Our independent directors and the Audit and Valuation Committee of our Board will review our Manager's performance and the applicable Base Management Fees and Incentive Compensation at least annually. Upon 180 days' written notice prior to the expiration of any renewal term, our Management Agreement may be terminated upon the affirmative vote of at least two-thirds of our independent directors, based upon unsatisfactory performance by our Manager that is materially detrimental to us. The Management Agreement provides that upon any termination as described in the foregoing, we will pay our Manager a Termination Fee equal to three times the sum of the annual Base Management Fees and annual Incentive Compensation received from us during the 12-month period immediately preceding the most recently completed fiscal quarter prior to such termination. This provision increases the cost to us of terminating the Management Agreement and adversely affects our ability to terminate our Manager without cause.

Even if we terminate our Management Agreement for cause, we may be required to continue to retain our Manager for 30 days following the occurrence of events giving rise to a for-cause termination.

While we have the right to terminate our Management Agreement for cause without paying a Termination Fee, we must provide 30 days' notice to our Manager in advance of any such termination, including in the event of our Manager's fraud, misappropriation of funds, embezzlement or bad faith, willful misconduct, gross negligence or reckless disregard in the performance of its duties. As a result, we would be forced to continue to pay our Manager during

such 30-day period and we may not be able to find a suitable replacement for our Manager during this period or, if we were able to find a suitable replacement, we may be required to compensate the new manager while continuing to pay our terminated Manager during this 30-day period (or such longer period in the case of potential remedy or cure), unless our Manager waives the notice requirement. This could have an adverse effect on our business and operations, which could adversely affect our operating results and our ability to make distributions to our shareholders.

The Incentive Compensation payable to our Manager under the Management Agreement may cause our Manager to select riskier loans to increase its Incentive Compensation.

In addition to the Base Management Fees, our Manager is entitled to receive Incentive Compensation under our Management Agreement. Under our Management Agreement, we pay Incentive Compensation to our Manager based upon our achievement of targeted levels of Core Earnings. "Core Earnings" is generally defined in our Management Agreement as, for a given period, the net income (loss) computed in accordance with GAAP, excluding (i) non-cash equity compensation expense, (ii) the Incentive Compensation, (iii) depreciation and amortization, (iv) any unrealized gains, losses or other non-cash items recorded in net income (loss) for the period, regardless of whether such items are included in other comprehensive income or loss, or in net income (loss); provided that Core Earnings does not exclude, in the case of loans with a deferred interest feature (such as OID, debt instruments with PIK interest and zero coupon securities), accrued income that we have not yet received in cash, and (v) one-time events pursuant to changes in GAAP and certain non-cash charges after discussions between our Manager and our independent directors and after approval by a majority of such independent directors.

In evaluating loans and other management strategies, the opportunity to earn Incentive Compensation based on Core Earnings and realized profits, as applicable, may lead our Manager to place undue emphasis on the maximization of Core Earnings and realized profits at the expense of other criteria, such as preservation of capital, in order to achieve higher Incentive Compensation. Loans with higher yield potential are generally riskier or more speculative. This could result in increased risk to the value of our portfolio.

Our Manager manages our portfolio in accordance with very broad investment guidelines and our Board does not approve each loan and financing decision made by our Manager, which may result in us making riskier loans than those currently comprising our Existing Portfolio.

While our Board periodically reviews our portfolios, it does not review all proposed investments. In addition, in conducting periodic reviews, such directors may rely primarily on information provided to them by our Manager. Our Investment Guidelines may be changed from time to time upon recommendation by our Manager and approval by a majority of our Board (which must include a majority of the independent directors of our Board) and our Manager. Furthermore, our Manager may use complex strategies and enter into loans that may be difficult or impossible to unwind by the time they are reviewed by our Board. Our Manager has great latitude in determining the types of loans that are proper for us, which could result in loan returns that are substantially below expectations or that result in losses, which would materially and adversely affect our business operations and results. In addition, our Manager is not subject to any limits or proportions with respect to the mix of target investments that we make or that we may in the future acquire other than as necessary to maintain our exemption from registration under the Investment Company Act and our qualification as a REIT. Decisions made and loans entered into by our Manager may not fully reflect your best interests.

Our Manager may change its investment process, or elect not to follow it, without the consent of our shareholders and at any time, which may adversely affect our loans.

Our Manager may change its investment process without the consent of our shareholders and at any time. In addition, there can be no assurance that our Manager will follow its investment process in relation to the identification and underwriting of prospective loans. Changes in our Manager's investment process may result in inferior, among other things, due diligence and underwriting standards, which may adversely affect the performance of our portfolio.

We do not have a policy that expressly prohibits our directors, managers, officers, shareholders or affiliates, as applicable, from engaging for their own account in business activities of the types conducted by us.

We do not have a policy that expressly prohibits our directors, officers, shareholders or affiliates from engaging for their own account in business activities of the types conducted by us. For example, certain of our officers and directors and employees of our Manager also have a relationship with our borrowers or other clients as part of their outside business activities. In addition, our Management Agreement has limited restrictions on our Manager's and its affiliates' respective ability to engage in additional management or loan opportunities, which could result in our Manager or its affiliates engaging in management and investment activities that compete with us, and our conflict of interest policies acknowledge that such activities shall not be deemed a conflict of interest.

Our Manager is subject to extensive regulation as an investment adviser, which could adversely affect its ability to manage our business.

Our Manager is an investment adviser under the Advisers Act. As a result, our Manager and its affiliates, as applicable, are subject to regulation as an investment adviser by various regulatory authorities that are charged with protecting the interests of its clients. Instances of criminal activity and fraud by participants in the investment management industry and disclosures of trading and other abuses by participants in the financial services industry have led the United States Government and regulators to increase the rules and regulations governing, and oversight of, the United States financial system. This activity resulted in changes to the laws and regulations governing the investment management industry and more aggressive enforcement of the existing laws and regulations. Our Manager could be subject to civil liability, criminal liability, or sanction, including revocation of its registration as an investment adviser (if relevant), revocation of the licenses of its employees, censures, fines, or temporary suspension or permanent bar from conducting business, if it is found to have violated any of these laws or regulations. Any such liability or sanction could adversely affect the ability of our Manager and any of its applicable affiliates to manage their respective business. Additionally, our Manager and any of its applicable affiliates must continually address conflicts between their respective interests and those of their respective clients, including us. In addition, the SEC and other regulators have increased their scrutiny of potential conflicts of interest. Our Manager has procedures and controls that we believe are reasonably designed to address these issues. However, appropriately dealing with conflicts of interest is complex and difficult and if our Manager or any of its applicable affiliates fail, or appears to fail, to deal appropriately with conflicts of interest, such entity could face litigation or regulatory proceedings or penalties, any of which could adversely affect such entity's ability to manage our business.

While we believe that we benefit from our Manager's key personnel and investment professionals expertise and experience, (i) we may not replicate the historical performance of our Manager's key personnel and investment professionals or that of our Manager's affiliates, (ii) we and our Manager have not previously managed a REIT vehicle or any investment vehicle focused solely on providing loans for commercial real estate industry operators and (iii) we can provide no assurance that, in certain circumstances, their prior experience will not cause reputational harm for us.

We believe that we benefit from the extensive and diverse expertise and significant financing industry experience of the key personnel and investment professionals of our Manager and its affiliates. However, investors should understand that we and our Manager are recently formed entities that have limited prior operating history upon which to evaluate our and our Manager's likely performance and we and our Manager have not previously managed a REIT vehicle or any investment vehicle focused solely on providing loans for commercial real estate industry operators.

Additionally, in connection with their prior experience, certain of our Manager's key personnel and its affiliates and our officers and directors have been named defendants in litigation or other legal proceedings involving their managed entities. For example, in 2015, Fifth Street Finance Corporation ("FSC") and Fifth Street Asset Management ("Fifth Street") and certain officers and directors of FSC and Fifth Street, including Mr. Tannenbaum and Alexander Frank, one of our directors, were named as defendants in actions alleging violations of Sections 10(b) and 20(a) of the Exchange Act regarding statements about the value of FSC's assets and Fifth Street and certain officers and directors, including Mr. Tannenbaum and Mr. Frank, were named as defendants in actions alleging that the defendants breached their fiduciary duties by causing FSC to enter into an unfair Investment Advisory Agreement with Fifth Street and engaging in a scheme designed to artificially inflate FSC's assets. In addition, in 2018, Fifth Street Management, LLC ("FSM"), during a time in which Mr. Tannenbaum was an affiliate, was subject to a cease and desist order from the SEC (the "Order") relating to allegations of improper allocation of expenses to clients and failures relating to its review of a client's valuation model. The Order was limited to FSM and no individual or FSM affiliated entity was subject to the Order at any time. Additionally, each of these matters have been resolved with no admission of wrongdoing by any party and the dismissals of all claims against each of the named individuals but we cannot provide assurance that these prior legal proceedings or future legal proceedings involving us, our Manager, our Manager's key personnel or investment professionals or its affiliates or our officers or directors will not cause reputational harm for us.

In addition to other analytical tools, our Manager may utilize financial models to evaluate loan opportunities, the accuracy and effectiveness of which cannot be guaranteed.

In addition to other analytical tools, our Manager may utilize financial models to evaluate loan opportunities, the accuracy and effectiveness of which cannot be guaranteed. In all cases, financial models are only estimates of future results which are based upon assumptions made at the time that the projections are developed. There can be no assurance that our Manager's projected results will be attained and actual results may vary significantly from the projections. General economic and industry-specific conditions, which are not predictable, can have an adverse impact on the reliability of projections.

Our Manager's and its affiliates' liability is limited under the Management Agreement, and we have agreed to indemnify our Manager against certain liabilities. As a result, we could experience poor performance or losses for which our Manager and its affiliates would not be liable.

Pursuant to the Management Agreement, our Manager does not assume any responsibility other than to render the services called for thereunder in good faith and will not be responsible for any action of our Board in following or declining to follow its advice or recommendations. Under the terms of the Management Agreement, our Manager, its affiliates, and any of their respective members, shareholders, managers, partners, trustees, personnel, officers, directors, employees, consultants and any person providing sub-advisory services to our Manager (collectively, the "Manager Parties") will not be liable to us for acts or omissions performed in accordance with and pursuant to the Management Agreement, except by reason of acts constituting bad faith, willful misconduct, gross negligence, or reckless disregard of their duties under the relevant Management Agreement. In addition, we have agreed to indemnify the Manager Parties with respect to all losses, damages, liabilities, demands, charges and claims of any nature whatsoever, and any and all expenses, costs and fees related thereto, arising from acts or omissions of the Manager Parties not constituting bad faith, willful misconduct, gross negligence, or reckless disregard of duties, performed in good faith in accordance with and pursuant to the Management Agreement. We have also entered into indemnification agreements with the members of the Investment Committee of our Manager to indemnify and advance certain fees, costs and expenses to such individuals, subject to certain standards to be met and certain other limitations and conditions as set forth in such indemnification agreements. These protections may lead our Manager to act in a riskier manner when acting on our behalf than it would when acting for its own account.

Risks Related to Our Taxation as a REIT

Failure to qualify as a REIT would cause us to be taxed as a regular corporation, which would substantially reduce funds available for distributions to our shareholders.

We intend to operate in a manner so as to qualify as a REIT. We believe that our organization and current and proposed method of operation will enable us to qualify as a REIT. However, no assurances can be given that our beliefs or expectations will be fulfilled. This is because qualification as a REIT involves the application of highly technical and complex provisions of the Code, and regulations promulgated by the U.S. Treasury Department thereunder ("Treasury Regulations") as to which there are only limited judicial and administrative interpretations and involves the determination of facts and circumstances not entirely within our control. In addition, future legislation, new regulations, administrative interpretations or court decisions may significantly change the U.S. tax laws or the application of the U.S. tax laws with respect to qualification as a REIT for federal income tax purposes or the federal income tax consequences of such qualification.

If we fail to qualify as a REIT in any taxable year, we will face serious tax consequences that will substantially reduce the funds available for distributions to our shareholders because:

- we would not be allowed a deduction for distributions paid to shareholders in computing our taxable income and would be subject to U.S. federal income tax at regular corporate rates;
- we could be subject to increased state and local taxes; and

- unless we are entitled to relief under statutory provisions, we would not be able to re-elect to be taxed as a REIT for four taxable years following the year in which we were disqualified.

In addition, if we fail to qualify as a REIT, we will no longer be required to make the distributions necessary to remain qualified as a REIT. As a result of all these factors, our failure to qualify as a REIT could impair our ability to expand our business and raise capital, and it could adversely affect the value of our common stock.

Even if we qualify as a REIT, we may face other tax liabilities that reduce our cash flows.

Even if we qualify for taxation as a REIT, we may be subject to certain federal, state and local taxes on our income and assets, including taxes on any undistributed income, tax on income from some activities conducted as a result of a foreclosure, and state or local income, property and transfer taxes. In addition, in order to meet the REIT qualification requirements or to avert the imposition of a 100% tax that applies to certain gains derived by a REIT from dealer property or inventory, we may hold certain assets through one or more to-be-formed taxable REIT subsidiaries that will be subject to corporate-level income tax at regular rates. In addition, if we lend money to a taxable REIT subsidiary (including loans to partnerships or limited liability companies in which a taxable REIT subsidiary owns an interest), the taxable REIT subsidiary may be unable to deduct all or a portion of the interest paid to us, which could result in an increased corporate-level tax liability. Any of these taxes would decrease cash available for distribution to our shareholders.

REIT distribution requirements could adversely affect our ability to execute our business plan and liquidity and may force us to borrow funds during unfavorable market conditions.

In order to maintain our REIT status and to meet the REIT distribution requirements, we may need to borrow funds on a short-term basis or sell assets, even if the then-prevailing market conditions are not favorable for these borrowings or sales. In addition, we may need to reserve cash to satisfy our REIT distribution requirements, even though attractive lending opportunities may otherwise be available. To qualify as a REIT, we must distribute to our shareholders at least 90% of our net taxable income each year, without regard to the deduction for dividends paid and excluding capital gains and certain non-cash income. In addition, we will be subject to corporate income tax to the extent we distribute less than 100% of our taxable income, including any net capital gain. We intend to make distributions to our shareholders to comply with the requirements of the Code for REITs and to minimize or eliminate our corporate income tax obligation to the extent consistent with our business objectives. Our cash flows from operations may be insufficient to fund required distributions as a result of differences in timing between the actual receipt of income and the recognition of income for U.S. federal income tax purposes, or the effect of non-deductible capital expenditures, the creation of reserves or required debt service or amortization payments.

The insufficiency of our cash flows to cover our distribution requirements could have an adverse impact on our ability to raise short- and long-term debt or sell equity securities in order to fund distributions required to maintain our REIT status. In addition, we will be subject to a 4% nondeductible excise tax on the amount, if any, by which distributions paid by us in any calendar year are less than the sum of 85% of our ordinary income, 95% of our capital gain net income and 100% of our undistributed income from prior years. To address and/or mitigate some of these issues, we may make taxable distributions that are in part paid in cash and in part paid in our equity. In such cases, our shareholders may have tax liabilities from such distributions in excess of the cash they receive. The treatment of such taxable stock distributions is not entirely

clear, and it is possible the taxable stock distribution will not count towards our distribution requirement, in which case adverse consequences could apply.

Complying with REIT requirements may cause us to forego otherwise attractive opportunities or to liquidate otherwise attractive loans.

To qualify as a REIT, we must continually satisfy tests concerning, among other things, the sources of our income, the nature and diversification of our assets and the amounts we distribute to our shareholders. In order to meet these tests, we may be required to forego loans that we might otherwise make or liquidate loans we might otherwise continue to hold. Thus, compliance with the REIT requirements may hinder our performance by limiting our ability to make and/or maintain ownership of certain otherwise attractive loans.

Temporary investment of available capital in short-term securities and income from such investment generally will allow us to satisfy various REIT income and asset qualifications, but only during the one-year period beginning on the date we receive such capital. If we are unable to invest a sufficient amount of such capital in qualifying commercial real estate assets within such one-year period, we could fail to satisfy the gross income tests and/or we could be limited to investing all or a portion of any remaining funds in cash or cash equivalents. If we fail to satisfy such income test, unless we are entitled to relief under certain provisions of the Code, we could fail to qualify as a REIT.

The tax on prohibited transactions will limit our ability to engage in certain loans involving the sale or other disposition of property or that would otherwise subject us to a 100% penalty tax.

A REIT's net income from prohibited transactions is subject to a 100% tax. In general, prohibited transactions are sales or other dispositions of property, other than foreclosure property, held as inventory or primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of business. Although we do not intend to hold a significant amount of assets as inventory or primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of our business, the characterization of an asset sale as a prohibited transaction depends on the particular facts and circumstances. The Code provides a safe harbor that, if met, allows a REIT to avoid being treated as engaged in a prohibited transaction. We may sell certain assets in transactions that do not meet all of the requirements of such safe harbor if we believe the transaction would nevertheless not be a prohibited transaction based on an analysis of all of the relevant facts and circumstances. If the IRS were to successfully argue that such a sale was in fact a prohibited transaction, we would be subject to a 100% penalty tax on the net gain with respect to such sale. In addition, in order to avoid the prohibited transactions tax, we may choose not to engage in certain sales, even though the sales might otherwise be beneficial to us.

Legislative, regulatory or administrative tax changes related to REITs could materially and adversely affect our business.

At any time, the U.S. federal income tax laws or Treasury Regulations governing REITs, or the administrative interpretations of those laws or regulations, may be changed, possibly with retroactive effect. We cannot predict if or when any new U.S. federal income tax law, regulation or administrative interpretation, or any amendment to any existing U.S. federal income tax law, regulation or administrative interpretation, will be adopted, promulgated or become effective or whether any such law, regulation or interpretation may take effect retroactively. We and our shareholders could be adversely affected by any such change in, or any new, U.S. federal income tax law, regulation or administrative interpretation.

Dividends payable by REITs generally do not qualify for reduced tax rates applicable to qualified dividend income.

The maximum U.S. federal income tax rate for certain qualified dividends payable to individual U.S. Holders is 20%. Dividends payable by REITs, however, are generally not qualified dividends and therefore are not eligible for taxation at the reduced rates. However, to the extent such dividends are attributable to certain dividends that we receive from a taxable REIT subsidiary or to income from a prior year that was retained by us and subject to corporate tax, such dividends generally will be eligible for the reduced rates that apply to qualified dividend income. The more favorable rates applicable to regular corporate dividends could cause investors who are individuals to perceive investments in REITs to be relatively less attractive than investments in the stocks of non-REIT corporations that pay dividends, which could adversely affect the value of the stock of REITs, including our equity. However, for tax years beginning before January 1, 2026, U.S. Holders who are individuals, estates or trusts may be entitled to claim a deduction in determining their taxable income of 20% of ordinary REIT dividends (dividends other than capital gain dividends and dividends attributable to qualified dividend income received by us, if any), which temporarily reduces the effective tax rate on these dividends to a maximum federal income tax rate of 29.6% for those years. If we fail to qualify as a REIT, such dividends will no longer be ordinary REIT dividends and shareholders may not claim this deduction with respect to dividends paid by us. Shareholders are urged to consult tax advisers regarding the effect of this change on the effective tax rate with respect to REIT dividends.

If we were considered to have actually or constructively paid a “preferential dividend” to certain of our shareholders, our status as a REIT could be adversely affected.

In order to qualify as a REIT, we must annually distribute to our shareholders at least 90% of our REIT taxable income, determined without regard to the deduction for dividends paid and excluding net capital gain and certain non-cash income. In order for distributions to be counted as satisfying the annual distribution requirements for REITs, and to provide us with a REIT-level tax deduction, the distributions must not be “preferential dividends,” unless we are a “publicly offered REIT,” which we became upon the completion of the Spin-Off. A dividend is not a preferential dividend if the distribution is pro rata among all outstanding shares of stock within a particular class, and in accordance with the preferences among different classes of stock as set forth in our organizational documents. Currently, there is uncertainty as to the IRS’s position regarding whether certain arrangements that REITs have with their shareholders could give rise to the inadvertent payment of a preferential dividend (e.g., the pricing methodology for stock purchased under a distribution reinvestment program inadvertently causing a greater than 5% discount on the price of such stock purchased). There is no de minimis exception with respect to preferential dividends.

The ability of our Board to revoke our REIT election without shareholder approval may cause adverse consequences to our shareholders.

The Charter provides that our Board may revoke or otherwise terminate our REIT election, without the approval of our shareholders, if our Board determines that it is no longer in our best interest to attempt to, or continue to, qualify as a REIT. If we cease to qualify as a REIT, we would become subject to U.S. federal income tax on our net taxable income, and we generally would no longer be required to distribute any of our net taxable income to our shareholders, which may have adverse consequences on the total return to our shareholders.

Complying with REIT requirements may limit our ability to hedge our operational risks effectively and may cause us to incur tax liabilities.

The REIT provisions of the Code may limit our ability to hedge risks relating to our operations. Any income from a hedging transaction that we enter into to manage risk of interest rate changes, price changes or currency fluctuations with respect to borrowings made or to be made, if properly identified under applicable Treasury Regulations, does not constitute “gross income” for purposes of the 75% or 95% gross income tests. To the extent that we enter into other types of hedging transactions, the income from those transactions will likely be treated as non-qualifying income for purposes of both of the gross income tests.

To the extent the business interest deductions of our subsidiaries, if any, are deferred or disallowed, our taxable income may exceed our cash available for distributions to shareholders.

Code Section 163(j) limits the deductibility of “business interest” for both individuals and corporations. Certain real property trades or businesses are permitted to elect out of this limitation, but we do not expect it to be available to us. To the extent our interest deductions or those of our subsidiaries, if any, are deferred or disallowed under Code Section 163(j) or any other provision of law, our taxable income may exceed our cash available for distribution to our shareholders. As a result, there is a risk that we may have taxable income in excess of cash available for distribution. In that event, we may need to borrow funds or take other action to satisfy the REIT distribution requirements for the taxable year in which this “phantom income” is recognized.

The “taxable mortgage pool” rules may increase the taxes that we or our shareholders may incur, and may limit the manner in which we effect future securitizations.

Securitizations by us or our subsidiaries could result in the creation of taxable mortgage pools, or TMPs, for U.S. federal income tax purposes. As a result, we could have “excess inclusion income.” Certain categories of shareholders, such as non-U.S. shareholders eligible for treaty or other benefits, shareholders with net operating losses, and certain tax-exempt shareholders that are subject to unrelated business income tax, could be subject to increased taxes on a portion of their dividend income from us that is attributable to any excess inclusion income. In addition, to the extent that our common stock is owned by tax-exempt “disqualified organizations,” such as certain government-related entities and charitable remainder trusts that are not subject to tax on unrelated business taxable income, or UBTI, we may incur a corporate level tax on a portion of any excess inclusion income. Moreover, we could face limitations in selling equity interests in these securitizations to outside investors, or selling any debt securities issued in connection with these securitizations that might be considered to be equity interests for tax purposes. These limitations may prevent us from using certain techniques to maximize our returns from securitization transactions.

Risks Related to this Offering and our Common Stock

If you purchase shares of our common stock in this offering, you will experience immediate dilution.

The offering price per share of our common stock is expected to be higher than the projected net tangible book value per share of our common stock outstanding upon the completion of the offering. Accordingly, if you purchase shares of our common stock in this offering, you will experience immediate dilution in the net tangible book value per share of our common stock.

This means that investors that purchase shares of our common stock in this offering will pay a price per share of our common stock that exceeds the per common share net tangible book value of our assets.

The market price for our common stock may be volatile, which could contribute to the loss of all or part of your investment.

The trading price of our common stock has been volatile and could be subject to wide fluctuations in response to various factors, some of which are beyond our control. Some of the factors that could negatively affect or result in fluctuations in the market price of our common stock include:

- our actual or projected operating results, financial condition, cash flows and liquidity or changes in business strategy or prospects;
- changes in governmental policies, regulations or laws;
- loss of a major funding source or inability to obtain new favorable funding sources in the future;
- equity issuances by us, or share resales by our shareholders, or the perception that such issuances or resales may occur;
- actual, anticipated or perceived accounting or internal control problems;
- publication of research reports about us or the commercial real estate industry;
- our value of the properties securing our loans;
- changes in market valuations of similar companies;
- adverse market reaction to any increased indebtedness we may incur in the future;
- additions to or departures of the executive officers or key personnel supporting or assisting us from our Manager or its affiliates, including our Manager's investment professionals;
- speculation in the press or investment community about us or other similar companies;
- our failure to meet, or the lowering of, our earnings estimates or those of any securities analysts;
- increases in market interest rates, which may lead investors to demand a higher distribution yield for our common stock (if we have begun to make distributions to our shareholders) and which could cause the cost of our interest expenses on our debt to increase;
- failure to qualify or maintain our qualification as a REIT or exemption from the Investment Company Act;
- price and volume fluctuations in the stock market generally; and
- general market and economic conditions, including the state of the credit and capital markets.

Any of the factors listed above could materially adversely affect your investment in our common stock, and our common stock may trade at prices significantly below the public offering price, which could contribute to a loss of all or part of your investment. In such circumstances the trading price of our common stock may not recover and may experience a further decline.

In addition, broad market and industry factors could materially adversely affect the market price of our common stock, irrespective of our operating performance. The stock market in general, and Nasdaq and the market for REITs have experienced extreme price and volume

fluctuations that have often been unrelated or disproportionate to the operating performance of the particular companies affected. The trading prices and valuations of these stocks, and of ours, may not be predictable. A loss of investor confidence in the market for finance companies or the stocks of other companies which investors perceive to be similar to us, the opportunities in the finance market or the stock market in general, could depress our stock price regardless of our business, financial condition, results of operations or growth prospects.

The value of our equity securities could be materially and adversely affected by our level of cash distributions.

The value of the equity securities of a company whose principal business is similar to ours is based primarily upon investors' perception of its growth potential and its current and potential future cash distributions, whether from operations, sales or refinancings, and is secondarily based upon the market value of its underlying assets. For that reason, our equity may be valued at prices that are higher or lower than our net asset value per share. To the extent we retain operating cash flow for investment purposes, working capital reserves or other purposes, these retained funds, while increasing the value of our underlying assets, may not correspondingly increase the price at which our equity could trade. Our failure to meet investors' expectations with regard to future earnings and cash distributions likely would materially and adversely affect the valuation of our equity.

Future offerings of debt securities, which would rank senior to our common stock upon a bankruptcy liquidation, and future offerings of equity securities that may be senior to our common stock for the purposes of dividend and liquidating distributions, may adversely affect the value of our capital stock.

In the future, we intend to attempt to increase our capital resources by making offerings of debt or equity securities. We expect the principal amount of the loans we originate to increase and that we will need to raise additional equity and/or debt funds to increase our liquidity in the near future. Upon bankruptcy or liquidation, holders of our debt securities, lenders with respect to any of our borrowings and holders of our preferred stock, if any, will receive a distribution of our available assets prior to the holders of our common stock. Equity offerings by us may dilute the holdings of our existing shareholders or reduce the valuation of our common stock. Our decision to issue securities in any future offering will depend on market conditions and other factors beyond our control.

We may in the future pay distributions from sources other than our cash flow from operations, including borrowings, offering proceeds or the sale of assets, which means we will have less funds available for investments or less income-producing assets and your overall return may be reduced.

We may in the future pay distributions from sources other than from our cash flow from operations. We intend to fund the payment of regular distributions to our shareholders entirely from cash flow from our operations. However, we may from time to time not generate sufficient cash flow from operations to fully fund distributions to shareholders. Therefore, if we choose to pay a distribution, we may choose to use cash flows from financing activities, including borrowings (including borrowings secured by our assets) and net proceeds of this or a prior offering, from the sale of assets or from other sources to fund distributions to our shareholders.

To the extent that we fund distributions from sources other than cash flows from operations, including borrowings, offering proceeds or proceeds from asset sales, the value of your investment will decline, and such distributions may constitute a return of capital and we may

have fewer funds available for the funding of loans or less income-producing assets and your overall return may be reduced. Further, to the extent distributions exceed our earnings and profits, a shareholder's basis in our stock will be reduced and, to the extent distributions exceed a shareholder's basis, the shareholder will be required to recognize capital gain.

Our failure to meet the continued listing requirements of Nasdaq could result in a delisting of our common stock.

If we fail to satisfy the continued listing requirements of Nasdaq, such as the corporate governance requirements or the minimum closing bid price requirement, Nasdaq may take steps to delist our common stock. Such a delisting would likely have a negative effect on the price of our common stock and would impair your ability to sell or purchase our common stock when you wish to do so. In the event of a delisting, we can provide no assurance that any action taken by us to restore compliance with listing requirements would allow our common stock to become listed again, stabilize the market price or improve the liquidity of our common stock, prevent our common stock from dropping below the Nasdaq minimum bid price requirement or prevent future non-compliance with Nasdaq's listing requirements.

Our Board may change our policies without shareholder approval.

Our policies, including any policies with respect to investments, leverage, financing, growth, debt and capitalization, are determined by our Board or those committees or officers to whom our Board may delegate such authority. Our Board also establishes the amount of any dividends or other distributions that we may pay to our shareholders. Our Board or the committees or officers to which such decisions are delegated have the ability to amend or revise these and our other policies at any time without shareholder vote. Accordingly, our shareholders are not entitled to approve changes in our policies.

There is a risk that shareholders may not receive distributions or that such dividends may not grow over time.

We intend to make to make regular quarterly distributions to our shareholders, consistent with our intention to qualify as a REIT. However, any future determination to actually pay dividends will be at the discretion of our Board, subject to compliance with applicable law and any contractual provisions, including under agreements for indebtedness, that restrict or limit our ability to pay dividends, and will depend upon, among other factors, our results of operations, financial condition, earnings, capital requirements and other factors that our Board deems relevant. We therefore cannot assure our shareholders that we will achieve investment results and other circumstances that will allow us to make a specified level of cash distributions or year-to-year increases in cash distributions.

As one of our significant shareholders and a significant beneficial owner of our Manager, Leonard M. Tannenbaum, can exert significant influence over our corporate actions and important corporate matters.

Our Executive Chairman, Leonard M. Tannenbaum, beneficially owns approximately 27.3% of our common stock as of December 31, 2024. Mr. Tannenbaum also owns 67.8% of the outstanding equity of our Manager. Similarly, Robyn Tannenbaum, our President, owns 8.8% of our Manager as of December 31, 2024.

Mr. Tannenbaum and, to a lesser extent, Mrs. Tannenbaum could therefore exert substantial influence over our corporate matters, such as electing directors and approving material mergers,

acquisitions, strategic partnerships or other business combination transactions, as applicable. This concentration of ownership may discourage, delay or prevent a change in control which could have the dual effect of depriving our shareholders from an opportunity to receive a premium for their equity as part of a sale of SUNS and otherwise reducing the price of such equity.

In addition, certain Affiliated Investors, including Mr. Tannenbaum and Mrs. Tannenbaum, have indicated an interest in purchasing up to \$ million in shares of common stock in this offering at the public offering price. Because this indication of interest is not a binding agreement or commitment to purchase, the Affiliated Investors could determine to purchase more, less or no shares of common stock in this offering, or the underwriters could determine to sell more, less or no shares to the Affiliated Investors. If the Affiliated Investors purchase shares in this offering, these affiliates of ours will beneficially own additional shares of our common stock.

We are an “emerging growth company” and a “smaller reporting company” and we cannot be certain if the reduced disclosure requirements applicable to emerging growth companies and smaller reporting companies will make shares of our common stock less attractive to investors.

We are an “emerging growth company,” as defined in the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act (“JOBS Act”), and we are eligible to take advantage of certain exemptions from various reporting requirements that are applicable to other public companies that are not “emerging growth companies” including, but not limited to, not being required to comply with the auditor attestation requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, as amended (“Sarbanes-Oxley”), reduced disclosure obligations regarding executive compensation in our periodic reports and proxy statements, and exemptions from the requirements of holding a non-binding advisory vote on executive compensation and shareholder approval of any golden parachute payments not previously approved. In addition, Section 107 of the JOBS Act also provides that an “emerging growth company” can take advantage of the extended transition period provided in Section 7(a)(2)(B) of the Securities Act for complying with new or revised accounting standards. In other words, an “emerging growth company” can delay the adoption of certain accounting standards until those standards would otherwise apply to private companies. We have elected to take advantage of the extended transition period to comply with new or revised accounting standards and to adopt certain of the reduced disclosure requirements available to emerging growth companies. As a result of the accounting standards election, we are not subject to the same implementation timing for new or revised accounting standards as other public companies that are not emerging growth companies which may make comparison of our financials to those of other public companies more difficult.

We could remain an “emerging growth company” until the earliest of (1) the last day of the fiscal year (a) following the fifth anniversary of the date of the first sale of our common stock pursuant to an effective registration statement under the Securities Act, (b) in which we have total annual revenue of at least \$1.235 billion, or (c) in which we are deemed to be a large accelerated filer, which generally means the market value of our common equity that is held by non-affiliates exceeds \$700 million as of the end of the prior fiscal year’s second fiscal quarter; and (2) the date on which we have issued more than \$1 billion in non-convertible debt securities during the prior three-year period.

Similarly, as a “smaller reporting company” under federal securities laws, we may take advantage of certain exemptions from various reporting requirements that are applicable to other public companies that are not smaller reporting companies, including, but not limited to, reduced disclosure obligations regarding executive compensation in our periodic reports and proxy

statements. We may be a smaller reporting company even after we are no longer an emerging growth company.

We cannot predict if investors will find our common stock less attractive because we rely on these exemptions. If some investors find our common stock less attractive as a result, there may be a less active trading market for our common stock and our stock price may be more volatile. We may take advantage of these reporting exemptions until we are no longer an emerging growth company and/or smaller reporting company, as applicable.

We incur significant costs as a result of being a public company, and such costs may increase when we cease to be an emerging growth company and/or smaller reporting company.

As a public company, we incur significant legal, accounting, insurance and other expenses that we have not previously incurred, including costs associated with public company reporting requirements of the Exchange Act, Sarbanes-Oxley, the Dodd-Frank Act, the listing requirements of Nasdaq and other applicable securities rules and regulations. Compliance with these rules and regulations may significantly increase our legal and financial compliance costs, make some activities more difficult, time-consuming or costly and increase demand on our systems and resources. As a result, our executive officers' attention may be diverted from other business concerns, which could adversely affect our business and results of operations. Furthermore, the expenses incurred by public companies generally for reporting and corporate governance purposes have been increasing. We expect compliance with these public reporting requirements and associated rules and regulations to increase expenses, particularly after we are no longer an emerging growth company nor a smaller reporting company, although we are currently unable to estimate these costs with any degree of certainty. We could be an emerging growth company for up to five full fiscal years, although circumstances could cause us to lose that status earlier as discussed above, which could result in our incurring additional costs applicable to public companies that are not emerging growth companies. We may be a smaller reporting company even after we are no longer an emerging growth company.

In addition, changing laws, regulations and standards relating to corporate governance and public disclosure are creating uncertainty for public companies, increasing legal and financial compliance costs and making some activities more time consuming. These laws, regulations and standards are subject to varying interpretations, in many cases due to their lack of specificity, and, as a result, their application in practice may evolve over time as new guidance is provided by regulatory and governing bodies. This could result in continuing uncertainty regarding compliance matters and higher costs necessitated by ongoing revisions to disclosure and governance practices. If our efforts to comply with new laws, regulations and standards differ from the activities intended by regulatory or governing bodies due to ambiguities related to their application and practice, regulatory authorities may initiate legal proceedings against us and our business may be adversely affected.

General Risk Factors

Ineffective internal controls could impact our business and operating results.

Our internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements because of its inherent limitations, including the possibility of human error, the circumvention or overriding of controls, or fraud. Even effective internal controls can provide only reasonable assurance with respect to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements. If we fail to maintain the adequacy of our internal controls, including any failure to implement required new or improved controls, or if we experience difficulties in their implementation, our business

and operating results could be harmed and the reliability of our financial statements could be compromised.

We rely on information technology in our operations, and security breaches and other disruptions in our systems could compromise our information and expose us to liability, which would cause our business and reputation to suffer.

In the ordinary course of our business, we collect and store sensitive data, including intellectual property, our proprietary business information and that of our borrowers and business partners, including personally identifiable information of our borrowers and employees, if any, on our networks. Despite our security measures, our information technology and infrastructure may be vulnerable to attacks by hackers or breached due to employee error, malfeasance or other disruptions. These incidents may be an intentional attack or an unintentional event and could involve gaining unauthorized access to our information systems or those of our borrowers for purposes of misappropriating assets, stealing confidential information, corrupting data or causing operational disruption. Any such breach could compromise our networks and the information stored there could be accessed, publicly disclosed, lost or stolen. The result of these incidents may include disrupted operations, misstated or unreliable financial data, liability for stolen assets or information, increased cybersecurity protection and insurance costs, litigation, damage to business relationships and regulatory fines and penalties. The costs related to cyber or other security threats or disruptions may not be fully insured or indemnified by other means. Although we intend to implement processes, procedures and internal controls to help mitigate cybersecurity risks and cyber intrusions, such measures will not guarantee that a cyber-incident will not occur and/or that our financial results, operations or confidential information will not be negatively impacted by such an incident. In addition, cybersecurity has become a top priority for regulators around the world, and some jurisdictions have enacted laws requiring companies to notify individuals of data security breaches involving certain types of personal data. If we fail to comply with the relevant laws and regulations, we could suffer financial losses, a disruption of our business, liability to investors, regulatory intervention or reputational damage.

Future sales of our capital stock or other securities convertible into our capital stock could cause the value of our common stock to decline and could result in dilution of your shares of our common stock.

Our Board is authorized, without your approval, to cause us to issue additional shares of our common stock or to raise capital through the creation and issuance of our preferred stock, debt securities convertible into common stock, options, warrants and other rights, on terms and for consideration as our Board in its sole discretion may determine.

Sales of substantial amounts of our capital stock or other securities convertible into our capital stock could cause the valuation of our capital stock to decrease significantly. We cannot predict the effect, if any, of future sales of our equity, or the availability of our equity for future sales, on the value of our equity. Sales of substantial amounts of our equity by any large shareholder, or the perception that such sales could occur, may adversely affect the valuation of our equity.

If we fail to maintain an effective system of internal control over financial reporting, we may not be able to accurately report our financial results or prevent fraud. As a result, shareholders could lose confidence in our financial and other public reporting, which would materially adversely affect our business and the trading price of our common stock.

Effective internal controls over financial reporting are necessary for us to provide reliable financial reports and are designed to prevent fraud. Any failure to implement required new or improved controls, or difficulties encountered in their implementation could cause us to fail to meet our reporting obligations. When we lose our status both as an emerging growth company and a smaller reporting company, our independent registered public accounting firm will be required to attest to the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting. The rules governing the standards that must be met for management to assess our internal control over financial reporting are complex and require significant documentation, testing and possible remediation. Any testing by us conducted in connection with Sarbanes-Oxley, or any subsequent testing by our independent registered public accounting firm, may reveal deficiencies in our internal controls over financial reporting that are deemed to be material weaknesses or that may require prospective or retroactive changes to our financial statements or identify other areas for further attention or improvement. Inadequate internal controls could also cause investors to lose confidence in our reported financial information, which could materially adversely affect the trading price of our common stock.

Our disclosure controls and procedures may not prevent or detect all errors or acts of fraud.

We are subject to the periodic reporting requirements of the Exchange Act. We designed our disclosure controls and procedures to reasonably assure that information we must disclose in reports we file or submit under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to management, and recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and forms of the SEC. We believe that any disclosure controls and procedures or internal controls and procedures, no matter how well-conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met.

These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty, and that breakdowns can occur because of simple error or mistake. For example, our directors or executive officers could inadvertently fail to disclose a new relationship or arrangement causing us to fail to make any related party transaction disclosures. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people or by an unauthorized override of the controls. Accordingly, because of the inherent limitations in our control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected.

SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

All statements in this prospectus other than statements of current or historical facts are “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Exchange Act, and we intend such statements to be covered by the safe harbor provisions contained therein. These forward-looking statements are based on our current intent, belief, expectations and views of future events. The forward-looking statements include, without limitation, any statement that may predict, forecast, indicate or imply future results or performance, and may contain the words “believe,” “anticipate,” “expect,” “estimate,” “project,” “could,” “would,” “will,” “can,” “continuing,” “may,” “aim,” “intend,” “ongoing,” “plan,” “predict,” “potential,” “should,” “seeks,” “likely to” or words or phrases of similar meaning. Specifically, this prospectus includes forward-looking statements regarding (i) the use of proceeds of this offering; (ii) our portfolio and strategies for the growth of our commercial real estate lending business; (iii) our working capital, liquidity and capital requirements; (iv) potential state and federal legislative and regulatory matters; (v) our expectations and estimates regarding certain tax, legal and accounting matters, including the impact on our financial statements and/or those of our borrowers; (vi) the amount, collectability and timing of cash flows, if any, from our loans; (vii) our expected ranges of originations and repayments; (viii) estimates relating to our ability to make distributions to our shareholders in the future; and (ix) our investment strategy.

These forward-looking statements reflect management’s current views about future events, and are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Our actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in such forward-looking statements as a result of the factors discussed in “[Risk Factors](#)” beginning on page 36 of this prospectus and elsewhere in this prospectus. The most important factors that could prevent us from achieving our goals, and cause the assumptions underlying forward-looking statements and the actual results to differ materially from those expressed in or implied by those forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, the following:

- we have limited history of operating as an independent company, and our historical financial information is not necessarily representative of the results that we would have achieved as a separate, publicly-traded company and may not be a reliable indicator of our future results;
- our ability to identify a successful business and investment strategy and execute on our strategy;
- the ability of our Manager to locate suitable loan opportunities for us and to monitor and actively manage our portfolio and implement our investment strategy;
- our ability to meet our expected ranges of originations and repayments;
- the allocation of loan opportunities to us by our Manager;
- changes in general economic conditions, in our industry and in the commercial finance and commercial real estate markets;
- the state of the U.S. economy generally or in the specific geographic regions in which we operate, including as a result of the impact of natural disasters;
- the impact of a protracted decline in the liquidity of credit markets on our business;
- the amount, collectability and timing of our cash flows, if any, from our loans;
- losses that may be exacerbated due to the concentration of our portfolio in a limited number of loans and borrowers;
- the departure of any of the executive officers or key personnel supporting and assisting us from our Manager or its affiliates;

- impact of and changes in governmental regulations, tax law and rates, accounting guidance and similar matters;
- the impact of a changing interest rate environment;
- our ability to maintain our exemption from registration under the Investment Company Act (as defined below); and
- our ability to qualify and maintain our qualification as a REIT.

Any forward-looking statement speaks only as of the date on which it is made, and the Company assumes no obligation to update or revise such statement, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by applicable law.

USE OF PROCEEDS

We estimate that our net proceeds from this offering, after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and other estimated offering expenses payable by us, will be approximately \$ million (or approximately \$ million if the underwriters exercise their over-allotment option in full).

We intend to use the net proceeds received from this offering to (i) fund existing delayed draw construction loan commitments, (ii) fund newly originated CRE loans to companies that are consistent with our investment strategy and (iii) for working capital and other general corporate purposes, which may include repayment of debt, including amounts outstanding under the Revolving Credit Facility.

As of January 10, 2025, we had an aggregate of approximately \$16.2 million outstanding under our Revolving Credit Facility. Interest is payable on the Revolving Credit Facility in cash in arrears at the rate per annum of SOFR plus two and three quarters of one percent (2.75%), with a SOFR floor of 2.63%, provided, however, that the interest rate will increase by an additional twenty five basis points (0.25%) during any Increase Rate Month (as defined in the Revolving Credit Agreement). As of January 10, 2025, the interest rate on our borrowings under the Credit Facility is 7.08%. The Revolving Credit Facility matures on November 8, 2027. See “*Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Liquidity and Capital Resources—Revolving Credit Facility*” for more information.

As of January 10, 2025, we had no amounts outstanding under our SRTF Credit Facility. Interest is payable on the SRTF Credit Facility at the rate per annum equal to 8.00%. The SRTF Credit Facility matures on the earlier of (i) May 31, 2028 and (ii) the date of the closing of any Refinancing Indebtedness (as defined in the SRTF Credit Agreement) with an aggregate principal amount equal to or greater than \$75.0 million. SRT Finance LLC, the lender and agent under the SRTF Credit Facility, is indirectly owned by Leonard M. Tannenbaum, Executive Chairman of the Company’s Board of Directors, and Robyn Tannenbaum, President of the Company, along with their family members and associated family trusts. See “*Prospectus Summary—Recent Developments—SRTF Revolving Credit Facility*” for more information.

Pending application of the net proceeds, we may invest the net proceeds from this offering in interest-bearing, short-term investments, including money market accounts or funds, commercial mortgage-backed securities and corporate bonds, which are consistent with our qualification as a REIT and to maintain our exclusion from registration under the Investment Company Act.

DISTRIBUTION POLICY

We intend to make regular quarterly distributions to our shareholders, consistent with our intention to qualify as a REIT. U.S. federal income tax law generally requires that a REIT distribute annually at least 90% of its REIT taxable income, without regard to the deduction for dividends paid and excluding net capital gains and certain non-cash income, and that it pay tax at regular corporate rates to the extent that it annually distributes less than 100% of its REIT taxable income. As a result, in order to satisfy the requirements for us to qualify as a REIT and generally not be subject to U.S. federal income and excise tax, we intend to make regular quarterly distributions of all or substantially all of our REIT taxable income to our shareholders out of assets legally available therefor.

Any future determination to actually pay dividends or other distributions will be at the discretion of our Board, subject to compliance with applicable law and any contractual provisions, including under agreements for indebtedness we may incur, that restrict or limit our ability to pay dividends, and will depend upon, among other factors, our results of operations, financial condition, earnings, capital requirements, the annual distribution requirements under the REIT provisions of the Code, our REIT taxable income and other factors that our Board deems relevant. Under the MGCL, we generally may only pay a dividend or other distribution if, after giving effect to the distribution, we would be able to pay our indebtedness as it becomes due in the usual course of business and our total assets exceed our total liabilities.

To the extent that our cash available for distribution is less than the amount required to be distributed under the REIT provisions of the Code, we may be required to fund distributions from working capital or through equity, equity-related or debt financings or, in certain circumstances, asset sales, as to which our ability to consummate loans in a timely manner on favorable terms, or at all, cannot be assured, or we may make a portion of the Required Distribution in the form of a taxable stock distribution or distribution of debt securities.

CAPITALIZATION

The following table sets forth our cash and cash equivalents and capitalization as of September 30, 2024 as follows:

- on an actual basis;
- on an as adjusted basis, giving effect to the sale and issuance by us of shares of our common stock in this offering, based on, and after deducting estimated underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us and giving effect to the use of proceeds described herein.

The as adjusted information set forth in the table below is illustrative only and will be adjusted based on the actual offering price and other terms of this offering determined at pricing. The as adjusted information assumes the underwriters will not exercise their over-allotment option in this offering. You should read this table together with “*Use of Proceeds*,” “*Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations*,” “*Description of Capital Stock*” and our financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this prospectus.

	As of September 30, 2024	
	Actual	As Adjusted
	(in dollars except share data)	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 70,171,119	\$
Debt:		
Line of credit payable to affiliate	50,000,000	50,000,000
Shareholders’ equity:		
Preferred stock, par value \$0.01 per share, 10,000 and 0 shares authorized at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively, and 0 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively	—	—
Common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, 50,000,000 and 0 shares authorized at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively, and 6,925,395 and 0 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively	69,254	124,254
Additional paid-in capital	114,844,562	
Accumulated (deficit) earnings	(2,775,006)	(2,775,006)
Total shareholders’ equity	112,138,810	
Total capitalization	\$ 162,138,810	

If the underwriters’ option to purchase additional shares of our common stock from us were exercised in full, as adjusted cash and cash equivalents, additional paid-in capital, total shareholders’ equity, total capitalization and shares of common stock outstanding as of September 30, 2024 would be \$, \$, \$, \$ and 13,250,395 shares, respectively.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read together with the financial statements and related notes that are included elsewhere in this prospectus. This discussion contains forward-looking statements that reflect our current expectations and views of future events, which involve risks and uncertainties. Our actual results and the timing of selected events could differ materially from those anticipated in such forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause or contribute to those differences include, but are not limited to, those discussed above in "Risk Factors" and those identified below and elsewhere in this prospectus. See "Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements."

Overview

SUNS is a Maryland corporation that was formed on August 28, 2023, that intends to elect to be treated as a real estate investment trust for U.S. federal income tax purposes and that made its first investment in January 2024. We are led by a veteran team of commercial real estate investment professionals and our external manager, Sunrise Manager LLC. We conduct our business through our parent company, Sunrise Realty Trust, Inc., and several subsidiaries. We consolidate all of our subsidiaries under generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("GAAP"). We are an institutional lender that provides debt capital solutions to CRE markets in the Southern United States. SUNS' focus is on originating CRE debt investments and providing capital to high-quality borrowers and sponsors with transitional business plans collateralized by CRE assets with opportunities for near-term value creation, as well as recapitalization opportunities. SUNS intends to create a diversified investment portfolio, targeting investments in senior mortgage loans, mezzanine loans, B-notes, CMBS and debt-like preferred equity securities across CRE asset classes. We intend for SUNS' investment mix to include high quality residential (including multi-family, condominiums and single-family residential communities), retail, office, hospitality, industrial, mixed-use and specialty-use real estate.

Our investment focus includes originating or acquiring loans backed by single assets or portfolios of assets that typically have (i) an investment hold size of approximately \$15-100 million, secured by CRE assets, including transitional or construction projects, across diverse property types, (ii) a duration of approximately 2-5 years, (iii) interest rates that are determined periodically on the basis of a floating base lending rate (e.g., SOFR) plus a credit spread, (iv) a loan-to-value ("LTV") ratio of no greater than approximately 75% on an individual investment basis and (v) no more than approximately 75% LTV across the portfolio, in each case, at the time of origination or acquisition, and are led by experienced borrowers and well-capitalized sponsors with high quality business plans. Our loans typically feature origination fees and/or exit fees. We target a portfolio net internal rate of return ("IRR") in the low-teens, which we aim to be in the mid-teens after including total interest and other revenue from the portfolio, including loans funded from drawing on our leverage, net of our interest expense from our portfolio lenders. We are also targeting a near- to mid-term target capitalization of one-third equity, one-third secured debt availability and one-third unsecured debt. We do not expect to be fully drawn on our anticipated secured debt availability and, as a result, we are targeting an expected leverage ratio of 1.5:1 debt-to-equity.

We are an "emerging growth company," as defined in the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act ("JOBS Act"), and we are eligible to take advantage of certain exemptions from various reporting requirements that are applicable to other public companies that are not "emerging growth companies" including, but not limited to, not being required to comply with the auditor

attestation requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, reduced disclosure obligations regarding executive compensation in our periodic reports and proxy statements, and exemptions from the requirements of holding a non-binding advisory vote on executive compensation and shareholder approval of any golden parachute payments not previously approved. In addition, Section 107 of the JOBS Act provides that an “emerging growth company” can take advantage of the extended transition period provided in Section 7(a)(2)(B) of the Securities Act for complying with new or revised accounting standards. In other words, an “emerging growth company” can delay the adoption of certain accounting standards until those standards would otherwise apply to private companies. We have elected to take advantage of the extended transition period. As a result, we will not be subject to the same implementation timing for new or revised accounting standards as other public companies that are not emerging growth companies, which may make comparison of our financials to those of other public companies more difficult.

We could remain an “emerging growth company” for up to five years from our initial public offering, or until the earliest of (i) the last day of the first fiscal year in which our annual gross revenues exceed \$1.235 billion, (ii) the date that we become a “large accelerated filer” as defined in Rule 12b-2 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, which would occur if the market value of our common stock that is held by non-affiliates exceeds \$700.0 million as of the last business day of our most recently completed second fiscal quarter, or (iii) the date on which we have issued more than \$1.0 billion in non-convertible debt during the preceding three-year period.

Spin-Off

On February 22, 2024, AFC announced a plan to separate into two independent, publicly traded companies— one focused on providing institutional loans to state law compliant cannabis operators in the United States, the other an institutional commercial real estate lender focused on the Southern United States. On July 9, 2024, AFC completed the separation of its CRE portfolio through the spin-off of SUNS. The Spin-Off was effected by the transfer of AFC’s CRE portfolio from AFC to SUNS and the distribution of all of the outstanding shares of SUNS Common Stock to all of AFC’s shareholders of record as of the close of business on July 8, 2024. AFC’s shareholders of record as of the Record Date received one share of our Common Stock for every three shares of AFC common stock held as of the Record Date. AFC retained no ownership interest in us following the Spin-Off. Prior to the Spin-Off, AFC contributed approximately \$114.8 million to us in connection with the Spin-Off, comprised of our loan portfolio and cash.

In connection with the Spin-Off, we entered into several agreements with AFC that govern the relationship between us and AFC following the Spin-Off, including the Separation and Distribution Agreement and the Tax Matters Agreement. These agreements provide for the allocation between AFC and SUNS of the assets, liabilities and obligations (including, among others, investments, property and tax-related assets and liabilities) of AFC and its subsidiaries attributable to periods prior to, at and after the Spin-Off. Moreover, concurrent with the completion of the Spin-Off on July 9, 2024, our management agreement with SUNS Manager became effective. SUNS Manager also entered into (i) an Administrative Services Agreement (the “Administrative Services Agreement”) with TCG Services LLC, an affiliate of the Manager and Leonard Tannenbaum, the Company’s Executive Chairman, and Robyn Tannenbaum, the Company’s President, and (ii) a Services Agreement (the “Services Agreement”) with SRT Group LLC, an affiliate of SUNS Manager, Mr. Tannenbaum, Mrs. Tannenbaum, Mr. Sedrish and Mr. Hetzel.

We adopted the 2024 Stock Incentive Plan (the “2024 Plan”). A summary of the 2024 Plan can be found in the section entitled “*Management—2024 Stock Incentive Plan.*” Such description

is incorporated herein by reference. The description of the foregoing 2024 Plan is intended to provide a general description only, is subject to the detailed terms and conditions of, and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the full text of, the 2024 Plan, which is attached hereto as Exhibit 10.4, which is incorporated herein by reference.

Effective July 1, 2024, Jodi Hanson Bond and James Fagan resigned from AFC's Board of Directors and joined our Board of Directors. Additionally, Alexander Frank was appointed as a director of SUNS and remained a director of AFC. In addition, effective July 1, 2024, Leonard Tannenbaum was appointed Executive Chairman of SUNS (and remained Executive Chairman and Chief Investment Officer of AFC) and Brian Sedrish was appointed Chief Executive Officer and director of SUNS. Brandon Hetzel continues in his role as Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer of SUNS (and remains the Chief Financial Officer of AFC) and Robyn Tannenbaum continues in her role as President of SUNS (and remains the President of AFC).

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, we incurred approximately \$0.0 million and \$0.6 million, respectively, related to Spin-Off costs, which are recorded within professional fees in the unaudited interim statements of operations.

Developments During the Third Quarter ended September 30, 2024:

Spin-Off

Effective July 9, 2024, AFC completed the separation of its CRE portfolio through the spin-off of SUNS and we became an independent, publicly traded company, trading on the Nasdaq Capital Market under the symbol "SUNS". See "*Spin-Off*" above.

Updates to Our Loan Portfolio During the Third Quarter ended September 30, 2024

In July 2024, SUNS and an affiliate of SUNS entered into a senior secured credit facility for a total aggregate commitment amount of approximately \$35.2 million for the refinance of an active adult multi-family residential rental development in southwest Austin, Texas. We committed a total of approximately \$14.1 million and the affiliate committed the remaining approximately \$21.1 million. The senior loan was issued at a discount of 1.0% and matures in three years. At closing, we funded approximately \$11.4 million and the affiliate funded approximately \$17.0 million. The loan bears interest at a rate of SOFR plus 4.25%, with a rate index floor of 4.75%. The credit facility is secured by a deed of trust on the property and any deposit and reserve accounts established by the terms of the credit facility. The proceeds of the loan will be used to, among other things, fund the completion of construction and other reserves and refinance existing debt.

In July 2024, SUNS and an affiliate of SUNS entered into a senior secured credit facility for a total aggregate commitment amount of \$42.0 million for the refinance of a luxury hotel component of a 20-story mixed-use project in San Antonio, Texas. We committed a total of approximately \$27.3 million, and the affiliate committed the remaining \$14.7 million. The senior loan was issued at a discount of 1.0% and matures in three years. At closing, we funded approximately \$25.0 million and the affiliate funded approximately \$13.5 million. The loan bears interest at a rate of SOFR plus 6.35%, with a rate index floor of 4.50%. The loan is secured by a first-priority mortgage on the property and a security interest in all of the equity interests held by the borrower. The proceeds of the credit facility will be used to, among other things, fund the completion of reserves and refinance existing debt.

In August 2024, the Company and an affiliate of SUNS entered into amendments to the existing secured mezzanine and senior loan credit agreements for the mixed-use property in Houston, Texas. The amendments, among other things, (i) extended the maturity date on both loans from November 2024 to February 2026, (ii) modified the senior loan interest rate from floating (3.48% plus SOFR, SOFR floor of 4.0%) to fixed 12.5% and (iii) included a \$12.0 million upside to the senior loan, of which we have commitments for \$6.0 million and the affiliate co-investor has commitments for the rest.

In August 2024, SUNS and affiliates entered into a \$75.00 million senior secured revolving credit facility and a \$85.00 million senior secured term credit facility for a total aggregate commitment amount of \$160.00 million for the construction of a master-planned single-family residential home community and property development in Palm Beach Gardens, Florida. We committed a total of approximately \$18.75 million and \$21.25 million to the revolving loan and term loan, respectively, and funded \$8.77 million and \$18.76 million towards each respective loan at close. Affiliates committed the remaining \$56.25 million and \$63.75 million towards the revolving loan and term loan, funding \$26.32 million and \$56.29 million, respectively, at close. The term loan and secured revolver were each issued at a discount of 1.25%. The revolving loan bears interest at a rate of SOFR plus 6.25%, with a rate index floor of 4.00%, and unused fee of 2.00%. The proceeds of the revolving loan will be used to, among other things, fund the completion of reserves, fund home construction costs and refinance existing debt. The term loan bears an interest rate of SOFR plus 8.25%, with a rate index floor of 4.00%. The proceeds of the senior loan will be used to, among other things, fund the completion of construction and other reserves and refinance existing debt. The term loan and the secured revolver each mature in three years. The loans are each secured by senior first mortgage lien on the property and a security interest in all of the equity interests held by the borrower.

Dividends Declared Per Share

For the nine months ended September 30, 2024, we declared the following cash dividends:

Date Declared	Payable to Shareholders of Record at the Close of Business on	Payment Date	Amount per Share	Total Amount
August 14, 2024	September 30, 2024	October 15, 2024	\$ 0.21	\$ 1.5 million
August 14, 2024	December 31, 2024	January 15, 2025	0.42	2.9 million
2024 Period Subtotal			\$ 0.63	\$ 4.4 million

Recent Developments

In November 2024, SUNS and affiliated co-investors entered into a whole loan (the "Whole Loan") consisting of an aggregate of \$96.0 million in loan commitments. The property securing the loan is a development site and related condominium project located in Fort Lauderdale, Florida. The proceeds are expected to be used to commence and facilitate construction. We committed a total of \$30.0 million and affiliated co-investors committed \$60.0 million, with the remaining \$6.0 million committed by an unaffiliated investor (the "Originating Lender"). At closing, we funded approximately \$3.6 million and the affiliated co-investors funded approximately \$7.2 million and the Originating Lender funded approximately \$0.7 million. The Whole Loan is split into a Senior Loan and Mezzanine Loan, each with two A-Notes (\$62.4 million of the total commitment amount) and two B-Notes (\$33.6 million of the total commitment amount, of which \$6.0 million was committed by the Originating Lender). The A-Notes bear interest at a rate of SOFR plus 4.75%, with a rate index floor of 4.75%, of which we currently hold approximately \$20.8 million. The B-Notes bear interest at a rate of SOFR plus 11.00%, with

a rate index floor of 4.75%, of which we currently hold approximately \$9.2 million. The A-Notes and B-Notes were issued at a discount of 1.0% and mature in 26 months, subject to two, six-month extension options. As of December 31, 2024, the outstanding principal balance on the Whole Loan was approximately \$3.9 million and the cash interest rate was 11.7%.

In November 2024, we and an affiliated co-investor also entered into a \$26.0 million subordinate loan (the "Subordinate Loan"). The property securing the loan is a development site and related multifamily project located in Miami, Florida. The proceeds are expected to be used to commence and facilitate construction. We committed a total of \$13.0 million and the affiliated co-investor committed the remaining \$13.0 million. The Subordinate Loan bears interest at a rate of 13.25% per annum, was issued at a discount of 1.0% and matures in 36 months, subject to one, six-month extension option. As of December 31, 2024, the outstanding principal balance on the Subordinate Loan was approximately \$0.1 million and the cash interest rate was 13.25%.

In December 2024, we and an affiliated co-investor entered into a \$57.0 million senior secured loan for the refinance of a luxury boutique hotel located in Austin, Texas. We committed a total of approximately \$32.0 million, and the affiliate committed the remaining \$25.0 million. The senior secured loan was issued at a discount of 1.25% and matures in three years. At closing, we funded approximately \$29.9 million and the affiliate funded approximately \$23.4 million. The senior secured loan bears interest at a rate of SOFR plus 5.50%, with a rate index floor of 4.00%. The senior secured loan is secured by a first-priority fee and leasehold deed of trust on the property. The proceeds of the senior secured loan will be used to, among other things, refinance existing debt and fund reserves. As of December 31, 2024, the outstanding principal balance on the senior secured loan was approximately \$29.9 million and the cash interest rate was 9.9%.

On November 6, 2024, we entered into the Loan and Security Agreement (the "Revolving Credit Agreement") by and among us, the lenders party thereto (the "Lenders"), and East West Bank, as agent, joint lead arranger, joint book runner, co-syndication agent and co-documentation agent ("East West Bank").

The Revolving Credit Agreement provides for a senior secured revolving credit facility (the "Revolving Credit Facility") that contains initial aggregate commitments of \$50.0 million from one or more FDIC-insured banking institutions, which may be borrowed, repaid and redrawn (subject to a borrowing base based on eligible loan obligations held by the Company and subject to the satisfaction of other conditions provided in the Revolving Credit Agreement). As of December 31, 2024, we had an aggregate of \$123.8 million outstanding under our Revolving Credit Facility. Pursuant to the terms of the Revolving Credit Agreement, the amount of total commitments may be increased to up to \$200.0 million in aggregate, subject to available borrowing base and lenders' willingness to provide additional commitments.

Interest is payable on the Revolving Credit Facility in cash in arrears at the rate per annum equal to the greater of (i) SOFR plus two and three quarters of one percent (2.75%) and (ii) the floor of 5.38%, provided, however, that the interest rate will increase by an additional 0.25% during any Increase Rate Month (as defined in the Revolving Credit Agreement). The Revolving Credit Facility has a maturity date of November 8, 2027.

We are required to pay certain fees to the agent and the lenders under the Revolving Credit Agreement, including a \$75,000 agent fee payable to the agent and a 0.25% per annum loan fee payable ratably to the lenders, in each case, payable on the closing date and on the annual anniversary thereafter. Commencing on the six-month anniversary of the closing date, the Revolving Credit Facility has an unused line fee of 0.25% per annum, payable semi-annually in

arrears. Based on the terms of the Revolving Credit Agreement, the unused line fee is waived if our average cash balance exceeds the minimum balance required per the Revolving Credit Agreement.

The Revolving Credit Facility contains customary covenants, including covenants that limit or restrict the Company's and its subsidiaries' ability to incur liens, incur indebtedness, make certain restricted payments, merger or consolidate or make dispositions of assets. In addition, the Company and its subsidiaries are subject to certain financial covenants, including a liquidity and debt service coverage ratio covenant.

The Revolving Credit Facility is guaranteed by certain material subsidiaries of the Company and is secured by substantially all assets of the Company and certain of its material subsidiaries; provided that upon the meeting of certain conditions, the facility will be secured only by certain assets of the Company comprising of or relating to loan obligations designed for inclusion in the borrowing base.

The description above is only a summary of the material provisions of the Revolving Credit Agreement and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the Revolving Credit Agreement, a copy of which is filed as Exhibit 10.6 to this registration statement and incorporated by reference herein.

On December 9, 2024, the Company entered into Amendment Number One to Loan and Security Agreement, by and among the Company, the lenders party thereto and East West Bank, pursuant to which, among other things, the aggregate commitment was temporarily increased until January 8, 2025 to the sum of (i) \$50 million plus (ii) the lesser of \$75 million and the aggregate amount of funds maintained in the Company's borrowing base cash account. Following January 8, 2025, the aggregate commitment automatically reverted back to \$50 million.

On December 30, 2024, the Company entered into Amendment Number Two to Loan and Security Agreement, by and among the Company, Sunrise Realty Trust Holdings I LLC and East West Bank, pursuant to which, among other things, the parties agreed to additional representations, covenants and other amendments to maintain its REIT status and limit the use of participation interests in any underlying obligor loan receivables secured as collateral.

We may use a portion of the net proceeds received from this offering to repay amounts outstanding under the Revolving Credit Facility. As of January 10, 2025, we had an aggregate of approximately \$16.2 million outstanding under our Revolving Credit Facility.

On November 6, 2024, in conjunction with the entry by the Company into the Revolving Credit Facility, we terminated the unsecured revolving credit agreement (the "Credit Agreement") dated September 26, 2024, by and between us, as borrower, and SRT Finance LLC, as agent and lender. Upon execution of the Revolving Credit Facility, the lenders' commitments under the Credit Agreement were terminated and the liability of the Company and its subsidiaries with respect to their obligations under the Credit Agreement was discharged.

On December 9, 2024, the Company entered into a new unsecured revolving credit agreement (the "SRTF Credit Agreement"), by and among the Company, as borrower, the lenders party thereto from time to time, and SRT Finance LLC, as agent and lender. SRT Finance LLC is indirectly owned by Leonard M. Tannenbaum, Executive Chairman of the Company's Board of Directors, and Robyn Tannenbaum, President of the Company, along with their family members and associated family trusts. The SRTF Credit Agreement provides for an unsecured revolving credit facility (the "SRTF Credit Facility") with a \$75.0 million commitment, which may be

borrowed, repaid and redrawn, subject to a draw fee and the other conditions provided in the SRTF Credit Agreement. Interest is payable on the SRTF Credit Facility at a rate per annum equal to 8.00%. The SRTF Credit Facility matures on the earlier of (i) May 31, 2028 and (ii) the date of the closing of any Refinancing Indebtedness (as defined in the SRTF Credit Agreement) with an aggregate principal amount equal to or greater than \$75.0 million. Commencing on January 1, 2026, the Company is required to pay an annual fee equal to 1.00% of the aggregate commitments ratably to the lenders, payable on the first business day of each calendar year; provided that the fee due and payable on January 3, 2028 will be pro rated on the basis of a year of 360 days for the actual number of days elapsed from and including January 1, 2028 until and excluding May 31, 2028.

As of January 10, 2025, we had no amounts outstanding under our SRTF Credit Facility.

Relationships

Certain of the lenders and their affiliates may in the future engage in investment banking, commercial banking and other financial advisory and commercial dealings with the Company and its affiliates.

Key Financial Measures and Indicators

As a commercial real estate finance company, we believe the key financial measures and indicators for our business are Distributable Earnings (as defined below), book value per share and dividends declared per share.

Non-GAAP Metrics

Distributable Earnings

In addition to using certain financial metrics prepared in accordance with GAAP to evaluate our performance, we also use Distributable Earnings to evaluate our performance, excluding the effects of certain transactions and GAAP adjustments we believe are not necessarily indicative of our current loan activity and operations. Distributable Earnings is a measure that is not prepared in accordance with GAAP. We use these non-GAAP financial measures both to explain our results to shareholders and the investment community and in the internal evaluation and management of our businesses. Our management believes that these non-GAAP financial measures and the information they provide are useful to investors since these measures permit investors and shareholders to assess the overall performance of our business using the same tools that our management uses to evaluate our past performance and prospects for future performance. The determination of Distributable Earnings is substantially similar to the determination of Core Earnings under our Management Agreement, provided that Core Earnings is a component of the calculation of any Incentive Compensation earned under the Management Agreement for the applicable time period. Thus, Core Earnings is calculated without giving effect to Incentive Compensation expense, while the calculation of Distributable Earnings accounts for any Incentive Compensation earned for such time period.

We define Distributable Earnings as, for a specified period, the net income (loss) computed in accordance with GAAP, excluding (i) stock-based compensation expense, (ii) depreciation and amortization, (iii) any unrealized gains, losses or other non-cash items recorded in net income (loss) for the period, regardless of whether such items are included in other comprehensive income or loss, or in net income (loss); provided that Distributable Earnings does not exclude, in the case of investments with a deferred interest feature (such as OID, debt instruments with PIK

interest and zero coupon securities), accrued income that we have not yet received in cash, (iv) increase (decrease) in provision for current expected credit losses, (v) TRS (income) loss, net of any dividends received from TRS and (vi) one-time events pursuant to changes in GAAP and certain non-cash charges, in each case after discussions between our Manager and our independent directors and after approval by a majority of such independent directors.

We believe providing Distributable Earnings on a supplemental basis to our net income as determined in accordance with GAAP is helpful to shareholders in assessing the overall performance of our business. As a REIT, we are required to distribute at least 90% of our annual REIT taxable income, subject to certain adjustments, and to pay tax at regular corporate rates to the extent that we annually distribute less than 100% of such taxable income. Given these requirements and our belief that dividends are generally one of the principal reasons that shareholders invest in our Common Stock, we generally intend to attempt to pay dividends to our shareholders in an amount at least equal to such REIT taxable income, if and to the extent authorized by our Board of Directors. Distributable Earnings is one of many factors considered by our Board of Directors in authorizing dividends and, while not a direct measure of net taxable income, over time, the measure can be considered a useful indicator of our dividends.

Distributable Earnings is a non-GAAP financial measure and should not be considered as a substitute for GAAP net income. We caution readers that our methodology for calculating Distributable Earnings may differ from the methodologies employed by other REITs to calculate the same or similar supplemental performance measures, and as a result, our reported Distributable Earnings may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other REITs.

The following table provides a reconciliation of GAAP net income to Distributable Earnings:

	Three months ended September 30, 2024	Period from August 28, 2023 to September 30, 2023	Nine months ended September 30, 2024	Period from August 28, 2023 to September 30, 2023
Net income	\$ 1,738,363	\$ 7,767	\$ 5,014,451	\$ 7,767
Adjustments to net income:				
Stock-based compensation expense	160,139	—	160,139	—
Depreciation and amortization	—	—	—	—
Unrealized (gains) losses, or other non-cash items	—	—	—	—
(Decrease) increase in provision for current expected credit losses	(47,527)	—	24,327	—
TRS (income) loss	—	—	—	—
One-time events pursuant to changes in GAAP and certain non-cash charges	—	—	—	—
Distributable earnings	\$ 1,850,975	\$ 7,767	\$ 5,198,917	\$ 7,767
Basic weighted average shares of common stock outstanding	6,800,500	6,889,032	6,800,500	6,889,032
Distributable earnings per basic weighted average share	\$ 0.27	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.76	\$ 0.00

Book Value Per Share

We believe that book value per share is helpful to shareholders in evaluating our growth as we scale our equity capital base and continue to invest in our target investments. The book value per share of our Common Stock as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023 was approximately \$16.19 and \$4.53, respectively, on a post-split share basis. The September 30, 2024 book value per share of our Common Stock includes a reduction in book value due to the declaration of the fourth quarter dividend, declared on August 14, 2024. The book value per share of our Common Stock as of September 30, 2024 would have been \$16.61, absent the declaration of the fourth quarter dividend.

Factors Impacting our Operating Results

The results of our operations are affected by a number of factors and primarily depend on, among other things, the level of our net interest margin, the market value of our assets and the supply of, and demand for, commercial real estate debt and other financial assets in the marketplace. Our net interest margin, which includes the accretion and amortization of OID, is recognized based on the contractual rate and the outstanding principal balance of the loans we originate. Interest rates will vary according to the type of loan, conditions in the financial markets, creditworthiness of our borrowers, competition and other factors, some of which cannot be predicted with any certainty. Our operating results may also be impacted by credit losses in excess of initial anticipations or unanticipated credit events experienced by our borrowers.

Results of Operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024

We were formed on August 28, 2023 with limited operational activity during the period from August 28, 2023 to September 30, 2023. We did not make our first investment until January 2024; and therefore, have no period to compare results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024.

Our net income allocable to our common shareholders for the three months ended September 30, 2024, was approximately \$1.7 million, or \$0.26 per basic weighted average common share. Net interest income was comprised of interest income earned of approximately \$3.2 million, net of interest expense of approximately \$(43.2) thousand.

For the three months ended September 30, 2024, operating expenses were approximately \$1.5 million, mainly relating to approximately \$0.6 million in general and administrative expenses, \$0.3 million in professional fees and \$0.4 million in management fees. Concurrent with the completion of the Spin-Off on July 9, 2024, our Management Agreement with SUNS Manager became effective. As a result of this agreement, SUNS management fee was approximately \$0.4 million and no incentive fee was incurred for the three months ended September 30, 2024. Reimbursable shared expenses under the Management Agreement were approximately \$0.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2024. Other costs within professional fees related to legal, audit, and board of director fees.

Our net income allocable to our common shareholders for the nine months ended September 30, 2024, was approximately \$5.0 million, or \$0.74 per basic weighted average common share. Net interest income was comprised of interest income earned of approximately \$7.2 million, net of interest expense of approximately \$(43.2) thousand.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2024, operating expenses were approximately \$2.1 million, mainly relating to approximately \$0.6 million in general and administrative

expenses, \$1.0 million in professional fees and \$0.4 million in management fees. As a result of our Management Agreement with SUNS Manager, SUNS management fee was approximately \$0.4 million and no incentive fee was incurred for the nine months ended September 30, 2024. Reimbursable shared expenses under the Management Agreement were approximately \$0.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2024. Professional fees included approximately \$0.6 million in spin-off costs incurred during the nine months ended September 30, 2024. Other costs within professional fees related to legal, audit, and board of director fees.

Stock-based compensation was approximately \$0.2 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, driven by restricted stock awards granted and restricted stock awards converted as part of the Spin-Off.

Provision for Current Expected Credit Losses

The decrease (increase) in provision for current expected credit losses for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 was approximately \$47.5 thousand and \$(24.3) thousand, respectively. The CECL Reserve balance as of September 30, 2024 was approximately \$24.3 thousand, or 0.03%, of our total loans held at carrying value balance of approximately \$96.4 million and was bifurcated between (i) the current expected credit loss reserve (contra-asset) related to outstanding balances on loans held at carrying value of zero and (ii) a liability for unfunded commitments of approximately \$24.3 thousand. The liability is based on the unfunded portion of loan commitments over the full contractual period over which we are exposed to credit risk through a current obligation to extend credit. Management considered the likelihood that funding will occur, and if funded, the expected credit loss on the funded portion. We continuously evaluate the credit quality of each loan by assessing the risk factors of each loan.

Loan Portfolio

The table below summarizes our total loan portfolio as of September 30, 2024, unless otherwise specified.

Loan Type	Location	Original Funding Date	Loan Maturity	Current Commitments as of 9/30/2024	% of Total SUNS	Principal Balance as of 9/30/2024	Cash Interest Rate	Fixed/Floating	Amortization During Term	YTM ⁽¹⁾
Senior mortgage loans:										
Mixed-use	Houston, TX	1/4/2024	2/26/2026	\$ 11,994,037	9.8%	\$ 10,629,036	16.5%	Floating	No	20%
Residential	Austin, TX	7/3/2024	7/3/2027	14,087,288	11.6%	12,079,636	9.1%	Floating	No	10%
Hospitality	San Antonio, TX	7/31/2024	8/9/2027	27,300,000	22.5%	25,342,611	11.2%	Floating	No	13%
Residential	PBG, FL	8/5/2024	9/1/2027	21,250,000	17.5%	18,262,152	13.1%	Floating	No	13%
Residential	PBG, FL	8/5/2024	9/1/2027	18,750,000	15.4%	8,866,115	11.1%	Floating	No	12%
Subordinate debt:										
Residential	Sarasota, FL	1/31/2024	5/12/2027	28,188,776	23.2%	22,367,562	13.0%	Fixed	No	14%
				Subtotal⁽⁴⁾	100.0%	\$ 97,547,112	12.3%			13%
										Wtd Average

(1) Estimated YTM includes a variety of fees and features that affect the total yield, which may include, but is not limited to, OID, exit fees, prepayment fees, unused fees and contingent features. OID is recognized as a discount to the funded loan principal and is accreted to income over the term of the loan. The estimated YTM calculations require management to make estimates and assumptions, including, but not limited to, the timing and amounts of loan draws on delayed draw loans, the timing and collectability of exit fees, the probability and timing of prepayments and the probability of contingent features occurring. For example, certain credit agreements contain provisions pursuant to which certain PIK interest rates and fees earned by us under such credit agreements will decrease upon the satisfaction of certain specified criteria which we believe may improve the risk profile of the applicable borrower. To be conservative, we have not assumed any prepayment penalties or early payoffs in our estimated YTM calculation. Estimated YTM is based on current management estimates and

assumptions, which may change. Estimated YTM is calculated using the interest rate as of September 30, 2024 applied through maturity. Actual results could differ from those estimates and assumptions.

- (2) Cash interest rate represents a blended rate of differing cash interest rates applicable to each of the senior and subordinate loans to which the Company is a lender under the credit agreements. The subordinate loan component bears interest at a base interest rate of 15.31% plus SOFR (SOFR floor of 2.42%) and the senior loan component bears interest at a base interest rate of 12.50%.
- (3) This loan is structured as a senior term loan and home construction revolver, of which the proceeds will be used to fund varying development projects. Under each credit facility, the borrower is able to re-draw funds after repayment through maturity.
- (4) The interest subtotal rate is a weighted average rate.

Loans Held for Investment at Carrying Value

As of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, our portfolio included six and zero loans held at carrying value, respectively. The aggregate originated commitment under these loans was approximately \$121.6 million and zero, respectively, and outstanding principal was approximately \$97.5 million and zero, respectively, as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023. During the nine months ended September 30, 2024, we funded approximately \$122.5 million of new loans and additional principal and had approximately \$24.9 million of principal repayments of loans held at carrying value. As of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, approximately 72% and zero, respectively, of our loans held at carrying value had floating interest rates. As of September 30, 2024, these floating benchmark rates included one-month SOFR subject to a weighted average floor of 4.2% and quoted at 4.8%.

The following tables summarize our loans held at carrying value as of September 30, 2024:

	As of September 30, 2024			
	Outstanding Principal⁽¹⁾	Original Issue Discount	Carrying Value⁽¹⁾	Weighted Average Remaining Life (Years)⁽²⁾
Senior mortgage loans ⁽³⁾	\$ 75,179,550	\$ (915,856)	\$ 74,263,694	2.7
Subordinate debt	22,367,562	(225,510)	22,142,052	2.6
Total loans held at carrying value	\$ 97,547,112	\$ (1,141,366)	\$ 96,405,746	2.6

(1) The difference between the Carrying Value and the Outstanding Principal amount of the loans consists of unaccreted OID and loan origination costs.

(2) Weighted average remaining life is calculated based on the carrying value of each respective group of loans as of September 30, 2024.

(3) Senior mortgage loans include senior loans that also have a contiguous subordinate loan because as a whole, the expected credit quality of the subordinate loan is more similar to that of a senior loan.

The following table presents changes in loans held at carrying value as of and for the nine months ended September 30, 2024:

	Principal	Original Issue Discount	Carrying Value
Total loans held at carrying value at December 31, 2023	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
New fundings	120,031,341	(1,255,761)	118,775,580
Funded interest	2,428,444	—	2,428,444
Accretion of original issue discount	—	114,395	114,395
Loan repayments	(24,912,673)	—	(24,912,673)
Total loans held at carrying value at September 30, 2024	<u>\$ 97,547,112</u>	<u>\$ (1,141,366)</u>	<u>\$ 96,405,746</u>

Collateral Overview

Our loans are secured by various types of assets of our borrowers, including real property and certain personal property and other assets to the extent permitted by applicable laws and the regulations governing our borrowers.

Our debt investments will primarily be secured by real estate assets that are expected to be diversified across asset classes, including high quality residential (including multi-family, condominiums and single-family residential communities), retail, office, hospitality, industrial, mixed-use and specialty-use real estate.

Upon default of a loan, we may seek to sell the loan to a third party or have an affiliate or a third party work with the borrower to have the borrower sell collateral securing the loan to a third party or institute a foreclosure proceeding to have such collateral sold, in each case, to generate funds towards the payoff of the loan. While we believe that the appraised value of any real estate assets or other collateral securing our loans may impact the amount of the recovery in each such scenario, the amount of any such recovery from the sale of such real estate or other collateral may be less than the appraised value of such collateral and the sale of such collateral may not be sufficient to pay off the remaining balance on the defaulted loan. If we do not or cannot sell a foreclosed property, we would then come to own and operate it as "real estate owned."

We may pursue a sale of a defaulted loan if we believe that a sale would yield higher proceeds or that a sale could be accomplished more quickly than a foreclosure proceeding while yielding proceeds comparable to what would be expected from a foreclosure sale. To the extent that we determine that the proceeds are more likely to be maximized through instituting a foreclosure sale or through taking title to the underlying collateral, we will be subject to the rules and regulations under state law that govern foreclosure sales. However, we can provide no assurances that a third party would buy such loans or that the sales price of such loans would be sufficient to recover the outstanding principal balance, accrued interest, and fees.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Liquidity is a measure of our ability to meet potential cash requirements, including ongoing commitments to repay borrowings, fund and maintain our assets and operations, make distributions to our shareholders and meet other general business needs. We use significant cash to purchase our target investments, repay principal and interest on our borrowings, make

distributions to our shareholders and fund our operations. The sources of financing for our target investments are described below.

Our primary sources of cash generally consist of net proceeds of future debt or equity offerings, debt financing, including borrowings under our Revolving Credit Facility, payments of principal and interest we receive on our portfolio of assets and cash generated from our operating results.

As of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, all of our cash was unrestricted and totaled approximately \$70.2 million and \$31.2 million, respectively.

As of September 30, 2024, we believe that our cash on hand, capacity available under our Revolving Credit Facility and cash flows from operations will be sufficient to satisfy the operating requirements of our business through at least the next twelve months.

Capital Markets

Given the nature of our business, we constantly explore both the public and private capital markets to raise capital, subject to market and other considerations. We intend to raise future equity capital and issue debt securities in order to fund our future investments in loans.

Loan and Security Agreement with East West Bank

On November 6, 2024, the Company entered into the Loan and Security Agreement (the "Revolving Credit Agreement") by and among the Company, the lenders party thereto, and East West Bank, as agent, joint lead arranger, joint book runner, co-syndication agent and co-documentation agent ("East West Bank"). The Revolving Credit Agreement provides for a senior revolving credit facility (the "Revolving Credit Facility") that contains initial aggregate commitments of \$50.0 million from one or more FDIC-insured banking institutions, which may be borrowed, repaid and redrawn (subject to a borrowing base based on eligible loan obligations held by the Company and subject to the satisfaction of other conditions provided under the Revolving Credit Amendment). Interest is payable on the Revolving Credit Facility in cash in arrears at the rate per annum equal to the greater of (i) SOFR plus two and three quarters of one percent (2.75%) and (ii) the floor of 5.38%, provided, however, that the interest rate will increase by an additional twenty five basis points (0.25%) during any Increase Rate Month (as defined in the Revolving Credit Agreement). The Revolving Credit Facility matures on November 8, 2027.

The Company is required to pay certain fees to the agent and the lenders under the Revolving Credit Agreement, including a \$75,000 agent fee payable to the agent and a 0.25% per annum loan fee payable ratably to the lenders, in each case, payable on the closing date and on the annual anniversary thereafter. Commencing on the six-month anniversary of the closing date, the Revolving Credit Facility has an unused line fee of 0.25% per annum, payable semi-annually in arrears. Based on the terms of the Revolving Credit Agreement, the unused line fee is waived if our average revolver usage exceeds the minimum amount required per the Revolving Credit Agreement.

The amount of total commitments under the Revolving Credit Facility may be increased to up to \$200.0 million in aggregate, subject to available borrowing base and lenders' willingness to provide additional commitments. The Revolving Credit Facility is guaranteed by certain material subsidiaries of the Company and is secured by substantially all assets of the Company and certain of its material subsidiaries; provided that upon the meeting of certain conditions, the facility will be secured only by certain assets of the Company comprising of or relating to loan obligations

designed for inclusion in the borrowing base. In addition, the Company is subject to various financial and other covenants, including a liquidity and debt service coverage ratio covenant.

On December 9, 2024, the Company entered into Amendment Number One to Loan and Security Agreement, by and among the Company, the lenders party thereto and East West Bank, pursuant to which, among other things, the aggregate commitment was temporarily increased until January 8, 2025 to the sum of (i) \$50 million plus (ii) the lesser of \$75 million and the aggregate amount of funds maintained in the Company's borrowing base cash account. Following January 8, 2025, the aggregate commitment automatically reverted back to \$50 million.

On December 30, 2024, the Company entered into Amendment Number Two to Loan and Security Agreement, by and among the Company, Sunrise Realty Trust Holdings I LLC and East West Bank, pursuant to which, among other things, the parties agreed to additional representations, covenants and other amendments to maintain its REIT status and limit the use of participation interests in any underlying obligor loan receivables secured as collateral.

We may use a portion of the net proceeds received from this offering to repay amounts outstanding under the Revolving Credit Facility. As of January 10, 2025, we had an aggregate of approximately \$16.2 million outstanding under our Revolving Credit Facility.

SRTF Revolving Credit Facility

On November 6, 2024, in conjunction with the entry by the Company into the Revolving Credit Facility, the Company terminated the unsecured revolving credit agreement (the "Credit Agreement") dated September 26, 2024, by and between the Company, as borrower, and SRT Finance LLC, as agent and lender. Upon execution of the Revolving Credit Facility, the lenders' commitments under the Credit Agreement were terminated and the liability of the Company and its subsidiaries with respect to their obligations under the Credit Agreement was discharged.

On December 9, 2024, the Company entered into a new unsecured revolving credit agreement (the "SRTF Credit Agreement"), by and among the Company, as borrower, the lenders party thereto from time to time, and SRT Finance LLC, as agent and lender. SRT Finance LLC is indirectly owned by Leonard M. Tannenbaum, Executive Chairman of the Company's Board of Directors, and Robyn Tannenbaum, President of the Company, along with their family members and associated family trusts. The SRTF Credit Agreement provides for an unsecured revolving credit facility (the "SRTF Credit Facility") with a \$75.0 million commitment, which may be borrowed, repaid and redrawn, subject to a draw fee and the other conditions provided in the SRTF Credit Agreement. Interest is payable on the SRTF Credit Facility at a rate per annum equal to 8.00%. The SRTF Credit Facility matures on the earlier of (i) May 31, 2028 and (ii) the date of the closing of any Refinancing Indebtedness (as defined in the SRTF Credit Agreement) with an aggregate principal amount equal to or greater than \$75.0 million. Commencing on January 1, 2026, the Company is required to pay an annual fee equal to 1.00% of the aggregate commitments ratably to the lenders, payable on the first business day of each calendar year; provided that the fee due and payable on January 3, 2028 will be pro rated on the basis of a year of 360 days for the actual number of days elapsed from and including January 1, 2028 until and excluding May 31, 2028.

As of January 10, 2025, we had no amounts outstanding under our SRTF Credit Facility.

Other Credit Facilities, Warehouse Facilities and Repurchase Agreements

In the future, we may also use other sources of financing to fund the origination or acquisition of our target investments, including other credit facilities and other secured and unsecured forms of borrowing. These financings may be collateralized or non-collateralized and may involve one or more lenders. We expect that these facilities will typically have maturities ranging from two to five years and may accrue interest at either fixed or floating rates.

Cash Flows

The following table sets forth changes in cash and cash equivalents for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and during the period from August 28, 2023 to September 30, 2023:

	Nine months ended September 30, 2024	Period from August 28, 2023 to September 30, 2023
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 2,685,307	\$ 7,767
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(93,862,907)	—
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	130,104,097	21,000,000
Change in cash and cash equivalents	\$ 38,926,497	\$ 21,007,767

Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities

Net cash provided by operating activities during the nine months ended September 30, 2024 was approximately \$2.7 million, compared to approximately \$7.8 thousand for the period from August 28, 2023 to September 30, 2023. The increase of approximately \$2.7 million during the period from August 28, 2023 to September 30, 2023 to the nine months ended September 30, 2024 was primarily due to an increase in net income of approximately \$5.0 million, partially offset by changes in net working capital. The most significant items in working capital were an increase in non-cash interest income capitalized of \$(2.4) million, an increase in interest receivable of approximately \$(1.0) million, increase in prepaid expenses and other assets of approximately \$(0.3) million, partially offset by an increase in accrued management and incentive fees of \$0.4 million, increase in accrued direct administrative expenses of \$0.5 million and increase in accounts payable and other liabilities of approximately \$0.3 million.

Net Cash (Used in) Provided by Investing Activities

Net cash used in investing activities during the nine months ended September 30, 2024 was approximately \$(93.9) million, compared to zero for the period from August 28, 2023 to September 30, 2023. The decrease of approximately \$(93.9) million was primarily due to an increase in issuance and fundings on loans of approximately \$(118.8) million, partially offset by an increase in principal repayments of loans of approximately \$24.9 million.

Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Financing Activities

Net cash provided by financing activities during the nine months ended September 30, 2024 was approximately \$130.1 million, compared to \$21.0 million for the period from August 28, 2023 to September 30, 2023. The increase of approximately \$109.1 million during the period from August 28, 2023 to September 30, 2023 to the nine months ended September 30, 2024 was primarily due to an increase in net transfers and distributions from our Former Parent of

approximately \$59.1 million and an increase of \$50.0 million in borrowings on the revolving credit facility.

Contractual Obligations, Other Commitments, and Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

Our contractual obligations as of September 30, 2024 are as follows:

	As of September 30, 2024				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-3 years	3-5 years	More than 5 years	
Unfunded commitments	\$ —	\$ 24,022,989	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 24,022,989
Total	\$ —	\$ 24,022,989	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 24,022,989

As of September 30, 2024, all unfunded commitments were related to our total loan commitments and were available for funding in less than three years.

We may enter into certain contracts that may contain a variety of indemnification obligations. The maximum potential future payment amounts we could be required to pay under these indemnification obligations may be unlimited.

Off-balance sheet commitments consist of unfunded commitments on delayed draw loans. Other than as set forth in this registration statement, we do not have any relationships with unconsolidated entities or financial partnerships, such as entities often referred to as structured investment vehicles, special purpose entities or variable interest entities, established to facilitate off-balance sheet arrangements or other contractually narrow or limited purposes. Further, we have not guaranteed any obligations of unconsolidated entities or entered into any commitment to provide, nor do we intend to provide, additional funding to any such entities.

Dividends

We intend to elect to be taxed as a REIT for U.S. federal income tax purposes, commencing with the taxable year ended December 31, 2024, and, as such, intend to annually distribute to our shareholders at least 90% of our REIT taxable income, prior to the deduction for dividends paid and excluding our net capital gain. If we distribute less than 100% of our REIT taxable income in any tax year (taking into account any distributions made in a subsequent tax year under Sections 857(b)(9) or 858 of the Code), we will pay tax at regular corporate rates on that undistributed portion. Furthermore, if we distribute less than the sum of (i) 85% of our ordinary income for the calendar year, (ii) 95% of our capital gain net income for the calendar year and (iii) any undistributed shortfall from our prior calendar year (the "Required Distribution") to our shareholders during any calendar year (including any distributions declared by the last day of the calendar year but paid in the subsequent year), then we are required to pay non-deductible excise tax equal to 4% of any shortfall between the Required Distribution and the amount that was actually distributed. Any of these taxes would decrease cash available for distribution to our shareholders. The 90% distribution requirement does not require the distribution of net capital gains. However, if we elect to retain any of our net capital gain for any tax year, we must notify our shareholders and pay tax at regular corporate rates on the retained net capital gain. The shareholders must include their proportionate share of the retained net capital gain in their taxable income for the tax year, and they are deemed to have paid the REIT's tax on their proportionate share of the retained capital gain. Furthermore, such retained capital gain may be subject to the nondeductible 4% excise tax. If we determine that our estimated current year taxable income (including net capital gain) will be in excess of estimated dividend distributions

(including capital gains dividends) for the current year from such income, we will accrue excise tax on a portion of the estimated excess taxable income as such taxable income is earned.

To the extent that our cash available for distribution is less than the amount required to be distributed under the REIT provisions of the Code, we may be required to fund distributions from working capital or through equity, equity-related or debt financings or, in certain circumstances, asset sales, as to which our ability to consummate transactions in a timely manner on favorable terms, or at all, cannot be assured, or we may make a portion of the Required Distribution in the form of a taxable stock distribution or distribution of debt securities.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

There have been no significant changes in our critical accounting policies and estimates from what was previously disclosed in the Information Statement included as Exhibit 99.1 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form 10, the final version of which was included as Exhibit 99.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on July 3, 2024. Many of these accounting policies require judgment and the use of estimates and assumptions when they are applied in the preparation of our financial statements. On a quarterly basis, we evaluate these estimates and judgments based on historical experience as well as other factors that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. These estimates are subject to change in the future if underlying assumptions or factors change. Certain accounting policies, while significant, may not require the use of estimates.

BUSINESS

Overview

Sunrise Realty Trust, Inc. is a real estate focused debt fund, actively pursuing opportunities to finance transitional commercial real estate projects located across the Southern U.S. SUNS is an integral part of the platform of affiliated asset managers under the Tannenbaum Capital Group (“TCG”). SUNS is led by a veteran team of commercial real estate investment professionals and its external manager, Sunrise Manager LLC (our “Manager”), which, alongside other TCG platform asset managers pursuing similar or adjacent opportunities, are supported by the marketing, reporting, legal and other non-investment support services provided by the team of professionals within the TCG platform. Our and our Manager’s relationship with TCG provide us with investment opportunities through a robust relationship network of commercial real estate owners, operators and related businesses as well as significant back-office personnel to assist in management of loans.

Our focus is on originating and investing in secured commercial real estate (“CRE”) loans and providing capital to high-quality borrowers and sponsors with transitional business plans collateralized by CRE assets with opportunities for near-term value creation, as well as recapitalization opportunities. SUNS intends to further diversify its investment portfolio, targeting investments in senior mortgage loans, mezzanine loans, B-notes, commercial mortgage-backed securities (“CMBS”) and debt-like preferred equity securities across CRE asset classes. We intend for SUNS’ investment mix to include loans secured by high quality residential (including multi-family, condominiums and single-family residential communities), retail, office, hospitality, industrial, mixed-use and specialty-use real estate. As of December 31, 2024, SUNS’ portfolio of loans had an aggregate outstanding principal of approximately \$132.6 million.

Our investment focus includes originating or acquiring loans backed by single assets or portfolios of assets that typically have (i) an investment hold size of approximately \$15-100 million, secured by CRE assets, including transitional or construction projects, across diverse property types, (ii) a duration of approximately 2-5 years, (iii) interest rates that are determined periodically on the basis of a floating base lending rate (e.g., SOFR) plus a credit spread, (iv) a loan-to-value (“LTV”) ratio of no greater than approximately 75% on an individual investment basis and (v) no more than approximately 75% loan-to-value across the portfolio, in each case, at the time of origination or acquisition, and are led by experienced borrowers and well-capitalized sponsors with high quality business plans. Our loans typically feature origination fees and/or exit fees. We target a portfolio net internal rate of return (“IRR”) in the low-teens, which we believe may increase to the mid-teens after including total interest and other revenue from the portfolio, including loans funded from drawing on our leverage, net of our interest expense from our portfolio lenders. We are also targeting a near- to mid-term target capitalization of one-third equity, one-third secured debt availability and one-third unsecured debt. We do not expect to be fully drawn on our secured debt availability and, as a result, we are targeting an expected leverage ratio of 1.5:1 debt-to-equity.

As of December 31, 2024, we had a potentially actionable pipeline of approximately \$1.2 billion of commercial real estate deal commitments under review by our Manager, and have signed non-binding term sheets for approximately \$341.7 million of commitments from a pool of approximately \$31.8 billion CRE deals sourced by our Manager and its affiliates. We are in varying stages of our review and have not completed our due diligence process with respect to the transactions we are currently reviewing and for which we have signed term sheets. As a result, there can be no assurance that we will move forward with any of these potential investments.

In July 2024, we separated from AFC through a Spin-Off transaction. The separation was effected by the transfer of AFC's commercial real estate portfolio, from AFC to us and the distribution of all of the outstanding shares of our common stock to all of AFC's shareholders of record as of the close of business on July 8, 2024. As a result of the Spin-Off, we are now an independent, public company trading under the symbol "SUNS" on the Nasdaq Capital Market.

We are an externally managed Maryland corporation and intend to elect to be taxed as a REIT under Section 856 of the Code, commencing with our taxable year ended December 31, 2024. We believe our organization and current and proposed method of operation will enable us to qualify as a REIT. However, no assurances can be given that our beliefs or expectations will be fulfilled, since qualification as a REIT depends on our continuing to satisfy numerous asset, income, distribution and other tests described under "*U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations—Taxation*," which in turn depends, in part, on our operating results and ability to obtain financing. We also intend to operate our business in a manner that will permit us to maintain our exemption from registration under the Investment Company Act.

Target Investments and Portfolio

We invest in transitional CRE assets located in the Southern U.S., including ground-up development and recapitalization transactions, with an emphasis on direct origination of loans with borrowers. We typically invest in loans that have the following characteristics:

- target deal size of \$15 million to \$250 million;
- investment hold size of \$15 million to \$100 million;
- secured by CRE assets, including transitional or construction projects, across diverse property types;
- located primarily within markets in the Southern U.S. benefiting from economic tailwinds with growth potential;
- interest rates that are determined periodically on the basis of a floating base lending rate (e.g., SOFR) plus a credit spread;
- no more than approximately 75% loan-to-value on an individual investment basis and no more than approximately 75% loan-to-value across the portfolio, in each case, at the time of origination or acquisition;
- duration of approximately 2-5 years;
- origination fees and/or exit fees;
- significant downside protections; and
- experienced borrowers and well-capitalized sponsors with high quality business plans.

The allocation of capital among our target assets will depend on prevailing market conditions at the time we invest and may change over time in response to changes in prevailing market conditions, including with respect to interest rates and general economic and credit market conditions as well as local economic conditions in markets where we are active.

Southern U.S.

Our investments are primarily concentrated in those states/districts that SUNS considers to be part of the Southern U.S. Those states/districts include AL, AR, DE, FL, GA, KY, LA, MD, MS, NC, OK, SC, TN, TX, VA, WV and D.C. Within its targeted geographic region, we expect that the following states, which are and are expected to continue exhibiting above average population and

employment growth, will represent a greater share of the overall geographic exposure: GA, FL, NC, SC, TN and TX.

Commercial Real Estate Sub-Industries

With respect to investment type, the specific commercial real estate sub-industries that SUNS intends to primarily invest in include multi-family, condominiums, retail, office, hospitality, industrial, mixed-use and specialty-use real estate.

Credit Quality

We intend for our investment mix to include high quality multi-family, condominiums, retail, office, hospitality, industrial, mixed-use and specialty-use real estate. We believe that our Manager's expected rigorous investment process on behalf of us will enable us to make investments with potential for value creation as we seek to provide capital to strong sponsors with readily executable business plans while endeavoring to implement significant downside protections.

Current and Prospective Portfolio

We intend to maintain a direct origination platform, produce a large universe of opportunities through multiple sourcing channels, then select the most attractive investments for comprehensive due diligence. As of December 31, 2024, our portfolio consisted of loans to eight different borrowers with aggregate loan commitments of approximately \$190.9 million.

In January 2024, we and SRT, an affiliate of AFC and ours, purchased an aggregate of approximately \$56.4 million in loan commitments in a secured mezzanine loan facility, of which approximately \$28.2 million of principal has been funded by us and another approximately \$28.2 million of principal has been funded by SRT. We and SRT are each 50.0% syndicate lenders in the secured mezzanine loan facility. Approximately \$16.9 million was established as reserves, for the payment of interest and other costs and expenses, which is fully funded and held by an affiliated agent on the loan. The lenders have a right to convert the mezzanine loan to a first priority mortgage loan after the repayment of the existing senior loan and subject to certain other terms and conditions. The secured mezzanine loan bears interest at an annual rate of SOFR plus a 15.31% spread, subject to a SOFR floor of 2.42%. At the end of February 2024, we and SRT entered into an amendment to the secured mezzanine loan, which among other things, (1) extended the maturity date to May 31, 2024 and (2) amended the SOFR floor from 2.42% to 4.00%. In May 2024, we and SRT entered into an amendment to the secured mezzanine loan and purchased approximately \$2.5 million of the senior loan, of which approximately \$1.3 million has been funded by us and another \$1.3 million has been funded by SRT. The senior loan bears interest at an annual rate of SOFR plus a 3.48% spread, subject to a SOFR floor of 2.42%, and matures on November 30, 2024. The amendment to the secured mezzanine loan, among other things, (1) extended the maturity date to November 30, 2024 and (2) replenished the interest reserves held by the administrative agent on the loan in an amount of approximately \$9.6 million, for the payment of interest and other costs and expenses. In August 2024, we and SRT entered into amendments to the existing secured mezzanine and senior loan credit agreements for the mixed-use property in Houston, Texas. The amendments, among other things, (i) extended the maturity date on both loans from November 2024 to February 2026, (ii) modified the senior loan interest rate from floating (3.48% plus SOFR, SOFR floor of 4.0%) to fixed 12.5% and (iii) included a \$12.0 million upsize to the senior loan, of which we have commitments for \$6.0 million and SRT has commitments for the rest. The property securing the loan is a mixed-use

(for-sale residential, retail and hotel) project located in Houston, Texas. A portion of the proceeds are being used to facilitate the completion of construction.

In January 2024, we and SRT entered into a secured mezzanine loan facility consisting of an aggregate of approximately \$56.4 million in loan commitments, of which approximately \$20.7 million of principal was funded by us as a result of our participation interest in the loan and another approximately \$20.7 million of principal was funded by SRT. The secured mezzanine loan commitments were issued by us and SRT at a discount of 1.0% for a net funding amount of approximately \$20.4 million each, respectively. The \$56.4 million of total commitments includes \$15.0 million of unfunded commitments which was established to be drawn to pay interest on the secured mezzanine loan, of which we are responsible for \$7.5 million. The \$15.0 million of unfunded commitments are anticipated to be drawn over the life of the loan. We and SRT are each 50.0% syndicate lenders in the secured mezzanine loan facility. The secured mezzanine loan bears interest at an annual fixed rate of 13.00% and matures in May 2027, which the borrower may extend, at its option and subject to meeting certain terms and conditions, to May 2028. The mezzanine loan facility is secured by a security interest in all of the equity interests held by the borrower in its wholly-owned subsidiary. The property securing the loan is a 424-unit multi-family (with a component of ground-floor retail) project that is under construction and is located in Sarasota, Florida. A portion of the proceeds are being used to facilitate the completion of construction.

In July 2024, we and SRT entered into a senior secured mortgage loan for a total aggregate commitment amount of approximately \$35.2 million for the refinance of an active adult multi-family residential rental development in southwest Austin, Texas. We committed a total of approximately \$14.1 million and SRT committed the remaining approximately \$21.1 million. The senior secured loan was issued at a discount of 1.0% and matures in three years. At closing, we funded approximately \$11.4 million and SRT funded approximately \$17.0 million. The loan bears interest at a rate of SOFR plus 4.25%, with a rate index floor of 4.75%. The senior secured loan is secured by a deed of trust on the property and any deposit and reserve accounts established by the terms of the senior secured loan. The proceeds of the senior secured loan will be used to, among other things, fund the completion of construction and other reserves and refinance existing debt.

In July 2024, we and SRT entered into a senior secured mortgage loan for a total aggregate commitment amount of \$42.0 million for the refinance of a luxury hotel component of a 20-story mixed-use project in San Antonio, Texas. We committed a total of approximately \$27.3 million, and SRT committed the remaining \$14.7 million. The senior secured loan was issued at a discount of 1.0% and matures in three years. At closing, we funded approximately \$25.0 million and SRT funded approximately \$13.5 million. The senior secured loan bears interest at a rate of SOFR plus 6.35%, with a rate index floor of 4.50%. The senior secured loan is secured by a first-priority mortgage on the property and a security interest in all of the equity interests held by the borrower. The proceeds of the senior secured loan will be used to, among other things, fund the completion of reserves and refinance existing debt.

In August 2024, we, along with our affiliates, entered into a \$75.00 million senior secured revolving loan and a \$85.00 million senior mortgage loan for a total aggregate commitment amount of \$160.00 million for the construction of a master-planned single-family residential home community and property development in Palm Beach Gardens, Florida. We committed a total of approximately \$18.75 million and \$21.25 million to the revolving loan and mortgage loan, respectively, and funded \$8.77 million and \$18.76 million towards each respective loan at close. Affiliates committed the remaining \$56.25 million and \$63.75 million towards the revolving loan and mortgage loan, funding \$26.32 million and \$56.29 million, respectively, at close. The

revolving loan and mortgage loan were each issued at a discount of 1.25%. The revolving loan bears interest at a rate of SOFR plus 6.25%, with a rate index floor of 4.00%, and unused fee of 2.00%. The proceeds of the revolving loan will be used to, among other things, fund the completion of reserves, fund home construction costs and refinance existing debt. The mortgage loan bears an interest rate of SOFR plus 8.25%, with a rate index floor of 4.00%. The proceeds of the mortgage loan will be used to, among other things, fund the completion of construction and other reserves and refinance existing debt. The mortgage loan and the revolving loan each mature in three years. The loans are each secured by senior first mortgage lien on the property and a security interest in all of the equity interests held by the borrower.

In November 2024, we and affiliated co-investors entered into a whole loan (the "Whole Loan") consisting of an aggregate of \$96.0 million in loan commitments. The property securing the loan is a development site and related condominium project located in Fort Lauderdale, Florida. The proceeds are expected to be used to commence and facilitate construction. We committed a total of \$30.0 million and affiliated co-investors committed \$60.0 million, with the remaining \$6.0 million committed by an unaffiliated investor (the "Originating Lender"). At closing, we funded approximately \$3.6 million, the affiliated co-investors funded approximately \$7.2 million and the Originating Lender funded approximately \$0.7 million. The Whole Loan is split into a Senior Loan and Mezzanine Loan, each with two A-Notes (\$62.4 million of the total commitment amount) and two B-Notes (\$33.6 million of the total commitment amount, of which \$6.0 million was committed by the Originating Lender). The A-Notes bear interest at a rate of SOFR plus 4.75%, with a rate index floor of 4.75%, of which we currently hold approximately \$20.8 million. The B-Notes bear interest at a rate of SOFR plus 11.00%, with a rate index floor of 4.75%, of which we currently hold approximately \$9.2 million. The A-Notes and B-Notes were issued at a discount of 1.0% and mature in 26 months, subject to two, six-month extension options.

In November 2024, we and an affiliated co-investor also entered into a \$26.0 million subordinate loan (the "Subordinate Loan"). The property securing the loan is a development site and related multifamily project located in Miami, Florida. The proceeds are expected to be used to commence and facilitate construction. We committed a total of \$13.0 million and the affiliated co-investor committed the remaining \$13.0 million. The Subordinate Loan bears interest at a rate of 13.25% per annum, was issued at a discount of 1.0% and matures in 36 months, subject to one, six-month extension option.

In December 2024, we and an affiliated co-investor entered into a \$57.0 million senior secured loan for the refinance of a luxury boutique hotel located in Austin, Texas. We committed a total of approximately \$32.0 million, and the affiliate committed the remaining \$25.0 million. The senior secured loan was issued at a discount of 1.25% and matures in three years. At closing, we funded approximately \$29.9 million and the affiliate funded approximately \$23.4 million. The senior secured loan bears interest at a rate of SOFR plus 5.50%, with a rate index floor of 4.00%. The senior secured loan is secured by a first-priority fee and leasehold deed of trust on the property. The proceeds of the senior secured loan will be used to, among other things, refinance existing debt and fund reserves.

Our Manager or an affiliated fund has executed the following non-binding term sheets for loans for which we expect to fund a portion of the commitment amount in accordance with our allocation policy and we expect an affiliated co-investor to fund most of the remaining portion of the loans.

- A senior secured mortgage loan consisting of an aggregate of approximately \$72.7 million in loan commitments. The property securing the loan is the development site and related

net leased credit tenant project located in New Orleans, Louisiana. Additional collateral includes a first-priority pledge of 100% of the equity interests in the Borrower, a first-priority collateral assignment of all Property rents, accounts and reserves, and other customary collateral. The proceeds are expected to be used to commence and facilitate the construction of the property.

- A senior secured mortgage loan consisting of an aggregate of approximately \$225.0 million in loan commitments. The property securing the loan is a Class-A multifamily rental property located in Hallandale Beach, Florida. Additional collateral includes a first-priority pledge of 100% of the equity interests in the Borrower, a first-priority collateral assignment of all property rents, accounts and reserves, and other customary collateral. The proceeds are expected to be used for the refinancing and condominium conversion of the property.
- Note-on-note financing consisting of approximately \$44.0 million in loan commitments. The proceeds are to be used to finance the acquisition of a senior mortgage loan, which is secured by a mixed-use project featuring senior living, medical office, and retail located in Aventura, FL. Additional collateral includes a first priority security interest in all cashflows from the senior mortgage loan, security documentation governing the underlying senior mortgage loan, a first priority pledge of 100% of the equity interests from the Borrower of the note-on-note financing.

As of December 31, 2024, we had a potentially actionable pipeline of approximately \$1.2 billion of commercial real estate deal commitments under review by our Manager, and have signed non-binding term sheets for approximately \$341.7 million of commitments from a pool of approximately \$31.8 billion CRE deals sourced by our Manager and its affiliates. We are in varying stages of our review and have not completed our due diligence process with respect to the deals we are currently reviewing and for which we have signed term sheets. As a result, there can be no assurance that we will move forward with any of these potential investments.

Market Opportunity

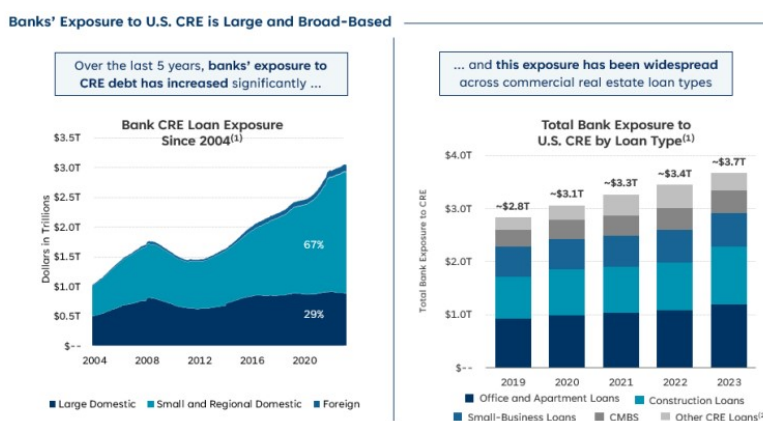
We plan to capitalize on developments in CRE credit markets where non-bank lenders have provided an increasing share of CRE financings as a result of the capital shortage caused by the development, rehabilitation and re-capitalization of assets across the U.S., and particularly in the Southern U.S. We believe this shift is caused by two recent changes: (1) substantially lower amounts of bank capital being made available for transitional real estate assets due to tighter lending parameters, regulatory requirements and portfolio issues; and (2) dislocations and declining liquidity caused by the rapid rise in interest rates that began in March 2022. We believe that this represents a paradigm shift relative to the low interest rate environment observed over the past ten years, which was characterized by an abundance of cheap capital. We believe that non-bank lenders can take advantage of banks' recent retrenchment and lack of capital, as well as the current interest rate environment, to generate higher returns with lower leverage levels. Additionally, we are not burdened by the same regulatory hurdles facing traditional lenders, which we believe will better allow us to structure attractive credit positions without taking undue risk or excessive leverage.

We intend to focus on the Southern U.S. due to: (1) positive demographic trends, including accelerated migration patterns resulting from COVID-19 and the resulting shortage in residential and commercial real estate supply; and (2) our local presence, knowledge and network of brokers and sponsors in these markets.

Large and Deep Addressable Market Facing Dislocations

Since 2018, banks have significantly increased their issuance of CRE loans. According to the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (the "FDIC"), over the last five years, banks' exposure to U.S. CRE markets has risen approximately \$1 trillion in aggregate, nearing \$4 trillion in total, with bank investments broadly distributed across CRE loan types. The current environment of higher interest rates and declining liquidity has caused severe issues across these loan portfolios.

Historically, for CRE projects, higher interest rates typically result in: (1) decreased valuations; (2) lower occupancy rates; (3) construction/development delays; and (4) reduced liquidity (i.e., fewer options for borrowers). Each of these changes increases the default risk of CRE loans on bank balance sheets, and as these effects typically happen in tandem, the impact is magnified. For example, many CRE loans have short terms with balloon payments and in a higher rate environment, refinancing these loans becomes challenging and expensive. In an environment of declining valuations and occupancy rates, however, borrowers of these loans have even less ability to secure favorable refinancing terms, further increasing default risk.



(1) Newmark Research Data.

(2) Other CRE Loans include real-estate investor loans and other assets linked to commercial properties.

Banks entered 2023 facing new regulations (Basel III), an office sector crash, rising interest rates and declining liquidity, forcing them to curtail their lending activity. Regional bank turmoil and sustained rate hikes in 2023 further amplified bank retrenchment from CRE lending and forced some lenders to liquidate existing loan portfolios to improve balance sheet liquidity. In addition, higher rates coupled with the slowdown in the structured credit markets (warehouse lines and CLOs) has eroded lender margins, causing some to exit.

With banks and other traditional lenders halting lending or unable to bridge funding gaps due to lower leverage targets, we believe that there is a large and immediate need for capital from non-traditional capital providers to support transitional CRE business plans. CRE is a capital intensive asset class with a consistent need for debt financing for development, rehabilitation and recapitalizations. We believe that the U.S. CRE debt market is capable of delivering predictable income streams with significant downside protection through an economic cycle.

Further, the current environment of elevated interest rates combined with reduced CRE valuations present compelling lending opportunities. Declines in real estate values reduce new lender risk in the form of lower LTV ratios: originated loans placed at approximately 70% LTV

(based on valuations as of July 2024) represent approximately 55% LTV of peak asset valuations. In addition, higher benchmark rates (Treasury Rate and SOFR) as well as elevated spreads enhance net interest margins, which we believe results in greater opportunity for outsized returns.



* Based on management estimates. Provided for illustrative purposes only and does not reflect the terms of any specific capital structure.

(1) Valuation decline based on Green Street Commercial Property Price Index as of July 2024 (~20% decline from recent peak).

(2) Source: Cushman & Wakefield, Green Street Advisors.

(3) Source: Average of apartment, industrial, office, self-storage, senior housing, single-family rental, and strip center sectors.

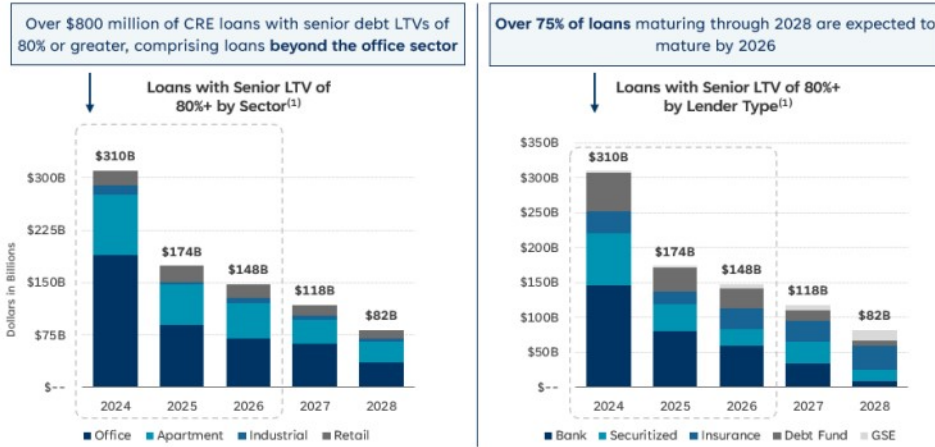
(4) LIBOR used for Dec 2019; SOFR used for July 2024.

We believe that, in times of dislocation, the risk-adjusted returns available in the U.S. CRE debt market offer an attractive investment opportunity and support an allocation from opportunistic investors.

High Volume of Near-Term CRE Loan Maturities

CRE debt transactions are typically financed with short duration loans, which amplifies the need for a consistent supply of fresh capital for both new originations and rollover financings. We expect that a high volume of near-term maturing debt will lead to substantial demand for CRE debt capital. According to S&P Global, over \$2.1 trillion in loans across CRE sectors are set to

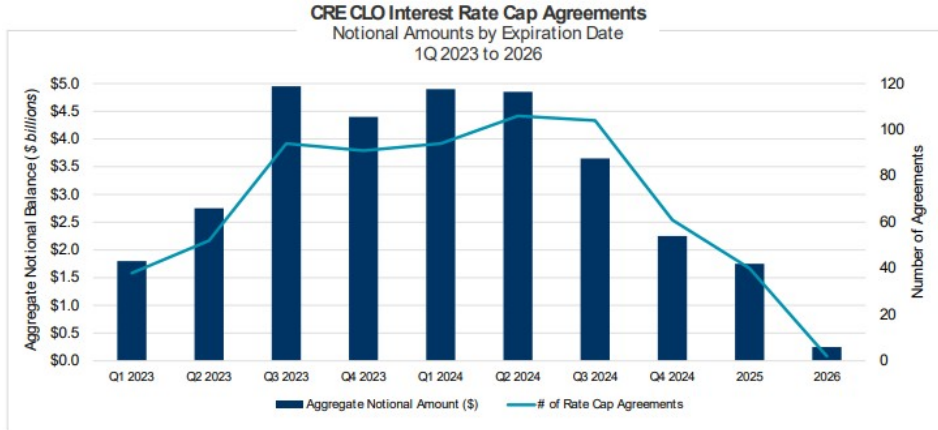
mature in 2025 and 2026, with approximately \$832 billion of loans carrying senior debt LTVs of 80% or greater maturing from 2024 through 2028.



(1) Green Street, NCREIF, RCA, Trepp, MBA, Newmark Research. Loans with an estimated senior debt LTV of 80% or greater are potentially troubled. The loans are marked-to-market using an average of cumulative changes in the Dow Jones REIT sector price indices, REIT sector enterprise value indices and Green Street sector CPPI.

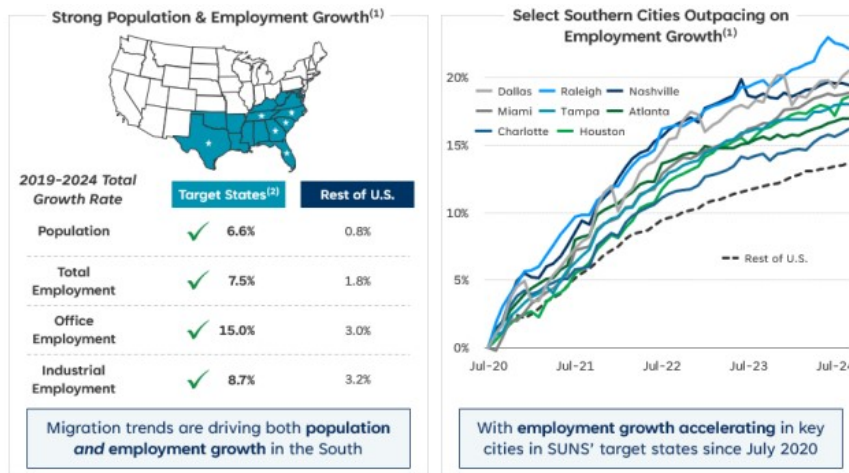
The actions of bank regulators have enabled banks and other lenders to extend maturing loans rather than force repayments that may result in capital impairment. The rapid rise in interest rates from March 2022 to September 2023, coupled with this backlog of refinancing needs, is causing banks to seek repayment to recover capital and shore up liquidity. Additionally, many loans contain rate caps which are naturally expiring as loan terms come due (see chart below from Cred-iq.com). The currently elevated interest rates have made purchasing these caps, previously struck at low levels, uneconomical. We believe that the most pressing gap is for subordinate financings, as we believe banks who are continuing to lend look to reduce leverage levels. Maturing loans, plus expiring rate caps, will create opportunities for alternative lenders who can bridge the gap and offer borrowers gap financing to complete their capitalizations. We anticipate that lenders who can take advantage of this dislocation will be able to generate equity-

like returns with debt-like risk, with leverage levels significantly below where they have been over the last decade.



Migration Patterns and Business Growth Driving Demand for CRE in the Southern U.S.

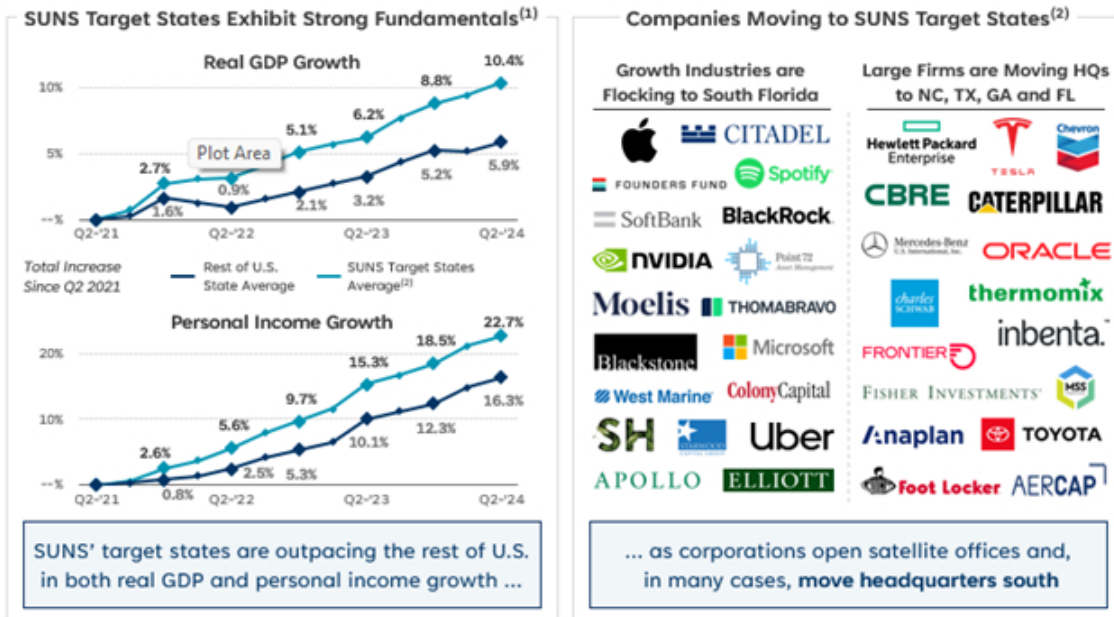
According to the 2022 Allied US Migration Report, population and employment migration to the Southern U.S. has long been occurring, but COVID-19 has accelerated this growth. These trends have caused the Southern U.S. to benefit from increased population, employment and real GDP growth, as per the U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis.



(1) U.S. Census Bureau Data; CoStar Market Data; Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis

(2) Target states include: FL, TX, NC, SC, TN, and GA.

Personal income growth in our target states is outpacing the U.S. average, largely due to corporations moving to the Southern U.S.



(1) U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis; Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis.

(2) Target states include: FL, TX, NC, SC, TN, and GA.

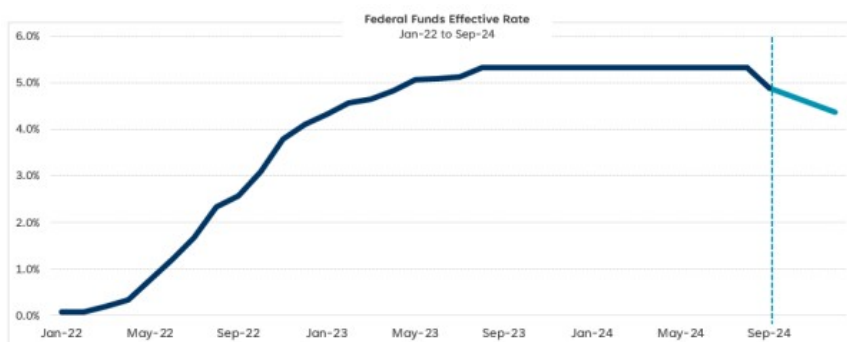
We expect these migration and growth trends to continue for the foreseeable future given the favorable business environment, climate, taxes, access to intellectual capital and lower fixed expenses available in the Southern U.S.

COVID-19's acceleration of pre-existing migration patterns and business growth in the Southern U.S. has driven increased unmet demand for CRE in the Southern U.S. We anticipate that the CRE supply lag in the Southern U.S. will worsen in the coming years due to the reduced access to capital from traditional CRE lenders discussed above, which we believe will provide a consistent flow of investment opportunities in our target states and investment types.

Higher Rates and Decreased Competition

From March 2022 to July 2023, the Federal Reserve embarked on an aggressive rate hiking cycle, ending a four-decade bond bull market characterized by cheap and abundant capital. Credit markets have experienced tremendous disruption, including the failure of Silicon Valley Bank and Signature Bank in Spring 2023; the iShares 20 Plus Year Treasury Bond ETF is off over 46% from its all time closing high in 2020 (as of October 25, 2024). Implied bank lending rates suggest that an elevated rate environment (especially relative to the recent decade) will persist into 2025 (see chart below from the Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis). As a result, it is

anticipated that borrowers will have difficulty refinancing oversized debt tranches and servicing the cost of new debt capital.



Source: Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis

We believe that this market environment bodes well for lenders who can provide subordinated debt tranches and serve as “rescue capital” where borrowers otherwise would be required to support existing equity investments. We believe that many borrowers will prefer to utilize mezzanine loans and/or debt-like preferred equity securities to plug gaps.

Historically, many lenders relied upon high degrees of low-cost leverage, enabling them to compete aggressively on pricing offered to borrowers. These relatively highly-levered lenders have pulled back due to: (1) their inability to access the aforementioned cheap financing in the current market environment; and (2) portfolio issues that resulted from their aggressive use of leverage. We believe that lenders with capital to deploy and more conservative leverage profiles, like our company, will be able to take advantage of these dynamics to obtain better pricing at lower leverage points than has existed over the last several years. Additionally, highly leveraged lenders may become sources of deal flow if they are forced to sell positions to cover margin calls or investor redemptions.

Potential Opportunities for Immediate Deployment

Our opportunity set is expected to encompass the following categories, with the volume of each dependent on currently elevated interest rates declining at the expected rates, the supply of fresh capital that enters the CRE lending space, and continued migration trends to the Southern U.S. We believe the following will be the most actionable areas of focus over the next several years:

1. New loan originations for well-capitalized sponsors with high-quality business plans that would have borrowed at lower rates and higher leverage levels over the last decade;
2. Recapitalization transactions of high-quality assets for borrowers with maturing loans or rate cap expirations, who in addition to refinancing existing lenders may need incremental capital to satisfy further repositioning and carrying costs, or may need additional time to achieve lease-up or other milestones prior to receiving permanent financing or engaging in an asset sale;
3. Special situations investments where equity investors may seek portfolio-level liquidity and we can provide a loan backed by a diversified portfolio of quality assets at acceptable leverage levels; and

4. Banks or other lenders seeking to sell existing loans to generate liquidity, the selling of which may be involuntary due to capital calls or investor redemptions and may be done at a discount to par.

We believe that the current market climate will produce a robust pipeline of quality lending opportunities in markets in the Southern U.S. experiencing strong growth and demand tailwinds characterized by:

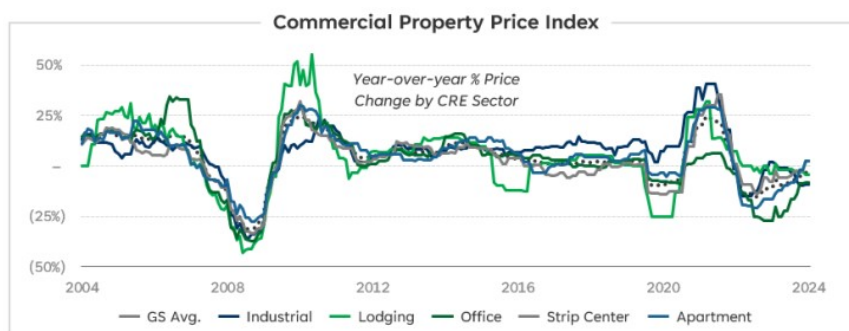
1. Conservative leverage levels;
2. Improved lender protections; and
3. Higher absolute returns relative to the last decade.

Our investment portfolio is expected to comprise a spectrum of CRE asset classes, including high quality multifamily, condominiums, industrial, office, retail, hospitality, mixed-use and specialty-use real estate, as well as investments including refinancings for later-and-transitional-stage assets and ground-up development.

Attractive Risk-Adjusted Return Profile

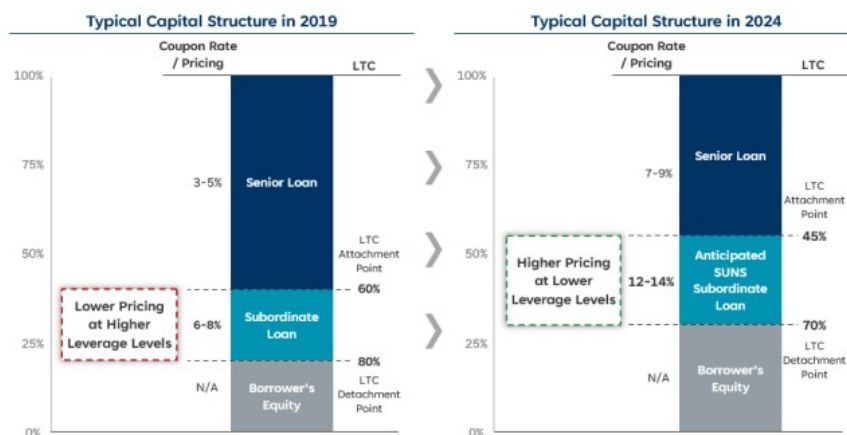
We believe that our strategy of taking advantage of declining liquidity in the CRE credit markets, combined with investing in geographies with favorable demographic tailwinds, should provide our investors a strong degree of downside protection combined with attractive risk-adjusted returns. We anticipate that recapitalization transactions driven by maturing loans or interest rate cap expirations will allow us to invest into deals that have been relatively de-risked. As an example, we may have the opportunity to invest in assets where the primary risk is lease-up of a property, as opposed to day one ground-up development risk. In these situations, equity and potentially other tranches (mezzanine, preferred equity) may be subordinated to our tranche, which may allow us to generate attractive returns with a significant cushion below.

Our ground-up development loans are expected to be secured by collateral located in Southern U.S. geographies with strong demographic and demand tailwinds. In new build or rehabilitation projects, in addition to these tailwinds, we also expect to require that borrowers contribute increased levels of equity, reducing our leverage detachment point, further enhancing credit quality. The increased levels of equity are expected to provide strong downside protection for our company, as our loans are anticipated to carry reduced loan to value ratios than were observed in our target markets as recently as a year and a half ago. As demonstrated by the below chart (from Green Street Advisors as of October 2024), historically, impairment in CRE values has been limited to the first 0-40% of the capital structure.



Source: Green Street Advisors as of October 2024

As a result of the forces impacting CRE capital markets, including increased interest rates, lower availability of capital, and higher equity requirements, we believe that providers of subordinated debt capital will be able to consistently command mid-teens returns at lower LTV levels than were required over the last decade. These tranches provide better downside protection and more closely resemble senior leverage as compared with the prior ten years.



Source: Based on management estimates. Provided for illustrative purposes only and does not reflect the terms of any specific capital structure.

We believe that traditional lenders are structurally challenged and will continue to pull back from the market, which will provide us with the opportunity to achieve our targeted returns for several years to come.

Investment Objective

We will seek to generate strong risk-adjusted returns by originating and investing in CRE assets located in the Southern U.S., including ground-up development and recapitalization transactions, with an emphasis on direct origination of loans with borrowers. Returns are anticipated to be generated through a combination of current and/or accrued interest payments, origination and exit fees, servicing fees, minimum multiple-of-capital payments and extension and other fees. We intend to primarily invest in senior mortgage loans, mezzanine loans, B-notes, CMBS and debt-like preferred equity securities across CRE asset classes.

We will seek to lend to experienced borrowers in order to: (i) finance acquisitions, (ii) refinance existing indebtedness, (iii) fund value-add and transitional business plans, or (iv) provide portfolio-level liquidity solutions directly or via purchases of existing loans. We expect that our investments will typically have the following characteristics:

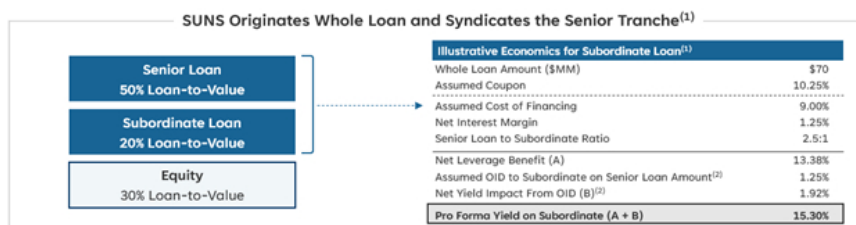
- target deal size of \$15 million to \$250 million;
- investment hold size of \$15 million to \$100 million;
- secured by CRE assets, including transitional or construction projects, across diverse property types;
- located primarily within markets in the Southern U.S. benefiting from economic tailwinds with growth potential;

- interest rates that are determined periodically on the basis of a floating base lending rate (e.g., SOFR) plus a credit spread;
- no more than approximately 75% LTV on an individual investment basis and no more than approximately 75% LTV across the portfolio, in each case, at the time of origination or acquisition;
- duration of approximately 2-5 years;
- origination fees and/or exit fees;
- significant downside protections; and
- experienced borrowers and well-capitalized sponsors with high quality business plans.

Our portfolio of investments will target low-teens net IRR, which we aim to be in the mid-teens after including total interest and other revenue from the portfolio, including loans funded from drawing on our leverage, net of our interest expense from our portfolio lenders. We are targeting an expected leverage ratio of 1.5:1 debt-to-equity.

Our investment mix will likely include high quality residential (including multifamily, condominiums and single-family residential communities), industrial, office, retail, hospitality, mixed-use and specialty-use real estate.

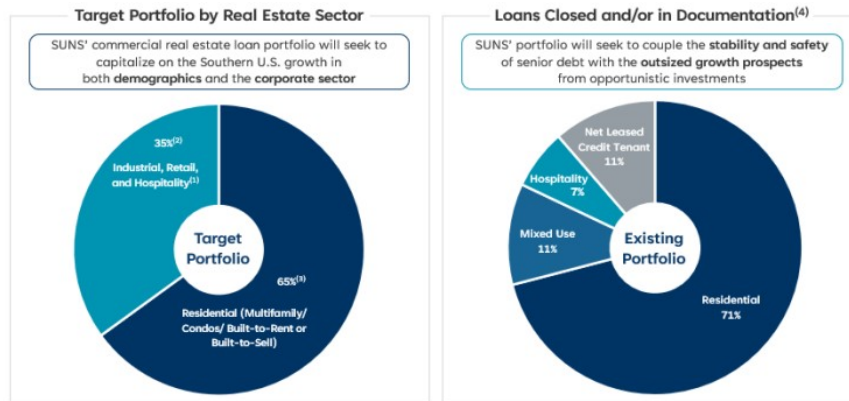
Our investment program will primarily include senior mortgage loans, mezzanine loans, B-notes, CMBS and debt-like preferred equity securities. We may originate or purchase the above types of investments and hold them to maturity. We may also originate a whole loan and subsequently create a mezzanine loan by partnering with a senior lender (likely a national or regional bank, or an insurance company), who will acquire the senior portion of the loan from us. We believe that this structure would allow us to deliver enhanced returns to our investors while providing competitive financing rates to our borrowers. An example of this structure is shown below.



(1) Based on an assumed thirty-six (36) month term, fully-funded at close and annual compounding for yield calculation. Based on management estimates. Provided for illustrative purposes only and does not reflect the terms of any specific loan or borrower.

(2) The entire 1.25% original issue discount (OID) is being allocated exclusively to the subordinate tranche, amounting to 4.375% of its \$20 million balance.

The following charts summarize our target portfolio by property and transaction types.



- (1) May include mixed-use and specialty-use properties.
- (2) Anticipated to comprise approximately 25%-50% of the portfolio. Provided for illustrative purposes only. No assurances can be given that SUNS will achieve the indicated portfolio diversification or returns.
- (3) Anticipated to comprise approximately 50%-75% of the portfolio. Provided for illustrative purposes only. No assurances can be given that SUNS will achieve the indicated portfolio diversification or returns.
- (4) Includes loans in documentation stage; SUNS is in varying stages of negotiation and has not completed its due diligence process with respect to projects that have not closed. As a result, there can be no assurance that these potential investments will be completed on the terms described above or at all. A component of these loans may be held through one or more affiliated co-investors.

The allocation of capital among our target assets will depend on prevailing market conditions at the time we invest and may change over time in response to changes in prevailing market conditions, including with respect to interest rates and general economic and credit market conditions as well as local economic conditions in markets where we are active.

Key Differentiating Factors

We believe that there is an immediate opportunity to capitalize on CRE market dislocations and declining liquidity, converging with migration trends to the Southern U.S. These opportunities are outlined below along with our view of our competitive advantages in identifying meaningful investment opportunities.

Unique Market Opportunity: A rapid rise in interest rates has caused significant impairment and disruption to the CRE capital markets. Legacy portfolio issues have caused banks and other traditional CRE lenders to retrench from CRE, and elevated interest rates have drained liquidity from the CRE capital markets. \$2.0 trillion of looming CRE maturities by 2026 will have to be addressed, and capital providers with liquidity and speed of execution will be better positioned to take advantage of this market dislocation. In addition, we believe that there is a supply-demand imbalance in the Southern U.S. for CRE. COVID-19 sped up migration inflows to the Southern U.S. as market dislocations simultaneously began to halt new supply, worsening any supply-demand imbalance further. We anticipate that this supply lag will persist for the foreseeable future.

Experience and Strategic Presence: We believe that our size and institutional infrastructure, as well as our management team's expertise in transitional real estate, distressed debt and recapitalizations; cycle-tested track record in CRE credit; deep knowledge of the Southern U.S. CRE market; and deep network of relationships across CRE markets will differentiate our

company in making CRE debt investments in the Southern U.S. We maintain a strategic local presence in the Southern U.S., with our headquarters in West Palm Beach, Florida, which we believe will enhance our sourcing capabilities and local market knowledge.

Diversified Portfolio: We intend to build a diversified portfolio of CRE investments that combines the upside potential from higher-yielding investments, including mezzanine loans, B-notes, CMBS, subordinate credit and debt-like preferred equity securities, with the relative safety of a stable pool of senior mortgage loans, which we believe will maximize risk-adjusted returns for our shareholders.

TCG Platform: Our and our Manager's relationship with TCG provide us with investment opportunities through a robust relationship network of commercial real estate owners, operators and related businesses as well as significant back-office personnel to assist in management of loans.

Strong Underlying Collateral: Our debt investments will primarily be secured by real estate assets that are expected to be diversified across asset classes, including high quality residential (including multifamily, condominiums and single-family residential communities), industrial, office, retail, hospitality, mixed-use and specialty-use real estate.

Underwriting and Investment Process

We believe that our Manager's rigorous investment process on our behalf enables us to make investments with potential for value creation as it seeks to provide capital to strong sponsors with readily executable business plans while endeavoring to implement significant downside protections. Our investment process includes, but is not limited, to the origination, underwriting, investment committee review, legal documentation and post-closing steps outlined below.

Origination	Underwriting	Investment Committee	Legal Documentation and Post-Closing
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Direct origination platform works to create enhanced yields by originating and structuring investments, as well as implementing enhanced controls Platform drives increased deal flow, which provides for improved deal selectivity Allows for specific portfolio construction and a focus on higher quality investment opportunities 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Disciplined underwriting process leads to a highly selective approach Underwriting team focuses on collateral and sponsor analysis, business plan review and exit strategy Other tools that we frequently use to verify data, include but are not limited to: appraisals, comparable analyses, environmental reports, site visits, and background checks 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Focused on managing credit risk through comprehensive investment review process The investment committee must approve each investment before commitment papers are issued Members of the investment committee include: Leonard M. Tannenbaum and Brian Sedrish 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Investment team works alongside external counsel to negotiate creditor agreements and other applicable agreements Emphasis is placed on financial covenants and a limitation of actions that may be adverse to lenders Portfolio is proactively managed to monitor ongoing performance and loan covenant compliance

We require a significant amount of information from each of our borrowers and on any guarantors, typically including: ownership structure charts; the borrower's and related entities' governing documents; a list of judgments, liens, and criminal convictions against key personnel/management; a list of pending or threatened claims/litigation by or against the borrower or its guarantor(s) including the status of any claim; information about other liabilities, including loans, foreclosures and bankruptcies; lending and banking references; recent certificates of good standing for all loan party entities; and other background information such as Google, credit and Lexis/Nexis searches. We also conduct financial due diligence on borrowers including, but not limited to, reviewing: audited or certified annual financial statements for the previous year, including monthly financial statements (where available); a detailed operating budget for the forward looking year; a list of any non-recurring/extraordinary revenues or expenses for current and prior fiscal years; details of corporate overhead or other corporate eliminations; balance sheet, within 30 days of closing; the last three (3) months of bank deposits; a capitalization table; proof of insurance policies; and resumes and net worth of key personnel/management. Additionally, we conduct extensive due diligence on properties owned or leased by its borrowers and any related guarantors.

Human Capital

The Company is led by a veteran team of commercial real estate investment professionals and our Manager, which, alongside other TCG platform asset managers pursuing similar or adjacent opportunities, are supported by the marketing, reporting, legal and other non-investment support services provided by the team of professionals within the TCG platform. Our officers also serve as officers or employees of our Manager and/or its affiliates. We are externally managed by our Manager. Our Manager receives certain administrative services, including personnel, legal, accounting, human resources, clerical, bookkeeping and record keeping services from TCG Services. In addition, the Manager receives investment personnel from SRT Group. The employees of TCG Services and SRT Group have extensive financing capabilities and experience in originating, underwriting and managing real estate and cash flow financings. Our and our Manager's relationship with TCG provide us with a robust relationship network of commercial real estate owners, operators and related businesses as well as significant back-office personnel to assist in management of loans.

The investment professionals we have access to through our Manager and TCG are valuable assets to our operations, and we believe each person is an integrated member of the team and is meaningful to our continued success. Our Manager's team and TCG's team meets regularly as a full team where each member will be encouraged to actively participate in a wide range of topics relating to our operations.

We believe that our Manager's ability to attract, develop, engage and retain key personnel is essential to our operations. While we are a young company, we believe our Manager provides a committed team of investment professionals and administrative support with substantial experience in each aspect of our operations, including cash flow and real estate lending, construction and real estate development, portfolio management, corporate finance and capital markets.

Spin-Off

On February 22, 2024, AFC announced a plan to separate into two independent, publicly traded companies—one focused on providing institutional loans to state law compliant cannabis operators in the United States, the other an institutional CRE lender focused on the Southern U.S. Prior to the Spin-Off, the Company held AFC's CRE portfolio as a wholly-owned subsidiary of

AFC. On July 9, 2024, AFC completed the separation of its CRE portfolio through the spin-off of the Company from AFC (the “Spin-Off”) through a pro-rata distribution of all of the outstanding shares of our common stock to all of AFC’s shareholders of record as of the close of business on July 8, 2024 (the “Record Date”). AFC’s shareholders of record as of the Record Date received one share of our common stock for every three shares of AFC common stock held as of the Record Date. AFC retained no ownership interest in us following the Spin-Off. Prior to the Spin-Off, AFC contributed approximately \$114.8 million to us in connection with the Spin-Off, comprised of its CRE portfolio and cash.

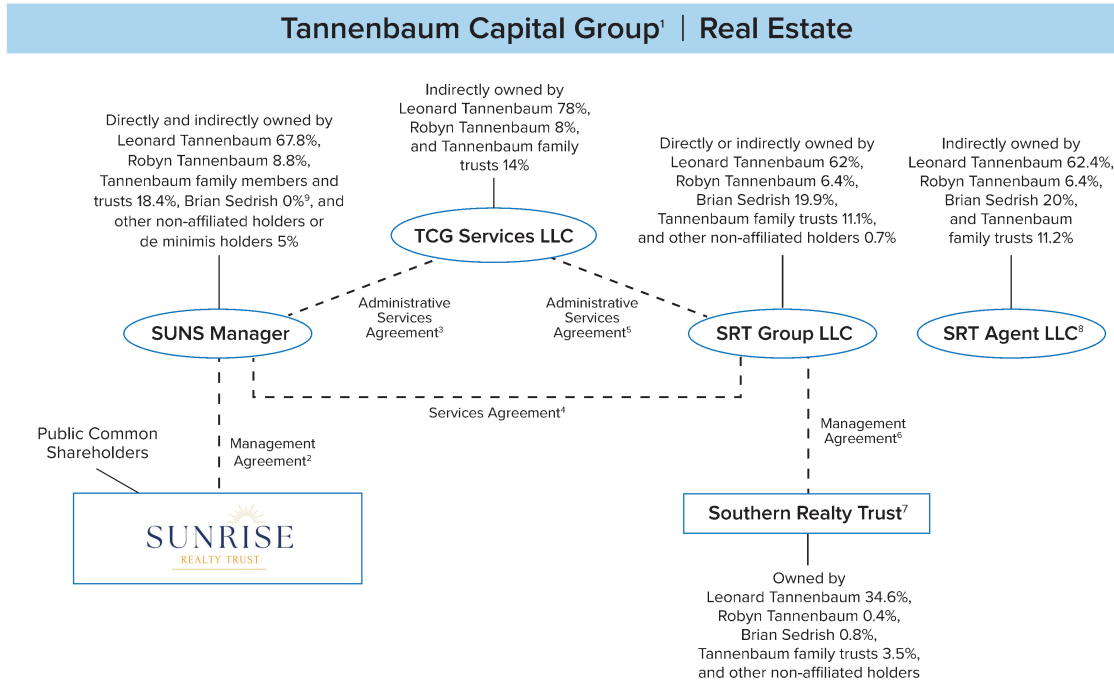
In connection with the Spin-Off, we entered into several agreements with AFC that govern the relationship between us and AFC following the Spin-Off, including the Separation and Distribution Agreement and the Tax Matters Agreement. These agreements provide for the allocation between AFC and us of the assets, liabilities and obligations (including, among others, investments, property and tax-related assets and liabilities) of AFC and its subsidiaries attributable to periods prior to, at and after the Spin-Off. Moreover, concurrent with the completion of the Spin-Off on July 9, 2024, our Management Agreement became effective. Our Manager also entered into the Administrative Services Agreement.

Effective July 1, 2024, Jodi Hanson Bond and James Fagan resigned from AFC’s Board of Directors and joined our Board of Directors. Additionally, Alexander Frank was appointed as a director of the Company and remains a director of AFC. In addition, effective July 1, 2024, Leonard M. Tannenbaum was appointed our Executive Chairman (and remains Chairman of AFC) and Brian Sedrish was appointed as our Chief Executive Officer and as a member of our Board of Directors. Brandon Hetzel continued in his role as our Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (and remains the Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer of AFC), and Robyn Tannenbaum continued in her role as our President (and remains the President and Chief Investment Officer of AFC).

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, we incurred approximately \$0.0 million and \$0.6 million, respectively, related to Spin-Off costs, which are recorded within professional fees in the unaudited interim statements of operations.

Organizational Chart

The ownership percentages shown in the below chart is as of December 31, 2024.



- (1) Tannenbaum Capital Group (“TCG”) is a platform for real estate and private credit focused asset managers and lenders, including Sunrise Realty Trust, Inc. (“SUNS”) and Southern Realty Trust, Inc. (“SRT”). TCG’s team of professionals provides services to the asset managers that are part of the TCG platform, including marketing, reporting, legal and other non-investment support services. Leonard Tannenbaum has a 78% interest in TCG and Robyn Tannenbaum has a 8% interest in TCG.
- (2) Represents contractual relationship pursuant to which SUNS Manager provides investment advisory and related services to SUNS.
- (3) Represents contractual relationship pursuant to which TCG Services LLC provides administrative personnel and services to SUNS’ Manager.
- (4) Represents contractual relationship pursuant to which SRT Group LLC provides investment personnel and services to SUNS’ Manager.
- (5) Represents contractual relationship pursuant to which TCG Services LLC provides administrative personnel and services to SRT Group LLC.
- (6) Represents contractual relationship pursuant to which SRT Group LLC provides investment advisory and related services to SRT.
- (7) Brian Sedrish is the Chief Executive Officer, a member of the investment committee, and a board member of SRT. Leonard Tannenbaum is a member of the investment committee and Executive Chairman of the board of directors of SRT. Robyn Tannenbaum is the Head of Capital Markets of SRT.
- (8) Serves as the agent for certain loans of SUNS.
- (9) Brian Sedrish, our Chief Executive Officer, is expected to be granted approximately 7.0% ownership in connection with this offering, which is expected to further increase relative to the amount of equity capital raised by the Company.

Administrative Services Agreement and Services Agreement

Our Manager has entered into the Administrative Services Agreement with TCG Services, an affiliate of our Manager and Leonard M. Tannenbaum, our Executive Chairman, and Robyn Tannenbaum, our President, that sets forth the terms on which TCG Services provides to us

certain administrative services, including providing personnel, office facilities, information technology and other equipment and legal, accounting, human resources, clerical, bookkeeping and record keeping services at such facilities and other services that are necessary or useful for us.

Our Manager has also entered into a Services Agreement with SRT Group, an affiliate of the Manager, Leonard M. Tannenbaum, Robyn Tannenbaum, Brian Sedrish our Chief Executive Officer, and Brandon Hetzel, our Chief Financial Officer, that sets forth the terms on which SRT Group provides investment personnel to us.

Conflicts of Interest

Numerous conflicts of interest exist after the Spin-Off based upon the numerous arrangements and/or agreements between the parties. For example, our Chief Executive Officer, Brian Sedrish also serves as Chief Executive Officer of SRT, a private vehicle that elected to be treated as a REIT with an investment strategy to provide capital solutions to CRE markets in the Southern U.S., similar to SUNS, and our Manager and its affiliates are not precluded from providing services to or managing a business with the same investment strategies as us. For more information, see “*Risk Factors—There are various conflicts of interest in our relationship with our Manager that could result in decisions that are not in the best interests of our shareholders.*”

Legal Proceedings

From time to time, we may become involved in litigation or other legal proceedings relating to claims arising from the ordinary course of business. Furthermore, third-parties may try to seek to impose liability on us in connection with our loans. As of December 31, 2024, we were not subject to any material legal proceedings.

Headquarters

We currently maintain our executive offices at 525 Okeechobee Blvd., Suite 1650, West Palm Beach, FL 33401.

Emerging Growth Company

As a company with less than \$1.235 billion in revenue during our last fiscal year, we qualify as an “emerging growth company” as defined in the JOBS Act. We will continue to be an emerging growth company until the earliest to occur of the following: (1) the last day of the fiscal year (a) following the fifth anniversary of the date of the first sale of our common stock pursuant to an effective registration statement under the Securities Act, (b) in which we have total annual revenue of at least \$1.235 billion, or (c) in which we are deemed to be a large accelerated filer, which generally means the market value of our common equity that is held by non-affiliates exceeds \$700 million as of the end of the prior fiscal year’s second fiscal quarter; and (2) the date on which we have issued more than \$1 billion in non-convertible debt securities during the prior three-year period.

Until we cease to be an emerging growth company, we plan to take advantage of reduced reporting requirements generally unavailable to other public companies. Those provisions allow us to do the following:

- provide reduced disclosure regarding our executive compensation arrangements pursuant to the rules applicable to smaller reporting companies, which means we do not have to

- include a compensation discussion and analysis and certain other disclosures regarding our executive compensation;
- not provide an auditor attestation of our internal control over financial reporting as required under Sarbanes-Oxley; and
- not hold a nonbinding advisory vote on executive compensation.

We have elected to adopt the reduced disclosure requirements described above for purposes of this prospectus. In addition, for so long as we qualify as an emerging growth company, we expect to take advantage of certain of the reduced reporting and other requirements of the JOBS Act with respect to the periodic reports we will file with the SEC and proxy statements that we use to solicit proxies from our shareholders. As a result of these elections, the information that we provide in this prospectus may be different than the information you may receive from other public companies in which you hold equity interests. In addition, it is possible that some investors will find our common stock less attractive as a result of these elections, which may result in a less active trading market for our common stock and higher volatility in our stock price.

In addition, the JOBS Act permits an emerging growth company to take advantage of an extended transition period to comply with new or revised accounting standards applicable to public companies. We have elected to take advantage of the extended transition period that allows an emerging growth company to delay the adoption of certain accounting standards until those standards would otherwise apply to private companies.

MANAGEMENT

We operate under the direction of our Board, which is responsible for directing the management of our business and affairs. Our Board has retained our Manager to manage our loans and day-to-day operations, subject to the terms of our Management Agreement and the supervision of our Board. We do not have any employees. Our loans are sourced and overseen by the members of our Manager's team, which has access to the services of over 30 professionals, including six investment professionals, through the Administrative Services Agreement with TCG Services and Services Agreement with SRT Group, and certain of whom are also our officers.

Directors and Executive Officers

The following table sets forth certain information concerning our directors and our executive officers, who, alongside our Manager and TCG Services, assist in our day-to-day operations:

Directors and Executive Officers	Age	Position/Title
Alexander Frank	66	Lead Independent Director
Leonard M. Tannenbaum	53	Executive Chairman
Brian Sedrish	51	Chief Executive Officer and Director
Jodi Hanson Bond	54	Independent Director
James Fagan	66	Independent Director
Brandon Hetzel	38	Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer
Robyn Tannenbaum	39	President

Alexander Frank - Lead Independent Director. Mr. Frank has served as our lead independent director since July 2024. Mr. Frank also currently serves as a director of AFC. Mr. Frank has more than 30 years of experience in financial and operational infrastructure. He previously worked at Fifth Street, which he joined in September 2011 and during his tenure through September 2017, he held various positions and was responsible for the operations of the company during his tenure from 2011 to 2017. Since retiring in September 2017, Mr. Frank has served as a board member at Fifth Street. He was the Chief Operating Officer and Chief Financial Officer of Fifth Street from the time of its initial public offering in 2014 to its sale to Oaktree in 2017. From September 2008 to March 2011, he served as a Managing Director and Chief Financial Officer of Chilton Investment Company LLC, a global investment management firm. Prior to that, Mr. Frank spent over 22 years at Morgan Stanley, having served as global head of institutional operations, global corporate controller and chief financial officer of U.S. broker/dealer operations and global treasurer. In his roles, he oversaw various securities infrastructure services, creating efficiencies throughout the organization, and managed all aspects of the internal and external financial control and reporting functions. Mr. Frank began his career in audit and tax accounting at Arthur Andersen LLP before joining Morgan Stanley in 1985. He received an M.B.A. from the University of Michigan and a B.A. from Dartmouth College. Mr. Frank brings to our Board a deep knowledge of financial management. He provides our Board with key insights to the financial markets, capital raising activities, and the management of a large, complex business.

Leonard M. Tannenbaum - Executive Chairman. Mr. Tannenbaum has served as our director since February 2024, and in connection with the Spin-Off, he serves as our Executive Chairman. Mr. Tannenbaum is responsible for our overall management and, in his capacity as a principal of our Manager, leads the Investment Committee, which is responsible for overseeing investment processes including origination, credit underwriting, risk analysis and loan approvals. Mr.

Tannenbaum has extensive leadership experience, including his experience as the founder of AFC and its Chief Executive Officer from July 2020 until September 2023 and its Chief Investment Officer from November 2023 until October 2024 and as the founder of Fifth Street, and its Chief Executive Officer from its inception in 1998 until October 2017 when substantially all of its assets were sold to Oaktree Capital Management (“Oaktree”). Prior to such sale to Oaktree, Fifth Street had a core focus on disciplined credit investing across multiple economic cycles, and issued billions of dollars in public equity, private capital and public debt securities. Fifth Street made flexible investments across capital structures to growing middle market companies, primarily in conjunction with private equity sponsors. It managed approximately \$5 billion of assets across multiple private investment vehicles and two publicly-traded business development companies. Fifth Street dissolved and liquidated its operations in the first half of 2022 and since its asset sale to Oaktree, it has had no revenue generating operations and makes no investments. Mr. Tannenbaum had a controlling interest in Fifth Street. Subsequent to the sale to Oaktree in 2017, Mr. Tannenbaum founded Tannenbaum Capital Group, a group of affiliated investment managers that are focused on allocating capital across various strategies including credit and commercial real estate. Mr. Tannenbaum currently serves as a director of AFC and SRT. Mr. Tannenbaum graduated from The Wharton School of the University of Pennsylvania, where he received a B.S. in economics. Subsequent to his undergraduate degree from the University of Pennsylvania, he received an MBA in Finance from The Wharton School as part of the submatriculation program. He is also a holder of the Chartered Financial Analyst designation and is a member of The Wharton Graduate Executive Board. Mr. Tannenbaum brings extensive financing industry and leadership experience to our Board. He provides our Board with critical understanding of our business and knowledge of how to craft and execute on our business and strategic plans. He is the founder, and a substantial shareholder, of our Company. Mr. Tannenbaum is married to the Company’s President, Robyn Tannenbaum.

Brian Sedrish - Chief Executive Officer and Director. Mr. Sedrish has served as our Chief Executive Officer and Director since July 2024. Mr. Sedrish has served as the Chief Executive Officer of SRT since September 2023. Mr. Sedrish previously worked as a Managing Director and Portfolio Manager at Related Fund Management from 2013 to 2023. Mr. Sedrish also worked as the Head of Commercial Real Estate Acquisitions Special Situations for Deutsche Bank. Mr. Sedrish has over 20 years of leadership experience within real estate private equity, focusing on institutional commercial real estate opportunities. Mr. Sedrish received his B.A. from University of Michigan, his M.B.A. from Northwestern University and his M.P.A. from Harvard University. Mr. Sedrish brings extensive commercial real estate industry and leadership experience to our Board. He provides our Board with a deep understanding of commercial real estate, financial markets, private equity and deal experience, with critical knowledge of how to execute on our business and strategic plans.

Jodi Hanson Bond - Independent Director. Ms. Bond has served as our independent director since July 2024. Since March 2020, Ms. Bond has served as the Chief Executive Officer of Quantum Wave Strategies, LLC and, since August 2020, as the President of DevryBV Sustainable Strategies. From October 2017 to September 2019, Ms. Bond was the Executive Vice President and Head of Government and Industry Relations at Chubb Limited. Previously, Ms. Bond served as an Independent Director at Fifth Street from March 2017 to June 2021. From October 2011 to October 2017, Ms. Bond was the Senior Vice President, International at the U.S. Chamber of Commerce and the President and a member of the Board of Directors for several U.S. Chamber of Commerce subsidiaries, including U.S.-Colombia Business Council, Association of American Chambers of Commerce of Latin America and the Caribbean, Brazil-U.S. Business Council, U.S.-Argentina Business Council, and U.S.-Cuba Business Council. Ms. Bond is also a member of the National Association of Corporate Directors and the Economic Club of Washington. Ms. Bond has been a director of AFC since 2020 and resigned as a director of AFC, in connection with the Spin-

Off. Ms. Bond received her M.A. in Government from Johns Hopkins University and her B.A. in Politics from Whitman College. Ms. Bond's experience as a global business practitioner and her executive leadership positioning for corporate advancement and business strategy development across various countries bring meaningful insight to our Board.

James Fagan - Independent Director. Mr. Fagan has served as our independent director since July 2024. Mr. Fagan has 40 years of CRE experience having worked and held senior positions with both CBRE Group, Inc. ("CBRE") and Cushman & Wakefield, Inc. ("C&W"). His responsibilities have included supervising different offices for both CBRE & C&W in the New York metropolitan region, including Connecticut, Long Island, New Jersey and Manhattan. Mr. Fagan has acted as a broker on hundreds of millions dollars' worth of transactions in both leasing and capital markets arenas. Mr. Fagan also has been a leader in implementing acquisitions and strategic initiatives undertaken by both CBRE and C&W. Mr. Fagan has been a director of AFC since 2023 and resigned as a director of AFC, in connection with the Spin-Off. He is a graduate of the University of Connecticut. Mr. Fagan brings to our Board extensive commercial real estate industry knowledge and valuable experience with the finance industry.

Brandon Hetzel - Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer. Mr. Hetzel has served as our Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer since February 2024. Mr. Hetzel also currently serves as the Chief Financial Officer of AFC, a position he has held since March 2023. Mr. Hetzel has also served as Chief Financial Officer of SRT since September 2023. Prior to joining the Company, Mr. Hetzel served as VP of Finance for El-Ad National Properties, LLC, a real estate development and asset management company, and prior to that, spent seven years with PricewaterhouseCoopers, where he was a manager in the REIT audit practice. Mr. Hetzel has over fourteen years of real estate and financial management experience focused on real estate and REITs, including multi-family properties, hotels, office buildings, malls, strip centers and condominium development. Mr. Hetzel received a Master of Business Administration, Accounting BSBA and Finance BSBA from the University of Central Florida and is a licensed Certified Public Accountant.

Robyn Tannenbaum - President. Mrs. Tannenbaum has served as our President since February 2024. Mrs. Tannenbaum also currently serves as the President of AFC, a position she has held since March 2023, and Chief Investment Officer of AFC, a position she has held since October 2024. Mrs. Tannenbaum has also served as Head of Capital Markets of SRT since September 2023. Mrs. Tannenbaum has over 7 years' experience focusing on mergers and acquisitions and leveraged loans to healthcare companies. Additionally, she has 5 years of experience as an investor relations professional within the finance industry. Mrs. Tannenbaum formerly served as Head of Investor Relations at Fifth Street from March 2014 to October 2017 and as a Vice President in Healthcare mergers and acquisitions at CIT Group Inc. Subsequent to her time at Fifth Street, from October 2017 through July 2020, she founded and worked at REC Investor Relations, a boutique investor relations and marketing consulting firm advising healthcare and financial services companies. She graduated summa cum laude with a B.S. in Finance, with a concentration in Marketing and a Public Relations minor from Lehigh University. Mrs. Tannenbaum brings deep experience in investor relations within the finance industry, bringing meaningful insight as the President. Mrs. Tannenbaum is married to Mr. Tannenbaum.

Some of our directors and executive officers act, and some of our future directors and executive officers may act, as directors and executive officers of our Manager, its affiliates and other investment vehicles managed by our Manager, as applicable, and such directors and executive officers may own interests in such other entities from time to time.

Board of Directors

Our Board has the responsibility for establishing broad corporate policies and for our overall performance and direction, and generally oversees the management of our day-to-day operations. Our Board monitors and performs an oversight role with respect to our business and affairs, including with respect to investment practices and performance, compliance with regulatory requirements and the services, expenses and performance of certain of our service providers. Among other things, our Board elects our officers and either directly, or by delegation to the Audit and Valuation Committee and/or Compensation Committee, as applicable, reviews and monitors the services and activities performed by our Manager and our officers.

Our directors keep informed about our business by attending meetings of our Board and its committees and through supplemental reports and communications with our Manager and our executive officers. Our independent directors meet in executive session at which only our independent directors are present at least twice a year or such greater number as required by the rules, regulations and listing standards of the Nasdaq Capital Market. Our Lead Independent Director, Alexander Frank, acts as the presiding independent director and presides at meetings of the independent directors or non-management directors.

Our Board has designated Alexander Frank, one of our independent directors, to serve as Lead Independent Director. The Lead Independent Director serves as the liaison between management and the independent directors. The Lead Independent Director's duties include facilitating communication with our Board and presiding over regularly conducted executive sessions of the independent directors. It is the role of the Lead Independent Director to review matters such as our Board meeting agendas, meeting schedule sufficiency and, where appropriate, other information provided to the directors; however, all directors are encouraged to, and in fact do, consult with management on each of the above topics. The Lead Independent Director and each of the other directors communicate regularly with the Executive Chairman and our Chief Executive Officer regarding appropriate agenda topics and other matters related to our Board.

Under the Bylaws, our Board may designate a chairperson to preside over the meetings of our Board and meetings of the shareholders and to perform such other duties as may be assigned to him or her by our Board. We do not have a fixed policy as to whether the chairperson of our Board should be an independent director and we believe that our flexibility to select our chairman and reorganize our leadership structure from time to time is in the best interests of our Company and our shareholders. Mr. Tannenbaum serves as the Executive Chairman. We believe that we are best served through our leadership structure with Mr. Tannenbaum serving as an Executive Chairman combined with Alexander Frank serving as Lead Independent Director. We believe that Mr. Tannenbaum's extensive finance industry and leadership experience and critical understanding of our business and knowledge of how to craft and execute on our business and strategic plans qualifies him to serve as the Executive Chairman, and his relationship with our Manager provides an effective bridge between our Board and our Manager, thus ensuring an open dialogue between our Board and our Manager and that both groups act with a common purpose.

We believe that the leadership structure of our Board must be evaluated on a case by case basis and that our existing Board leadership structure provides sufficient independent oversight over our Manager. In addition, we believe that the current governance structure, when combined with the functioning of the independent director component of our Board and our overall corporate governance structure, strikes an appropriate balance between strong and consistent leadership and independent oversight of our business and affairs. However, we re-examine our corporate governance policies on an ongoing basis to ensure that they continue to meet our needs.

Classification of Directors

Our Board consists of five directors, classified into three classes serving staggered three-year terms, as follows:

- Class I, consisting of Leonard M. Tannenbaum and Alexander Frank, with current terms expiring at the annual meeting of shareholders to be held in 2025;
- Class II, consisting of Brian Sedrish and James Fagan, with initial terms expiring at the annual meeting of shareholders to be held in 2026; and
- Class III, consisting of Jodi Hanson Bond, with initial terms expiring at the annual meeting of shareholders to be held in 2027.

At each annual meeting of shareholders, at least one class of directors will be elected to succeed the class whose terms are then expiring and each director will hold office for the term for which he or she is elected and until his or her successor is duly elected and qualifies. At any meeting of shareholders, the presence in person or by proxy of shareholders entitled to cast a majority of the votes entitled to be cast at such meeting on any matter constitutes a quorum. A plurality of all the votes cast at a meeting of shareholders duly called and at which a quorum is present is sufficient to elect a director.

Although a majority of our entire Board may establish, increase or decrease the number of directors, the number thereof shall never be less than the minimum number required by the MGCL (which is one), nor more than 11, and a decrease may not have the effect of shortening the term of any incumbent director. Any director may resign at any time or may be removed only for cause, and then only by the shareholders upon the affirmative vote of a majority of the votes entitled to be cast generally in the election of directors.

Except as may be provided by our Board in setting the terms of any class or series of our preferred stock, a vacancy created by an increase in the number of directors or otherwise may be filled only by the affirmative vote of a majority of the remaining directors, even if the remaining directors do not constitute a quorum, and any director elected to fill a vacancy will serve for the remainder of the full term of the class in which the vacancy occurred and until a successor is elected and qualifies.

We believe our Board collectively has the experience, qualifications, attributes and skills to effectively oversee the management of our Company, including a high degree of personal and professional integrity, an ability to exercise sound business judgment on a broad range of issues, sufficient experience and background to have an appreciation of the issues facing our Company, a willingness to devote the necessary time to board of directors duties, a commitment to representing the best interests of our Company and our shareholders and a dedication to enhancing shareholder value.

Director Independence

Our Board reviews any relationship that each of our directors has with us, either directly or indirectly, that could interfere with exercising independent judgment in carrying out a director's responsibilities. Our Board has determined that Alexander Frank, Jodi Hanson Bond and James Fagan meet the independence standards as set forth by the rules, regulations and listing standards of the Nasdaq and the applicable rules of the SEC.

Role of Our Board of Directors in Risk Oversight

One of the key functions of our Board is informed oversight of our risk management process. Our Board administers this oversight function directly, with support from its three standing committees, the Audit and Valuation Committee, Compensation Committee and the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, each of which addresses risks specific to its respective areas of oversight. In particular, as more fully described below, our Audit and Valuation Committee has the responsibility to consider and discuss our major financial risk exposures and the steps our management has taken to monitor and control these exposures, including guidelines and policies to govern the process by which risk assessment and management is undertaken. The Audit and Valuation Committee also monitors compliance with legal and regulatory requirements and the review and approval of our related party transactions, in addition to oversight of the performance of our internal audit function (to the extent such function is required by applicable rules and regulations). Because the Audit and Valuation Committee is already charged with approving our related party transactions, our Board has charged the Audit and Valuation Committee with overseeing amounts payable to our Manager pursuant to our Management Agreement and making recommendations to our Board with respect to our Board's approval of the renewal of our Management Agreement. Our Compensation Committee is generally responsible for discharging the Board's responsibilities relating to the compensation, if any, of our executive officers and directors, overseeing the expense reimbursement of our Manager and its affiliates for compensation paid by such entities to their respective employees pursuant to our Management Agreement, the administration and implementation of our incentive and equity-based compensation plans, including the 2024 Stock Incentive Plan, and the preparation of reports on or relating to executive compensation required by the rules and regulations of the SEC. Our Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee provides oversight with respect to corporate governance and ethical conduct and monitors the effectiveness of our corporate governance guidelines, including whether such guidelines are successful in preventing illegal or improper liability-creating conduct.

Our Manager has established an Investment Committee for us, the members of which consist of employees of our Manager and/or its affiliates, and which currently includes certain affiliates of our Manager and certain of our officers. The Investment Committee works in conjunction with our Board to manage our credit risk through a comprehensive investment review process.

In addition, our Board and the Audit and Valuation Committee meet regularly with our Manager and consider the feedback our Manager provides concerning the risks related to our enterprise, business, operations and strategies. Our Manager regularly reports to our Board and the Audit and Valuation Committee on our portfolio and the risks related thereto, asset impairments, leverage position, affiliate payments (including payments made and expenses reimbursed pursuant to the terms of the Management Agreement), compliance with applicable covenants under the agreements governing our indebtedness, compliance with our qualification as a REIT and compliance with our exemption from registration as investment company under the Investment Company Act. Members of our Board are routinely in contact with our Manager and our executive officers, as appropriate, in connection with their consideration of matters submitted for the approval of our Board or the Audit and Valuation Committee and the risks associated with such matters.

We believe that the extent of our Board's (and its committees') role in risk oversight complements the Board's leadership structure because it allows our independent directors, through the three fully independent Board committees, executive sessions with the independent auditors, and otherwise, to exercise oversight of risk without any conflict that might discourage critical review.

We believe that a board of directors' role in risk oversight must be evaluated on a case by case basis and that our Board's role in risk oversight is appropriate. However, we re-examine the manner in which our Board administers its oversight function on an ongoing basis to ensure that it continues to meet our needs.

Committees of the Board of Directors

Our Board has three committees: the Audit and Valuation Committee, Compensation Committee and the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, each of which meets the Nasdaq independence standards and other governance requirements for such a committee. The principal functions of each committee are briefly described below. Additionally, our Board may from time to time establish other committees to facilitate our Board's oversight of management of our business and affairs. The charters of the Audit and Valuation Committee, Compensation Committee and the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee are available on our website at www.sunriserealtytrust.com/investors. The information on, or otherwise accessible through, our website does not constitute a part of this prospectus.

Audit and Valuation Committee. The Audit and Valuation Committee charter defines the Audit and Valuation Committee's principal functions, including oversight related to:

- the integrity of our financial statements;
- the qualifications and independence of any independent registered public accounting firm engaged by us;
- the performance of our internal audit function (to the extent such function is required by applicable rules and regulations) and any independent registered public accounting firm;
- the determination of the fair value of assets that are not publicly-traded or for which current market values are not readily available; and
- the entry and monitoring of related party transactions.

The Audit and Valuation Committee assists our Board in its management of our Company. In particular, the Audit and Valuation Committee (i) serves as an independent party to monitor our financial reporting processes and internal control system; (ii) discusses the audit conducted by our independent registered public accounting firm; (iii) provides an open avenue of communication among our independent registered public accounting firm, our management and our Board; and (iv) serves as an independent party to review, approve and monitor our related party transactions. The members of the Audit and Valuation Committee are appointed by our Board to serve in accordance with the Bylaws and at the discretion of our Board and may be removed or replaced by our Board at any time.

The Audit and Valuation Committee consists of no fewer than three directors. Except as may otherwise be permitted by the rules of Nasdaq and the SEC, each member of the Audit and Valuation Committee shall, in the determination of our Board be (1) an "independent director" that (a) satisfies the independence and other requirements established by Nasdaq and (b) meets the independence requirements of Section 10A of the Exchange Act, and SEC Rule 10A-3(b)(1) under the Exchange Act and (2) financially literate, as determined by our Board in its business judgment, or must become financially literate within a reasonable period of time after his or her appointment to the Audit and Valuation Committee. In addition, the Audit and Valuation Committee shall at all times include at least one member who has accounting or related financial management expertise, as our Board's interprets such qualification in its business judgment.

The responsibilities of the Audit and Valuation Committee include, but are not limited to, appointment, compensation, retention and oversight of any independent registered public accounting firm engaged by us, discuss and review guidelines and policies with respect to risk assessment and risk management, review the adequacy of our internal audit function (to the extent such function is required by applicable rules and regulations), assist in performing oversight responsibilities for the internal control systems and disclosure procedures, recommend to our Board whether the financial statements should be included in reports made available to our shareholders and meet periodically with management to discuss any of the above or any identified issues.

Subject to the provisions of our related person transaction policies and procedures, the Audit and Valuation Committee is also responsible for reviewing and approving our related party transactions, including matters related to our Management Agreement. Because the Audit and Valuation Committee is already charged with approving our related party transactions, our Board has charged the Audit and Valuation Committee with overseeing amounts payable to our Manager pursuant to our Management Agreement and making recommendations to our Board with respect to our Board's approval of the renewal of our Management Agreement. The Audit and Valuation Committee and our Board must approve any renewal of our Management Agreement.

Our Audit and Valuation Committee consists of three members, Alexander Frank, Jodi Hanson Bond and James Fagan, with Mr. Frank serving as chairperson. Our Board has affirmatively determined that Mr. Frank, Ms. Bond and Mr. Fagan each meet the definition of "independent director" based on the Nasdaq independence standards, and satisfy the independence requirements of Rule 10A-3 of the Exchange Act. Our Board has also determined that (i) Mr. Frank qualifies as an "audit committee financial expert" under SEC rules and regulations and (ii) each member of the Audit and Valuation Committee is "financially literate" as the term is defined by Nasdaq listing standards.

Compensation Committee. The Compensation Committee charter defines the Compensation Committee's principal functions, including:

- discharging the Board's responsibilities relating to the compensation, if any, of our executive officers and directors;
- overseeing the expense reimbursement of our Manager and its affiliates for compensation paid by such entities to their respective employees pursuant to our Management Agreement;
- administering and implementing our incentive and equity-based compensation plans, including the 2024 Stock Incentive Plan; and
- preparing reports on or relating to executive compensation required by the rules and regulations of the SEC.

The Compensation Committee has the sole authority to retain and terminate compensation consultants to assist in the evaluation of compensation matters and the sole authority to approve the fees and other retention terms of such compensation consultants. The Compensation Committee, with input from its compensation consultant, if any, and our Manager, discusses and considers potential risks that arise from our compensation practices, policies and programs.

The Compensation Committee consists of no fewer than three directors. Except as may otherwise be permitted by the rules of Nasdaq, each member of the Compensation Committee shall, in the determination of our Board be an "independent director" that satisfies the independence and other requirements established by Nasdaq. The members of the Compensation

Committee shall also qualify as “non-employee directors” within the meaning of Rule 16b-3 promulgated under the Exchange Act. Our Compensation Committee consists of three members, James Fagan, Jodi Hanson Bond and Alexander Frank, with Mr. Fagan serving as chairperson. Our Board has affirmatively determined that all directors who serve on the Compensation Committee are independent under Nasdaq rules and qualify as non-employee directors within the meaning of Rule 16b-3 promulgated under the Exchange Act.

Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee charter defines the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee’s principal functions, including:

- identifying individuals to become members of the Board, consistent with the procedures and selection criteria established by the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee;
- periodically reviewing the size and composition of the Board and recommending to the Board such modifications to its size and/or composition as are determined by the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee to be necessary or desirable;
- recommending to the Board the director nominees for the next annual meeting of shareholders;
- recommending to the Board individuals to fill vacant Board positions;
- recommending to the Board committee appointments and chairpersons;
- developing and recommending to the Board a set of corporate governance principles, a Code of Business Conduct and Ethics and related corporation policies, practices and procedures;
- periodically reviewing and recommending to the Board updates to our corporate governance principles, Code of Business Conduct and Ethics and related corporation policies, practices and procedures;
- monitoring the Corporation’s compliance with applicable corporate governance requirements; and
- overseeing an annual evaluation of the Board, its committees and individual directors.

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee consists of no fewer than three directors. Except as may otherwise be permitted by the rules of Nasdaq, each member of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee shall, in the determination of our Board be an “independent director” that satisfies the independence and other requirements established by Nasdaq.

Our Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee consists of three members, Jodi Hanson, James Fagan and Alexander Frank, with Ms. Bond serving as chairperson. Our Board has affirmatively determined that all directors who serve on the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee are independent under Nasdaq rules.

Other Committees. Our Board may appoint from among its members one or more other committees, composed of one or more directors, to serve at the pleasure of our Board from time to time.

Code of Business Conduct and Ethics

We have adopted a code of business conduct and ethics that seeks to identify and mitigate conflicts of interest between us and our employees, if any, directors and officers. However, we

cannot assure you that these policies or the conduct of our business in accordance with applicable provisions of law will always be successful in eliminating or minimizing the influence of such conflicts, and if they are not successful, decisions could be made that might fail to reflect fully the interests of our shareholders. Among other matters, our code of business conduct and ethics is designed to deter wrongdoing and to promote:

- honest and ethical conduct, including the ethical handling of actual or apparent conflicts of interest between personal and professional relationships;
- full, fair, accurate, timely and understandable disclosure in our SEC reports and other public communications;
- compliance with applicable laws, rules and regulations;
- prompt internal reporting of violations of the code of business conduct and ethics or applicable laws to appropriate persons identified in the code;
- accountability for adherence to the code of business conduct and ethics;
- the protection of our legitimate interests, including its assets and corporate opportunities; and
- confidentiality of information entrusted to directors, officers and employees, if any, by us and our borrowers.

Any waiver of the code of business conduct and ethics for our directors or executive officers must be approved by our Board, and any such waiver shall be promptly disclosed as required by law and Nasdaq regulations.

Limitations on Liabilities and Indemnification of Directors and Officers

To the maximum extent permitted by Maryland law in effect from time to time, our Charter authorizes us to obligate ourselves, and our Bylaws obligate us, to indemnify and, without requiring a preliminary determination of the ultimate entitlement to indemnification, pay or reimburse reasonable expenses in advance of final disposition of a proceeding to:

- any present or former director or officer who is made or threatened to be made a party to, or witness in, a proceeding by reason of his or her service in that capacity; or
- any individual who, while a director or officer of our Company and at our request, serves or has served as a director, officer, partner, trustee, member or manager of another corporation, REIT, limited liability company, partnership, joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan or any other enterprise and who is made or threatened to be made a party to, or witness in, the proceeding by reason of his or her service in that capacity.

The Charter and Bylaws also permit us to indemnify and advance expenses to any person who served a predecessor of ours in any of the capacities described above and to any employee or agent of ours or a predecessor of ours.

We have entered into indemnification agreements with our directors and officers that provide for indemnification and advance of expenses to the maximum extent permitted by Maryland law, subject to certain standards to be met and certain other limitations and conditions as set forth in such indemnification agreements. We do not currently carry directors' and officers' insurance. However, we may in the future maintain such insurance or establish a sinking fund to contribute a specified amount of cash on a monthly basis towards insuring our directors and officers against liability. See "*Certain Provisions of Maryland Law and Our Charter and Bylaws*—

Indemnification and Limitation of Directors' and Officers' Liability" for additional information regarding the limitations on liabilities and indemnification of our directors and officers.

Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation

One of our executive officers serves, or in the past has served, as a member of the board of directors or compensation committee, or other committee serving an equivalent function, of any entity that has one or more executive officers who serve as members of our Board or our Compensation Committee. None of the members of our Compensation Committee is, or has ever been, our officer or employee.

Compensation of Our Directors

We expect to pay each of our directors an annual retainer of \$50,000 in cash in equal quarterly payments of \$12,500. Each director is entitled to reimbursement of reasonable expenses associated with attending board meetings. However, we do not pay our directors any fees for attending individual board or committee meetings. The Audit and Valuation Committee chairperson receives an additional \$10,000 annual retainer in cash in equal quarterly payments of \$2,500. The Compensation Committee chairperson receives an additional \$5,000 annual retainer in cash in equal quarterly payments of \$1,250. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee chairperson will receive an additional \$5,000 annual retainer in cash in equal quarterly payments of \$1,250. Directors must attend at least 75% of all meetings of the Board and all committees on which the director sits (including separate meetings of non-management directors or independent directors) in any specified fiscal year in order to be eligible to receive director compensation. If a director is also one of our executive officers, we will not pay any compensation to such person for services rendered as a director. Additionally, our directors are entitled to receive awards under our 2024 Stock Incentive Plan. For additional information regarding our 2024 Stock Incentive Plan, see "*—2024 Stock Incentive Plan.*"

Compensation of Our Executive Officers

We do not have any employees nor do we hire any employees who are compensated directly by us. Our loans are sourced and overseen by the members of our senior team, which currently consists of over 30 professionals, including six investment professionals, through the Administrative Services Agreement with TCG Services and Services Agreement with SRT Group. Each of our executive officers, including each executive officer who serves as a director, is employed by our Manager and/or its affiliates and receives compensation for his or her services, including services performed on our behalf, from our Manager and/or its affiliates, as applicable, except we may award equity-based incentive awards for our executive officers under our 2024 Stock Incentive Plan. Instead, we pay our Manager the fees described under "*Management Compensation*" and we indirectly bear the costs of the compensation paid to certain of our executive officers through expense reimbursements we pay to our Manager or its affiliates, as applicable. Pursuant to our Management Agreement, we reimburse our Manager or its affiliates, as applicable, for our fair and equitable allocable share of the compensation, including annual base salary, bonus, any related withholding taxes and employee benefits, paid to (i) subject to review by the Compensation Committee of our Board, our Manager's personnel serving as our Chief Executive Officer (except when the Chief Executive Officer serves as a member of the Investment Committee prior to the consummation of an internalization transaction of our Manager by us), Chief Legal Counsel, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Marketing Officer, Managing Director and any of our other officers based on the percentage of his or her time spent devoted to our affairs and (ii) other corporate finance, tax, accounting, internal audit, legal, risk management, operations, compliance and other non-investment personnel of our Manager and its affiliates who

spend all or a portion of their time managing our affairs, with the allocable share of the compensation of such personnel described in this clause (ii) being as reasonably determined by our Manager to appropriately reflect the amount of time spent devoted by such personnel to our affairs. The service by any personnel of our Manager and its affiliates as a member of the Investment Committee will not, by itself, be dispositive in the determination as to whether such personnel is deemed “investment personnel” of our Manager and its affiliates for purposes of expense reimbursement. For additional information regarding fees paid to our Manager and our reimbursement obligations related to compensation of our executive officers, see “*Management Compensation*.” For additional information regarding our 2024 Stock Incentive Plan, see “*2024 Stock Incentive Plan*.”

2024 Stock Incentive Plan

Our Board has, with the approval of our shareholders, adopted the 2024 Stock Incentive Plan to promote the success of our Company and the interests of our shareholders by providing an additional means for us to attract, motivate, retain and reward directors, officers, employees and other eligible persons through the grant of awards and incentives. Equity-based awards are also intended to further align the interests of award recipients and our shareholders. Included below is a summary of some of the key terms of the 2024 Stock Incentive Plan.

Administration. The Compensation Committee has been appointed as the initial administrator of the 2024 Stock Incentive Plan. The Compensation Committee may delegate some or all of its authority with respect to the 2024 Stock Incentive Plan to another committee of directors, and certain limited authority to grant awards to employees, if any, may be delegated to one or more of our officers. The appropriate acting body, be it our Board, a committee within its delegated authority, or an officer within his or her delegated authority, is referred to herein as the “Administrator.” The Administrator has broad authority under the 2024 Stock Incentive Plan, including the authority to grant awards to participants it selects and to determine the terms and conditions of all awards.

Eligibility. Persons eligible to receive awards under the 2024 Plan include officers or employees of the Company or any of its subsidiaries, directors of the Company, employees of the Manager and certain directors, consultants and other service providers to the Company or any of its subsidiaries.

Authorized Shares. The current maximum number of shares of our common stock that may be delivered pursuant to awards under the 2024 Stock Incentive Plan (the “Share Limit”) equals 8% of the outstanding shares of our common stock at our Spin-Off from AFC, or 551,122 shares of our common stock. The Share Limit will automatically increase (i) upon the sale and consummation of any offering of our common stock (each such sale and offering, an “Equity Offering”), in an amount equal to ten percent (10.0%) of the total number of shares of common stock sold by us in connection with such Equity Offering and (ii) if on the last day of our fiscal year, the Share Limit has not increased during such fiscal year by an aggregate amount equal to or greater than two percent (2.0%) of the total number of shares of common stock outstanding on the first day of such fiscal year (the “Minimum Annual Increase”), then in an amount equal to the difference between the Minimum Annual Increase and the aggregate amount in which the Share Limit increased during such fiscal year, effective as of the last day of such fiscal year. Notwithstanding the foregoing, our Board may act prior to the sale and consummation of the applicable Equity Offering or the last day of such fiscal year, as applicable, to provide that an increase in the Share Limit will be a lesser number of shares of common stock than would otherwise occur pursuant to the preceding sentence. Shares that are subject to or underlie awards that expire or for any reason are cancelled or terminated, are forfeited, fail to vest, or for any other

reason are not paid or delivered under the 2024 Stock Incentive Plan will not be counted against the Share Limit and will again be available for subsequent awards under the 2024 Stock Incentive Plan. Shares that are exchanged by a participant or withheld by us as full or partial payment in connection with any award granted under the 2024 Stock Incentive Plan, as well as any shares exchanged by a participant or withheld by us to satisfy tax withholding obligations related to any award granted under the 2024 Stock Incentive Plan, will not be counted against the Share Limit and will again be available for subsequent awards under the 2024 Stock Incentive Plan. To the extent that an award is settled in cash or a form other than shares, the shares that would have been delivered had there been no such cash or other settlement will not be counted against the Share Limit and will again be available for subsequent awards under the 2024 Stock Incentive Plan.

Types of Awards. The 2024 Stock Incentive Plan authorizes stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock, stock bonuses, stock units and other forms of awards granted or denominated in our common stock or units of our common stock. The 2024 Stock Incentive Plan retains flexibility to offer competitive incentives and to tailor benefits to specific needs and circumstances. Any award may be structured to be paid or settled in cash. We have granted, and currently intend to continue to grant, restricted stock awards to participants in the 2024 Stock Incentive Plan, but we may also grant any other type of award available under the 2024 Stock Incentive Plan in the future.

Change in Control. Upon the occurrence of a change in control event, each then-outstanding award granted under the 2024 Stock Incentive Plan will terminate, subject to any provision that has been made by the Administrator, through a plan of reorganization or otherwise, for the survival, substitution, assumption, exchange or other continuation or settlement of any award. The Administrator also has broad authority to provide for the accelerated vesting of outstanding awards in connection with a change in control event.

Transfer Restrictions. Subject to certain exceptions contained in the 2024 Stock Incentive Plan, awards under the 2024 Stock Incentive Plan generally are not transferable by the recipient other than by will or the laws of descent and distribution and are generally exercisable, during the recipient's lifetime, only by the recipient.

Adjustments. As is customary in incentive plans of this nature, the Share Limit and the number and kind of shares available under the 2024 Stock Incentive Plan and any outstanding awards, as well as the exercise or purchase prices of awards, and performance targets and periods under certain types of performance-based awards, are subject to adjustment in the event of certain reorganizations, mergers, combinations, conversions, recapitalizations, stock splits, stock dividends, or other similar events that change the number or kind of shares outstanding, and extraordinary dividends or distributions of property to the shareholders.

Tax Withholding. Participants in the 2024 Stock Incentive Plan are responsible for the payment of any federal, state or local taxes that we are required by law to withhold upon any option exercise or vesting or other tax event for other awards. Subject to approval by the Administrator, participants may elect to have any applicable tax withholding obligations satisfied by authorizing us to withhold shares of common stock to be issued pursuant to an option exercise or vesting of other awards, or through the delivery of previously acquired shares owned by the participant.

No Limit on Other Authority. The 2024 Stock Incentive Plan does not limit the authority of our Board or any committee to grant awards or authorize any other compensation, with or without reference to our common stock, under any other plan or authority.

Termination of or Changes to the 2024 Stock Incentive Plan. Our Board may amend or terminate the 2024 Stock Incentive Plan at any time and in any manner. Shareholder approval for an amendment will be required only to the extent then required by applicable law or deemed necessary or advisable by our Board. Outstanding awards, as well as the Administrator's authority with respect thereto, generally will continue following the expiration or termination of the 2024 Stock Incentive Plan.

OUR MANAGER AND OUR MANAGEMENT AGREEMENT

General

We are currently externally managed and advised by Sunrise Manager LLC, a registered investment adviser under the Advisers Act, and an affiliate of Mr. Tannenbaum and Mrs. Tannenbaum, to provide debt capital solutions to commercial real estate markets in the Southern U.S. Each of our officers is an employee of our Manager and/or its affiliates, and certain of our officers are members of its Investment Committee. The executive offices of our Manager are located at 525 Okeechobee Blvd., Suite 1650, West Palm Beach, FL 33401 and the telephone number of our Manager's executive offices is (561) 530-3315. Our Manager has entered into the Administrative Services Agreement with TCG Services, which sets forth the terms on which TCG Services provides certain administrative services, including providing personnel, office facilities, information technology and other equipment and legal, accounting, human resources, clerical, bookkeeping and record keeping services at such facilities and other services that are necessary or useful for us. TCG Services is an affiliate of our Manager and Leonard Tannenbaum, our Executive Chairman, and Robyn Tannenbaum, our President. Our Manager has also entered into a Services Agreement with SRT Group, an affiliate of the Manager, Leonard M. Tannenbaum, Robyn Tannenbaum, Brian Sedrish our Chief Executive Officer, and Brandon Hetzel, our Chief Financial Officer, that sets forth the terms on which SRT Group provides investment personnel to us.

Manager

We have entered into a Management Agreement with our Manager for its services in managing our loans and day-to-day operations and to otherwise perform services for us as discussed below. Under the Management Agreement, our Manager has contractual responsibilities to us, including to provide us with a management team, who are our executive officers, and the Investment Committee.

Management Agreement

We are managed by our Board and our executive officers and by our Manager, as provided for under our Management Agreement, which is summarized below.

Pursuant to our Management Agreement, our Manager manages our loans and our day-to-day operations, subject at all times to the further terms and conditions set forth in our Management Agreement and such further limitations or parameters as may be imposed from time to time by our Board. Our Manager uses its commercially reasonable efforts to perform its duties under our Management Agreement.

In connection with its management and operation of our business activities, our Manager may retain, at our sole cost and expense, such services of persons and firms as our Manager deems necessary or advisable. In addition, subject to the approval of our Board (which shall not be unreasonably withheld), our Manager may enter into one or more sub-advisory agreements with other investment managers (each, a "Sub-Manager") pursuant to which our Manager may obtain the services of such Sub-Manager(s) to assist our Manager in providing the investment advisory services required to be provided by our Manager under our Management Agreement. Any compensation payable to a Sub-Manager are the responsibility of our Manager.

Our Manager shall be responsible for preparing, or causing to be prepared, at our sole cost and expense: (i) any reports and other information relating to any proposed or consummated loan

as may be reasonably requested; (ii) all reports, financial or otherwise, with respect to us, reasonably required by our Board; (iii) all materials and data necessary to complete such reports and other materials, including an annual audit of our books of accounts by a nationally recognized independent accounting firm; and (iv) regular reports for our Board to enable our Board to review our acquisitions, portfolio composition and characteristics, credit quality, performance and compliance with the policies approved by our Board.

Indemnification and Liability

Our Management Agreement provides for customary indemnification of our Manager and its affiliates, and certain of our and their respective members, shareholders, managers, partners, trustees, personnel, officers, directors, employees, consultants and Sub-Managers, as applicable. Additionally, we have entered into indemnification agreements with the members of the Investment Committee provided by our Manager that provide for indemnification and advance of expenses to the maximum extent permitted by Maryland law. Neither we nor our Manager currently carry directors' and officers' insurance. The Management Agreement also provides that our Manager, its affiliates, and any of their respective members, shareholders, managers, partners, trustees, personnel, officers, directors, employees, consultants and any person providing sub-advisory services to our Manager (collectively, the "Manager Parties") will not be liable to us for acts or omissions performed in accordance with and pursuant to the Management Agreement, except by reason of acts constituting bad faith, willful misconduct, gross negligence, or reckless disregard of their duties under the relevant Management Agreement.

Term

The initial term of our Management Agreement shall continue until February 22, 2027. After the initial term, our Management Agreement shall automatically renew each year for an additional one-year period, unless we or our Manager elect not to renew. We may decline to renew our Management Agreement upon 180 days prior written notice and the affirmative vote of at least two-thirds of our independent directors that there has been unsatisfactory performance by our Manager that is materially detrimental to us taken as a whole. In such event, we shall pay our Manager a termination fee (the "Termination Fee") equal to three times the sum of (i) the average annual Base Management Fee and (ii) the average annual Incentive Compensation, in each case, earned by our Manager during the 12-month period immediately preceding the most recently completed fiscal quarter. Our Manager may decline to renew our Management Agreement upon 180 days prior written notice and without payment of any termination fee by either party. We and our Manager have agreed that it is both of our intention that if our Management Agreement is not terminated prior to our equity equaling or exceeding \$1,000,000,000, then we and our Manager (or the equity owners of our Manager) shall contemplate effecting an Internalization Transaction (as defined below) upon our equity equaling or exceeding \$1,000,000,000 pursuant to our Management Agreement.

Termination for Cause

We may terminate our Management Agreement effective upon 30 days' prior written notice, without payment of any termination fee, if (i) our Manager, its agents or its assignees breach any material provision of our Management Agreement and such breach shall continue for a period of 30 days after written notice thereof specifying such breach and requesting that the same be remedied in such 30-day period (or 45 days after written notice of such breach if our Manager takes steps to cure such breach within 30 days of the written notice); (ii) there is a commencement of any proceeding relating to our Manager's bankruptcy or insolvency, including an order for relief in an involuntary bankruptcy case or our Manager authorizing or filing a

voluntary bankruptcy petition; (iii) any Manager change of control occurs that a majority of the independent directors determines is materially detrimental to us taken as a whole; (iv) our Manager is dissolved; or (v) our Manager commits fraud against us, misappropriates or embezzles our funds, or acts, or fails to act, in a manner constituting bad faith, willful misconduct, gross negligence or reckless disregard in the performance of its duties under the Management Agreement; provided, however, that if any of the actions or omissions described in this clause (v) are caused by an employee, personnel and/or officer of our Manager or one of its affiliates and our Manager (or such affiliate) takes all necessary and appropriate action against such person and cures the damage caused by such actions or omissions within 30 days of our Manager's actual knowledge of its commission or omission, we shall not have the right to terminate our Management Agreement.

Our Manager may terminate our Management Agreement effective upon 60 days' prior written notice in the event that we default in the performance or observance of any material term, condition or covenant contained in our Management Agreement and such default shall continue for a period of 30 days after written notice thereof specifying such default and requesting that the same be remedied in such 30-day period. We are required to pay to our Manager the Termination Fee if our Management Agreement is terminated pursuant to the preceding sentence. Additionally, our Manager may terminate our Management Agreement if we are required to register as an investment company under the Investment Company Act, in which case we shall not be required to pay a termination fee.

Internalization of our Manager

In the event that certain conditions are met, we have the option to internalize our Manager. Any such transaction will require the approval of a committee consisting solely of our independent directors and shareholder approval as further described below. Upon the date on which our equity equals or exceeds \$1,000,000,000 (such date, the "Internalization Trigger Date"), our Manager shall provide us with a written offer for an internalization transaction in which our Manager will contribute all of its assets to us, or in the alternative, the equity owners of our Manager will contribute 100% of the outstanding equity interest in our Manager to us (such transaction an "Internalization Transaction"). The initial offer price will be as determined by our Manager and set forth in any such initial written offer. Upon receipt of our Manager's initial offer, a special committee of our Board consisting solely of our independent directors (the "Internalization Committee") may accept our Manager's proposal or submit a counteroffer. If an Internalization Transaction is not consummated pursuant to our Manager's initial offer or our Manager's counteroffer, our Manager and we agree to enter into good faith negotiations for the consummation of an Internalization Transaction with an offer price to be agreed. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if an Internalization Transaction has not been consummated prior to the end of the three month anniversary of the Internalization Trigger Date, then on the last day of such term, we shall have the right, but not the obligation, to consummate an Internalization Transaction, effective as of the last day of such term, at an internalization price (the "Internalization Price") equal to five times the sum of (i) the average annual Base Management Fee, (ii) the average annual Incentive Compensation and (iii) and the aggregate amount of Outside Fees less the Base Management Fee Rebate, in each case, earned by our Manager during the 12-month period immediately preceding the most recently completed fiscal quarter.

At the time of consummation of an Internalization Transaction, all assets of our Manager or 100% of the equity interest in our Manager shall be conveyed to and acquired by us in exchange for the consideration to be paid for the Internalization Transaction. Consummation of any Internalization Transaction agreed to between us and our Manager is conditioned upon the satisfaction of the following conditions: (i) our receipt of a fairness opinion from a nationally-

recognized investment banking firm to the effect that the consideration to be paid by us for the assets and equity of our Manager is fair, from a financial point of view, to our shareholders who are not affiliated with our Manager or its affiliates; (ii) the approval of the acquisition by the Internalization Committee; and (iii) the approval of our shareholders holding a majority of the votes cast on such Internalization Transaction proposal at a meeting of shareholders duly called and at which a quorum is present, any of which conditions may be waived by us, in our sole discretion.

The price to be paid to our Manager in any Internalization Transaction may be payable in cash, shares of our common stock or a combination at the discretion of the Internalization Committee. The value of our common stock paid as partial or full consideration of any Internalization Transaction shall be calculated based on the volume-weighted average of the closing market price of our common stock for the ten consecutive trading days immediately preceding the date with respect to which value must be determined; provided, however, that if our common stock is not traded on a securities exchange at the time of closing of any such Internalization Transaction, then the number of shares of common stock shall be determined by agreement between our Board and our Manager or, in the absence of such agreement, the Internalization Price shall be paid in cash.

Investment Guidelines

We have adopted investment guidelines (the "Investment Guidelines") which require us and our Manager to abide by certain investment strategies which include, but are not limited to: (i) not making loans that would cause us to fail to qualify as a REIT, or that would cause us to be regulated as an investment company under the Investment Company Act; (ii) not making investments that would cause us to violate any law, rule or regulation of any governmental body or any securities exchange or that would otherwise not be permitted by our governing documents; (iii) requiring the approval of the Investment Committee for all loans made by us; and (iv) until appropriate loans that align with our overall investment strategy are identified, permitting our Manager to invest our available cash in interest-bearing, short-term investments, including money market accounts or funds, commercial mortgage-backed securities and corporate bonds, subject to the requirements for our qualification as a REIT.

Our Investment Guidelines may only be amended, restated, modified, supplemented or waived pursuant to the approval of (i) a majority of our entire Board (which must include a majority of our independent directors) and (ii) our Manager.

Investment Committee

Pursuant to our Management Agreement, our Manager has established an Investment Committee for us, the members of which consist of employees of our Manager and/or its affiliates and which currently includes certain of our Manager's affiliates and certain of our officers. The Investment Committee has the following responsibilities: (i) reviewing loan opportunities for us presented to it by senior investment professionals of our Manager and (ii) reviewing our loan portfolios for compliance with the Investment Guidelines established pursuant to our Management Agreement at least on a quarterly basis, or more frequently as necessary. All of our loans require the approval of the Investment Committee.

The members of the Investment Committee consist of Mr. Tannenbaum and Mr. Sedrish. Any action to be taken by the Investment Committee requires the approval of a majority of the members of the Investment Committee; provided that during any time that the Investment

Committee is comprised of less than four (4) members, any action by the Investment Committee shall require unanimous approval of all members of the Investment Committee.

Manager Succession Plan

The members of our Manager have delegated the management of the business and affairs of our Manager to Leonard M. Tannenbaum, as managing member (the "Managing Member"). Pursuant to our Manager's operating agreement, the Managing Member will hold office until such Managing Member resigns or is removed pursuant to our Manager's operating agreement. The Managing Member shall be automatically removed as such in the event of his or her (i) death, insanity, permanent physical or mental disability, (ii) withdrawal as a member of our Manager in accordance with our Manager's operating agreement or (iii) the forfeiture of the Managing Member's interest in our Manager in accordance with our Manager's operating agreement.

For so long as we remain externally managed, upon the resignation or removal of Leonard M. Tannenbaum as the Managing Member, the members of our Manager will appoint Robyn Tannenbaum as the Managing Member.

Co-Investments

Certain investment opportunities in loans, which may be suitable for us, may also be suitable for other accounts, private funds, pooled investment vehicles or other entities managed or advised, directly or indirectly, by our Manager, Mr. Tannenbaum, Mrs. Tannenbaum, Mr. Sedrish or any of their or our respective affiliates or entities in which any such person is an executive. and, subject to compliance with the Manager COI Policy (as defined below) and our code of business conduct and ethics, our Manager may allocate such loans and participate in such loans as our Manager deems reasonable under the circumstances in good faith with the Allocation Policy (as discussed below).

Allocation Policy

Our Manager and its affiliates endeavor to allocate loan opportunities in a fair and equitable manner, subject to their internal policies. The internal policies of our Manager and its affiliates, which may be amended without our consent, are intended to enable us to share equitably with any other investment vehicles that are managed by our Manager or affiliates of our Manager, such as SRT. These policies may and are expected to change and be updated from time to time, for example, to reflect the ongoing experience of our Manager and its affiliates with respect to allocation matters, changes in circumstances, such as changes in relevant market conditions, certain regulatory considerations, and the acceptance of additional clients by our Manager and its affiliates. In general, loan opportunities are allocated taking into consideration various factors, including, among others, the relevant investment vehicles' available capital, their investment objectives or strategies, their risk profiles and their existing or prior positions in a borrower or particular loan, their potential conflicts of interest, the nature of the opportunity and market conditions, certain regulatory considerations, the rotation of loan opportunities and any other considerations deemed relevant by our Manager and its affiliates. Nevertheless, it is possible that we may not be given the opportunity to participate in certain loans made by investment vehicles managed by our Manager or affiliates of our Manager. In addition, there may be conflicts in the allocation of loan opportunities among us and the investment vehicles managed by our Manager or affiliates of our Manager.

The allocation policy of our Manager addresses the allocation of investment and disposition opportunities among SUNS and other clients which may include, among others, private funds,

REITs, separately managed accounts, collateralized loan obligation issuers and small business investment companies and entities regulated under the Investment Company Act (collectively, the “Funds”) advised by our Manager or its affiliates, such as SRT. The policy recognizes that because of commonality and/or overlap of investment objectives and policies among the Funds, investment and/or disposition opportunities that are attractive to SUNS may be attractive to one or more other Funds. Under the allocation policy, which applies to investment advisers affiliated with our Manager, each Fund’s investment committee is responsible for evaluating whether a particular investment opportunity is appropriate at that time for such Fund. If a Fund’s investment committee determines that such investment opportunity is appropriate for such Fund, the investment committee is then responsible for determining the appropriate size of the opportunity to be pursued for such Fund. In making this two-part assessment, the investment committee may consider a variety of factors, including without limitation (i) compliance with governing documents, (ii) compliance with applicable regulations, such as the Investment Company Act and REIT compliance, and (iii) portfolio management considerations, including available capital; investment strategies and objectives; liquidity objectives and constraints; hold size target ranges; tax considerations; applicable regulatory restrictions; risk profile, asset class, geographic location and other diversification and investment concentration parameters; the characteristics of the investment (including the expected return, type of investment, seniority in the capital structure, and call and put features); target returns and supply or demand for an investment at a given price level, among other considerations.

If multiple Funds determine that an investment is appropriate for each such Fund, such Fund shall be allocated the amount of the investment that it is seeking, as determined by the criteria set forth above. If in such circumstances it is not possible to fully satisfy the size of the investment sought by all such Funds, the opportunity will generally be allocated pro rata in proportion to the level of investment originally sought on behalf of such Fund. Our Manager conducts ongoing monitoring for compliance with such policy.

Manager Biographical Information

Biographical information of the management team provided by our Manager, who serve as our executive officers, and the members of the Investment Committee is included above under “*Management—Directors and Executive Officers.*”

Fee Waiver

From time to time, the Manager may waive fees it would otherwise be entitled to under the terms of the Management Agreement. The Manager intends to waive (i) the inclusion of the net proceeds from this offering in the Company’s Equity for purposes of calculating the management fee until the earlier of (a) December 31, 2025 and (b) the quarter in which the total amount of the net proceeds of this offering have been utilized to fund loans in our portfolio and (ii) an additional \$1.0 million in fees.

MANAGER COMPENSATION

Our Manager manages our day-to-day affairs. The following table summarizes all of the compensation, fees and expense reimbursement that we pay to our Manager under our Management Agreement:

Type	Description	Payment
Base Management Fees	<p>An amount equal to 0.375% of our Equity (as defined below), determined as of the last day of each quarter. The Base Management Fees are reduced by the Base Management Fee Rebate. Under no circumstances will the Base Management Fee be less than zero. Our Equity, for purposes of calculating the Base Management Fees, could be greater than or less than the amount of shareholders' equity shown on our financial statements. The Base Management Fees are payable independent of the performance of our portfolio.</p> <p>For additional information, see "<i>Management Compensation—Base Management Fees.</i>"</p>	Quarterly in arrears in cash.
Base Management Fee Rebate	<p>An amount equal to 50% of the aggregate amount of any other fees earned and paid to our Manager during the applicable quarter resulting from the investment advisory services and general management services rendered by our Manager to us under our Management Agreement, including any agency fees relating to our loans, but excluding the Incentive Compensation and any diligence fees paid to and earned by our Manager and paid by third parties in connection with our Manager's due diligence of potential loans.</p> <p>For additional information, see "<i>Management Compensation—Base Management Fees.</i>"</p>	Reduces the Base Management Fees on a quarterly basis.

Type	Description	Payment
Incentive Compensation	<p>An amount with respect to each fiscal quarter (or portion thereof that our Management Agreement is in effect) based upon our achievement of targeted levels of Core Earnings. No Incentive Compensation is payable with respect to any fiscal quarter unless our Core Earnings for such quarter exceed the amount equal to the product of (i) 2% and (ii) Adjusted Capital (as defined below) as of the last day of the immediately preceding fiscal quarter (such amount, the "Hurdle Amount"). The Incentive Compensation for any fiscal quarter will otherwise be calculated as the sum of (i) the product of (A) 50% and (B) the amount of our Core Earnings for such quarter, if any, that exceeds the Hurdle Amount, but is less than or equal to 166-2/3% of the Hurdle Amount and (ii) the product of (A) 20% and (B) the amount of our Core Earnings for such quarter, if any, that exceeds 166-2/3% of the Hurdle Amount. Such compensation is subject to Clawback Obligations (as defined below), if any.</p> <p>For additional information, see "<i>Management Compensation—Incentive Compensation</i>" and "<i>Management Compensation—Incentive Compensation—Incentive Compensation Clawback</i>."</p>	Quarterly in arrears in cash.

Type	Description	Payment
Expense Reimbursement	<p>We pay all of our costs and expenses and reimburse our Manager or its affiliates for expenses of our Manager and its affiliates paid or incurred on our behalf, excepting only those expenses that are specifically the responsibility of our Manager pursuant to our Management Agreement. Pursuant to our Management Agreement, we reimburse our Manager or its affiliates, as applicable, for our fair and equitable allocable share of the compensation, including annual base salary, bonus, any related withholding taxes and employee benefits, paid to (i) subject to review by the Compensation Committee of our Board, our Manager’s personnel serving as our Chief Executive Officer (except when the Chief Executive Officer serves as a member of the Investment Committee prior to the consummation of an internalization transaction of our Manager by us), General Counsel, Chief Compliance Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Marketing Officer, Managing Director and any of our other officers, based on the percentage of his or her time spent devoted to our affairs and (ii) other corporate finance, tax, accounting, internal audit, legal, risk management, operations, compliance and other non-investment personnel of the Manager and its affiliates who spend all or a portion of their time managing our affairs, with the allocable share of the compensation of such personnel described in this clause (ii) being as reasonably determined by our Manager to appropriately reflect the amount of time spent devoted by such personnel to our affairs. The service by any personnel of our Manager and its affiliates as a member of the Investment Committee will not, by itself, be dispositive in the determination as to whether such personnel is deemed “investment personnel” of our Manager and its affiliates for purposes of expense reimbursement. Prior to the consummation of our Spin-Off, we were not obligated to reimburse our Manager or its affiliates, as applicable, for any compensation paid to Mr. Tannenbaum or Mrs. Tannenbaum. For the 2024 fiscal year, we anticipate that our Manager will seek reimbursement for our allocable share of Mrs. Tannenbaum’s compensation.</p>	Monthly in cash.

Type	Description	Payment
Termination Fee	<p>Equal to three times the sum of (i) the annual Base Management Fee and (ii) the annual Incentive Compensation, in each case, earned by our Manager during the 12-month period immediately preceding the most recently completed fiscal quarter prior to the date of termination. Such fee shall be payable upon termination of our Management Agreement in the event that (i) we decline to renew our Management Agreement, without cause, upon 180 days prior written notice and the affirmative vote of at least two-thirds of our independent directors that there has been unsatisfactory performance by our Manager that is materially detrimental to us taken as a whole, or (ii) our Management Agreement is terminated by our Manager (effective upon 60 days' prior written notice) based upon our default in the performance or observance of any material term, condition or covenant contained in our Management Agreement and such default continuing for a period of 30 days after written notice thereof specifying such default and requesting that the same be remedied in such 30-day period.</p> <p>For additional information, see "<i>Management Compensation—Termination Fee.</i>"</p>	Upon specified termination in cash.

General

Under our Management Agreement, we pay a Base Management Fee and Incentive Compensation to our Manager. Pursuant to our Management Agreement, we also are obligated to reimburse our Manager or its affiliates for certain expenses of our Manager and its affiliates paid or incurred on our behalf. We may also grant equity-based awards and incentives to our Manager and other eligible awardees under our 2024 Stock Incentive Plan from time to time.

Base Management Fees

Our Management Agreement states that the Base Management Fees (i) amount to 0.375% of our Equity, determined as of the last day of each quarter, and (ii) will be reduced by only 50% of the aggregate amount of any Outside Fees, including any agency fees relating to our loans, but excluding the Incentive Compensation and any diligence fees paid to and earned by our Manager and paid by third parties in connection with our Manager's due diligence of potential loans. Under no circumstances will the Base Management Fees be less than zero. Our Equity, for purposes of calculating the Base Management Fees, could be greater than or less than the amount of shareholders' equity shown on our financial statements. The Base Management Fees are payable independent of the performance of our portfolio.

For purposes of computing the Base Management Fees, "Equity" means, as of any date (i) the sum of (A) the net proceeds from all of our issuances of equity securities since our inception through such date (allocated on a pro rata daily basis for such issuances during the fiscal quarter of any such issuance), plus (B) our retained earnings at the end of the most recently completed fiscal quarter determined in accordance with GAAP (without taking into account any non-cash equity compensation expense incurred in current or prior periods), less (ii) (A) any amount that

we have paid to repurchase our common stock since our inception through such date, (B) any unrealized gains and losses and other non-cash items that have impacted shareholders' equity as reported in our financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP through such date; and (C) one-time events pursuant to changes in GAAP, and certain non-cash items not otherwise described above, through such date, in each case as determined after discussions between our Manager and our independent directors and approval by a majority of our independent directors.

Incentive Compensation

In addition to the Base Management Fees, our Manager receives incentive compensation ("Incentive Compensation" or "Incentive Fees") with respect to each fiscal quarter (or portion thereof that our Management Agreement is in effect) based upon our achievement of targeted levels of Core Earnings (as defined below). To the extent earned by our Manager, the Incentive Compensation will be payable to our Manager quarterly in arrears in cash.

No Incentive Compensation is payable with respect to any fiscal quarter unless our Core Earnings for such quarter exceed the amount equal to the product of (i) 2% and (ii) the Adjusted Capital as of the last day of the immediately preceding fiscal quarter (the "Hurdle Amount"). The Incentive Compensation for any fiscal quarter will otherwise be calculated as the sum of (i) the product (the "Catch-Up Amount") of (A) 50% and (B) the amount of our Core Earnings for such quarter, if any, that exceeds the Hurdle Amount, but is less than or equal to 166-2/3% of the Hurdle Amount and (ii) the product (the "Excess Earnings Amount") of (A) 20% and (B) the amount of our Core Earnings for such quarter, if any, that exceeds 166-2/3% of the Hurdle Amount.

For the purposes of computing Incentive Compensation:

- "Adjusted Capital" means the sum of (i) cumulative gross proceeds generated from issuances of the shares of our capital stock (including any distribution reinvestment plan), less (ii) distributions to our investors that represent a return of capital and amounts paid for share repurchases pursuant to any share repurchase program.
- "Core Earnings" means, for a given period, the net income (loss) for such period, computed in accordance with GAAP, excluding (i) non-cash equity compensation expense, (ii) Incentive Compensation, (iii) depreciation and amortization, (iv) any unrealized gains or losses or other non-cash items that are included in net income for the applicable reporting period, regardless of whether such items are included in other comprehensive income or loss, or in net income and (v) one-time events pursuant to changes in GAAP and certain non-cash charges, in each case as determined after discussions between our Manager and our independent directors and approval by a majority of our independent directors. For the avoidance of doubt, Core Earnings shall not exclude under clause (iv) above, in the case of investments with a deferred interest feature (such as OID, debt instruments with PIK interest and zero coupon securities), accrued income that we have not yet received in cash.

The calculation methodology for computing Incentive Compensation will look through any derivatives or swaps as if we owned the reference assets directly. Therefore, net interest, if any, associated with a derivative or swap (which represents the difference between (i) the interest income and fees received in respect of the reference assets of such derivative or swap and (ii) the interest expense paid by us to the derivative or swap counterparty) will be included in the calculation of Core Earnings for purposes of the Incentive Compensation.

Incentive Compensation Clawback

Once Incentive Compensation is earned and paid to our Manager, it is not refundable, notwithstanding any losses incurred by us in subsequent periods, except that if our aggregate Core Earnings for any fiscal year do not exceed the amount equal to the product of (i) 8.0% and (ii) our Adjusted Capital as of the last day of the immediately preceding fiscal year (such amount, the “Annual Hurdle Amount”), our Manager will be obligated to pay us (such obligation to pay, the “Clawback Obligation”) an amount equal to the aggregate Incentive Compensation that was earned and paid to our Manager during such fiscal year (such amount, the “Clawback Amount”); provided that under no circumstances will the Clawback Amount be more than the amount to which the Annual Hurdle Amount exceeds our aggregate Core Earnings for the specified fiscal year. The Clawback Obligation is determined on an annual basis and any Incentive Compensation earned during a specified fiscal year will not be subject to the Clawback Obligation with respect to the Incentive Compensation earned during any prior or subsequent fiscal year.

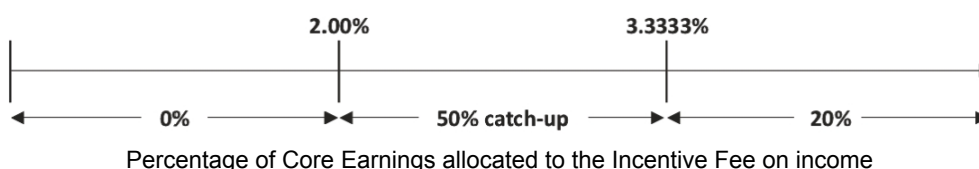
The aggregate Core Earnings, Annual Hurdle Amount, Clawback Amount and any components thereof for the initial and final fiscal years that our Management Agreement is in effect will be prorated based on the number of days during the initial and final fiscal years, respectively, that our Management Agreement is in effect, to the extent applicable.

Incentive Compensation Illustration

The following illustration sets forth a simplified graphical representation of the calculation of our quarterly Incentive Compensation in accordance with our Management Agreement without consideration to any Clawback Obligation.

Quarterly Incentive Fee on Core Earnings

Core Earnings (expressed as a percentage of Adjusted Capital as of the last day of the immediately preceding fiscal quarter)



Incentive Compensation Example

The following table sets forth a simplified, hypothetical example of a quarterly Incentive Compensation calculation in accordance with our Management Agreement without consideration to any Clawback Obligation. Our actual results may differ materially from the following example.

This example of a quarterly Incentive Compensation calculation assumes the following:

- Adjusted Capital as of the last day of the immediately preceding fiscal quarter of \$100 million; and
- Core Earnings before the Incentive Compensation for the specified quarter representing a quarterly yield of 15.0% on Adjusted Capital as of the last day of the immediately preceding fiscal quarter.

Under these assumptions, the hypothetical quarterly Incentive Compensation payable to our Manager would be \$0.75 million as calculated below:

	Illustrative Amount	Calculation
1. What are the Core Earnings?	\$ 3,750,000	Assumed to be a 3.75% quarterly or 15.0% per annum return on Adjusted Capital as of the last day of the immediately preceding fiscal quarter (\$100.0 million).
2. What is the Hurdle Amount?	\$ 2,000,000	The hurdle rate (2.0% quarterly or 8.0% per annum) multiplied by Adjusted Capital as of the last day of the immediately preceding fiscal quarter (\$100.0 million).
3. What is the Catch-Up Amount?	\$ 666,667	The catch-up incentive rate (50.0%) multiplied by the amount that Core Earnings (\$3.8 million) exceeds the Hurdle Amount (\$2 million), but is less than or equal to 166-2/3% of the Hurdle Amount (approximately \$3.3 million).
4. What is the Excess Earnings Amount?	\$ 83,333	The excess earnings incentive rate (20%) multiplied by the amount of Core Earnings (\$3.8 million) that exceeds 166-2/3% of the Hurdle Amount (approximately \$3.3 million).
5. What is the Incentive Compensation?	\$ 750,000	The sum of the Catch-Up Amount (approximately \$666,667) and the Excess Earnings Amount (approximately \$83,333).

The foregoing is solely a hypothetical example of a quarterly Incentive Compensation that we could pay to our Manager for a given fiscal quarter and is based on the simplified assumptions described above.

Non-GAAP Metrics Used in Hypothetical Example

As used in this prospectus, we use hypothetical Equity, Adjusted Capital, Catch-up Amount and Excess Earnings Amount only as measures in the calculation of the financial metrics that we are required to calculate under the terms of the Management Agreement. All of the adjustments made in our calculation of these metrics are adjustments that were made in calculating our performance for purposes of the required financial metrics under the Management Agreement, and are presented in a manner consistent with the reporting of the metrics to our Manager. Additionally, the terms Equity, Adjusted Capital, Core Earnings, Catch-up Amount and Excess Earnings Amount are not defined under GAAP and are not measures of shareholder equity, capitalization, operating income or operating performance presented in accordance with GAAP. Our Equity, Adjusted Capital, Core Earnings, Catch-up Amount and Excess Earnings Amount have limitations as analytical tools, and when assessing our shareholder equity, capitalization, operating income and operating performance, you should not consider Equity, Adjusted Capital, Core Earnings, Catch-up Amount and Excess Earnings Amount in isolation, or as a substitute for shareholder equity, capitalization and operating income or other income statement data prepared in accordance with GAAP. Additionally, other companies may calculate Equity, Adjusted Capital, Core Earnings, Catch-up Amount and Excess Earnings Amount differently than we do, limiting their usefulness as comparative measures.

Further, we note that, as presented in the above table, Adjusted Capital, Core Earnings, Catch-up Amount and Excess Earnings Amount are hypothetical non-GAAP financial measures and reconciliation of those numbers to the most directly comparable financial measure prepared in accordance with GAAP are not provided in this prospectus as they are derived from our actual historical financials and are meant to serve as an illustrative tool to assist the investor in understanding how our Manager's fees would be calculated based on hypothetical assumptions pursuant to the terms of the Management Agreement.

Expense Reimbursement

We pay all of our costs and expenses and reimburse our Manager and/or its affiliates for expenses of our Manager and/or its affiliates paid or incurred on our behalf, excepting only those expenses that are specifically the responsibility of our Manager pursuant to our Management Agreement. Pursuant to our Management Agreement, we reimburse our Manager and/or its affiliates, as applicable, for our fair and equitable allocable share of the compensation, including annual base salary, bonus, any related withholding taxes and employee benefits, paid to (i) subject to review by the Compensation Committee of our Board, personnel of our Manager and/or its affiliates, as applicable, serving as our Chief Executive Officer (except when the Chief Executive Officer serves as a member of the Investment Committee prior to the consummation of an internalization transaction of our Manager by us), General Counsel, Chief Compliance Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Marketing Officer, Managing Director and any of our other officers based on the percentage of his or her time spent devoted to our affairs and (ii) other corporate finance, tax, accounting, internal audit, legal, risk management, operations, compliance and other non-investment personnel of our Manager and/or its affiliates who spend all or a portion of their time managing our affairs, with the allocable share of the compensation of such personnel described in this clause (ii) being as reasonably determined by our Manager to appropriately reflect the amount of time spent devoted by such personnel to our affairs. The service by any personnel of our Manager and its affiliates as a member of the Investment Committee will not, by itself, be dispositive in the determination as to whether such personnel is deemed "investment personnel" of our Manager and its affiliates for purposes of expense reimbursement.

Costs and expenses paid or incurred by our Manager on our behalf are reimbursed monthly in cash to our Manager and are made regardless of whether any cash distributions are made to our shareholders. For additional information regarding the expense reimbursement of compensation paid to our executive officers, see "*Management—Compensation of Our Executive Officers.*"

Termination Fee

Upon termination of our Management Agreement, a Termination Fee will be payable to our Manager by us in cash in the event that (i) we decline to renew our Management Agreement, without cause, upon 180 days prior written notice and the affirmative vote of at least two-thirds of our independent directors that there has been unsatisfactory performance by our Manager that is materially detrimental to us taken as a whole, or (ii) our Management Agreement is terminated by our Manager (effective upon 60 days' prior written notice) based upon our default in the performance or observance of any material term, condition or covenant contained in our Management Agreement and such default continuing for a period of 30 days after written notice thereof specifying such default and requesting that the same be remedied in such 30-day period. The Termination Fee equals three times the sum of (i) the annual Base Management Fee and (ii) the annual Incentive Compensation, in each case, earned by our Manager during the 12-month period immediately preceding the most recently completed fiscal quarter prior to the date of termination.

Grants of Equity Compensation to our Manager

Pursuant to the 2024 Stock Incentive Plan, we may grant equity-based awards and incentives to employees or executive officers of our Manager and other eligible awardees under the 2024 Stock Incentive Plan from time to time. These equity-based awards under our 2024 Stock Incentive Plan create incentives to improve long-term stock price performance and focus on long-term business objectives, create substantial retention incentives for award recipients and enhance our ability to pay compensation based on our overall performance, each of which further align the interests of our Manager and the other eligible awardees with our shareholders. For additional information regarding our 2024 Stock Incentive Plan, see “*Management—2024 Stock Incentive Plan.*”

SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT

The following provides certain information regarding the beneficial ownership of our common stock as of December 31, 2024, and as adjusted to reflect the sale of common stock offered by us in this offering with respect to:

- each person known by us to beneficially own 5% or more of the outstanding shares of our common stock;
- each of our executive officers and member of our Board; and
- all of our current directors and executive officers as a group.

We have determined beneficial ownership in accordance with the rules of the SEC. These rules generally attribute beneficial ownership of securities to persons who possess sole or shared voting power or investment power with respect to those securities.

Applicable percentage of beneficial ownership prior to this offering is based on 7,004,676 shares of common stock that were outstanding as of December 31, 2024. Applicable percentage ownership after this offering is based on 12,504,676 shares of common stock to be outstanding after this offering (or 13,329,676 shares if the underwriters exercise their option to purchase additional shares in full).

Unless otherwise indicated, the address of each beneficial owner listed in the table below is c/o Sunrise Realty Trust, Inc., 525 Okeechobee Blvd., Suite 1650, West Palm Beach, FL 33401.

Name of Beneficial Owner	Shares Beneficially Owned Before Offering		Shares Beneficially Owned After Offering Assuming No Exercise of the Underwriters' Option		Shares Beneficially Owned After Offering Assuming Full Exercise of the Underwriters' Option	
	Shares	%	Shares	%	Shares	%
5% Shareholders						
Leonard M. Tannenbaum ⁽¹⁾	1,914,352	27.3 %	1,914,352	15.3 %	1,914,352	14.4 %
Wasatch Advisors LP ⁽²⁾	616,765	9.0 %	616,765	4.9 %	616,765	4.6 %
BlackRock, Inc. ⁽³⁾	492,125	7.1 %	492,125	3.9 %	492,125	3.7 %
Named Executive Officers and Directors						
Leonard M. Tannenbaum ⁽¹⁾	1,914,352	27.3 %	1,914,352	15.3 %	1,914,352	14.4 %
Brian Sedrish ⁽⁴⁾	36,363	*	36,363	*	36,363	*
Robyn Tannenbaum ⁽⁵⁾	34,132	*	34,132	*	34,132	*
Brandon Hetzel ⁽⁶⁾	13,242	*	13,242	*	13,242	*
Jodi Hanson Bond ⁽⁷⁾	21,228	*	21,228	*	21,228	*
James Fagan ⁽⁸⁾	19,433	*	19,433	*	19,433	*
Alexander C. Frank ⁽⁹⁾	4,737	*	4,737	*	4,737	*
All executive officers and directors as a group (7 persons)	2,043,487	29.2 %	2,043,487	16.3 %	2,043,487	15.3 %

* Represents beneficial ownership of less than one percent.

- (1) Includes (i) 1,434,213 shares of common stock over which Leonard Tannenbaum has sole voting and dispositive power, including 109,292 shares of unvested restricted stock and 1,000 shares of common stock held in a UTMA account for Mr. Tannenbaum's son; and (ii) 479,139 shares of common stock over which Leonard Tannenbaum has shared voting and dispositive power, including (a) 420,181 shares of common stock held by the Tannenbaum Family Foundation (formerly known as the Leonard M. Tannenbaum Foundation), for which Mr. Tannenbaum serves as the President; Mr. Tannenbaum disclaims beneficial ownership of the reported securities except to the extent of his pecuniary interest, and (b) 58,958 shares of common stock held by Tannenbaum Family 2012 Trust for the benefit of certain members of Mr. Tannenbaum's family, for which Jeffrey Boccuzzi is a Co-Trustee; Leonard Tannenbaum disclaims beneficial ownership except to the extent of his pecuniary interest. This does not include 33,132 shares of common stock held by Mr. Tannenbaum's spouse, Robyn Tannenbaum.
- (2) Beneficial ownership information is as of September 30, 2024 and is based on information reported on a Schedule 13G filed by Wasatch Advisors LP with the SEC on November 14, 2024. The schedule indicates that Wasatch Advisors LP has sole voting power over 616,765 shares of our common stock and sole dispositive power over 616,765 shares of our common stock. The business address of Wasatch Advisors LP is 505 Wakara Way, Salt Lake City, Utah 84108.
- (3) Beneficial ownership information is as of September 30, 2024 and is based on information reported on a Schedule 13G filed by BlackRock, Inc. with the SEC on November 8, 2024. The schedule indicates that BlackRock, Inc. has sole voting power over 485,107 shares of our common stock and sole dispositive power over 492,125 shares of our common stock. The business address of BlackRock, Inc. is 50 Hudson Yards, New York, New York 10001.
- (4) Includes 36,363 shares of unvested restricted stock.
- (5) Includes 24,710 shares of unvested restricted stock and 1,000 shares of common stock held in a UTMA account for Mrs. Tannenbaum's daughters. This does not include 1,914,352 shares of common stock beneficially owned by Mrs. Tannenbaum's spouse, Leonard Tannenbaum.
- (6) Includes 11,680 shares of unvested restricted stock.
- (7) Includes 1,188 shares of unvested restricted stock.
- (8) Includes 1,188 shares of unvested restricted stock.
- (9) Includes 1,188 shares of unvested restricted stock and 8,840 shares of common stock held by Civic Reserve LLC, which is wholly owned by Mr. Fagan and his spouse.

CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related Party Transactions since Inception

See “*Prospectus Summary—Organizational Chart*” for an organizational diagram detailing our corporate structure, which describes the various relationships between our directors, officers and significant shareholders and other affiliated entities.

Co-Investments with Affiliates

In January 2024, we and SRT, an affiliate of AFC and ours, purchased an aggregate of approximately \$56.4 million in loan commitments in a secured mezzanine loan facility, of which approximately \$28.2 million of principal has been funded by us and another approximately \$28.2 million of principal has been funded by SRT. We and SRT are each 50.0% syndicate lenders in the secured mezzanine loan facility. Approximately \$16.9 million was established as reserves, for the payment of interest and other costs and expenses, which is fully funded and held by an affiliated agent on the loan. The lenders have a right to convert the mezzanine loan to a first priority mortgage loan after the repayment of the existing senior loan and subject to certain other terms and conditions. The secured mezzanine loan bears interest at an annual rate of SOFR plus a 15.31% spread, subject to a SOFR floor of 2.42%. At the end of February 2024, we and SRT entered into an amendment to the secured mezzanine loan, which among other things, (1) extended the maturity date to May 31, 2024 and (2) amended the SOFR floor from 2.42% to 4.00%. In May 2024, we and SRT entered into an amendment to the secured mezzanine loan and purchased approximately \$2.5 million of the senior loan, of which approximately \$1.3 million has been funded by us and another \$1.3 million has been funded by SRT. The senior loan bears interest at an annual rate of SOFR plus a 3.48% spread, subject to a SOFR floor of 2.42%, and matures on November 30, 2024. The amendment to the secured mezzanine loan, among other things, (1) extended the maturity date to November 30, 2024 and (2) replenished the interest reserves held by the administrative agent on the loan in an amount of approximately \$9.6 million, for the payment of interest and other costs and expenses. In August 2024, we and SRT entered into amendments to the existing secured mezzanine and senior loan credit agreements for the mixed-use property in Houston, Texas. The amendments, among other things, (i) extended the maturity date on both loans from November 2024 to February 2026, (ii) modified the senior loan interest rate from floating (3.48% plus SOFR, SOFR floor of 4.0%) to fixed 12.5% and (iii) included a \$12.0 million upsize to the senior loan, of which we have commitments for \$6.0 million and SRT has commitments for the rest. A wholly-owned subsidiary of SRT, Southern Realty Trust Holdings LLC, serves as the agent of this loan. Fees paid to the agent by the borrower are customary and are de minimis. As of December 31, 2024, the secured mezzanine loan balance was repaid in full and the outstanding balance relates to the senior loan.

In January 2024, SRT entered into a secured mezzanine loan facility consisting of an aggregate of approximately \$56.4 million in loan commitments, of which approximately \$20.7 million of principal was funded by us as a result of our participation interest in the loan and another approximately \$20.7 million of principal was funded by SRT. The secured mezzanine loan commitments were issued by us and SRT at a discount of 1.0% for a net funding amount of approximately \$20.4 million each, respectively. The \$56.4 million of total commitments includes \$15.0 million of unfunded commitments which was established to be drawn to pay interest on the secured mezzanine loan, of which we are responsible for \$7.5 million. The \$15.0 million of unfunded commitments are anticipated to be drawn over the life of the loan. We and SRT are each 50.0% syndicate lenders in the secured mezzanine loan facility. The secured mezzanine loan bears interest at an annual fixed rate of 13.00% and matures in May 2027, which the borrower may extend, at its option and subject to meeting certain terms and conditions, to May

2028. The mezzanine loan facility is secured by a security interest in all of the equity interests held by the borrower in its wholly-owned subsidiary. SRT Agent LLC serves as the agent of this loan. Fees paid to the agent by the borrower are customary and are de minimis.

In July 2024, we and SRT entered into a senior secured mortgage loan for a total aggregate commitment amount of approximately \$35.2 million for the refinance of an active adult multi-family residential rental development in southwest Austin, Texas. We committed a total of approximately \$14.1 million and SRT committed the remaining approximately \$21.1 million. The senior secured loan was issued at a discount of 1.0% and matures in three years. At closing, we funded approximately \$11.4 million and SRT funded approximately \$17.0 million. The loan bears interest at a rate of SOFR plus 4.25%, with a rate index floor of 4.75%. The senior secured loan is secured by a deed of trust on the property and any deposit and reserve accounts established by the terms of the senior secured loan. The proceeds of the senior secured loan will be used to, among other things, fund the completion of construction and other reserves and refinance existing debt. SRT Agent LLC serves as the agent of this loan. Fees paid to the agent by the borrower are customary and are de minimis.

In July 2024, we and SRT entered into a senior secured mortgage loan for a total aggregate commitment amount of \$42.0 million for the refinance of a luxury hotel component of a 20-story mixed-use project in San Antonio, Texas. We committed a total of approximately \$27.3 million, and SRT committed the remaining \$14.7 million. The senior secured loan was issued at a discount of 1.0% and matures in three years. At closing, we funded approximately \$25.0 million and SRT funded approximately \$13.5 million. The senior secured loan bears interest at a rate of SOFR plus 6.35%, with a rate index floor of 4.50%. The senior secured loan is secured by a first-priority mortgage on the property and a security interest in all of the equity interests held by the borrower. The proceeds of the senior secured loan will be used to, among other things, fund the completion of reserves and refinance existing debt. SRT Agent LLC serves as the agent of this loan. Fees paid to the agent by the borrower are customary and are de minimis.

In August 2024, we, along with our affiliates, including SRT, entered into a \$75.00 million senior secured revolving loan and a \$85.00 million senior mortgage loan for a total aggregate commitment amount of \$160.0 million for the construction of a master-planned single-family residential home community and property development in Palm Beach Gardens, Florida. We committed a total of approximately \$18.75 million and \$21.25 million to the revolving loan and mortgage loan, respectively, and funded \$8.77 million and \$18.76 million towards each respective loan at close. Affiliates committed the remaining \$56.25 million and \$63.75 million towards the revolving loan and mortgage loan, funding \$26.32 million and \$56.29 million, respectively, at close. The revolving loan and mortgage loan were each issued at a discount of 1.25%. The revolving loan bears interest at a rate of SOFR plus 6.25%, with a rate index floor of 4.00%, and unused fee of 2.00%. The proceeds of the revolving loan will be used to, among other things, fund the completion of reserves, fund home construction costs and refinance existing debt. The mortgage loan bears an interest rate of SOFR plus 8.25%, with a rate index floor of 4.00%. The proceeds of the mortgage loan will be used to, among other things, fund the completion of construction and other reserves and refinance existing debt. The mortgage loan and the revolving loan each mature in three years. The loans are each secured by senior first mortgage lien on the property and a security interest in all of the equity interests held by the borrower. SRT Agent LLC serves as the agent of this loan. Fees paid to the agent by the borrower are customary and are de minimis.

In November 2024, we and affiliated co-investors, including SRT, entered into a whole loan (the "Whole Loan") consisting of an aggregate of \$96.0 million in loan commitments. The property securing the loan is a development site and related condominium project located in Fort

Lauderdale, Florida. The proceeds are expected to be used to commence and facilitate construction. We committed a total of \$30.0 million and affiliated co-investors committed \$60.0 million, with the remaining \$6.0 million committed by an unaffiliated investor (the “Originating Lender”). At closing, we funded approximately \$3.6 million, the affiliated co-investors funded approximately \$7.2 million and the Originating Lender funded approximately \$0.7 million. The Whole Loan is split into a Senior Loan and Mezzanine Loan, each with two A-Notes (\$62.4 million of the total commitment amount) and two B-Notes (\$33.6 million of the total commitment amount, of which \$6.0 million was committed by the Originating Lender). The A-Notes bear interest at a rate of SOFR plus 4.75%, with a rate index floor of 4.75%, of which we currently hold approximately \$20.8 million. The B-Notes bear interest at a rate of SOFR plus 11.00%, with a rate index floor of 4.75%, of which we currently hold approximately \$9.2 million. The A-Notes and B-Notes were issued at a discount of 1.0% and mature in 26 months, subject to two, six-month extension options. SRT Agent LLC serves as the agent of this loan. Fees paid to the agent by the borrower are customary and are de minimis.

In November 2024, we and an affiliated co-investor also entered into a \$26.0 million subordinate loan (the “Subordinate Loan”). The property securing the loan is a development site and related multifamily project located in Miami, Florida. The proceeds are expected to be used to commence and facilitate construction. We committed a total of \$13.0 million and the affiliated co-investor committed the remaining \$13.0 million. The Subordinate Loan bears interest at a rate of 13.25% per annum, was issued at a discount of 1.0% and matures in 36 months, subject to one, six-month extension option. SRT Agent LLC serves as the agent of this loan. Fees paid to the agent by the borrower are customary and are de minimis.

In December 2024, we and an affiliated co-investor entered into a \$57.0 million senior secured loan for the refinance of a luxury boutique hotel located in Austin, Texas. We committed a total of approximately \$32.0 million, and the affiliate committed the remaining \$25.0 million. The senior secured loan was issued at a discount of 1.25% and matures in three years. At closing, we funded approximately \$29.9 million and the affiliate funded approximately \$23.4 million. The senior secured loan bears interest at a rate of SOFR plus 5.50%, with a rate index floor of 4.00%. The senior secured loan is secured by a first-priority fee and leasehold deed of trust on the property. The proceeds of the senior secured loan will be used to, among other things, refinance existing debt and fund reserves. SRT Agent LLC serves as the agent of this loan. Fees paid to the agent by the borrower are customary and are de minimis.

SRT, a fund led by Brian Sedrish, our Chief Executive Officer, and owned and controlled by Leonard M. Tannenbaum, our Executive Chairman and AFC’s Chairman, was a co-investor in each of the loans described in detail above. Mr. Tannenbaum also holds approximately 27.3% of our common stock as of December 31, 2024.

SRTF Revolving Credit Facility

On November 6, 2024, in conjunction with the entry by the Company into the Revolving Credit Facility, the Company terminated the unsecured revolving credit agreement (the “Credit Agreement”) dated September 26, 2024, by and between the Company, as borrower, and SRT Finance LLC, as agent and lender. Upon execution of the Revolving Credit Facility, the lenders’ commitments under the Credit Agreement were terminated and the liability of the Company and its subsidiaries with respect to their obligations under the Credit Agreement was discharged.

On December 9, 2024, the Company entered into the SRTF Credit Agreement, by and among the Company, as borrower, the lenders party thereto from time to time, and SRT Finance LLC, as agent and lender. SRT Finance LLC is indirectly owned by Leonard M. Tannenbaum, Executive

Chairman of the Company's Board of Directors, and Robyn Tannenbaum, President of the Company, along with their family members and associated family trusts. The SRTF Credit Agreement provides for the SRTF Credit Facility with a \$75.0 million commitment, which may be borrowed, repaid and redrawn, subject to a draw fee and the other conditions provided in the SRTF Credit Agreement. Interest is payable on the SRTF Credit Facility at a rate per annum equal to 8.00%. The SRTF Credit Facility matures on the earlier of (i) May 31, 2028 and (ii) the date of the closing of any Refinancing Indebtedness (as defined in the SRTF Credit Agreement) with an aggregate principal amount equal to or greater than \$75.0 million. Commencing on January 1, 2026, the Company is required to pay an annual fee equal to 1.00% of the aggregate commitments ratably to the lenders, payable on the first business day of each calendar year; provided that the fee due and payable on January 3, 2028 will be pro rated on the basis of a year of 360 days for the actual number of days elapsed from and including January 1, 2028 until and excluding May 31, 2028.

As of January 10, 2025, we had no amounts outstanding under our SRTF Credit Facility.

Management Agreement

See “*Our Manager and Management Agreement—Management Agreement*” for a description of the Management Agreement with our Manager.

The Spin-Off from AFC

In connection with the Spin-Off, we entered into a separation and distribution agreement and several other agreements with AFC to effect the Spin-Off and provide a framework for our relationship with AFC and its subsidiaries after the Spin-Off. These agreements provide for the allocation between us, on the one hand, and AFC and its subsidiaries on the other hand, of the assets, liabilities and obligations associated with the Spin-Off Business, on the one hand, and AFC other current businesses, on the other hand, and govern the relationship between our company, on the one hand, and AFC and its subsidiaries, on the other hand, subsequent to the Spin-Off (including with respect to transition services, employee matters and tax matters).

Tax Matters Agreement

In connection with the Spin-Off, we and AFC entered into a tax matters agreement that contains certain tax matters arrangements and governs the parties' respective rights, responsibilities, and obligations with respect to taxes, including taxes arising in the ordinary course of business and taxes incurred as a result of the Spin-Off. The tax matters agreement also sets forth the respective obligations of the parties with respect to the filing of tax returns, the administration of tax contests, and assistance and cooperation on tax matters.

The tax matters agreement governs the rights and obligations that we and AFC have after the Spin-Off with respect to taxes for both pre-and post-closing periods. Under the tax matters agreement, we are responsible for (i) any of our taxes for all periods prior to and after the Distribution and (ii) any taxes of the AFC group for periods prior to the Distribution to the extent attributable to the commercial real estate lending business. AFC generally is responsible for any of the taxes of the AFC group other than taxes for which we are responsible. In addition, AFC is responsible for its taxes arising as a result of the Spin-Off. Notwithstanding the foregoing, sales, use, transfer, real property transfer, intangible, recordation, registration, documentary, stamp or similar taxes imposed on the Distribution shall be borne fifty percent (50%) by us and fifty percent (50%) by AFC.

Each of AFC and SUNS have agreed to indemnify each other against any taxes allocated to such party under the tax matters agreement and related out-of-pocket costs and expenses.

Participation in Offering

Certain Affiliated Investors have indicated an interest in purchasing up to \$ million in shares of common stock in this offering at the public offering price. Because this indication of interest is not a binding agreement or commitment to purchase, the Affiliated Investors could determine to purchase more, less or no shares of common stock in this offering, or the underwriters could determine to sell more, less or no shares to the Affiliated Investors. If the Affiliated Investors purchase shares in this offering, these affiliates of ours will beneficially own additional shares of our common stock. The underwriters will not receive a discount on any of our shares of common stock purchased by the Affiliated Investors.

Related Person Transactions Policy

The Company has a written related person transaction policy regarding the review and approval or ratification of related person transactions.

The purpose of this policy is to describe the procedures used to identify, review, approve, disapprove, ratify and disclose, if necessary, any transaction, arrangement or relationship (or any series of similar transactions, arrangements or relationships) in which (x) we were, are, or will be a participant, (y) the aggregate amount involved will or may be expected to exceed \$120,000 and (z) a related person had, has, or will have a direct or indirect material interest. For purposes of this policy, a related person is (i) any person who is, or at any time since the beginning of our last fiscal year was, an executive officer, director or director nominee of ours, (ii) any person who is the beneficial owner of more than 5% of any class of our voting securities, (iii) any immediate family member of any of the foregoing persons, or (iv) any firm, corporation or other entity in which any of the foregoing persons is employed or is a general partner or principal or in a similar position with significant decision making influence, or in which all the related persons, in the aggregate, have a 10% or greater beneficial ownership interest.

Under this policy, the Audit and Valuation Committee is responsible for reviewing, approving or ratifying each related person transaction or proposed transaction, subject to certain exceptions. No director will participate in any discussion or approval of a related person transaction for which he or she, or any of his or her immediate family members, is a related person or may otherwise have a potential or actual conflict of interest with us, except that the director will be counted for purposes of a quorum and will provide all information concerning the related person transaction as may be reasonably requested by other members of the Audit and Valuation Committee. In the event our Chief Financial Officer determines that it is impractical or undesirable to wait until the next Audit and Valuation Committee meeting to review a related person transaction, the chairperson of the Audit and Valuation Committee may act on behalf of the Audit and Valuation Committee to review and approve or ratify such related person transaction. In addition, our Board has delegated to the chairperson of the Audit and Valuation Committee the authority to pre-approve or ratify (as applicable) any related person transaction in which he or she, or any of his or her immediate family members, is not a related person or does not otherwise have a potential or actual conflict of interest, in each case, for purposes of such related person transaction. In determining whether to approve or ratify a related person transaction, the Audit and Valuation Committee or its chairperson, as applicable, will consider all relevant facts and circumstances of the related person transaction available to it and will approve only those related person transactions that are, under all of the circumstances, fair as to

us, as the Audit and Valuation Committee or its chairperson, as applicable, determines in good faith.

These policies may not be successful in eliminating the influence of conflicts of interest or related person transactions. If they are not successful, decisions could be made that might fail to reflect fully the interests of all shareholders.

Conflicts of Interest Policy

Our Manager has adopted a Conflicts of Interest Policy (the “Manager COI Policy”), which sets out our Manager’s conflict of interest policies and procedures relating to its investment advisory activities and is to be used as a guide for compliance with applicable legal standards, the federal securities laws, and our Manager’s policies. In its capacity as investment manager to us and other entities, our Manager acts as a fiduciary and thus owes us and them a series of duties, including a general duty to act at all times in their best interest and avoid actual and apparent conflicts of interest. Our Manager is currently an investment adviser under the Advisers Act. The Manager COI Policy sets forth guidelines and best practices to ensure our Manager complies with all legal and regulatory requirements.

Our Manager’s Chief Compliance Officer has overall responsibility for implementing and monitoring the Manager COI Policy and, when applicable, our Manager’s overall compliance program, including ensuring the effectiveness of the policies and procedures contained in the Manager COI Policy. Our Manager’s Chief Compliance Officer may delegate certain responsibilities, including, without limitation, the granting or withholding of any consents or pre-approvals required by the Manager COI Policy, or the making of other determinations pursuant to the Manager COI Policy, to one or more of our Manager’s partners, members, owners, principals, directors, officers, supervisors and employees, and any other person who provides investment advice on behalf of our Manager and is subject to the supervision and control of our Manager (collectively, “Covered Persons”), in each case acting under the supervision of our Manager’s Chief Compliance Officer (or under the supervision of another person designated by our Manager’s Chief Compliance Officer), but shall retain overall responsibility for our Manager’s compliance program. In the event that our Manager’s Chief Compliance Officer personally is required to obtain any consents, pre-approvals or other determinations pursuant to the Manager COI Policy that would, with respect to any other Covered Person, be made by our Manager’s Chief Compliance Officer himself, then in such cases our Manager’s Chief Financial Officer shall be responsible for granting or making any such consents, pre-approvals or other determinations with respect to our Manager’s Chief Compliance Officer.

Pursuant to our Management Agreement, our Manager has also agreed to (i) use reasonable efforts to avoid any potential conflicts of interest, (ii) disclose the nature and source of any material conflict of interest to our Board and the Audit and Valuation Committee of our Board before undertaking a transaction on our behalf and (iii) require the persons who provide services to us to comply with our code of business conduct and ethics, which includes our conflict of interest policy, in the performance of such services or such comparable policies as shall in substance hold such persons to at least the standards of conduct set forth in our code of business conduct and ethics.

Additionally, we separately maintain a conflict of interest policy governing the handling of actual or apparent conflicts of interest between personal and professional relationships of our Covered Persons, including in the case where a Covered Person may have a relationship with our borrowers or other clients. Pursuant to our conflict of interest policy, in such circumstances where a Covered Person’s outside business activities include an investment in or management

role at one of our borrowers or other clients, such Covered Person shall not participate in any decision making processes that will give rise to a potential or actual conflict of interest unless approved by the Audit and Valuation Committee of our Board. A Covered Person may seek approval for making an investment in or engaging in outside activity with a borrower by sending a written request to our legal department describing the nature of the investment or the outside activity, the time commitment involved, the parties for whom such Covered Person will be working with or associated with, and other relevant particulars of such activity. Requests to engage in such investment and outside activity will be reviewed and approved by our legal department on a case-by-case basis. The investment in or management role at a borrower or a client that is approved pursuant to our conflict of interest policy does not alone, without participating in any decision making processes that will give rise to a conflict of interest, constitute a “conflict of interest” for purposes of our conflict of interest policy.

POLICIES WITH RESPECT TO CERTAIN ACTIVITIES

The following is a discussion of our investment policies and our policies with respect to certain other activities, including financing matters. These policies may be amended or revised from time to time at the discretion of our Board (which must include a majority of our independent directors), without a vote of our shareholders; provided, however, that any amendments to our investment policies are subject to the approval of our Manager. Any change to any of these policies by our Board and our Manager, however, would be made only after a thorough review and analysis of that change, in light of then-existing business and other circumstances, and then only if, in the exercise of its business judgment, our Board and our Manager believe that it is advisable to do so in our and our shareholders' best interests. We cannot assure you that our investment objectives will be attained.

Investments in Loans and Other Lending Policies

We were founded to pursue activities in financing CRE debt investments and providing capital to high-quality borrowers and sponsors with transitional business plans collateralized by CRE assets with opportunities for near-term value creation, as well as recapitalization opportunities. Our intended investment strategy is to construct a portfolio of loans backed by single assets or portfolios that typically have (i) an investment hold size of approximately \$15-100 million, secured by CRE assets, including transitional or construction projects, across diverse property types, (ii) a duration of approximately 2-5 years, (iii) interest rates that are determined periodically on the basis of a floating base lending rate (e.g., SOFR) plus a credit spread, (iv) a LTV ratio of no greater than approximately 75% on an individual investment basis and (v) no more than approximately 75% loan-to-value across the portfolio. We may also invest in other senior loans secured by real estate, equipment, value associated with licenses and/or other assets of the loan parties to the extent permitted by applicable laws and the regulations governing such loan parties. In connection with our loan activities, we may engage in the origination, syndication and servicing of loans.

We may invest in new originations or purchase participations in existing syndications, each of which may be of any credit quality, have any combination of principal and interest payment structures, and be of any size and of any lien position. The real estate securing our loans may include, among other things, high quality multi-family, condominiums, retail, office, hospitality, industrial, mixed use and specialty-use real estate. Subject to compliance with our Investment Guidelines as described in the section entitled "*Our Manager and Our Management Agreement—Investment Guidelines*," there are no limitations on the amount or percentage of our total assets that may be invested in any one loan or the concentration in any one type of loan.

Our Manager utilizes a rigorous underwriting and investment process to enables us to source, screen and ultimately deploy our capital through senior secured loans and other types of loans that are consistent with our Investment Guidelines and our overall investment strategy. For more information on the principles and procedures we employ in our underwriting and investment process in connection with the acquisition of our investment assets, see "*Business—Underwriting and Investment Process*."

Investments in Real Estate or Interests in Real Estate

We intend to invest in high quality residential (including multi-family, condominiums and single-family communities), retail, office, hospitality, industrial, mixed use and specialty-use real estate.

Investments in Equity

In connection with our investments in loans, we may from time to time receive an assigned right to acquire warrants and/or equity of a borrower. We may sell any assigned rights, and the sale may be to one of our affiliates, subject to any such affiliate's separate approval process and our related person transactions policy, or a third-party buyer on the market.

Investments in Securities of or Interests in Persons Primarily Engaged in Real Estate Activities or Other Issuers

We do not intend to underwrite or invest in any securities of other REITs, other entities engaged in real estate related activities or other issuers. Generally speaking, other than the loans described above in the section entitled "*—Investments in Loans and Other Lending Policies,*" we do not expect to engage in any significant investment activities with other entities. We do not intend to engage in the purchase and sale (or turnover), trading, underwriting or agency distribution of securities of other issuers.

Disposition Policy

Although we do not currently have any plans to dispose of our existing loans, we will consider doing so, subject to compliance with our Investment Guidelines, if our Manager, Investment Committee and/or Board, as applicable, determines that a sale or other disposition of our loans would be in our interests based on the price being offered for the loan, the operating performance of the loan parties, the tax consequences of the disposition and other factors and circumstances surrounding the proposed disposition.

Equity Capital and Debt Financing Policies

If our Board determines that additional capital is required or appropriate, we intend to raise such funds through offerings of equity or debt securities, entering into credit facilities and borrowing thereunder, and/or retaining cash flow (subject to the distribution requirements applicable to REITs and our desire to minimize our U.S. federal income tax obligations) or any combination of these methods. In the event that our Board determines to raise additional equity or debt capital, it has the authority, without any action by our shareholders, to issue additional common stock, preferred stock or debt securities, including senior securities, in any manner and on such terms and for such consideration as it deems appropriate, at any time, subject to compliance with applicable law and the rules and requirements for listed companies on Nasdaq. However, we do not intend to offer our securities in exchange for property. Existing shareholders will have no preemptive right to additional shares issued in any offering, and any offering might cause a dilution of investment.

We do not have a formal policy limiting the amount of debt we may incur and our Board has broad authority to approve our incurrence of debt. We will consider a number of factors in evaluating the amount of debt that we may incur, which may include, among other things, then-current economic conditions, relative costs of debt and equity capital, market values of our loans, general market conditions, outlook for the level, slope, and volatility of interest rates, the creditworthiness of our financing counterparties, fluctuations in the market price of our common stock, growth and acquisition opportunities and assumptions regarding our future cash flow. Although we are not required to maintain any particular leverage ratio, we expect to employ prudent amounts of leverage and, when appropriate, to use debt as a means of providing additional funds for the acquisition of loans, to refinance existing debt or for general corporate

purposes. For more information, see “*Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Liquidity and Capital Resources.*”

Our Board may establish a class or series of shares of our common stock and preferred stock that could delay or prevent a merger, third-party tender offer, change of control or similar transaction or a change in incumbent management that might involve a premium price for shares of our common stock or otherwise be in the best interests of our shareholders. Additionally, preferred stock could have distribution, voting, liquidation and other rights and preferences that are senior to those of our common stock.

We may, under certain circumstances, purchase common or preferred stock in the open market or in private transactions with our shareholders, if those purchases are approved by our Board. Our Board has no present intention of causing us to repurchase any shares, and any action would only be taken in conformity with applicable federal and state laws and the applicable requirements for qualifying as a REIT.

Reporting Policies

We intend to make available to our shareholders our annual reports, including our audited financial statements. We are subject to the information reporting requirements of the Exchange Act. Pursuant to those requirements, we are required to file annual and periodic reports, proxy statements and other information, including audited financial statements certified by independent public accountants, with the SEC.

DESCRIPTION OF CAPITAL STOCK

The following summary of the terms of our stock does not purport to be complete and is subject to and qualified in its entirety by reference to the MGCL and our Charter and Bylaws. Copies of our Charter and Bylaws have been filed with the SEC as exhibits to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part and are incorporated herein by reference. See “Where You Can Find Additional Information.”

General

We have the authority to issue 50,010,000 shares of stock, consisting of 50,000,000 shares of common stock, \$0.01 par value per share (our “common stock”) and 10,000 shares of preferred stock, \$0.01 par value per share (our “preferred stock”). As of December 31, 2024, 7,004,676 shares of our common stock were issued and outstanding and no shares of our preferred stock were outstanding. Our Board, with the approval of a majority of the entire Board of Directors and without any action by our shareholders, may amend the Charter from time to time to increase or decrease the aggregate number of shares of stock or the number of shares of stock of any class or series that we have authority to issue. Under Maryland law, our shareholders generally are not liable for our debts or obligations solely as a result of their status as shareholders.

Common Stock

Our Board of Directors may reclassify any unissued shares of our common stock from time to time into one or more classes or series of stock. Subject to certain provisions of, and except as may otherwise be specified in the Charter, and subject to the rights of the holders of our preferred stock, if any, and any other class or series of stock hereinafter classified and designated by our Board:

- the holders of our common stock shall have the exclusive right to vote for the election of directors and on all other matters requiring shareholder action, each share entitling the holder thereof to cast one vote on each matter submitted to a vote of shareholders;
- dividends or other distributions may be declared and paid or set apart for payment upon our common stock out of any assets or our funds legally available for the payment of distributions, but only when, as, and if, authorized by our Board; and
- upon our voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding up, our net assets legally available for distribution shall, after the payment of or adequate provision for all known debts and liabilities and any preferential rights of the holders of any then-outstanding shares of our preferred stock, be distributed pro rata to the holders of our common stock.

Preferred Stock

Our Board of Directors has the authority, without action by our shareholders, to issue up to 10,000 shares of our preferred stock in one or more classes or series and to designate the rights, preferences and privileges of each class or series, which may be greater than the rights of our common stock. There are no shares of our preferred stock designated or outstanding. It is not possible to state the actual effect of the issuance of any shares of our preferred stock upon the rights of holders of our common stock until our Board of Directors determines the specific rights of the holders of our preferred stock. However, the effects might include:

- restricting dividends on our common stock;

- diluting the voting power of our common stock;
- impairing liquidation rights of our common stock; or
- delaying or preventing a change in control of us without further action by our shareholders.

The Board of Directors' authority to issue our preferred stock without shareholder approval could make it more difficult for a third-party to acquire control of our company and could discourage such attempt. We have no present plans to issue any shares of our preferred stock.

Classified or Reclassified Shares

Prior to the issuance of classified or reclassified shares of any class or series of stock, our Board of Directors by resolution shall: (a) designate that class or series to distinguish it from all other classes and series of our stock; (b) specify the number of shares to be included in the class or series; (c) set or change, subject to the provisions of the Charter and Bylaws and subject to the express terms of any class or series of our stock outstanding at the time, the preferences, conversion or other rights, voting powers (including exclusive voting rights, if any), restrictions, limitations as to dividends or other distributions, qualifications and terms and conditions of redemption for each class or series; and (d) cause us to file articles supplementary with the State Department of Assessments and Taxation of Maryland.

Shareholders' Consent in Lieu of Meeting

The MGCL generally provides that, unless the charter of the corporation authorizes shareholder action by less than unanimous consent, holders of common stock may take action by consent in lieu of a meeting only if it is given by all such shareholders entitled to vote on the matter. The Charter and Bylaws do not provide for action by common shareholders by less than unanimous consent.

Distributions

Our Board of Directors from time to time may authorize and we may pay to our shareholders such dividends or other distributions in cash or other property, including in shares of one class of our stock payable to holders of shares of another class of our stock, as our Board of Directors in its discretion shall determine. See "*Distribution Policy*" above for a description of our current distribution policy.

Corporate Opportunities

Under the Charter, none of our directors or officers, including any officer or director who also serves as a director, officer or employee of our Manager, or serves on the Investment Committee, shall be obligated, in their capacity as such, to offer us the opportunity to participate in any business or investing activity or venture that falls within our Investment Guidelines (as described above under "Our Manager and Our Management Agreement—Investment Guidelines") that is presented to such person, other than in their capacity as our officer or director.

Ownership Limitations and Exceptions

Subject to certain exceptions as described in the Charter, the following restrictions apply to our common stock:

- (i) No person, other than a Qualified Institutional Investor or an Excepted Holder, shall Beneficially Own or Constructively Own shares of our capital stock in excess of the "Aggregate Stock Ownership Limit," which is defined as 4.9% in value or number of shares, whichever is more restrictive, of the aggregate outstanding shares of our capital stock, (ii) no Qualified Institutional Investor, other than an Excepted Holder, shall Beneficially Own or Constructively Own shares of our capital stock in excess of the "Qualified Institutional Investor Aggregate Stock Ownership Limit" which is defined as 9.8% in value or number of shares, whichever is more restrictive, of the aggregate outstanding shares of our capital stock and (iii) no Excepted Holder shall Beneficially Own or Constructively Own shares of our capital stock in excess of the Excepted Holder Limit for such Excepted Holder.
- No person shall Beneficially Own or Constructively Own shares of our capital stock to the extent that such Beneficial Ownership or Constructive Ownership of our capital stock would result in us (i) being Closely Held (as defined below) (without regard to whether the ownership interest is held during the last half of a taxable year), or (ii) otherwise failing to qualify as a REIT (including, but not limited to, Beneficial Ownership or Constructive Ownership that would result in us owning (actually or Constructively) an interest in a tenant that is described in Section 856(d)(2)(B) of the Code if the income derived by us from such tenant would cause us to fail to satisfy any of the gross income requirements of Section 856(c) of the Code).
- Any transfer of shares of our capital stock that, if effective, would result in our capital stock being beneficially owned by fewer than 100 persons (determined under the principles of Section 856(a)(5) of the Code) shall be void ab initio, and the intended transferee shall acquire no rights in such shares of our capital stock.
- Any transfer of shares of our capital stock that, if effective, would cause our assets to be deemed "plan assets" within the meaning of Department of Labor regulation 20 C.F.R. 2510.3-101 for purposes of ERISA or Section 4975 of the Code shall be void ab initio, and the intended transferee shall acquire no rights in such shares of our capital stock.

Additionally, our Board, in its sole discretion, may exempt (prospectively or retroactively) a person from the Aggregate Stock Ownership Limit and/or the Qualified Institutional Investor Aggregate Stock Ownership Limit, may qualify a person as a Qualified Institutional Investor, and may establish or increase an Excepted Holder Limit for such person if: (i) our Board of Directors obtains such representations, covenants and undertakings (X) from such person as are reasonably necessary to ascertain that no individual's Beneficial or Constructive Ownership of such shares of our capital stock will be in violation of the provisions of the Charter described in the second bullet above and (Y) as our Board of Directors may deem appropriate in order to conclude that granting the exemption, granting Qualified Institutional Investor status, and/or establishing or increasing the Excepted Holder Limit, as the case may be, will not otherwise cause us to lose our status as a REIT; and (ii) such person agrees that any violation or attempted violation of such representations, covenants or undertakings (or other action that is contrary to the restrictions contained in the Charter) will result in such shares of our capital stock being automatically transferred to a trust in accordance with the Charter.

Our Board of Directors may from time to time increase the Aggregate Stock Ownership Limit and/or the Qualified Institutional Investor Aggregate Stock Ownership Limit for one or more

persons and decrease the Aggregate Stock Ownership Limit and/or the Qualified Institutional Investor Aggregate Stock Ownership Limit for all other persons; provided, however, that the decreased Aggregate Stock Ownership Limit and/or Qualified Institutional Investor Aggregate Stock Ownership Limit, as applicable, will not be effective for any person whose percentage of ownership of our capital stock is in excess of such decreased Aggregate Stock Ownership Limit and/or Qualified Institutional Investor Aggregate Stock Ownership Limit, as applicable, until such time as such person's percentage of ownership of our capital stock equals or falls below the decreased Aggregate Stock Ownership Limit and/or Qualified Institutional Investor Aggregate Stock Ownership Limit, as applicable, but any further acquisition of our capital stock by any such person (other than a person for whom an exemption has been granted pursuant to a provision of the Charter or an Excepted Holder) in excess of such percentage ownership of our capital stock will be in violation of the Aggregate Stock Ownership Limit and/or Qualified Institutional Investor Aggregate Stock Ownership Limit, as applicable; and provided further, that the new Aggregate Stock Ownership Limit and/or Qualified Institutional Investor Aggregate Stock Ownership Limit, as applicable, would not allow five or fewer persons (taking into account all Excepted Holders) to Beneficially Own or Constructively Own more than 49.9% in value of the outstanding shares of our capital stock.

Any person who acquires or attempts or intends to acquire Beneficial Ownership or Constructive Ownership of shares of our capital stock that will or may violate the ownership limits or any of the other restrictions on ownership and transfer described above, or who would have owned shares of our capital stock transferred to the trust as described below, must immediately give us written notice of such event or, in the case of a proposed or attempted transaction, give us at least 15 days prior written notice and provide us with such other information as we may request in order to determine the effect of such transfer on our status as a REIT.

"Beneficial Ownership" shall mean ownership of our capital stock by a person, whether the interest in the shares of our capital stock is held directly or indirectly (including by a nominee), and shall include interests that would be treated as owned through the application of Section 544 of the Code, as modified by Sections 856(h)(1)(B) and 856(h)(3)(A) of the Code. The terms "Beneficial Owner," "Beneficially Owns," "Beneficially Owning" and "Beneficially Owned" shall have the correlative meanings.

"Closely Held" shall mean, as of a given date, that we, as of such date, are "closely held" within the meaning of Section 856(a)(6) (without regard to Section 856(h)(2)) of the Code.

"Constructive Ownership" shall mean ownership of our capital stock by a person, whether the interest in the shares of our capital stock is held directly or indirectly (including by a nominee), and shall include interests that would be treated as owned through the application of Section 318(a) of the Code, as modified by Section 856(d)(5) of the Code. The terms "Constructive Owner," "Constructively Owns," "Constructively Owning" and "Constructively Owned" shall have the correlative meanings.

"Excepted Holder" shall mean any of our shareholders for whom an Excepted Holder Limit is created by the Charter or our Board of Directors pursuant to the Charter and shall include Leonard M. Tannenbaum.

"Excepted Holder Limit" shall mean for each Excepted Holder, provided that the affected Excepted Holder agrees to comply with the requirements established by the Charter or our Board of Directors and, subject to adjustment pursuant to certain provisions of the Charter, the percentage limit established for such Excepted Holder by the Charter or our Board. An Excepted

Holder Limit has been established permitting Leonard M. Tannenbaum to Beneficially Own or Constructively Own up to 29.9%, in value or number of shares, whichever is more restrictive, of the outstanding shares of our capital stock.

“Qualified Institutional Investor” shall mean a person that is registered as an investment company under the Investment Company Act (i) so long as each Individual who Beneficially Owns shares of our capital stock as a result of being a Beneficial Owner of such entity satisfies the Aggregate Stock Ownership Limit and (ii) subject to our Board of Directors qualifying such person as a Qualified Institutional Investor pursuant to the applicable terms of our Charter.

Transfer Restrictions

Under the Charter and Bylaws, if any transfer of shares of our capital stock occurs which, if effective, would result in any person Beneficially Owning or Constructively Owning shares of our capital stock in violation of the restrictions outlined above under “*Ownership Limitations and Exceptions*”:

- then that number of shares of our capital stock the Beneficial Ownership or Constructive Ownership of which otherwise would cause such person to violate the ownership limitations (rounded up to the next whole share) shall be automatically transferred to a trust for the benefit of a charitable beneficiary, as described in the Charter, effective as of the close of business on the business day prior to the date of such transfer, and such person shall acquire no rights in such shares; or
- if the transfer to the trust described in the preceding clause would not be effective for any reason to prevent violation of the Aggregate Stock Ownership Limit, the Qualified Institutional Investor Aggregate Stock Ownership Limit or the Excepted Holder Limit, as applicable, our being Closely Held or our otherwise failing to qualify as a REIT, then the transfer of that number of shares of our capital stock that otherwise would cause any person to violate such provisions of the Charter, shall be void ab initio, and the intended transferee shall acquire no rights in such shares of our capital stock.
- to the extent that, upon a transfer of shares of our capital stock pursuant to the Charter, a violation of any provision of the Charter would nonetheless be continuing (for example, where the ownership of shares of our capital stock by a single trust would violate the 100 shareholder requirement applicable to REITs), then shares of our capital stock shall be transferred to that number of trusts, each having a distinct trustee and a charitable beneficiary or charitable beneficiaries that are distinct from those of each other trust, such that there is no violation of any provisions of the Charter.
- Shares of our capital stock held in the trust will be issued and outstanding shares. The prohibited owner will not benefit economically from ownership of any shares of our capital stock held in the trust and will have no rights to distributions and no rights to vote or other rights attributable to the shares of our capital stock held in the trust. The trustee of the trust will exercise all voting rights and receive all distributions with respect to shares held in the trust for the exclusive benefit of the charitable beneficiary of the trust. Any distribution made before we discover that the shares have been transferred to a trust as described above must be repaid by the recipient to the trustee upon our demand. Subject to Maryland law, effective as of the date that the shares have been transferred to the trust, the trustee will have the authority to rescind as void any vote cast by a prohibited owner before our discovery that the shares have been transferred to the trust and to recast the vote in accordance with the desires of the trustee acting for the benefit of the charitable beneficiary of the trust. However, if we have already taken irreversible corporate action, then the trustee may not rescind and recast the vote.

Shares of our capital stock transferred to the trustee are deemed offered for sale to us, or our designee, at a price per share equal to the lesser of (i) the price paid by the prohibited owner for the shares (or, in the case of a devise or gift, the market price at the time of such devise or gift) and (ii) the market price on the date we, or our designee, accepts such offer. We may reduce the amount so payable to the prohibited owner by the amount of any distribution that we made to the prohibited owner before it discovered that the shares had been automatically transferred to the trust and that are then owed by the prohibited owner to the trustee as described above, and we may pay the amount of any such reduction to the trustee for distribution to the charitable beneficiary. We have the right to accept such offer until the trustee has sold the shares of our capital stock held in the trust as discussed below. Upon a sale to us, the interest of the charitable beneficiary in the shares sold terminates, and the trustee must distribute the net proceeds of the sale to the prohibited owner and must distribute any distributions held by the trustee with respect to such shares to the charitable beneficiary.

If we do not buy the shares, the trustee must, within 20 days of receiving notice from us of the transfer of shares to the trust, sell the shares to a person designated by the trustee who could own the shares without violating the ownership limits or the other restrictions on ownership and transfer of our capital stock. After the sale of the shares, the interest of the charitable beneficiary in the shares transferred to the trust will terminate and the trustee must distribute to the prohibited owner an amount equal to the lesser of (i) the price paid by the prohibited owner for the shares (or, if the prohibited owner did not give value for the shares in connection with the event causing the shares to be held in the trust (for example, in the case of a gift, devise or other such transaction), the market price of the shares on the day of the event causing the shares to be held in the trust) and (ii) the sales proceeds (net of any commissions and other expenses of sale) received by the trust for the shares. The trustee may reduce the amount payable to the prohibited owner by the amount of any distribution that we paid to the prohibited owner before it discovered that the shares had been automatically transferred to the trust and that are then owed by the prohibited owner to the trustee as described above. Any net sales proceeds in excess of the amount payable to the prohibited owner must be paid immediately to the charitable beneficiary, together with any distributions thereon. In addition, if, prior to the discovery by us that shares of our capital stock have been transferred to a trust, such shares of stock are sold by a prohibited owner, then such shares will be deemed to have been sold on behalf of the trust and, to the extent that the prohibited owner received an amount for such shares that exceeds the amount that such prohibited owner was entitled to receive, such excess amount must be paid to the trustee upon demand.

In addition, if our Board of Directors determines that a transfer or other event has occurred that would violate the restrictions on ownership and transfer of our capital stock described above, our Board of Directors may take such action as it deems advisable to refuse to give effect to or to prevent such transfer, including, but not limited to, causing us to redeem shares of our capital stock, refusing to give effect to the transfer on our books or instituting proceedings to enjoin the transfer.

Every owner of 5% or more (or such lower percentage as required by the Code or the regulations promulgated thereunder) of outstanding shares of any class of our capital stock, within 30 days after the end of each taxable year, must give us written notice stating the shareholder's name and address, the number of shares of each class of our capital stock that the shareholder Beneficially Owns and a description of the manner in which the shares are held. Each such owner must provide us such additional information as we may request in order to determine the effect, if any, of the shareholder's Beneficial Ownership on our status as a REIT and to ensure compliance with the Aggregate Stock Ownership Limit, the Qualified Institutional Investor Aggregate Stock Ownership Limit and each Excepted Holder Limit. In addition, each

person who is a Beneficial Owner or Constructive Owner of shares of our capital stock and each person (including the shareholder of record) who is holding shares of our capital stock for a Beneficial Owner or Constructive Owner must, on request, provide to us such information as we may request in order to determine our status as a REIT and to comply with the requirements of any taxing authority or governmental authority or to determine such compliance and to ensure compliance with the Aggregate Stock Ownership Limit, the Qualified Institutional Investor Aggregate Stock Ownership Limit and each Excepted Holder Limit.

Any certificates representing shares of our capital stock will bear a legend referring to the restrictions on ownership and transfer described above. These restrictions on ownership and transfer of our capital stock will not apply if our Board of Directors determines that it is no longer in our best interests to attempt to qualify, or to continue to qualify, as a REIT or that compliance is no longer required in order for us to qualify as a REIT.

The restrictions on ownership and transfer of our capital stock described above could delay, defer or prevent a transaction or a change in control that might involve a premium price for our common stock or otherwise be in the best interests of our shareholders.

Other Rights

Holders of shares of our common stock have no preference, conversion, exchange, sinking fund, redemption or appraisal rights and have no preemptive rights to subscribe for any other securities of our Company.

Transfer Agent and Registrar

The transfer agent and registrar for our common stock is Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company.

Listing

Our common stock is listed on the Nasdaq Capital Market under the symbol "SUNS."

CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF MARYLAND LAW AND OUR CHARTER AND BYLAWS

The following summary of the terms of our stock and of certain provisions of Maryland law does not purport to be complete and is subject to and qualified in its entirety by reference to the MGCL and our Charter and Bylaws. Copies of our Charter and Bylaws have been filed with the SEC as exhibits to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part and are incorporated herein by reference. See "Where You Can Find Additional Information."

Board of Directors

Our Board of Directors currently consists of five directors. The Charter and Bylaws provide that the number of directors initially constituting our Board of Directors may be increased or decreased only by our Board pursuant to the Bylaws, but shall never be less than the minimum number required by the MGCL (which is one), nor more than 11. The directors (other than any director elected solely by holders of one or more classes or series of our preferred stock) are classified, with respect to the terms for which they severally hold office, into three classes, as nearly equal in number as possible as determined by our Board, one class ("Class I") to hold office initially for a term expiring at the next succeeding annual meeting of shareholders, another class ("Class II") to hold office initially for a term expiring at the second succeeding annual meeting of shareholders and another class ("Class III") to hold office initially for a term expiring at the third succeeding annual meeting of shareholders, with the members of each class to hold office until their successors are duly elected and qualify. At each annual meeting of the shareholders, the successors to the class of directors whose term expires at such meeting will be elected to hold office for a term expiring at the annual meeting of shareholders held in the third year following the year of their election and until their successors are duly elected and qualify, or until their earlier removal or resignation.

Vacancies. Under the Charter, except as may be provided by our Board in setting the terms of any class or series of our preferred stock, any and all vacancies on our Board may be filled only by the affirmative vote of a majority of the directors remaining in office, even if the remaining directors do not constitute a quorum, and any director elected to fill a vacancy shall serve for the remainder of the full term of the class in which such vacancy occurred and until a successor is elected and qualifies.

Voting. The action of a majority of the directors present at a meeting at which a quorum is present shall be the action of our Board, unless the concurrence of a greater proportion is required for such action by applicable law, the Charter or the Bylaws.

Removal of Directors. Subject to the rights of holders of shares of one or more classes or series of our preferred stock to elect or remove one or more directors, any director, or our entire Board, may be removed from office at any time, but only for cause and then only by the affirmative vote of a majority of the votes entitled to be cast generally in the election of directors. For the purpose of this provision, "cause" shall mean, with respect to any particular director, conviction of a felony or a final judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction holding that such director caused demonstrable, material harm to us through bad faith or active and deliberate dishonesty.

Election of Directors. Except as may otherwise be provided in the Charter with respect to holders of any class or series of our preferred stock, a plurality of all the votes cast at a meeting of shareholders duly called and at which a quorum is present shall be sufficient to elect a director. Holders of shares of our common stock have no right to cumulative voting in the election of directors. Consequently, the holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of our common stock

can elect all of the directors then standing for election, and the holders of the remaining shares will not be able to elect any directors.

REIT Qualification

We intend to elect and qualify for U.S. federal income tax treatment as a REIT, and our Board shall use its reasonable best efforts to take such actions as are necessary or appropriate to preserve our status as a REIT; however, if our Board determines that it is no longer in our best interests to attempt to, or continue to, qualify as a REIT, our Board may revoke or otherwise terminate our REIT election pursuant to Section 856(g) of the Code. Our Board, in its sole and absolute discretion, also may (a) determine that compliance with any restriction or limitation on stock ownership and transfers set forth in the Charter is no longer required for REIT qualification and (b) make any other determination or take any other action pursuant to the provisions of the Charter.

Business Combinations

Under the MGCL, certain “business combinations” (including a merger, consolidation, statutory share exchange or, in certain circumstances, an asset transfer or issuance or reclassification of equity securities) between a Maryland corporation and an interested shareholder (defined generally as any person who beneficially owns, directly or indirectly, 10% or more of the voting power of the corporation’s outstanding voting stock or an affiliate or associate of the corporation who, at any time during the two-year period immediately prior to the date in question, was the beneficial owner of 10% or more of the voting power of the then-outstanding stock of the corporation) or an affiliate of such an interested shareholder are prohibited for five years after the most recent date on which the interested shareholder becomes an interested shareholder. Thereafter, any such business combination must generally be recommended by the board of directors of the corporation and approved by the affirmative vote of at least (i) 80% of the votes entitled to be cast by holders of outstanding shares of voting stock of the corporation and (ii) two-thirds of the votes entitled to be cast by holders of voting stock of the corporation, other than shares held by the interested shareholder with whom (or with whose affiliate) the business combination is to be effected or held by an affiliate or associate of the interested shareholder, unless, among other conditions, the corporation’s common shareholders receive a minimum price (as defined in the MGCL) for their shares and the consideration is received in cash or in the same form as previously paid by the interested shareholder for its shares. A person is not an interested shareholder under the statute if the board of directors approved in advance the transaction by which the person otherwise would have become an interested shareholder. A corporation’s board of directors may provide that its approval is subject to compliance, at or after the time of approval, with any terms and conditions determined by the board.

Pursuant to the statute, our Board has adopted a resolution exempting any business combination with Leonard M. Tannenbaum, or any of his affiliates. Consequently, the five-year prohibition and the supermajority vote requirements will not apply to a business combination between us and Leonard M. Tannenbaum or any of his affiliates. As a result, Leonard M. Tannenbaum or any of his affiliates may be able to enter into business combinations with us that may not be in the best interests of our shareholders, without compliance with the supermajority vote requirements and the other provisions of the statute. The business combination statute may discourage others from trying to acquire control of our Company and increase the difficulty of consummating any offer.

Control Share Acquisitions

The MGCL provides that holders of “control shares” of a Maryland corporation acquired in a “control share acquisition” have no voting rights with respect to such shares except to the extent approved by the affirmative vote of at least two-thirds of the votes entitled to be cast on the matter. Shares owned by the acquirer, an officer of the corporation or an employee of the corporation who is also a director of the corporation are excluded from shares entitled to vote on the matter.

“Control shares” are voting shares of stock that, if aggregated with all other such shares of stock owned by the acquirer, or in respect of which the acquirer is able to exercise or direct the exercise of voting power (except solely by virtue of a revocable proxy), would entitle the acquirer to exercise voting power in electing directors within one of the following ranges of voting power:

- one-tenth or more but less than one-third;
- one-third or more but less than a majority; or
- a majority or more of all voting power.

Control shares do not include shares that the acquiring person is then entitled to vote as a result of having previously obtained shareholder approval or shares acquired directly from the corporation. A “control share acquisition” means the acquisition of issued and outstanding control shares, subject to certain exceptions.

A person who has made or proposes to make a control share acquisition, upon satisfaction of certain conditions (including an undertaking to pay expenses and making an “acquiring person statement” as described in the MGCL), may compel the board of directors to call a special meeting of shareholders to be held within 50 days of demand to consider the voting rights of the shares. If no request for a meeting is made, the corporation may itself present the question at any shareholders meeting.

If voting rights are not approved at the meeting or if the acquiring person does not deliver an “acquiring person statement” as required by the statute, then, subject to certain conditions and limitations, the corporation may redeem for fair value any or all of the control shares (except those for which voting rights have previously been approved). Fair value is determined, without regard to the absence of voting rights for the control shares, as of the date of the last control share acquisition by the acquirer or, if a meeting of shareholders is held at which the voting rights of such shares are considered and not approved, as of the date of such meeting. If voting rights for control shares are approved at a shareholders’ meeting and the acquirer becomes entitled to vote a majority of the shares entitled to vote, all other shareholders may exercise appraisal rights. The fair value of the shares as determined for purposes of such appraisal rights may not be less than the highest price per share paid by the acquirer in the control share acquisition.

The control share acquisition statute does not apply to shares acquired in a merger, consolidation or statutory share exchange if the corporation is a party to the transaction or acquisitions approved or exempted by the charter or bylaws of the corporation. The Bylaws contain a provision exempting from the control share acquisition statute any and all acquisitions by any person of shares of our capital stock. This provision may be amended or eliminated at any time in the future by our Board.

Subtitle 8

Subtitle 8 of Title 3 of the MGCL permits a Maryland corporation with a class of equity securities registered under the Exchange Act and at least three independent directors to elect, by provision in its charter or bylaws or a resolution of its board of directors and notwithstanding any contrary provision in the charter or bylaws, to be subject to any or all of five provisions, including:

- a classified board of directors;
- a two-thirds vote requirement for removing a director;
- a requirement that the number of directors be fixed only by vote of the board of directors;
- a requirement that a vacancy on the board of directors be filled only by the affirmative vote of a majority of the remaining directors in office and for the remainder of the full term of the class of directors in which the vacancy occurred and until a successor is elected and qualifies; and
- a majority requirement for the calling of a shareholder-requested special meeting of shareholders.

Pursuant to Subtitle 8, we have provided that vacancies on our Board may be filled only by the affirmative vote of a majority of the remaining directors and that directors elected by the Board to fill vacancies will serve for the remainder of the full term of the class in which the vacancy occurred. Through provisions in the Charter and Bylaws unrelated to Subtitle 8, we already (i) have a classified Board of Directors, (ii) vest in our Board the exclusive power to fix the number of directorships and (iii) require, unless called by our Board, chairman of our Board, our chief executive officer or our president, the written request of shareholders entitled to cast a majority of all of the votes entitled to be cast at such a meeting to call a special meeting.

Indemnification and Limitation of Directors' and Officers' Liability

Maryland law permits a Maryland corporation to include in its charter a provision limiting the liability of its directors and officers to the corporation and its shareholders for money damages, except for liability resulting from (i) actual receipt of an improper benefit or profit in money, property or services or (ii) active and deliberate dishonesty that is established by a final judgment and that is material to the cause of action. The Charter contains a provision that eliminates the liability of our directors and officers to the maximum extent permitted by Maryland law.

The MGCL requires us (unless the Charter provides otherwise, which the Charter does not) to indemnify a director or officer who has been successful, on the merits or otherwise, in the defense of any proceeding to which he or she is made a party by reason of his or her service in that capacity. The MGCL permits us to indemnify our present and former directors and officers, among others, against judgments, penalties, fines, settlements and reasonable expenses actually incurred by them in connection with any proceeding to which they may be made or threatened to be made a party by reason of their service in those or other capacities unless it is established that:

- the act or omission of the director or officer was material to the matter giving rise to the proceeding and (a) was committed in bad faith or (b) was the result of active and deliberate dishonesty;
- the director or officer actually received an improper personal benefit in money, property or services; or

- in the case of any criminal proceeding, the director or officer had reasonable cause to believe that the act or omission was unlawful.

Under the MGCL, we may not indemnify a director or officer in a suit by us or in our right in which the director or officer was adjudged liable to us or in a suit in which the director or officer was adjudged liable on the basis that personal benefit was improperly received. A court may order indemnification if it determines that the director or officer is fairly and reasonably entitled to indemnification, even though the director or officer did not meet the prescribed standard of conduct or was adjudged liable on the basis that personal benefit was improperly received. However, indemnification for an adverse judgment in a suit by us or in our right, or for a judgment of liability on the basis that personal benefit was improperly received, is limited to expenses.

In addition, the MGCL permits us to advance reasonable expenses to a director or officer upon our receipt of:

- a written affirmation by the director or officer of his or her good faith belief that he or she has met the standard of conduct necessary for indemnification by us; and
- a written undertaking by or on behalf of the director or officer to repay the amount paid or reimbursed by us if it is ultimately determined that the director or officer did not meet the standard of conduct.

The Charter authorizes us to obligate ourselves, and our Bylaws obligate us, to the maximum extent permitted by Maryland law in effect from time to time, to indemnify and, without requiring a preliminary determination of the ultimate entitlement to indemnification, pay or reimburse reasonable expenses in advance of final disposition of a proceeding to:

- any present or former director or officer who is made or threatened to be made a party to, or witness in, a proceeding by reason of his or her service in that capacity; or
- any individual who, while a director or officer of our Company and at our request, serves or has served as a director, officer, partner, member, manager or trustee of another corporation, REIT, partnership, limited liability company, joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan or any other enterprise and who is made or threatened to be made a party to, or witness in, the proceeding by reason of his or her service in that capacity.

The Charter and Bylaws also permit us to indemnify and advance expenses to any person who served a predecessor of ours in any of the capacities described above and to any employee or agent of ours or a predecessor of ours.

In addition to the indemnification provided by the Charter and Bylaws, we have entered into indemnification agreements with our directors and officers that provide for indemnification to the maximum extent permitted by Maryland law, subject to certain standards to be met and certain other limitations and conditions as set forth in such indemnification agreements.

Insofar as the foregoing provisions permit indemnification of directors, officers or persons controlling our Company for liability arising under the Securities Act, we have been informed that, in the opinion of the SEC, this indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and is therefore unenforceable.

We do not currently carry directors' and officers' insurance. However, we may in the future maintain such insurance or establish a sinking fund to contribute a specified amount of cash on a monthly basis towards insuring our directors and officers against liability.

Advance Notice of Director Nominations and New Business

The Bylaws provide that, with respect to an annual meeting of our shareholders, nominations of individuals for election to our Board and the proposal of other business to be considered by our shareholders may be made only (i) pursuant to our notice of the meeting, (ii) by or at the direction of our Board or (iii) by any shareholder who was a shareholder of record at the record date set by the Board for determining shareholders entitled to vote at the meeting, at the time of giving the notice required by the Bylaws and at the time of the meeting, who is entitled to vote at the meeting in the election of each individual so nominated or on such other proposed business and has provided notice to us within the time period, and containing the information and other materials, specified in the advance notice provisions of the Bylaws.

With respect to special meetings of shareholders, only the business specified in our notice of meeting may be brought before the meeting. Nominations of individuals for election to our Board may be made only (i) by or at the direction of our Board or (ii) if the meeting has been called for the purpose of electing directors, by any shareholder who was a shareholder of record at the record date set by the Board for determining shareholders entitled to vote at the meeting, at the time of giving the notice required by the Bylaws and at the time of the meeting, who is entitled to vote at the meeting in the election of each individual so nominated and who has provided notice to us within the time period, and containing the information and other materials, specified in the advance notice provisions of the Bylaws.

The advance notice procedures of the Bylaws provide that, to be timely, a shareholder's notice with respect to director nominations or other proposals for an annual meeting must be delivered to our secretary at our principal executive office not earlier than the 150th day nor later than 5:00 p.m., Eastern Time, on the 120th day prior to the first anniversary of the date of the proxy statement for our preceding year's annual meeting.

In the event that the date of the annual meeting is advanced or delayed by more than 30 days from the first anniversary of the date of the preceding year's annual meeting, to be timely, a shareholder's notice must be delivered not earlier than the 150th day prior to the date of such annual meeting and not later than 5:00 p.m., Eastern Time, on the close of business on the later of the 120th day prior to the date of such annual meeting, as originally convened, or the tenth day following the day on which public announcement of the date of such meeting is first made.

Meetings of Shareholders

Under the Bylaws, annual meetings of shareholders will be held each year at a date, time and place determined by our Board. Special meetings of shareholders may be called by our Board, chairman of our Board, our chief executive officer or our president. Additionally, subject to the provisions of the Bylaws, special meetings of the shareholders must be called by our secretary upon the written request of shareholders entitled to cast not less than a majority of the votes entitled to be cast at such meeting. Only matters set forth in the notice of the special meeting may be considered and acted upon at such meeting.

Amendments to the Charter and Bylaws

Under the MGCL, a Maryland corporation generally may not amend its charter unless declared advisable by the board of directors and approved by the affirmative vote of shareholders entitled to cast at least two-thirds of the votes entitled to be cast on the matter, unless a lesser percentage (but not less than a majority of all of the votes entitled to be cast on the matter) is specified in the corporation's charter. Except for those amendments permitted to be made without

shareholder approval under Maryland law or the Charter, the Charter generally may be amended only if the amendment is first declared advisable by our Board and thereafter approved by the affirmative vote of shareholders entitled to cast a majority of all of the votes entitled to be cast on the matter. Any amendment to the Charter related to the removal of directors or the amendment provision in the Charter related thereto requires the affirmative vote of shareholders entitled to cast at least two-thirds of all the votes entitled to be cast on the matter.

Our Board has the exclusive power to adopt, alter or repeal any provision of the Bylaws and to make new Bylaws.

Transactions Outside the Ordinary Course of Business

Under the MGCL, a Maryland corporation generally may not dissolve, merge or consolidate with, or convert to, another entity, sell all or substantially all of its assets or engage in a statutory share exchange unless the action is declared advisable by the board of directors and approved by the affirmative vote of shareholders entitled to cast at least two-thirds of the votes entitled to be cast on the matter, unless a lesser percentage (but not less than a majority of all of the votes entitled to be cast on the matter) is specified in the corporation's charter. Our Charter provides that these actions must be approved by a majority of all of the votes entitled to be cast on the matter.

Dissolution of SUNS

The dissolution of our Company must be declared advisable by a majority of the entire Board and approved by our shareholders by the affirmative vote of a majority of all of the votes entitled to be cast on the matter.

Effects of Certain Provisions of Maryland Law and of Our Charter and Bylaws

The restrictions on ownership and transfer of our stock discussed under the caption "Description of Capital Stock—Ownership Limitations and Exceptions" prevent (i) any person, other than a Qualified Institutional Investor or an Excepted Holder, from Beneficially Owning or Constructively Owning more than 4.9% (in value or by number of shares, whichever is more restrictive) of the aggregate outstanding shares of our capital stock and (ii) any Qualified Institutional Investor, other than an Excepted Holder, from Beneficially Owning or Constructively Owning more than 9.8% (in value or by number of shares, whichever is more restrictive) of the aggregate outstanding shares of our capital stock, in each case, without the approval of our Board. These provisions as well as the business combination provisions of the MGCL may delay, defer or prevent a change in control. Likewise, if the provision in the Bylaws opting out of the control share acquisition provisions of the MGCL were rescinded or if we were to opt in to certain provisions of Subtitle 8, these provisions of the MGCL could have similar anti-takeover effects.

Further, our Board has the power to classify and reclassify any unissued shares of our stock into other classes or series of stock, and to authorize us to issue the newly classified shares, as discussed under the captions "*Description of Capital Stock—Common Stock*" and "*—Classified or Reclassified Shares*," and could authorize the issuance of shares of a class or series of stock, including a class or series of preferred stock, that could have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a change in control. These actions may be taken without the approval of holders of our common stock unless such approval is required by applicable law, the terms of any other class or series of our stock or the rules of any stock exchange or automated quotation system on which any of our stock is listed or traded. We believe that the power of our Board to classify or reclassify unissued shares of stock and thereafter to cause us to issue such shares of stock will

provide us with increased flexibility in structuring possible future financings and acquisitions and in meeting other needs which might arise.

The Charter and Bylaws also provide that the number of directors may be established only by a majority of the entire Board, which prevents our shareholders from increasing the number of our directors and filling any vacancies created by such increase with their own nominees. The provisions of the Bylaws discussed above under the captions “—*Meetings of Shareholders*” and “—*Advance Notice of Director Nominations and New Business*” require shareholders seeking to call a special meeting, nominate an individual for election as a director or propose other business at an annual or special meeting to comply with certain notice and information requirements. We believe that these provisions will help to assure the continuity and stability of our business strategies and policies as determined by our Board and promote good corporate governance by providing us with clear procedures for calling special meetings, information about a shareholder proponent’s interest in our Company and adequate time to consider shareholder nominees and other business proposals. However, these provisions, alone or in combination, could make it more difficult for our shareholders to remove incumbent directors or fill vacancies on our Board with their own nominees and could delay, defer or prevent a change in control, including a proxy contest or tender offer that might involve a premium price for outstanding shares of our common stock or otherwise be in the best interest of our shareholders.

Exclusive Forum for Certain Litigation

Our Bylaws provide that, unless we consent in writing to the selection of an alternative forum, the Circuit Court for Baltimore City, Maryland, or, if that court does not have jurisdiction, the United States District Court for the District of Maryland, Northern Division, will be the sole and exclusive forum for (a) any Internal Corporate Claim, as such term is defined in the MGCL, (b) any derivative action or proceeding brought on our behalf (other than actions arising under federal securities laws), (c) any action asserting a claim of breach of any duty owed by any of our directors, officers or other employees to us or to our shareholders, (d) any action asserting a claim against us or any of our directors, officers or other employees arising pursuant to any provision of the MGCL or our Charter or Bylaws or (e) any other action asserting a claim against us or any of our directors, officers or other employees that is governed by the internal affairs doctrine. These choice of forum provisions will not apply to suits brought to enforce a duty or liability created by the Securities Act, the Exchange Act, or any other claim for which federal courts have exclusive jurisdiction. Furthermore, our Bylaws provide that, unless we consent in writing to the selection of an alternative forum, the federal district courts of the United States of America shall, to the fullest extent permitted by law, be the sole and exclusive forum for the resolution of any claim arising under the Securities Act. Although our Bylaws contain the choice of forum provisions described above, it is possible that a court could rule that such provisions are inapplicable for a particular claim or action or that such provisions are unenforceable. For example, under the Securities Act, federal courts have concurrent jurisdiction over all suits brought to enforce any duty or liability created by the Securities Act, and investors cannot waive compliance with the federal securities laws and the rules and regulations thereunder. In addition, the exclusive forum provisions described above do not apply to any actions brought under the Exchange Act.

Although we believe these provisions will benefit us by limiting costly and time-consuming litigation in multiple forums and by providing increased consistency in the application of applicable law, these exclusive forum provisions may limit the ability of our shareholders to bring a claim in a judicial forum that such shareholders find favorable for disputes with us or our directors, officers or employees, which may discourage such lawsuits against us and our directors, officers and other employees.

SHARES AVAILABLE FOR FUTURE SALE

Upon the completion of this offering, as a result of the sale of 5,500,000 shares in this offering, we will have 12,504,676 shares of common stock outstanding (or 13,329,676 shares if the underwriters exercise their option to purchase additional shares in full).

Rule 144

In general, under Rule 144, a person (or persons whose shares are aggregated) who is not an affiliate of ours and has not been one of our affiliates at any time during the three months preceding a sale, and who has beneficially owned shares considered to be restricted securities for at least one year, including the holding period of any prior owner other than an affiliate, is entitled to sell those securities without registration and without complying with the manner of sale, public information, volume limitation or notice provisions of Rule 144. In addition, under Rule 144, if we have been subject to the reporting requirements of the Exchange Act for at least 90 days, a person (or persons whose securities are aggregated) who is not an affiliate of ours and has not been one of our affiliates at any time during the three months preceding a sale, may sell his or her securities without registration, subject to the continued availability of current public information about us after only a six-month holding period. Any sales by affiliates under Rule 144, even after the applicable holding periods, are subject to requirements and/or limitations with respect to volume, manner of sale, notice and the availability of current public information about us.

Rule 701

In general, under Rule 701 of the Securities Act as currently in effect, each of our employees, if any, consultants or advisors who purchases our common stock from us in connection with a compensatory stock or option plan or other written agreement before the effective date of a registration statement under the Securities Act is entitled to sell such shares 90 days after such effective date in reliance on Rule 144. An affiliate of the issuer can resell shares in reliance on Rule 144 without having to comply with the holding period requirement, and non-affiliates of the issuer can resell shares in reliance on Rule 144 without having to comply with the current public information and holding period requirements.

The SEC has indicated that Rule 701 will apply to typical stock options granted by an issuer before it becomes subject to the reporting requirements of the Exchange Act, along with the shares acquired upon exercise of such options, including exercises after an issuer becomes subject to the reporting requirements of the Exchange Act.

Form S-8 Registration Statements

On July 12, 2024, we filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form S-8 under the Securities Act to register the shares subject to outstanding options or reserved for issuance under our 2024 Stock Incentive Plan. This registration statement became effective immediately upon filing. Shares covered by this registration statement are eligible for sale in the open market, subject to vesting restrictions, any applicable lock-up agreements described below and Rule 144 limitations applicable to affiliates.

Lock-Up Periods

For a description of certain lock-up periods, see *“Underwriting—No Sales of Similar Securities.”*

U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS

The following discussion summarizes the material U.S. federal income tax considerations regarding qualification and taxation as a “real estate investment trust” within the meaning of Section 856 of the Code and the material U.S. federal income tax considerations to investors of the purchase, ownership and disposition of our common stock. This discussion does not address the consequence of an investment in shares of any other equity interest in us. This discussion is based upon the provisions of the Code, the final and temporary Treasury regulations promulgated thereunder and administrative rulings and judicial decisions now in effect, all of which are subject to change (possibly with retroactive effect) or different interpretations. This summary does not purport to deal with all aspects of U.S. federal income taxation that may be relevant to an investor’s decision to purchase our common stock (including the impact of the Medicare contribution tax on net investment income), nor any tax consequences arising under the laws of any state, locality or foreign jurisdiction or under any U.S. federal tax laws other than U.S. federal income tax laws. This summary does not address all tax considerations that may be relevant to a prospective investor based on such investor’s particular circumstances, and is not intended to be applicable to all categories of investors that may be subject to special treatment under the Code, including but not limited to dealers in securities, banks, thrifts, or other financial institutions, insurance companies, regulated investment companies, tax-exempt organizations, U.S. expatriates, persons that hold our common stock as part of a straddle, conversion transaction, or hedge, partnerships or other pass-through entities and persons holding our common stock through a partnership or other pass-through entity, a holder who received our common stock through the exchange of employee stock options or otherwise as compensation, persons deemed to sell our common stock under the constructive sale provisions of the Code, persons whose “functional currency” is other than the U.S. dollar, holders subject to the alternative minimum tax, foreign governments, and international organizations. In addition, this discussion is limited to persons who hold our common stock as “capital assets” (generally, property held for investment) within the meaning of Section 1221 of the Code.

The sections of the Code relating to qualification and operation as a REIT, the U.S. federal income tax treatment of a REIT and its stockholders are highly technical and complex. The following discussion sets forth only the material aspects of those sections. This summary is qualified in its entirety by the applicable Code provisions and the related rules and Treasury regulations. No advance ruling from the IRS has been or will be sought regarding any matter discussed in this prospectus. No assurance can be given that the IRS would not assert, or that a court would not sustain, a position contrary to any of the tax aspects set forth below.

THIS SECTION IS NOT A SUBSTITUTE FOR CAREFUL TAX PLANNING. YOU SHOULD CONSULT YOUR TAX ADVISOR REGARDING THE SPECIFIC FEDERAL, STATE, LOCAL, FOREIGN AND OTHER TAX CONSEQUENCES TO YOU REGARDING THE PURCHASE, OWNERSHIP AND SALE OF OUR COMMON STOCK DESCRIBED BY THIS PROSPECTUS. YOU SHOULD ALSO CONSULT WITH YOUR TAX ADVISOR REGARDING THE IMPACT OF POTENTIAL CHANGES IN THE APPLICABLE TAX LAWS.

For purposes of this summary, a “U.S. Holder” is a beneficial owner of our common stock that is:

- a citizen or resident of the United States;
- a corporation or entity treated as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes created or organized in or under the laws of the United States, any state thereof, or the District of Columbia;

- an estate, the income of which is subject to U.S. federal income taxation regardless of its source; or
- a trust if it (1) is subject to the primary supervision of a court within the United States, and one or more U.S. persons have authority to control all substantial decisions of the trust or (2) has a valid election in effect under applicable Treasury regulations to be treated as a U.S. person.

A “Non-U.S. Holder” is any beneficial owner of our common stock that is not (i) a U.S. Holder or (ii) an entity classified as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

If a partnership, or entity treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes, holds our common stock the tax treatment of a partner will generally depend upon the status of the partner and upon the activities of the partnership. Persons holding our common stock through a partnership or other entity treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes should consult their own tax advisors.

Taxation

We intend to elect to be taxed as a REIT under Sections 856 through 860 of the Code, commencing with our taxable year ended December 31, 2024. We intend to operate in a manner that will enable us to qualify as a REIT.

In connection with this offering, O’Melveny & Myers LLP will render an opinion that, commencing with our taxable year ended December 31, 2024, we have been organized and operated in a manner that has enabled us to meet the requirements for qualification and taxation as a REIT, and our organization and current and proposed method of operation will enable us to meet the requirements for qualification and taxation as a REIT under the Code for our taxable year ending December 31, 2025 and each taxable year thereafter. Investors should be aware that the opinion of O’Melveny & Myers LLP will be based upon customary assumptions, will be conditioned upon certain representations made by us as to factual matters, including representations regarding the nature of our assets, income, organizational documents, stockholder ownership, and the present and future conduct of our business and will not be binding upon the IRS or any court. We have not received, and do not intend to seek, any rulings from the IRS regarding our status as a REIT or our satisfaction of the REIT requirements. The IRS may challenge our status as a REIT, and a court could sustain any such challenge. In addition, the opinion of O’Melveny & Myers LLP will be based on U.S. federal income tax law governing qualification as a REIT in effect as of the date thereof, which is subject to change either prospectively or retroactively. Moreover, our qualification and taxation as a REIT depends upon our ability to meet on a continuing basis, through actual annual operating results, certain qualification tests set forth in the U.S. federal tax laws. Those qualification tests involve the percentage of income that we earn from specified sources, the percentage of our assets that falls within specified categories, the diversity of the ownership of our shares, and the percentage of our taxable income that we distribute. O’Melveny & Myers LLP will not review our compliance with those tests on a continuing basis. Accordingly, no assurance can be given that our actual results of operations for any particular taxable year will satisfy such requirements. For a discussion of the tax consequences of our failure to qualify as a REIT, see “—*Failure to Qualify as a REIT.*”

So long as we qualify for taxation as a REIT, we generally are not subject to U.S. federal income tax on the portion of our taxable income or capital gain that is distributed to shareholders annually as long as we qualify as a REIT. This treatment substantially eliminates the “double

taxation” (i.e., at both the corporate and stockholder levels) that typically results from investment in a corporation.

Notwithstanding our qualification as a REIT, we will be subject to U.S. federal income tax as follows:

- we will be taxed at normal corporate rates on any undistributed net income (including undistributed net capital gains);
- if we fail to satisfy either the 75% or the 95% gross income tests (discussed below), but nonetheless maintain our qualification as a REIT because other requirements are met, we will be subject to a 100% tax on the greater of (1) the amount by which we fail the 75% test and (2) the amount by which we fail the 95% test, in either case, multiplied by a fraction intended to reflect our profitability;
- if we should fail to satisfy the asset tests or other requirements applicable to REITs, as described below, yet nonetheless maintain our qualification as a REIT because there is reasonable cause for the failure and other applicable requirements are met, we may be subject to an excise tax;
- we will be subject to a tax of 100% on net income from any “prohibited transaction”;
- we will be subject to tax, at the corporate rate, on net income from (1) the sale or other disposition of “foreclosure property” (generally, property acquired by us through foreclosure or after a default on a loan secured by the property or a lease of the property and for which an election is in effect) that is held primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of business or (2) other non-qualifying income from foreclosure property;
- if we fail to distribute during each calendar year at least the sum of (1) 85% of our REIT ordinary income for the year, (2) 95% of our REIT capital gain income for the year and (3) any undistributed taxable income from prior years, we will be subject to a 4% excise tax on the excess of the Required Distribution over the sum of (a) the amounts actually distributed plus (b) the amounts with respect to which certain taxes are imposed on us;
- if we acquire any asset from a “C corporation” (that is, a corporation generally subject to the full corporate level tax) in a transaction in which the basis of the asset in our hands is determined by reference to the basis of the asset in the hands of the C corporation, and we recognize gain on the disposition of the asset during a five-year period beginning on the date that we acquired the asset, then the asset’s “built-in” gain generally will be subject to tax at the highest regular corporate rate;
- if we fail to qualify for taxation as a REIT because we failed to distribute by the end of the relevant year any earnings and profits we inherited from a taxable C corporation during the year (e.g., by tax-free merger or tax-free liquidation), and the failure is not due to fraud with intent to evade tax, we generally may retain our REIT status by paying a special distribution, but we will be required to pay an interest charge on 50% of the amount of undistributed non-REIT earnings and profits;
- a 100% tax may be imposed on certain transactions between us and our taxable REIT subsidiaries (“TRSs”) that do not reflect arm’s length terms;
- we may be required to pay monetary penalties to the IRS in certain circumstances, including if we fail to satisfy the record keeping requirements intended to monitor our compliance with rules relating to the ownership of our common stock, as described below in “—*Requirements for Qualification—Organizational Requirements*”;
- With respect to an interest in a taxable mortgage pool or a residual interest in a real estate mortgage investment conduit, or “REMIC,” the ownership of which is attributed to us or to a REIT in which we own an interest, although the law on the matter is unclear as to the ownership of an interest in a taxable mortgage pool, we may be taxable at the highest

corporate rate on the amount of any excess inclusion income for the taxable year allocable to the percentage of our stock that is held in record name by “disqualified organizations.” For a discussion of “excess inclusion income,” see “—*Taxable Mortgage Pools and Excess Inclusion Income*.” A “disqualified organization” includes:

- the United States;
 - any state or political subdivision of the United States;
 - any foreign government;
 - any international organization;
 - any agency or instrumentality of any of the foregoing;
 - any other tax-exempt organization, other than a farmer’s cooperative described in Section 521 of the Code, that is exempt both from income taxation and from taxation under the unrelated business taxable income provisions of the Code; and
 - any rural electrical or telephone cooperative.
- certain of our subsidiaries may be subchapter C corporations, the earnings of which could be subject to federal corporate income tax; and
 - we and our subsidiaries, if any, may be subject to a variety of taxes, including state, local and foreign income taxes, property taxes and other taxes on our assets and operations and could also be subject to tax in situations and on transactions not presently contemplated.

We will use the calendar year both for U.S. federal income tax purposes and for financial reporting purposes.

Requirements for Qualification. To qualify as a REIT, we must elect to be treated as a REIT and must meet various (a) organizational requirements, (b) gross income tests, (c) asset tests and (d) annual distribution requirements.

Organizational Requirements. A REIT must be organized as a corporation, trust or association:

1. that is managed by one or more trustees or directors;
2. the beneficial ownership of which is evidenced by transferable shares, or by transferable certificates of beneficial interest;
3. that would be taxable as a domestic corporation, but for its election to be subject to tax as a REIT under Sections 856 through 860 of the Code;
4. that is neither a financial institution nor an insurance company subject to specified provisions of the Code;
5. the beneficial ownership of which is held by 100 or more persons;
6. during the last half of each taxable year not more than 50% in value of the outstanding stock of which is owned, directly or indirectly, or by application of certain constructive ownership rules, by five or fewer individuals (as defined in the Code to include some entities that would not ordinarily be considered “individuals”); and
7. that meets other tests, described below, regarding the nature of its income and assets.

The Code provides that conditions (1) through (4) must be met during our entire taxable year, and that condition (5) must be met during at least 335 days of a taxable year of 12 months, or during a proportionate part of a taxable year of less than 12 months. The Charter provides for restrictions regarding transfer of our capital stock, in order to assist us in continuing to satisfy the

share ownership requirements described in (5) and (6) above. These transfer restrictions are described in “*Description of Capital Stock—Ownership Limitations and Exceptions*” and “*—Transfer Restrictions*.”

We will be treated as having satisfied condition (6) above if we comply with the regulatory requirements to request information from our shareholders regarding their actual ownership of our common stock, and we do not know, or in exercising reasonable diligence would not have known, that we failed to satisfy this condition. If we fail to comply with these regulatory requirements for any taxable year we will be subject to a penalty of \$25,000, or \$50,000 if such failure was intentional. However, if our failure to comply was due to reasonable cause and not willful neglect, no penalties will be imposed.

Gross Income Tests. We must satisfy the following two separate gross income tests at the close of each of our taxable years:

- **75% Gross Income Test.** At least 75% of our gross income (excluding gross income from prohibited transactions, income from certain hedging transactions and certain foreign currency gains) must consist of income derived directly or indirectly from investments relating to real property or mortgages on real property (generally including rents from real property, dividends from other REITs, and, in some circumstances, interest on mortgages), or some types of temporary investment income.
- **95% Gross Income Test.** At least 95% of our gross income (excluding gross income from prohibited transactions, income from certain hedging transactions and certain foreign currency gains) must consist of items that satisfy the 75% gross income test and certain other items, including dividends, interest and gain from the sale or disposition of stock or securities (or from any combination of these types of income).

Interest income that we receive will satisfy the 75% gross income test (as described above) to the extent that it is derived from a loan that is adequately secured by a mortgage on real property or on interests in real property (including, in the case of a loan secured by both real property and personal property, such personal property if it does not exceed 15% of the total fair market value of all of the property securing the loan). If a loan is secured by both real property and other property (and such other property is not treated as real property as described above), and the highest principal amount of the loan outstanding during a taxable year exceeds the fair market value of the real property securing the loan, determined as of (a) the date we agreed to acquire or originate the loan or (b) in the event of a “significant modification,” the date we modified the loan, then a part of the interest income from such loan equal to the percentage amount by which the loan exceeds the value of the real property will not be qualifying income for purposes of the 75% gross income test, but may be qualifying income for purposes of the 95% gross income test.

We expect that any CMBS in which we invest generally will be treated either as interests in a grantor trust or as interests in a REMIC for U.S. federal income tax purposes and that all interest income from such CMBS will be qualifying income for the 95% gross income test. In the case of CMBS treated as interests in grantor trusts, interest on mortgage loans held by the trust would be qualifying income for purposes of the 75% gross income test to the extent that the obligation is secured by real property, as discussed above. In the case of CMBS treated as interests in a REMIC, income derived from REMIC interests generally will be treated as qualifying income for purposes of the 75% and 95% gross income tests. If less than 95% of the assets of the REMIC are real estate assets, however, then only a proportionate part of our interest in the REMIC and income derived from the interest will qualify for purposes of the 75% gross income test.

The IRS has provided a safe harbor with respect to the treatment of a mezzanine loan as a loan and therefore as a qualifying asset for purposes of the REIT asset tests, but not rules of substantive law. Pursuant to the safe harbor, if a mezzanine loan meets certain requirements, it will be treated by the IRS as a qualifying real estate asset for purposes of the REIT asset tests, and interest derived from the mezzanine loan will be treated as qualifying mortgage interest for purposes of the REIT 75% income test. However, structuring a mezzanine loan to meet the requirements of the safe harbor may not always be practical. To the extent that any of our mezzanine loans do not meet all of the requirements for reliance on the safe harbor, such loans might not be properly treated as qualifying loans for REIT purposes.

There is limited case law and administrative guidance addressing whether mezzanine loans or preferred equity investments will be treated as equity or debt for U.S. federal income tax purposes. If the IRS successfully recharacterizes a mezzanine loan or preferred equity investment we hold in a manner inconsistent with our intended treatment, there can be no assurance that we will not derive nonqualifying income for purposes of the 75% or 95% gross income test or earn income that could be subject to a 100% penalty tax.

If we receive contingent interest that is based on the cash proceeds realized upon the sale of the property securing the loan, then the income attributable to the participation feature will be treated as gain from the sale of the underlying real property and will satisfy both the 75% and 95% gross income tests provided that the property is not held by the borrower as inventory or dealer property. Interest income that we receive from a loan in which all or a portion of the interest income payable is contingent on the gross receipts or sales of the borrower will generally be qualifying income for purposes of both the 75% and 95% gross income tests.

We may receive fee income in a number of circumstances, including from loans that we originate. Fee income, including prepayment penalties, loan assumption fees and late payment charges that are not compensation for services, generally will be qualifying income for purposes of both the 75% and 95% gross income tests if it is received in consideration for us entering or having entered into an agreement to make a loan secured by real property or an interest in real property and the fees are not determined by income and profits of the borrower. Other fees generally are not qualifying income for purposes of either gross income test. Fees earned by any TRSs are not included in computing the 75% and 95% gross income tests, and thus neither assist nor hinder our compliance with these tests.

Phantom income. Due to the nature of the assets in which we will invest, we may be required to recognize taxable income from certain assets in advance of our receipt of cash flow from or proceeds from disposition of such assets and may be required to report taxable income that exceeds the economic income ultimately realized on such assets.

For example, some of the loans and debt securities that we acquire may have been issued with original issue discount. In general, we will be required to accrue original issue discount based on the constant yield to maturity of the debt securities, and to treat it as taxable income in accordance with applicable U.S. federal income tax rules even though such yield may exceed cash payments, if any, received on such debt instrument. In addition, we may agree to modify the terms of distressed and other loans we hold. These modifications may be considered "significant modifications" for U.S. federal income tax purposes that give rise to a deemed debt-for-debt exchange upon which we may recognize taxable income or gain without a corresponding receipt of cash.

Furthermore, we may acquire debt instruments or CMBS in the secondary market for less than their face amount. The amount of such discount generally will be treated as "market

discount” for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Accrued market discount is reported as income when, and to the extent that, any payment of principal of the debt instrument is made, unless we elect to include accrued market discount in income as it accrues. If we collect less on the debt instrument than our purchase price plus the market discount we had previously reported as income, we may not be able to benefit from any offsetting loss deductions.

As a result of each of these potential timing differences between income recognition or expense deduction and cash receipts or disbursements, we may have substantial taxable income in excess of cash available for distribution. In that event, we may need to borrow funds or take other action to satisfy the REIT distribution requirements for the taxable year in which this “phantom income” is recognized.

Prohibited Transactions. Net income from prohibited transactions is subject to a 100% tax. The term “prohibited transaction” generally includes a sale or other disposition of property (other than foreclosure property) that is held primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of a trade or business. Whether property is held “primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of a trade or business” depends on the specific facts and circumstances. The Code provides a safe harbor pursuant to which sales of assets held for at least two years and meeting certain additional requirements will not be treated as prohibited transactions, but compliance with the safe harbor may not always be practical. We intend to continue to conduct our operations so that no asset that we own (or are treated as owning) will be treated as, or as having been, held as inventory or primarily for sale to customers and that a sale of any such asset will not be treated as having been in the ordinary course of our business (for purposes of the prohibited transaction rules) either by relying on an appropriate safe harbor or otherwise.

Foreclosure Property. Foreclosure property generally includes any real property, including interests in real property, and any personal property incident to such real property:

- that is acquired by a REIT as the result of the REIT having bid in such property at foreclosure, or having otherwise reduced such property to ownership or possession by agreement or process of law, after there was a default or default was imminent on a lease of such property or on indebtedness that such property secured;
- for which the related loan or lease was acquired by the REIT at a time when the default was not imminent or anticipated; and
- for which the REIT makes a proper election to treat the property as foreclosure property.

Property generally ceases to be foreclosure property at the end of the third taxable year following the taxable year in which the REIT acquired the property, or longer if an extension is granted by the Secretary of the Treasury. We will be subject to tax at the maximum corporate rate on any net income from foreclosure property, other than income that otherwise would be qualifying income for purposes of the 75% gross income test, less expenses directly connected with the production of that income. However, gross income from foreclosure property, including gain from the sale of foreclosure property held for sale in the ordinary course of a trade or business, will qualify for purposes of the 75% and 95% gross income tests.

Effect of Subsidiary Entities. In the case of a REIT that is a partner in a partnership, Treasury regulations provide that for purposes of applying the gross income and asset tests the REIT will be deemed to own its proportionate share of the assets of the partnership and will be deemed to be entitled to the income of the partnership attributable to such share. In addition, the character of the assets and gross income of the partnership will remain the same in the hands of the REIT for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

A TRS is a corporation in which we directly or indirectly own stock and that jointly with us elects to be treated as our TRS under Section 856(l) of the Code. If our TRS owns, directly or indirectly, securities representing 35% or more of the vote or value of a subsidiary corporation, that subsidiary will also be treated as our TRS. A TRS is subject to U.S. federal income tax and state and local income tax, where applicable, as a regular C corporation. Generally, a TRS can engage in activities that, if conducted by us other than through a TRS, could result in the receipt of non-qualified income or the ownership of non-qualified assets. However, several provisions regarding the arrangements between a REIT and its TRSs ensure that a TRS will be subject to an appropriate level of U.S. federal income taxation. For example, we will be obligated to pay a 100% penalty tax on some payments that we receive or certain other amounts or on certain expenses deducted by the TRS if the economic arrangements among us, our borrowers and/or the TRS are not comparable to similar arrangements among unrelated parties.

We may own interests in one or more TRSs that may receive management fee income and/or hold assets or generate income that could cause us to fail the REIT income or asset tests or subject it to the 100% tax on prohibited transactions. Our TRSs may incur significant amounts of U.S. federal, state and local income taxes and, if doing business or owning property outside of the United States, significant non-U.S. taxes.

If a REIT owns a corporate subsidiary that is a "qualified REIT subsidiary" ("QRS"), the separate existence of that subsidiary is disregarded for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Generally, a QRS is a corporation, other than a TRS, all of the stock of which is owned directly or indirectly by the REIT. All assets, liabilities and items of income, deduction and credit of the QRS will be treated as assets, liabilities and items of income, deduction and credit of the REIT itself. A QRS is not subject to U.S. federal corporate income taxation, although it may be subject to state and local taxation in some states.

Relief Provisions for Failing the 75% or the 95% Gross Income Tests. If we fail to satisfy one or both of the 75% or 95% gross income tests for any taxable year, we may nevertheless qualify as a REIT for that year if we are entitled to relief under provisions of the Code. Relief provisions are generally available if:

- following our identification of the failure to meet the 75% or 95% gross income tests for any taxable year, we file a schedule with the IRS setting forth each item of our gross income for purposes of the 75% or 95% gross income tests for such taxable year; and
- our failure to meet these tests was due to reasonable cause and not willful neglect.

However, it is not possible to state whether in all circumstances we would be entitled to the benefit of these relief provisions. As discussed above in "*Taxation*," even if the relief provisions apply, a tax will be imposed with respect to some or all of our excess nonqualifying gross income, reduced by approximated expenses.

Asset Tests. We must satisfy the following four tests relating to the nature of our assets at the close of each quarter of our taxable year:

- at least 75% of the value of our total assets must be represented by real estate assets (including (1) our allocable share of real estate assets held by partnerships in which we own an interest, (2) stock or debt instruments held for not more than one year purchased with the proceeds of our stock offering or long-term (at least five years) debt offering, cash, cash items and government securities, (3) stock in other REITs and (4) certain mortgage-backed securities and loans);

- not more than 25% of our total assets may be represented by securities other than those in the 75% asset class;
- of the investments included in the 25% asset class, the value of any one issuer's securities owned by us may not exceed 5% of the value of our total assets (unless the issuer is a TRS), and we may not own more than 10% of the vote or value of any one issuer's outstanding securities (unless the issuer is a TRS or we can avail ourselves of the rules relating to certain securities and "straight debt" summarized below);
- not more than 20% of the value of our total assets may be represented by securities of one or more TRS; and
- not more than 25% of the value of our total assets may be represented by debt instruments of publicly offered REITs that are not secured by mortgages on real property or interests in real property.

The term "securities", generally includes debt securities issued by a partnership or another REIT. However, "straight debt" securities and certain other obligations, including loans to individuals or estates, certain specified loans to partnerships, certain specified rental agreements and securities issued by REITs are not treated as "securities" for purposes of the "10% value" asset test. "Straight debt" means a written unconditional promise to pay on demand or on a specified date a sum certain in cash if (i) the debt is not convertible, directly or indirectly, into stock, (ii) the interest rate and interest payment dates are not contingent on profits, the borrower's discretion, or similar factors (subject to certain specified exceptions), and (iii) the issuer is either not a corporation or partnership, or the only securities of the issuer held by us, and certain of our TRSs, subject to a de minimis exception, are straight debt and other specified assets.

For purposes of the 75% asset test, mortgage loans generally will qualify as real estate assets to the extent that they are secured by real property. Where a mortgage covers both real property and other property, an apportionment may be required in the same manner as described under "—Gross Income Tests."

As noted above, there is limited case law and administrative guidance addressing whether mezzanine loans or preferred equity investments we may make will be treated as equity or debt for U.S. federal income tax purposes. If the IRS successfully recharacterizes a mezzanine loan or preferred equity investment in a manner inconsistent with our intended treatment, there can be no assurance that we will satisfy all of the asset tests.

In the case of CMBS treated as interests in grantor trusts, we would be treated as owning an undivided beneficial ownership interest in the mortgage loans held by the grantor trust. In the case of CMBS treated as an interest in a REMIC, such interests will generally qualify as real estate assets, and income derived from REMIC interests will generally be treated as qualifying income for purposes of the REIT income tests described above. If less than 95% of the assets of a REMIC are real estate assets, however, then only a proportionate part of our interest in the REMIC and income derived from the interest qualifies for purposes of the REIT asset and income tests.

The above asset tests must be satisfied not only at the end of the quarter in which we acquire securities in the applicable issuer, but also in each quarter we acquire any security or other property. After initially meeting the asset tests at the end of any quarter, we will not lose our REIT status if we fail to satisfy the asset tests at the end of a later quarter solely by reason of changes in the relative values of our assets. If the failure to satisfy the asset tests results from the acquisition of securities or other property during a quarter, the failure can be cured by a disposition of sufficient non-qualifying assets or acquisition of sufficient qualifying assets within 30 days after the close of that quarter. Although we plan to take steps to ensure that we satisfy

such steps for any quarter with respect to which retesting is to occur, there can be no assurance that such steps will always be successful, or will not require a reduction in our overall interest in an issuer. If we fail to cure the noncompliance with the asset tests within this 30-day period, we could fail to qualify as a REIT.

In certain cases, we may avoid disqualification for any taxable year if we fail to satisfy the asset tests after the 30 day cure period. We will be deemed to have met certain of the REIT asset tests if the value of our non-qualifying assets for such tests (i) does not exceed the lesser of (a) 1% of the total value of our assets at the end of the applicable quarter or (b) \$10,000,000, and (ii) we dispose of the non-qualifying assets within six months after the last day of the quarter in which the failure to satisfy the asset tests is discovered. For violations due to reasonable cause rather than willful neglect that are in excess of the de minimis exception described above, we may avoid disqualification as a REIT, after the 30 day cure period, by taking steps including (i) the disposition of sufficient assets to meet the asset test within six months after the last day of the quarter in which the failure to satisfy the asset tests is discovered, (ii) paying a tax equal to the greater of (a) \$50,000 or (b) the corporate tax rate multiplied by the net income generated by the non-qualifying assets, and (iii) disclosing certain information to the IRS. If we fail the asset test and cannot avail ourselves of these relief provisions, we may fail to qualify as a REIT.

Annual Distribution Requirements. We are required to distribute dividends (other than capital gain dividends) to our shareholders each taxable year in an amount at least equal to (i) the sum of (a) 90% of our REIT taxable income (computed without regard to the dividends paid deduction and our net capital gain) and (b) 90% of the net income (after tax), if any, from foreclosure property, minus (ii) the sum of specified items of noncash income. Dividends must be paid in the taxable year to which they relate, or in the following taxable year if declared before we timely file our tax return for that year and if paid on or before the first regular dividend payment after the declaration. To the extent that we do not distribute all of our net capital gain or distribute at least 90%, but less than 100%, of our REIT taxable income, as adjusted, we will be subject to tax on the undistributed amount at the regular corporate tax rate. We may designate all or a portion of our undistributed net capital gains as being includable in the income of our shareholders as gain from the sale or exchange of a capital asset. If so, the shareholders receive an increase in the basis of their stock in the amount of the income recognized. Shareholders are also to be treated as having paid their proportionate share of the capital gains tax imposed on us on the undistributed amounts and receive a corresponding decrease in the basis of their stock. Furthermore, if we should fail to distribute during each calendar year at least the sum of (1) 85% of our REIT ordinary income for that year, (2) 95% of our REIT capital gain net income for that year and (3) any undistributed taxable income from prior periods, we would be subject to a 4% excise tax on the excess of the Required Distribution over the sum of (a) the amounts actually distributed and (b) the undistributed amounts on which certain taxes are imposed on us. We intend to make timely distributions sufficient to satisfy all annual distribution requirements.

From time to time, we may experience timing differences between (1) the actual receipt of income and actual payment of deductible expenses and (2) the inclusion of that income and deduction of those expenses in arriving at our taxable income. Further, from time to time, we may be allocated a share of net capital gain attributable to the sale of depreciated property that exceeds our allocable share of cash attributable to that sale. Additionally, we may incur cash expenditures that are not currently deductible for tax purposes. As such, we may have less cash available for distribution than is necessary to meet our annual 90% distribution requirement or to avoid tax with respect to capital gain or the excise tax imposed on specified undistributed income. To meet the 90% distribution requirement necessary to qualify as a REIT or to avoid tax with respect to capital gain or the excise tax imposed on specified undistributed income, we may find it appropriate to arrange for short-term (or possibly long-term) borrowings or to pay distributions in

the form of taxable stock dividends (discussed immediately below) or engage in other potentially adverse transactions.

Under some circumstances, we may be able to rectify a failure to meet the distribution requirement for a year by paying “deficiency dividends” to shareholders in a later year, which may be included in our deduction for dividends paid for the earlier year. Thus, we may be able to avoid being disqualified as a REIT or taxed on amounts distributed as deficiency dividends. However, we will be required to pay interest based upon the amount of any deduction taken for deficiency dividends.

Record Keeping Requirements. To elect taxation as a REIT under applicable Treasury regulations, we must maintain records and request information from our stockholders designed to disclose the actual ownership of our stock. We intend to comply with these requirements.

Affiliated REITs. If any REIT in which we acquire an interest fails to qualify for taxation as a REIT in any taxable year, that failure could, depending on the circumstances, adversely affect our ability to satisfy the various asset and income requirements applicable to REITs, including the requirement that REITs generally may not own, directly or indirectly, more than 10% of the securities of another corporation that is not a REIT, QRS or a TRS, as further described above in “—*Effect of Subsidiary Entities.*”

Failure to Qualify as a REIT. If we fail to qualify for taxation as a REIT in any taxable year and the relief provisions do not apply, we will be subject to tax on our taxable income at regular corporate rates. Distributions to shareholders in any year in which we fail to qualify will not be deductible by us, nor will we be required to make those distributions. If we fail to so qualify and the relief provisions do not apply, to the extent of current and accumulated earnings and profits, all distributions to shareholders generally will be taxable at capital gain rates if certain minimum holding period requirements are met, and, subject to specified limitations of the Code, corporate distributees may be eligible for the dividends received deduction. Unless entitled to relief under specific statutory provisions, we will also be disqualified from taxation as a REIT for the four taxable years following the year during which we ceased to qualify as a REIT. It is not possible to state whether in all circumstances we would be entitled to statutory relief.

The rule against re-electing REIT status following a loss of such status could also apply to us if it were determined that AFC failed to qualify as a REIT for certain taxable years and we were treated as a successor to any such entity for U.S. federal income tax purposes. If we fail to qualify as a REIT due to a predecessor’s failure to qualify as a REIT, we would be subject to corporate income tax as described in the preceding paragraph.

We may be entitled to invoke specified cure provisions for any taxable year in the event we violate a provision of the Code that would otherwise result in our failure to qualify as a REIT. However, these cure provisions are available only if the relevant violations are due to reasonable cause, so there can be no guarantee that such cure provisions will be available under all circumstances. If we are able to invoke these cure provisions, we would continue to qualify as a REIT, and would instead be required to pay a monetary penalty.

Taxation of U.S. Holders of our common stock

Distributions. As long as we qualify as a REIT, distributions made to our taxable U.S. Holders of our common stock will be taxed as follows:

- Distributions out of current or accumulated earnings and profits (and not designated as capital gain dividends) generally constitute ordinary dividend income to U.S. Holders and generally will not be eligible for the dividends received deduction for corporations or the preferential tax rate for “qualified dividend income” (other than ordinary dividends attributable to dividends from taxable corporations, such as TRSs and to income upon which we have paid corporate income tax). However, for taxable years beginning before January 1, 2026, U.S. Holders that are individuals, trusts or estates generally may deduct up to 20% of “qualified REIT dividends” (generally, dividends received by a REIT shareholder that are not designated as capital gain dividends or qualified dividend income), subject to certain limitations, which temporarily reduces the effective tax rate on these dividends to a maximum federal income tax rate of 29.6% for those years.
- Distributions in excess of current and accumulated earnings and profits are not taxable to a U.S. Holder to the extent that they do not exceed the adjusted basis of the U.S. Holder’s shares, but rather reduce the adjusted basis of those shares. To the extent that distributions in excess of current and accumulated earnings and profits exceed the adjusted basis of a U.S. Holder’s shares, they are to be included in income as long-term capital gain (or short-term capital gain if the shares have been held for one year or less).
- Distributions designated as capital gain dividends constitute long-term capital gains (to the extent they do not exceed our actual net capital gain for the taxable year) without regard to the period for which the U.S. Holder has held our stock. Corporate U.S. Holders may be required to treat up to 20% of some capital gain dividends as ordinary income. Capital gains dividends attributable to the sale of depreciable real property held for more than 12 months are subject to a 25% U.S. federal income tax rate for U.S. Holders who are individuals, trusts or estates, to the extent of previously claimed depreciation deductions.
- If we elect to retain and pay income tax on our net long-term capital gain, each holder of our common stock would: (1) include its proportionate share of our undistributed long-term capital gain (to the extent we make a timely designation of such gain to the stockholder) in our income, (2) be deemed to have paid its proportionate share of the tax that we paid on such gain and (3) be allowed a credit for its proportionate share of the tax deemed to have been paid, with an adjustment made to increase the holder’s basis in our stock by the difference between (a) the amount of capital gain included in income and (b) the amount of tax deemed paid by the holder.
- Distributions declared by us in October, November or December of any year payable to a U.S. Holder of record on a specified date in October, November or December will be treated as both paid by us and received by the U.S. Holder on December 31 of that year, provided that the distribution is actually paid by us during January of the following calendar year.

U.S. Holders may not include in their individual income tax returns any of our net operating losses or capital losses. In determining the extent to which a distribution constitutes a dividend for U.S. federal income tax purposes, our earnings and profits generally will be allocated first to distributions with respect to our preferred stock, if any, prior to allocating any remaining earnings and profits to distributions on our common stock. If we have net capital gains and designate some or all of our distributions as capital gain dividends to that extent, although the proper tax treatment of those amounts is not entirely clear, we intend to allocate the capital gain dividends

among different classes of stock in proportion to the allocation of earnings and profits as described above.

Distributions Consisting of Stock and Cash. The IRS allows us to satisfy our REIT distribution requirements by making distributions partly in cash and partly in shares of our common stock as long as we follow certain procedures and provided the cash portion is no less than 20% of the overall distribution. With respect to each such distribution, each U.S. Holder must include the sum of the value of the shares of our common stock and the amount of cash, if any, received pursuant to the dividend in its gross income as a taxable dividend to the extent that the distribution is made out of our current and accumulated earnings and profits. For this purpose, the amount of the dividend paid in our common stock will be equal to the amount of cash that could have been received instead of our common stock. A U.S. Holder that receives shares of our common stock pursuant to the dividend would have a tax basis in such stock equal to the amount of cash that could have been received instead of such stock as described above, and the holding period in such stock would begin on the day following the payment date for the dividend. Accordingly, a U.S. Holder's tax liability with respect to such dividend may be significantly greater than the amount of cash it receives.

Tax Rates. The current maximum tax rate applicable to non-corporate taxable U.S. Holders for long-term capital gains, including capital gain dividends, and for certain dividends, generally is 20%. Short-term capital gains recognized by non-corporate taxpayers are taxed at ordinary income rates (currently up to 37%). Gains recognized by corporate taxpayers (other than tax-exempt taxpayers) are currently subject to U.S. federal income tax at a rate of 21%, whether or not classified as long-term capital gains. The deductibility of capital losses is subject to certain limitations.

In general, dividends paid by REITs are not eligible for the reduced tax rate on corporate dividends, except to the extent the REIT's dividends are attributable either to dividends received from taxable corporations (such as our taxable REIT subsidiaries), to income that was subject to tax at the corporate (REIT) level or to dividends properly designated by us as capital gain dividends. In addition, individuals will be subject to a 3.8% surtax on the lesser of (i) their net investment income (including, among other things, dividend and capital gains from the sale or other disposition of stock), or (ii) the excess of their adjusted gross income, increased by any foreign earned income otherwise excluded from adjusted gross income over their applicable "threshold amount." The applicable threshold amounts include: for married couples filing a joint return (and surviving spouses), \$250,000; for a married taxpayer filing an individual return, \$125,000; and for single and head-of-household taxpayers, \$200,000. Taxable estates and certain trusts are also subject to a 3.8% surtax on the lesser of (i) their undistributed net investment income for the tax year, or (ii) any excess of their adjusted gross income over the dollar amount at which the highest tax bracket for estates and trusts begins for the tax year. U.S. Holders should consult their tax advisors regarding the effect, if any, of this 3.8% surtax on their ownership and disposition of our common stock.

Sale, Exchange, Repurchase or Other Disposition of our common stock. Upon a sale, repurchase or other taxable disposition of our common stock, a U.S. Holder generally will recognize capital gain or loss equal to the difference between the amount of cash and the fair market value of property received on the sale or other disposition and such holder's adjusted tax basis in our common stock. Such capital gain or loss will be long-term capital gain or loss if a U.S. Holder's holding period for our common stock is more than one year. In general, any loss upon a sale or exchange of shares by a U.S. Holder, if such holder has held the shares for six months or less (after applying certain holding period rules), will be treated as a long-term capital

loss to the extent of distributions from us required to be treated by such holder as long-term capital gain. The deductibility of capital losses is subject to a number of limitations.

Backup Withholding and Information Reporting. Information with respect to dividends paid on our common stock and proceeds from the sale or other disposition of our common stock may be required to be reported to U.S. Holders and to the IRS. This obligation, however, does not apply with respect to payments to certain U.S. Holders, including corporations and tax-exempt organizations.

A U.S. Holder may be subject to backup withholding (currently at a rate of 24%) with respect to distributions paid on our common stock, or with respect to proceeds received from a sale or other disposition of our common stock. Backup withholding will not apply, however, if the U.S. Holder (i) is a corporation or comes within certain other exempt categories and, when required, demonstrates such fact or (ii) provides a taxpayer identification number, certifies as to no loss of exemption from backup withholding and otherwise complies with applicable backup withholding rules. To establish status as an exempt person, a U.S. Holder will generally be required to provide certification on IRS Form W-9.

U.S. Holders should consult their personal tax advisor regarding their qualification for an exemption from backup withholding and the procedures of obtaining such an exemption, if applicable. The backup withholding tax is not an additional tax and taxpayers may use amounts withheld as a credit against their U.S. federal income tax liability or may claim a refund as long as they timely provide certain information to the IRS.

Treatment of Tax-Exempt Holders. Distributions on our common stock by us to a tax-exempt employee pension trust, or other domestic tax-exempt holder, generally will not constitute unrelated business taxable income ("UBTI"), unless the holder has borrowed to acquire or carry our common stock. However, a qualified trust that holds more than 10% (by value) of a pension-held REIT may be required to treat a specified percentage of the REIT's distributions as UBTI. This requirement will apply only if (1) the REIT would not qualify as such for U.S. federal income tax purposes but for the application of a "look-through" exception to the "five or fewer" requirement applicable to shares held by qualified trusts and (2) the REIT is "predominantly held" by "qualified trusts" (as defined below). A REIT is predominantly held if either (1) a single qualified trust holds more than 25% by value of the REIT interests; or (2) one or more qualified trusts, each owning more than 10% by value of the REIT interests, hold in the aggregate more than 50% by value of the REIT interests. The percentage of any REIT dividend treated as UBTI is equal to the ratio of (a) the UBTI earned by the REIT (treating the REIT as if it were a qualified trust and therefore subject to tax on UBTI) to (b) the total gross income (less specified associated expenses) of the REIT. A de minimis exception applies in any year in which the ratio set forth in the preceding sentence is less than 5%. For these purposes, a qualified trust is any trust described in Section 401(a) of the Code and exempt from tax under Section 501(a) of the Code.

Taxation of Non-U.S. Holders

The rules governing U.S. federal income taxation of Non-U.S. Holders are complex. This section is only a summary of such rules. We urge Non-U.S. Holders to consult their own tax advisors to determine the impact of federal, state and local income tax laws on ownership of our common stock, including any reporting requirements. The rules below regarding distributions generally apply in the same manner regardless of whether the distribution is made in cash or is a taxable stock dividend.

Distributions Generally. A Non-U.S. Holder who receives a distribution that is not attributable to gain from our sale or exchange of “United States real property interests” within the meaning of Section 897 of the Code (“USRPIs”) and that we do not designate as a capital gain dividend or retained capital gain will recognize ordinary income to the extent that we pay the distribution out of our current or accumulated earnings and profits. A withholding tax equal to 30% of the gross amount of the dividend ordinarily will apply unless an applicable tax treaty, reduces or eliminates the tax. Under some treaties, lower withholding tax rates generally applicable to dividends do not apply to dividends from REITs (or are not as favorable for REIT dividends as compared to non-REIT dividends). However, if a distribution is treated as effectively connected with the Non-U.S. Holder’s conduct of a U.S. trade or business, the Non-U.S. Holder generally will be subject to U.S. federal income tax on the distribution at graduated rates, in the same manner as U.S. Holders are taxed on distributions, unless an applicable income tax treaty provides otherwise, and in the case of a corporate Non-U.S. Holder also may be subject to a branch profits tax at the rate of 30% (or lower treaty rate). In general, Non-U.S. Holders will not be considered to be engaged in a U.S. trade or business solely as a result of their ownership of our common stock.

A Non-U.S. Holder generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income tax on a distribution not attributable to gain from our sale or exchange of a USRPI and in excess of our current and accumulated earnings and profits if the excess portion of the distribution does not exceed the Non-U.S. Holder’s adjusted basis in its stock. Instead, the excess portion of such a distribution will reduce the adjusted basis of that stock. A Non-U.S. Holder will be subject to U.S. federal income tax on a distribution that exceeds both our current and accumulated earnings and profits and the Non-U.S. Holder’s adjusted basis in its stock, if the Non-U.S. Holder otherwise would be subject to U.S. federal income tax on gain from the sale or disposition of its stock, as described below. As also discussed below, we may nevertheless withhold on such distributions even if the distributions are not ultimately subject to U.S. federal income tax. A Non-U.S. Holder may file to claim a refund to the extent that withholdings result in tax payments in excess of its U.S. federal income tax liability.

For U.S. federal income tax purposes, we generally plan to withhold U.S. federal income tax at the rate of 30% on the gross amount of any distribution (other than distributions designated as capital gain dividends or distributions of USRPI gain subject to the Foreign Investment in Real Property Tax Act of 1980 (“FIRPTA”) as discussed below) made to a Non-U.S. Holder unless the Non-U.S. Holder provides us with appropriate documentation:

- evidencing that such Non-U.S. Holder is eligible for an exemption or reduced rate under an applicable income tax treaty, generally on an IRS Form W-8BEN or Form W-8BEN-E (in which case we will withhold at the lower treaty rate); or
- claiming that the distribution is income that is effectively connected with the Non-U.S. Holder’s conduct of a trade or business in the United States, generally on an IRS Form W-8ECI (in which case we will not withhold tax).

Additional withholding regulations may require us to withhold 15% of any distribution that exceeds our current and accumulated earnings and profits if our common stock constitutes a USRPI with respect to such Non-U.S. Holder, as described below under “—*Dispositions of Stock.*”. Consequently, although we intend to withhold at a rate of 30% on the entire amount of any distribution (other than distributions subject to FIRPTA, as described above, and except to the extent an exemption or a lower rate of withholding applies), to the extent that we do not do so, we will withhold at a rate of 15% on any portion of such a distribution.

Distributions Attributable to the Sale or Exchange of Real Property. Except as discussed below with respect to “qualified shareholders” and “qualified foreign pension funds,” for any year in which we qualify as a REIT, a Non-U.S. Holder will incur tax on distributions by us that are attributable to gain from our sale or exchange of USRPIs under special provisions of the U.S. federal income tax laws known as FIRPTA. The term USRPIs includes interests in real property and shares in corporations at least 50% of whose real estate and business assets consist of interests in U.S. real property. The term USRPI generally does not include interests in loans or other debt securities. As a result, we do not anticipate that we will generate material amounts of gain that would be subject to FIRPTA.

Under FIRPTA, a Non-U.S. Holder is taxed on distributions by us attributable to gain from sales of USRPIs as if the gain were effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business of the Non-U.S. Holder. A Non-U.S. Holder thus would be taxed on such a distribution at regular tax rates applicable to U.S. holders, subject to any applicable alternative minimum tax for non-corporate holders. A corporate Non-U.S. Holder not entitled to treaty relief or exemption also may be subject to the 30% branch profits tax on such a distribution. We must withhold 21% of any distribution that is a distribution attributable to USRPI gain and may be required to withhold 21% of any capital gain dividend (or amounts that could have been designated as a capital gain dividend) not otherwise subject to withholding as a distribution of USRPI gain. A Non-U.S. Holder may receive a credit against its tax liability for the amount we withhold.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, FIRPTA and the 21% withholding tax will not apply to any distribution with respect to any class of our stock that is regularly traded on an established securities market located in the United States (including our common stock) if the recipient Non-U.S. Holder did not own more than 10% of such class of stock at any time during the one-year period ending on the date of distribution. Instead, any distribution will be treated as an ordinary distribution subject to the rules discussed above in “—*Distributions Generally*,”.

Dispositions of Stock. Gain recognized by a Non-U.S. Holder upon the sale or exchange of our common stock generally would not be subject to U.S. taxation unless:

- the gain is effectively connected with the Non-U.S. Holder’s U.S. trade or business, in which case, unless an applicable income tax treaty provides otherwise, the Non-U.S. Holder will be subject to the same treatment as U.S. Holders with respect to such gain and may be subject to the 30% branch profits tax on its effectively connected earnings and profits, subject to adjustments, in the case of a foreign corporation;
- the Non-U.S. Holder is a nonresident alien individual who was present in the United States for 183 days or more during the taxable year and meets certain other criteria, in which case the Non-U.S. Holder will incur a 30% tax on his or her capital gains derived from sources within the United States (net of certain losses derived from sources within the United States), unless an applicable income tax treaty provides otherwise; or
- the Non-U.S. Holder is not a “qualified shareholder” or a “qualified foreign pension fund” and our common stock constitutes a USRPI.

Our common stock will not constitute a USRPI if we either are not a United States real property holding corporation (“USRPHC”) or we are a domestically-controlled REIT. Whether we are a USRPHC will depend upon whether the fair market value of USRPIs owned by us equals or exceeds 50% of the fair market value of these interests, any interests in real estate outside of the United States, and our other trade and business assets. USRPIs generally do not include mortgage loans. As a result, we do not anticipate that we will be a USRPHC, but no assurance can be provided that we will not be treated as such.

A Non-U.S. Holder generally will not incur tax under FIRPTA with respect to gain on a disposition of our common stock as long as we are a “domestically controlled REIT.” A REIT will be domestically controlled if non-U.S. persons hold, directly or indirectly, less than 50% in value of its stock at all times during the five-year period ending on the date of disposition. For these purposes, a person holding less than 5% of any regularly traded classes of stock of a REIT for five years will be treated as a U.S. person unless the REIT has actual knowledge that such person is not a U.S. person.

Regardless of the extent of our non-U.S. ownership, if our common stock is regularly traded on an established securities market, a Non-U.S. Holder will not incur tax under FIRPTA on a disposition of the shares if such non-U.S. stockholder owned, actually or constructively, at all times during a specified testing period, 10% or less of the total fair market value of such class of stock. The testing period is the shorter of (1) the period during which the non-U.S. stockholder held the shares and (2) the five-year period ending on the disposition date.

If the gain on the sale of our common stock were taxed under FIRPTA, a Non-U.S. Holder would be taxed on that gain in the same manner as U.S. Holders subject to any applicable alternative minimum tax.

Qualified Shareholders. To the extent our stock is held directly (or indirectly through one or more partnerships) by a “qualified shareholder,” it will not be treated as a USRPI. Thus, gain from the sale or exchange of our common stock (including distributions treated as gain from the sale or exchange of our common stock) will not be subject to tax unless such gain is treated as effectively connected with the qualified shareholder’s conduct of a U.S. trade or business. Further, to the extent such treatment applies, any distribution to such shareholder will not be treated as gain recognized from the sale or exchange of a USRPI (and capital gain dividends and non-dividend distributions to such shareholder may be treated as ordinary dividends). For these purposes, a qualified shareholder is generally a Non-U.S. Holder that (1) (A) is eligible for treaty benefits under an income tax treaty with the United States that includes an exchange of information program, and the principal class of interests of which is listed and regularly traded on one or more stock exchanges as defined by the treaty, or (B) is a foreign limited partnership organized in a jurisdiction with an exchange of information agreement with the United States and that has a class of regularly traded limited partnership units (having a value greater than 50% of the value of all partnership units) on the NYSE or the Nasdaq Stock Market, (2) is a “qualified collective investment vehicle” (within the meaning of Section 897(k)(3)(B) of the Code) and (3) maintains records of persons holding 5% or more of the class of interests described in clauses (1)(A) or (1)(B) above. However, in the case of a qualified shareholder having one or more “applicable investors,” the exception described in the first sentence of this paragraph will not apply to the “applicable percentage” of the qualified shareholder’s stock (with the “applicable percentage” generally meaning the percentage of the value of the interests in the qualified shareholder held by applicable investors after applying certain constructive ownership rules). The applicable percentage of the amount realized by a qualified shareholder on the disposition of our common stock or with respect to a distribution from us attributable to gain from the sale or exchange of a USRPI will be treated as amounts realized from the disposition of USRPIs. Such treatment shall also apply to applicable investors in respect of distributions treated as a sale or exchange of stock with respect to a qualified shareholder. For these purposes, an “applicable investor” is a person (other than a qualified shareholder) who generally holds an interest in the qualified shareholder and holds more than 10% of our stock (applying certain constructive ownership rules).

Qualified Foreign Pension Funds. For FIRPTA purposes neither a “qualified foreign pension fund” nor any entity all of the interests of which are held by one or more qualified

foreign pension funds (a “qualified controlled entity”) is treated as a Non-U.S. Holder. For these purposes, a “qualified foreign pension fund” is an organization or arrangement (1) created or organized in a foreign country, (2) established by a foreign country (or one or more political subdivisions thereof) or one or more employers to provide retirement or pension benefits to current or former employees (including self-employed individuals) or their designees as a result of, or in consideration for, services rendered, (3) which does not have a single participant or beneficiary that has a right to more than 5% of its assets or income, (4) which is subject to government regulation and with respect to which annual information about its beneficiaries is provided, or is otherwise available, to relevant local tax authorities and (5) with respect to which, under its local laws, (A) contributions that would otherwise be subject to tax are deductible or excluded from its gross income or taxed at a reduced rate, or (B) taxation of its income is deferred, or such income is excluded from its gross income or taxed at a reduced rate. Distributions received by qualified foreign pension funds and their wholly-owned non-U.S. subsidiaries will be taxed as described above at “—*Distributions Generally*” regardless of whether the distribution is attributable to the sale of a USRPI. Gain of a qualified foreign pension fund or its wholly-owned non-U.S. subsidiary treated as gain from the sale or exchange of our common stock as well as our capital gain dividends and distributions treated as gain from the sale or exchange of our common stock under the rules described above at “—*Distributions Generally*” will not be subject to tax unless such gain is treated as effectively connected with the qualified foreign pension fund’s (or the subsidiary’s, as applicable) conduct of a U.S. trade or business, in which case the qualified foreign pension fund (or subsidiary) generally will be subject to tax at the graduated rates applicable to ordinary income, in the same manner as U.S. holders, unless an applicable income tax treaty provides otherwise, and may be subject to the 30% branch profits tax on its effectively connected earnings and profits, subject to adjustments, in the case of a foreign corporation.

Information Reporting and Backup Withholding. The applicable withholding agent will report to our Non-U.S. Holders and the IRS the amount of dividends treated as paid during each calendar year and the amount of any tax withheld with respect to such payments. Copies of the information returns reporting such payments and withholding may also be made available to the tax authorities in the country in which the Non-U.S. Holder resides or is established under the provisions of an applicable income tax treaty or agreement. In addition, a Non-U.S. Holder may be subject to backup withholding with respect to dividends paid on our common stock, unless the Non-U.S. Holder certifies that it is not a U.S. person or otherwise establishes an exemption. If the proceeds of a disposition of stock are paid by or through a U.S. office of a broker dealer, the payment is generally subject to U.S. information reporting and to backup withholding unless the disposing Non-U.S. Holder certifies as to its name, address and non-U.S. status or otherwise establishes an exemption. Generally, U.S. information reporting and backup withholding will not apply to a payment of disposition proceeds if the payment is made outside the United States through a foreign office of a foreign broker dealer, unless the payor has actual knowledge that the payee is a United States person. However, if the proceeds from a disposition of stock are paid to or through a foreign office of a U.S. broker dealer or a non-U.S. office of a foreign broker dealer that is (1) a “controlled foreign corporation” for U.S. federal income tax purposes, (2) a foreign person 50% or more of whose gross income from all sources for a three year period was effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business, (3) a foreign partnership with one or more partners who are U.S. persons and who, in the aggregate, hold more than 50% of the income or capital interest in the partnership, or (4) a foreign partnership engaged in the conduct of a trade or business in the United States, then (A) backup withholding will apply only if the broker dealer has actual knowledge that the owner is not a Non-U.S. Holder, and (B) information reporting will apply unless the Non-U.S. Holder certifies its non-U.S. status. Prospective foreign purchasers should consult their tax advisors and financial planners concerning these rules.

Other Tax Considerations

FATCA. Sections 1471 to 1474 of the Code (“FATCA”) impose a withholding tax of 30% on certain payments received by foreign financial institutions, their affiliates and certain other foreign entities, unless the payee entity agrees to comply with certain due diligence, reporting and related requirements with respect to its account holders and, in some cases, the owners of its debt and equity securities. Withholding under FATCA applies to certain payments of U.S. source income such as interest and dividends. Accordingly, we may be required to withhold under FATCA on distributions or other payments to investors that fail to comply with the applicable requirements of FATCA or to timely certify as to such compliance. Treasury regulations proposed by the U.S. Treasury Department in December 2018, however, indicate an intent to eliminate the requirement under FATCA of withholding on payments of gross proceeds from the disposition of our common stock (other than amounts treated as interest), and the U.S. Treasury Department has indicated that taxpayers may rely on these proposed regulations pending their finalization.

Taxable Mortgage Pools and Excess Inclusion Income. An entity, or a portion of an entity, may be classified as a “taxable mortgage pool”, or TMP, under the Code if:

- substantially all of its assets consist of debt obligations or interests in debt obligations;
- more than 50% of those debt obligations are real estate mortgages or interests in real estate mortgages as of specified testing dates;
- the entity has issued debt obligations (liabilities) that have two or more maturities; and
- the payments required to be made by the entity on its debt obligations (liabilities) “bear a relationship” to the payments to be received by the entity on the debt obligations that it holds as assets.

Under applicable Treasury regulations, if less than 80% of the assets of an entity (or a portion of an entity) consist of debt obligations, these debt obligations are considered not to comprise “substantially all” of its assets, and therefore the entity would not be treated as a TMP. If financing and securitization arrangements give rise to TMPs, the consequences will be as follows.

A portion of the REIT’s income from the TMP arrangement could be treated as “excess inclusion income.” The REIT’s excess inclusion income must be allocated among its shareholders in proportion to dividends paid. The REIT is required to notify shareholders of the amount of “excess inclusion income” allocated to them. A stockholder’s share of excess inclusion income:

- cannot be offset by any net operating losses otherwise available to the stockholder;
- in the case of a shareholder that is a REIT, a regulated investment company, or a common trust fund or other pass-through entity, is considered excess inclusion income of such entity;
- is subject to tax as UBTI in the hands of most types of shareholders that are otherwise generally exempt from U.S. federal income tax; and
- results in the application of U.S. federal income tax withholding at the maximum rate (30%), without reduction for any otherwise applicable income tax treaty or other exemption, to the extent allocable to most types of foreign shareholders.

To the extent that excess inclusion income is allocated to certain shareholders of a REIT that are generally exempt from U.S. federal income tax, but that are not subject to tax on UBTI (e.g., a government entity or charitable remainder trust), the REIT may be subject to tax on this income at the applicable corporate tax rate (currently 21%). In that case, the REIT could reduce

distributions to such shareholders by the amount of such tax paid by the REIT attributable to such stockholder's ownership. Applicable Treasury regulations provide that such a reduction in distributions does not give rise to a preferential dividend that could adversely affect a non-publicly offered REIT's compliance with its distribution requirements. See "*—Taxation—Requirements for Qualification—Annual Distribution Requirements.*"

The manner in which excess inclusion income is calculated, or would be allocated to shareholders, including allocations among shares of different classes of stock, is not clear under current law.

If a subsidiary partnership of ours that we do not wholly-own, directly or through one or more disregarded entities, were a TMP, the foregoing rules would not apply. Rather, the partnership that is a TMP would be treated as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes and potentially would be subject to U.S. federal corporate income tax or withholding tax. In addition, this characterization would alter our income and asset test calculations and could adversely affect our compliance with those requirements. We intend to avoid any arrangements that would give rise to a TMP that would adversely affect our qualification as a REIT.

Future Changes in Applicable Law. The rules dealing with U.S. federal income taxation are constantly under review by persons involved in the legislative process and by the IRS and the U.S. Treasury Department. No assurance can be given as to whether, when, or in what form, U.S. federal income tax laws applicable to us and our shareholders may be enacted, amended or repealed. Changes to the U.S. federal income tax laws and to interpretations of the U.S. federal income tax laws could adversely affect an investment in our common stock.

State and Local Taxes. We and our shareholders may be subject to state or local taxation in various jurisdictions, including those in which they transact business or reside. The state and local tax treatment of us and our shareholders may not conform to the federal income tax consequences discussed above. Consequently, you should consult your own tax advisors regarding the effect of state and local tax laws on an investment in any securities being offered by this prospectus or a prospectus supplement to this prospectus.

ERISA CONSIDERATIONS

Certain ERISA Considerations

The following is a summary of certain considerations associated with the purchase of shares of our common stock by employee benefit plans that are subject to Title I of ERISA, plans, individual retirement accounts and other arrangements that are subject to Section 4975 of the Code or provisions under any federal, state, local, non-U.S. or other laws or regulations that are similar to such provisions of ERISA or the Code (collectively, "Similar Laws"), and entities whose underlying assets are considered to include "plan assets" of any such plan, account or arrangement (each, a "Plan").

General Fiduciary Matters

ERISA and the Code impose certain duties on persons who are fiduciaries of a Plan subject to Title I of ERISA or Section 4975 of the Code (an "ERISA Plan") and prohibit certain transactions involving the assets of an ERISA Plan and its fiduciaries or other interested parties. Under ERISA and the Code, any person who exercises any discretionary authority or control over the administration of such an ERISA Plan or the management or disposition of the assets of such an ERISA Plan, or who renders investment advice for a fee or other compensation to such an ERISA Plan, is generally considered to be a fiduciary of the ERISA Plan.

In considering an investment in shares of our common stock of a portion of the assets of any Plan, a fiduciary should determine whether the investment is in accordance with the documents and instruments governing the Plan and the applicable provisions of ERISA, the Code or any Similar Law relating to a fiduciary's duties to the Plan including, without limitation, the prudence, diversification, delegation of control and prohibited transaction provisions of ERISA, the Code and any other applicable Similar Laws.

In addition, a fiduciary of a Plan should consider the fact that none of we, our Manager, the underwriters or any of our or their respective affiliates will act as a fiduciary to any Plan with respect to the Plan's decision to invest in shares of our common stock. None of we, our Manager, the underwriters or any of our or their respective affiliates is undertaking to provide impartial investment advice, or to give advice in a fiduciary capacity, with respect to any Plan's decision to invest in shares of our common stock.

Prohibited Transaction Issues

Section 406 of ERISA and Section 4975 of the Code prohibit ERISA Plans from engaging in specified transactions involving Plan assets with persons or entities who are "parties in interest," within the meaning of ERISA or "disqualified persons," within the meaning of Section 4975 of the Code, unless an exemption is available. A party in interest or disqualified person who engaged in a non-exempt prohibited transaction may be subject to excise taxes and other penalties and liabilities under ERISA and the Code. In addition, the fiduciary of the ERISA Plan that engaged in such a non-exempt prohibited transaction may be subject to penalties and liabilities under ERISA and the Code. The acquisition of shares of our common stock by an ERISA Plan with respect to which we or the underwriters are considered a party in interest or a disqualified person may constitute or result in a direct or indirect prohibited transaction under Section 406 of ERISA and/or Section 4975 of the Code, unless the investment is acquired in accordance with an applicable statutory, class or individual prohibited transaction exemption. In this regard, the U.S. Department of Labor has issued prohibited transaction class exemptions, ("PTCEs") that may apply to the acquisition of shares of our common stock. These class

exemptions include, without limitation, PTCE 84-14 respecting transactions determined by independent qualified professional asset managers, PTCE 90-1 respecting insurance company pooled separate accounts, PTCE 91-38 respecting bank collective investment funds, PTCE 95-60 respecting life insurance company general accounts and PTCE 96-23 respecting transactions determined by in-house asset managers. In addition, Section 408(b)(17) of ERISA and Section 4975(d)(20) of the Code provide relief from the prohibited transaction provisions of ERISA and Section 4975 of the Code for certain transactions, provided that neither the issuer of the securities nor any of its affiliates (directly or indirectly) have or exercise any discretionary authority or control or render any investment advice with respect to the assets of any ERISA Plan involved in the transaction and provided further that the ERISA Plan pays no more than adequate consideration in connection with the transaction. There can be no assurance that all of the conditions of any such exemptions will be satisfied.

Governmental plans, certain church plans, non-U.S. plans and other plans, while not subject to the fiduciary responsibility provisions of Title I of ERISA or the provisions of Section 4975 of the Code, may nevertheless be subject to Similar Laws. Because of the foregoing, shares of our common stock should not be purchased by any person investing “plan assets” of any Plan, unless such purchase will not constitute a non-exempt prohibited transaction under ERISA or the Code or similar violation of any applicable Similar Laws.

The foregoing discussion is general in nature and is not intended to be all-inclusive. Due to the complexity of these rules and the penalties that may be imposed upon persons involved in non-exempt prohibited transactions, it is particularly important that fiduciaries, or other persons considering purchasing shares of our common stock on behalf of, or with the assets of, any Plan, consult with their counsel regarding the potential applicability of the fiduciary responsibility and prohibited transaction provisions of ERISA, Section 4975 of the Code and any Similar Laws to such investment, and to confirm that such investment will not constitute or result in a non-exempt prohibited transaction or any other violation of an applicable requirement of ERISA, the Code or any other applicable Similar Laws.

The sale of shares of our common stock to a Plan, or to a person using assets of any Plan to effect its acquisition, is in no respect a representation by us, our Manager or the underwriters that such an investment meets all relevant legal requirements with respect to investments by Plans generally or any particular Plan, or that such an investment is appropriate for the Plans generally or any particular Plan.

UNDERWRITING

Raymond James & Associates, Inc. is acting as representative of each of the underwriters named below. Subject to the terms and conditions set forth in an underwriting agreement among us, our Manager and the underwriters, we have agreed to sell to the underwriters, and each of the underwriters has agreed, severally and not jointly, to purchase from us, the number of shares of common stock set forth opposite its name below.

Underwriters	Number of Underwritten Securities
Raymond James & Associates, Inc.	
Keefe, Bruyette & Woods, Inc.	
BTIG, LLC	
Oppenheimer & Co. Inc.	
B. Riley Securities, Inc.	
A.G.P./Alliance Global Partners	
Seaport Global Securities LLC	
Total	

Subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the underwriting agreement, the underwriters have agreed, severally and not jointly, to purchase all of the shares of common stock sold under the underwriting agreement if any of these shares of common stock are purchased. If an underwriter defaults, the underwriting agreement provides that the purchase commitments of the non-defaulting underwriters may be increased or the underwriting agreement may be terminated.

We have agreed to indemnify the several underwriters against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act, or to contribute to payments the underwriters may be required to make in respect of those liabilities.

The underwriters are offering the shares of common stock, subject to prior sale, when, as and if issued to and accepted by them, subject to approval of legal matters by their counsel, including the validity of the shares, and other conditions contained in the underwriting agreement, such as the receipt by the underwriters of officers' certificates and legal opinions. The underwriters reserve the right to withdraw, cancel or modify offers to the public and to reject orders in whole or in part.

Underwriting Discounts and Expenses

The representative has advised us that the underwriters propose initially to offer the shares of common stock to the public at the public offering price set forth on the cover page of this prospectus and to dealers at that price less a concession not in excess of \$ per share. The underwriter may allow, and such dealers may reallow, a concession not in excess of \$ per share. After this offering, the public offering price, concession or any other term of this offering may be changed.

The following table shows the public offering price, underwriting discount and proceeds before expenses to us. The information assumes either no exercise or full exercise by the underwriters of their option to purchase additional shares of common stock.

	Per Share	Without Option	With Option
Public offering price ⁽¹⁾	\$	\$	\$
Underwriting discounts and commissions ^{(2) (3) (4)}			
Proceeds, before expenses, to us ⁽³⁾	\$	\$	\$

(1) Plus declared and unpaid dividends, if any, from , if initial settlement occurs after that date.

(2) Excludes certain other compensation payable to the underwriters.

(3) Assumes no exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares of common stock described below.

(4) The underwriters will not receive a discount on any of the shares of common stock purchased by the Affiliated Investors.

The estimated expenses of this offering payable by us, exclusive of the underwriting discount, are estimated to be approximately \$. We have agreed to reimburse the underwriters for filing fees and the reasonable fees and other disbursements of counsel for the underwriters in connection with any required Blue Sky filings and the filing for review of the public offering of the common stock by the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. (in each case, up to \$35,000).

Option

We have granted an option to the underwriters to purchase up to 825,000 additional shares of common stock at the offering price, less the underwriting discount. The underwriters may exercise this option at any time or from time to time for 30 days from the date of this prospectus. If the underwriters exercise this option, each will be obligated, subject to conditions contained in the underwriting agreement, to purchase a number of additional shares of common stock proportionate to that underwriters' initial amount reflected in the above table.

No Sales of Similar Securities

We, our directors and executive officers and certain of our shareholders have agreed with the underwriters not to offer, sell, transfer or otherwise dispose of any shares of common stock or any securities convertible into or exercisable or, exchangeable for, exercisable for, or repayable with shares of common stock, for a period of 180 days with respect to the Company and 180 days with respect to our directors, executive officers and certain of our shareholders after the date of this prospectus without first obtaining the written consent of Raymond James & Associates, Inc. Specifically, we and these other persons have agreed, with certain limited exceptions, not to directly or indirectly:

- offer, pledge, sell or contract to sell any shares of common stock;
- sell any option or contract to purchase any shares of common stock;
- purchase any option or contract to sell any shares of common stock;
- grant any option, right or warrant for the sale of any shares of common stock;
- lend or otherwise dispose of or transfer any shares of common stock;
- file or cause to be filed any registration statement related to the shares of common stock; or

- enter into any swap, hedging, collar or other agreement that can be reasonably expected to transfer, in whole or in part, the economic consequence of ownership of any shares of common stock whether any such swap, hedging, collar or other agreement is to be settled by delivery of shares of common stock or other securities, in cash or otherwise.

This lock-up provision applies to shares of common stock and to securities convertible into or exchangeable or exercisable for or repayable with shares of common stock. It also applies to shares of common stock owned now or acquired later by the person executing the agreement or for which the person executing the agreement later acquires the power of disposition.

Raymond James & Associates, Inc. may release any of the shares of common stock and other securities subject to the lock-up agreements described above in whole or in part subject to the below considerations. When determining whether or not to release shares of common stock from lock-up agreements, Raymond James & Associates, Inc. will consider, among other factors, the shareholders' reasons for requesting the release, the number of shares of common stock for which the release is being requested and market conditions at the time. However, Raymond James & Associates, Inc. has informed us that, as of the date of this prospectus, there are no agreements between them and any party that would allow such party to transfer any shares of common stock, nor do they have any intention at this time of releasing any of the shares of common stock subject to the lock-up agreements, prior to the expiration of the lock-up period.

Listing

Our common stock is listed on the Nasdaq Capital Market under the trading symbol "SUNS."

Price Stabilization, Short Positions and Penalty Bids

Until the distribution of our shares of common stock is completed, SEC rules may limit underwriters and selling group members from bidding for and purchasing our securities. However, the underwriters may engage in transactions that stabilize the price of our securities, such as bids or purchases to peg, fix or maintain that price.

In connection with this offering, the underwriters may purchase and sell our securities in the open market. These transactions may include short sales, purchases on the open market to cover positions created by short sales and stabilizing transactions. Short sales involve the sale by the underwriters of a greater number of shares of our securities than they are required to purchase in this offering. "Covered" short sales are sales made in an amount not greater than the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares described above. The underwriters may close out any covered short position by either exercising their option or purchasing shares in the open market. In determining the source of shares of our securities to close out the covered short position, the underwriters will consider, among other things, the price of shares of our securities available for purchase in the open market as compared to the price at which they may purchase shares of our securities through the option. "Naked" short sales are sales in excess of the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares of common stock. The underwriters must close out any naked short position by purchasing shares of our securities in the open market. A naked short position is more likely to be created if the underwriters are concerned that there may be downward pressure on the price of our securities in the open market after pricing that could adversely affect investors who purchase in this offering. Stabilizing transactions consist of various bids for or purchases of shares of our securities made by the underwriters in the open market prior to the completion of this offering.

The underwriters may also impose a penalty bid. This occurs when a particular underwriter repays to the underwriters a portion of the underwriting discount received by it because the underwriters have repurchased shares sold by or for the account of such underwriter in stabilizing or short covering transactions.

Similar to other purchase transactions, the underwriters' purchases to cover the syndicate short sales may have the effect of raising or maintaining the market price of our securities or preventing or retarding a decline in the market price of our securities. As a result, the price of our securities may be higher than the price that might otherwise exist in the open market. The underwriters may conduct these transactions on the Nasdaq Capital Market, in the OTC market or otherwise.

Neither we nor any of the underwriters make any representation or prediction as to the direction or magnitude of any effect that the transactions described above may have on the price of our securities. In addition, neither we nor any of the underwriters make any representation that the representatives will engage in these transactions or that these transactions, once commenced, will not be discontinued without notice.

Electronic Distribution

In connection with this offering, certain of the underwriters or securities dealers may distribute prospectuses by electronic means, such as e-mail. In addition, the underwriters may facilitate Internet distribution for this offering to certain of their Internet subscription customers. The underwriters may allocate a limited number of shares of common stock for sale to their online brokerage customers. An electronic prospectus may be available on the websites maintained by the underwriters. Other than the prospectus in electronic format, the information on the underwriters' websites is not part of this prospectus.

Other Activities and Relationships

The underwriters and their respective affiliates are full service financial institutions engaged in various activities, which may include securities trading, commercial and investment banking, financial advisory, investment management, investment research, principal investment, hedging, financing and brokerage activities. Some of the underwriters and their affiliates have engaged in, and may in the future engage in, investment banking, financial advisory, lending and other commercial dealings in the ordinary course of business with us or our affiliates. They have received, or any in the future receive, customary fees and commissions for these transactions.

In addition, in the ordinary course of their business activities, the underwriters and their affiliates may make or hold a broad array of investments and actively trade debt and equity securities (or related derivative securities) and financial instruments (including bank loans) for their own account and for the accounts of their customers. Such investments and securities activities may involve securities and/or instruments of ours or our affiliates. The underwriters and their affiliates may also make investment recommendations and/or publish or express independent research views in respect of such securities or financial instruments and may hold, or recommend to clients that they acquire, long and/or short positions in such securities and instruments. Raymond James & Associates, Inc. has acted as initial purchaser/placement agent for SRT, an affiliate of our Manager, in connection with its private offering of shares of its common stock.

Certain Affiliated Investors have indicated an interest in purchasing up to \$ million in shares of common stock in this offering at the public offering price. Because this indication of

interest is not a binding agreement or commitment to purchase, the Affiliated Investors could determine to purchase more, less or no shares of common stock in this offering, or the underwriters could determine to sell more, less or no shares to the Affiliated Investors. If the Affiliated Investors purchase shares in this offering, these affiliates of ours will beneficially own additional shares of our common stock. The underwriters will not receive a discount on any of our shares of common stock purchased by the Affiliated Investors.

Sales Outside the United States

No action has been or will be taken in any jurisdiction (except in the United States) that would permit a public offering of the common stock, or the possession, circulation or distribution of this prospectus or any other material relating to us or the common stock in any jurisdiction where action for that purpose is required. Accordingly, the common stock may not be offered or sold, directly or indirectly, and neither of this prospectus nor any other offering material or advertisements in connection with the common stock may be distributed or published, in or from any country or jurisdiction except in compliance with any applicable rules and regulations of any such country or jurisdiction.

Each of the underwriters may arrange to sell common stock offered by this prospectus in certain jurisdictions outside the United States, either directly or through affiliates, where they are permitted to do so.

Notice to Prospective Investors in Canada

These securities may be sold only to purchasers purchasing, or deemed to be purchasing, as principal that are: (i) accredited investors, as defined in National Instrument 45-106 Prospectus Exemptions (NI 45-106) or Subsection 73.3(1) of the Securities Act (Ontario), and (ii) permitted clients, as defined in National Instrument 31-103 Registration Requirements, Exemptions and Ongoing Registrant Obligations. Any resale of the securities must be made in accordance with an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the prospectus requirements of applicable securities laws.

Securities legislation in certain provinces or territories of Canada may provide a purchaser with remedies for rescission or damages if this prospectus (including any amendment thereto) contains a misrepresentation, provided that the remedies for rescission or damages are exercised by the purchaser within the time limit prescribed by the securities legislation of the purchaser's province or territory. The purchaser should refer to any applicable provisions of the securities legislation of the purchaser's province or territory for particulars of these rights or consult with a legal advisor.

Under Canadian Securities Law, National Instrument 33-105 Underwriting Conflicts (NI 33-105) provides disclosure requirements with respect to certain potential conflicts of interest that may exist between an issuer and underwriters, dealers or placement agents, as the case may be. Pursuant to section 3A.3 of NI 33-105, we and the representative are not required to comply with the disclosure requirements of NI 33-105 regarding underwriter conflicts of interest in connection with this offering.

We and the representative hereby notify prospective Canadian purchasers that: (a) we may be required to provide personal information pertaining to the purchaser as required to be disclosed in Schedule I of Form 45-106F1 under NI 45-106 (including its name, address, telephone number and the aggregate purchase price of any securities purchased), or personal information, which form 45-106F1 may be required to be filed by us under NI 45-106, (b) such personal

information may be delivered to the Ontario Securities Commission, or the OSC, in accordance with NI 45-106, (c) such personal information is collected indirectly by the OSC under the authority granted to it under the securities legislation of Ontario, (d) such personal information is collected for the purposes of the administration and enforcement of the securities legislation of Ontario, and € the public official in Ontario who can answer questions about the OSC's indirect collection of such personal information is the administrative support clerk at the OSC, Suite 1903, Box 55, 20 Queen Street West, Toronto, Ontario M5H 3S8, Telephone: (416) 593-3684. Prospective Canadian purchasers that purchase securities in this offering will be deemed to have authorized the indirect collection of the personal information by the OSC, and to have acknowledged and consented to its name, address, telephone number and other specified information, including the aggregate purchase price paid by the purchaser, being disclosed to other Canadian securities regulatory authorities, and to have acknowledged that such information may become available to the public in accordance with requirements of applicable Canadian laws.

Upon receipt of this prospectus, each Canadian purchaser hereby confirms that it has expressly requested that all documents evidencing or relating in any way to the sale of the securities described herein (including for greater certainty any purchase confirmation or any notice) be drawn up in the English language only. Par a réception de ce document, chaque acheteur Canadien confirme par les présentes qu'il a expressément exigé que tous les documents faisant foi ou se rapportant de quelque manière que ce soit à la vente des valeurs mobilières décrites aux présentes (incluant, pour plus de certitude, toute confirmation d'achat ou tout avis) soient rédigés – anglais seulement.

LEGAL MATTERS

The validity of the shares of common stock offered hereby and certain other legal matters as to Maryland law will be passed upon for us by Venable LLP. In addition, certain legal matters will be passed upon for us by O'Melveny & Myers LLP. Certain legal matters in connection with this offering will be passed upon for the underwriters by Greenberg Traurig, LLP.

EXPERTS

The financial statements of Sunrise Realty Trust, Inc. for the period from August 28, 2023 (the date of formation) through December 31, 2023 have been audited by CohnReznick LLP, independent registered public accounting firm, as set forth in their report herein. Such financial statements are included herein in reliance upon such report, given on the authority of said firm as experts in accounting and auditing.

WHERE YOU CAN FIND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

We have filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form S-11 under the Securities Act with respect to the shares of our common stock offered by this prospectus. This prospectus, which constitutes a part of the registration statement, does not contain all of the information set forth in the registration statement, some items of which are contained in exhibits to the registration statement as permitted by the rules and regulations of the SEC. For further information with respect to us and our common stock, we refer you to the registration statement, including the exhibits filed as a part of the registration statement. Statements contained in this prospectus concerning the contents of any contract or document referred to are not necessarily complete. If a contract or document has been filed as an exhibit to the registration statement, please see the copy of the contract or document that has been filed. Each statement in this prospectus relating to a contract or document filed as an exhibit is qualified in all respects by the filed exhibit. The SEC maintains an Internet website that contains reports, proxy statements and other information about issuers, like us, that file electronically with the SEC. The address of that website is www.sec.gov. We will furnish without charge to you, on written or oral request, a copy of this prospectus. You should direct any requests for documents to our Chief Legal Officer, at Sunrise Realty Trust, Inc., 525 Okeechobee Blvd., Suite 1650, West Palm Beach, FL 33401, telephone (561) 530-3315.

We are subject to the information and reporting requirements of the Exchange Act and, in accordance with this law, file periodic reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. These periodic reports, proxy statements and other information are available on the website of the SEC referred to above. We also maintain a website at www.sunriserealtytrust.com. You may access these materials free of charge as soon as reasonably practicable after they are electronically filed with, or furnished to, the SEC. Information contained on our website is not a part of this prospectus and the inclusion of our website address in this prospectus is an inactive textual reference only.



Sunrise Realty Trust, Inc.

Audited Financial Statements

As of and for the period from August 28, 2023 (date of formation) to December 31, 2023

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Unaudited Financial Statements

For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024 and the period from August 28, 2023 (date of formation) to September 30, 2023

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

Board of Directors

Sunrise Realty Trust, Inc.

Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying balance sheet of Sunrise Realty Trust, Inc. (the "Company"), formerly known as CRE South LLC, as of December 31, 2023, and the related statements of operations, member's equity, and cash flows for the period from August 28, 2023 (date of formation) through December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements (collectively referred to as the "financial statements"). In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2023, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the period from August 28, 2023 (date of formation) through December 31, 2023, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

These financial statements are the responsibility of the entity's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) ("PCAOB") and are required to be independent with respect to Sunrise Realty Trust, Inc. in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. Sunrise Realty Trust, Inc. is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. As part of our audit we are required to obtain an understanding of internal control over financial reporting but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

Our audit included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audit also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

/s/ CohnReznick LLP

We have served as Sunrise Realty Trust, Inc.'s auditor since 2023.

Baltimore, Maryland
February 21, 2024

**SUNRISE REALTY TRUST, INC.
BALANCE SHEET**

	As of December 31, 2023
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 31,244,622
Total assets	\$ 31,244,622
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and other liabilities	\$ 10,000
Total liabilities	10,000
Commitments and contingencies (Note 4)	
Member's equity	31,234,622
Total liabilities and member's equity	\$ 31,244,622

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

**SUNRISE REALTY TRUST, INC.
STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS**

	For the period from August 28, 2023 (date of formation) to December 31, 2023
Revenue	
Interest income	\$ 244,742
Net interest income	244,742
Expenses	
General and administrative expenses	120
Professional fees	10,000
Total expenses	10,120
Net income	\$ 234,622

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

**SUNRISE REALTY TRUST, INC.
STATEMENT OF MEMBER'S EQUITY**

	For the period from August 28, 2023 (date of formation) to December 31, 2023
	Member's Equity
Balance at August 28, 2023	\$ —
Capital contributions	31,000,000
Net income	234,622
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$ 31,234,622

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

**SUNRISE REALTY TRUST, INC.
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

	For the period from August 28, 2023 (date of formation) to December 31, 2023
Cash flows from operating activities:	
Net income	\$ 234,622
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	
Accounts payable and other liabilities	10,000
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	244,622
Cash flows from financing activities:	
Proceeds from capital contributions	31,000,000
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	31,000,000
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	31,244,622
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	—
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 31,244,622

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

SUNRISE REALTY TRUST, INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of December 31, 2023

1. ORGANIZATION

Sunrise Realty Trust, Inc. (the “Company” or “SUNS”) (f/k/a CRE South LLC) was formed on August 28, 2023 and converted from a Delaware limited liability company to a Maryland corporation in February 2024. SUNS is a wholly-owned subsidiary of AFC Gamma, Inc. (“AFCG”) and is an institutional lender to the commercial real estate sector.

SUNS primarily originates, structures, underwrites, invests in and manages senior secured loans and other types of commercial real estate loans and debt securities. Our objective is to provide attractive risk-adjusted returns over time through cash distributions and capital appreciation primarily by providing loans to real estate developers. Our investment guidelines include (i) first and second lien loans secured by mortgages to commercial real estate owners, operators and related businesses, (ii) the ownership of real property assets, and (iii) mortgage-backed securities.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“GAAP”).

Use of Estimates in the Preparation of Financial Statements

The preparation of the financial statement in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statement and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Accordingly, actual results could differ materially from those estimates under different assumptions and conditions.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include funds on deposit with financial institutions, including demand deposits with financial institutions. Cash and short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less when acquired are considered cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the balance sheets and statements of cash flows.

Concentration of Credit Risks

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents. The Company places its cash and cash equivalents with financial institutions, and, at times, cash held exceeds the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insured limit. The Company seeks to manage this credit risk by monitoring the financial institutions and their ability to continue in business for the foreseeable future.

Revenue Recognition

Interest income relates to interest income earned from bank deposits. Interest income is recognized from interest bearing bank accounts and revenue is recognized as it is earned.

Income Taxes

SUNS is a wholly-owned subsidiary of AFCG, and is a disregarded entity for tax purposes, and does not file a tax return. The Company's entire share of taxable income or loss is included in the tax return of AFCG.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

The Company considered the applicability and impact of all Accounting Standard Updates ("ASU") issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB"). Recently issued ASU's were assessed and determined either to be not applicable or expected to have minimal impact on the Company's financial statements.

3. MEMBER'S EQUITY

As of December 31, 2023, AFCG contributed \$31.0 million to the Company and there is no outstanding capital commitments as of December 31, 2023.

4. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company from time to time may be a party to litigation in the normal course of business. The Company investigates these claims as they arise. If the potential loss from any claim or legal claim is considered probable and the amount can be estimated, the Company accrues a liability for the estimated loss. As of December 31, 2023, the Company is not aware of any legal claims that could materially impact its business, financial condition or results of operations.

5. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company has evaluated subsequent events through February 21, 2024, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. There were no material subsequent events, other than those described below, that required disclosure in these financial statements.

In January 2024, the Company and an affiliate entered into a secured mezzanine loan consisting of an aggregate of \$56.4 million in loan commitments, of which \$28.2 million was funded by the Company and another \$28.2 million was provided by an affiliate of the Company. The Company and affiliate are each 50.0% syndicate lenders in the secured mezzanine loan. The secured mezzanine loan bears interest at an annual rate of Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR") plus 15.31% spread, subject to a SOFR floor of 2.42%, and matures in January 2025.

In January 2024, the Company and an affiliate entered into a secured mezzanine loan consisting of an aggregate of \$56.4 million in loan commitments, of which \$20.7 million was funded by the Company and another \$20.7 million was provided by an affiliate of the Company. The secured mezzanine loan was purchased by the Company and affiliate at a discount of 1.0% for a purchase price of approximately \$20.4 million each, respectively. Approximately \$15.0 million was established as an unfunded commitment, available to be drawn to pay interest on the secured mezzanine loan, of which the Company is responsible for \$7.5 million. The

Company and affiliate are each 50.0% syndicate lenders in the secured mezzanine loan. The secured mezzanine loan bears interest at an annual fixed rate of 13.00% and matures in May 2027.

**SUNRISE REALTY TRUST, INC.
BALANCE SHEETS**

	As of	
	September 30, 2024 (unaudited)	December 31, 2023
Assets		
Loans held for investment at carrying value, net	\$ 96,405,746	\$ —
Cash and cash equivalents	70,171,119	31,244,622
Interest receivable	1,007,320	—
Prepaid expenses and other assets	250,339	—
Total assets	\$ 167,834,524	\$ 31,244,622
Liabilities		
Accrued interest	\$ 43,197	\$ —
Dividends payable	4,362,999	—
Current expected credit loss reserve	24,327	—
Accrued management and incentive fees	422,238	—
Accrued direct administrative expenses	487,870	—
Accounts payable and other liabilities	355,083	10,000
Line of credit payable to affiliate	50,000,000	—
Total liabilities	55,695,714	10,000
Commitments and contingencies (Note 7)		
Shareholders' equity		
Member's equity	—	31,234,622
Preferred stock, par value \$0.01 per share, 10,000 and 0 shares authorized at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023 and 0 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively	—	—
Common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, 50,000,000 and 0 shares authorized at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023 and 6,925,395 and 0 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively	69,254	—
Additional paid-in capital	114,844,562	—
Accumulated (deficit) earnings	(2,775,006)	—
Total shareholders' equity	112,138,810	31,234,622
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 167,834,524	\$ 31,244,622

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

SUNRISE REALTY TRUST, INC.
STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(unaudited)

	Three months ended September 30, 2024	Period from August 28, 2023 to September 30, 2023	Nine months ended September 30, 2024	Period from August 28, 2023 to September 30, 2023
Revenue				
Interest income	\$ 3,220,930	\$ 7,767	\$ 7,226,812	\$ 7,767
Interest expense	(43,197)	—	(43,197)	—
Net interest income	3,177,733	7,767	7,183,615	7,767
Expenses				
Management and incentive fees	422,238	—	422,238	—
General and administrative expenses	572,249	—	593,817	—
Stock-based compensation	160,139	—	160,139	—
Professional fees	332,271	—	968,643	—
Total expenses	1,486,897	—	2,144,837	—
Decrease (increase) in provision for current expected credit losses	47,527	—	(24,327)	—
Net income before income taxes	1,738,363	7,767	5,014,451	7,767
Income tax expense	—	—	—	—
Net income	\$ 1,738,363	\$ 7,767	\$ 5,014,451	\$ 7,767
Earnings per common share:				
Basic earnings per common share	\$ 0.26	\$ —	\$ 0.74	\$ —
Diluted earnings per common share	\$ 0.25	\$ —	\$ 0.73	\$ —
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding:				
Basic weighted average shares of common stock outstanding	6,800,500	6,889,032	6,800,500	6,889,032
Diluted weighted average shares of common stock outstanding	6,825,905	6,889,032	6,825,905	6,889,032

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

SUNRISE REALTY TRUST, INC.
STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
(unaudited)

Three months ended September 30, 2024

	Member's Equity	Common Stock		Additional Paid- In Capital	Accumulated Earnings (Deficit)	Total Shareholders' Equity
		Shares	Amount			
Balance as of June 30, 2024	\$ —	100	\$ 1	\$ 45,399,999	\$ 3,510,710	\$ 48,910,710
Stock-based compensation	—	36,363	364	148,275	—	148,639
Dividends declared on common shares (\$0.63 per share)	—	—	—	—	(4,362,999)	(4,362,999)
Issuance of common stock in connection with the Spin-Off	—	6,888,932	68,889	69,296,288	—	69,365,177
Net transfers and distributions (to) from Former Parent	—	—	—	—	(3,661,080)	(3,661,080)
Net income	—	—	—	—	1,738,363	1,738,363
Balance as of September 30, 2024	\$ —	6,925,395	\$ 69,254	\$ 114,844,562	\$ (2,775,006)	\$ 112,138,810

Period from August 28, 2023 to September 30, 2023

	Member's Equity	Common Stock		Additional Paid- In Capital	Accumulated Earnings (Deficit)	Total Shareholders' Equity
		Shares	Amount			
Balance as of August 28, 2023	\$ —	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Net transfers and distributions from (to) Former Parent	21,000,000	—	—	—	—	21,000,000
Net income	7,767	—	—	—	—	7,767
Balance as of September 30, 2023	\$ 21,007,767	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 21,007,767

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

SUNRISE REALTY TRUST, INC.
STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
(unaudited)

Nine months ended September 30, 2024

	Member's Equity	Common Stock		Additional Paid- In Capital	Accumulated Earnings (Deficit)	Total Shareholders' Equity
		Shares	Amount			
Balance as of December 31, 2023	\$ 31,234,622	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 31,234,622
Effect of corporate conversion on member's equity	(31,234,622)	100	1	30,999,999	234,622	—
Stock-based compensation	—	36,363	364	148,275	—	148,639
Dividends declared on common shares (\$0.63 per share)	—	—	—	—	(4,362,999)	(4,362,999)
Issuance of common stock in connection with the Spin-Off	—	6,888,932	68,889	69,296,288	—	69,365,177
Net transfers and distributions from (to) Former Parent	—	—	—	14,400,000	(3,661,080)	10,738,920
Net income	—	—	—	—	5,014,451	5,014,451
Balance as of September 30, 2024	\$ —	6,925,395	\$ 69,254	\$ 114,844,562	\$ (2,775,006)	\$ 112,138,810

Period from August 28, 2023 to September 30, 2023

	Member's Equity	Common Stock		Additional Paid- In Capital	Accumulated Earnings (Deficit)	Total Shareholders' Equity
		Shares	Amount			
Balance as of August 28, 2023	\$ —	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Net transfers and distributions from (to) Former Parent	21,000,000	—	—	—	—	21,000,000
Net income	7,767	—	—	—	—	7,767
Balance as of September 30, 2023	\$ 21,007,767	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 21,007,767

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

SUNRISE REALTY TRUST, INC.
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
(unaudited)

	Nine months ended September 30, 2024	Period from August 28, 2023 to September 30, 2023
Operating activities:		
Net income	\$ 5,014,451	\$ 7,767
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Increase (decrease) in provision for current expected credit losses	24,327	—
Accretion of deferred loan original issue discount and other discounts	(114,395)	—
Stock-based compensation	148,639	—
Interest drawn on loans	(2,428,444)	—
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Interest receivable	(1,007,320)	—
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(250,339)	—
Accrued interest	43,197	—
Accrued management and incentive fees	422,238	—
Accrued direct administrative expenses	487,870	—
Accounts payable and other liabilities	345,083	—
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	2,685,307	7,767
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Issuance of and fundings on loans	(118,775,580)	—
Principal repayment of loans	24,912,673	—
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(93,862,907)	—
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Net transfers and distributions from (to) Former Parent	80,104,097	21,000,000
Borrowings on revolving credit facility	50,000,000	—
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	130,104,097	21,000,000
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	38,926,497	21,007,767
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	31,244,622	—
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 70,171,119	\$ 21,007,767
Supplemental disclosure of non-cash activity:		
OID withheld from funding of loans	\$ 1,255,761	\$ —
Dividends declared and not yet paid	\$ 4,362,999	\$ —
Supplemental information:		
Interest paid during the period	\$ —	\$ —
Income taxes paid during the period	\$ —	\$ —

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

SUNRISE REALTY TRUST, INC.
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of September 30, 2024
(unaudited)

1. ORGANIZATION

Sunrise Realty Trust, Inc. (the “Company” or “SUNS”) (f/k/a CRE South LLC) was formed on August 28, 2023, and converted from a Delaware limited liability company to a Maryland corporation in February 2024. The Company is an institutional lender that provides debt capital solutions to the commercial real estate (“CRE”) market in the Southern United States. The Company focuses on originating, underwriting and managing CRE debt investments and providing capital to high-quality borrowers and sponsors with transitional business plans collateralized by CRE assets with opportunities for near-term value creation, as well as recapitalization opportunities. The Company intends to create a diversified investment portfolio, targeting investments in senior mortgage loans, mezzanine loans, B-notes, commercial mortgage-backed securities (“CMBS”) and debt-like preferred equity securities across CRE asset classes. The Company intends for its investment mix to include high quality residential, including multi-family, condominiums and single-family residential communities, retail, office, hospitality, industrial, mixed-use and specialty-use real estate. The Company operates in one operating segment.

SUNS is externally managed and advised by Sunrise Manager LLC (“SUNS Manager” or the “Manager”), a registered investment adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended (the “Advisers Act”). The Company conducts its business through the parent company, Sunrise Realty Trust, Inc., and several subsidiaries. The Company consolidates all of its subsidiaries under generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (“GAAP”).

The Company intends to elect to be taxed as a REIT for United States federal income tax purposes under the Internal Revenue Code (the “Code”), commencing with the taxable year ending December 31, 2024. The Company generally will not be subject to United States federal income taxes on its REIT taxable income as long as it annually distributes all of its REIT taxable income prior to the deduction for dividends paid to shareholders and complies with various other requirements as a REIT.

Spin-Off

On July 9, 2024, Advanced Flower Capital Inc. (f/k/a AFC Gamma, Inc.) (“AFC” or the “Former Parent”) announced the completion of the previously announced separation and spin-off of AFC’s CRE portfolio into an independent, publicly traded company, SUNS (the “Spin-Off”). The Spin-Off was effected by the transfer of AFC’s CRE portfolio from AFC to SUNS and the distribution of all of the outstanding shares of SUNS’ common stock, par value \$0.01 per share (the “Common Stock”) to all of AFC’s shareholders of record as of the close of business on July 8, 2024 (the “Record Date”). AFC’s shareholders of record as of the Record Date received one share of SUNS Common Stock for every three shares of AFC common stock held as of the Record Date. The Spin-Off was completed on July 9, 2024 (the “Distribution Date”). On the Distribution Date, SUNS became an independent, publicly traded company, trading on the Nasdaq Capital Market under the symbol “SUNS”. AFC retained no ownership interest in the Company following the Spin-Off.

In connection with the Spin-Off, the Company entered into several agreements with AFC that govern the relationship between the Company and AFC following the Spin-Off, including the Separation and Distribution Agreement and the Tax Matters Agreement. These agreements provide for the allocation between AFC and SUNS of the assets, liabilities and obligations (including, among others, investments, property and tax-related assets and liabilities) of AFC and its subsidiaries attributable to periods prior to, at and after the Spin-Off. Moreover, in preparation for the Spin-Off, the management of SUNS entered into a new management agreement with SUNS Manager, which became effective concurrently with the completion of the Spin-Off. The Manager also entered into (i) an Administrative Services Agreement (the "Administrative Services Agreement") with TCG Services LLC, an affiliate of the Manager and Leonard Tannenbaum, the Company's Executive Chairman, and Robyn Tannenbaum, the Company's President, and (ii) a Services Agreement (the "Services Agreement") with SRT Group LLC, an affiliate of the Manager, Mr. Tannenbaum, Mrs. Tannenbaum, Mr. Sedrish and Mr. Hetzel.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying unaudited interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and the related management's disclosure and analysis of financial condition and results of operations included in the Company's final Information Statement included as Exhibit 99.1 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form 10, initially filed on February 22, 2024, as amended, and declared effective on July 2, 2024 (File No. 001-41971) by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), the final version of which was included as Exhibit 99.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on July 3, 2024 (the "Information Statement").

Refer to Note 2 to the Company's financial statements in the Information Statement for a description of the Company's significant accounting policies. The Company has included disclosures below regarding basis of presentation and other accounting policies that (i) are required to be disclosed quarterly, (ii) have material changes or (iii) the Company views as critical as of the date of this report.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited interim financial statements and related notes have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in conformity with GAAP and in conformity with the rules and regulations of the SEC applicable to interim financial information. The unaudited interim financial statements reflect all adjustments that, in the opinion of management, are necessary for the fair presentation of the Company's results of operations and financial condition as of and for the periods presented. The historical financial statements of the Company for the periods prior to the completion of the Spin-Off are prepared from AFC's historical accounting records and are presented on a standalone basis as if the Company's operations have been conducted independently from AFC.

The aggregate net effect of transactions between the Company and related parties that have been historically settled other than in cash are reflected in the Balance Sheets as Member's Equity and Shareholder's Equity and in the Statements of Cash Flows as Net Transfers and Distributions From (to) Former Parent. For additional information, see Note 12, "Related Party Transactions," and Note 8, "Shareholders' Equity."

The current period's results of operations will not necessarily be indicative of results that ultimately may be realized for the year ending December 31, 2024.

Use of Estimates in the Preparation of Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant estimates include the current expected credit losses (“CECL”).

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

The Company is an “emerging growth company,” as defined in the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act (“JOBS Act”). Section 107 of the JOBS Act provides that an “emerging growth company” can take advantage of the extended transition period provided in Section 7(a)(2) (B) of the Securities Act for complying with new or revised accounting standards. In other words, an “emerging growth company” can delay the adoption of certain accounting standards until those standards would otherwise apply to private companies. The Company has elected to take advantage of this extended transition period. As a result, the Company will not be subject to the same implementation timing for new or revised accounting standards as other public companies that are not emerging growth companies, which may make comparison of the Company’s financials to those of other public companies more difficult.

In November 2023, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued ASU 2023-07—Segment Reporting (Topic 280): Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures (“ASU 2023-07”) to improve reportable segment disclosure requirements, primarily through enhanced disclosures about significant segment expenses. ASU 2023-07 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023 and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024; early adoption is permitted. The amendments should be applied retrospectively to all prior periods presented in the financial statements. Upon transition, the segment expense categories and amounts disclosed in the prior periods should be based on the significant segment expense categories identified and disclosed in the period of adoption. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the update on the Company’s future financial statements.

In December 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-09—Income Taxes (Topic 740): Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures (“ASU 2023-09”). ASU 2023-09 improves the transparency of income tax disclosures related to rate reconciliation and income taxes. ASU 2023-09 is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2024. For entities other than public business entities, the amendments are effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2025. Early adoption is permitted for annual financial statements that have not yet been issued or made available for issuance. The amendments should be applied prospectively, however retrospective application is permitted. The Company does not currently anticipate that adoption of ASU 2023-09 will have a material impact on the financial statements.

3. LOANS HELD FOR INVESTMENT AT CARRYING VALUE

As of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Company’s portfolio included six and zero loans held at carrying value, respectively. The aggregate originated commitment under these loans was approximately \$121.6 million and zero, respectively, and outstanding principal was approximately \$97.5 million and zero, respectively, as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023. During the nine months ended September 30, 2024, the Company funded approximately \$122.5 million of new loans and additional principal and had approximately \$24.9 million of principal repayments of loans held at carrying value. As of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, approximately 72% and zero, respectively, of the Company’s loans held at carrying value

had floating interest rates. As of September 30, 2024, these floating benchmark rates included one-month Secured Overnight Financing Rate (“SOFR”) subject to a weighted average floor of 4.2% and quoted at 4.8%.

The following table summarizes the Company’s loans held at carrying value as of September 30, 2024:

	As of September 30, 2024			
	Outstanding Principal ⁽¹⁾	Original Issue Discount	Carrying Value ⁽¹⁾	Weighted Average Remaining Life (Years) ⁽²⁾
Senior mortgage loans ⁽³⁾	\$ 75,179,550	\$ (915,856)	\$ 74,263,694	2.7
Subordinate debt	22,367,562	(225,510)	22,142,052	2.6
Total loans held at carrying value	\$ 97,547,112	\$ (1,141,366)	\$ 96,405,746	2.6

(1) The difference between the Carrying Value and the Outstanding Principal amount of the loans consists of unaccreted OID and loan origination costs.

(2) Weighted average remaining life is calculated based on the carrying value of each respective group of loans as of September 30, 2024.

(3) Senior mortgage loans include senior loans that also have a contiguous subordinate loan because as a whole, the expected credit quality of the subordinate loan is more similar to that of a senior loan.

The following table presents changes in loans held at carrying value as of and for the nine months ended September 30, 2024:

	Principal	Original Issue Discount	Carrying Value
Total loans held at carrying value at December 31, 2023	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
New fundings	120,031,341	(1,255,761)	118,775,580
Funded interest	2,428,444	—	2,428,444
Accretion of original issue discount	—	114,395	114,395
Loan repayments	(24,912,673)	—	(24,912,673)
Total loans held at carrying value at September 30, 2024	\$ 97,547,112	\$ (1,141,366)	\$ 96,405,746

A more detailed listing of the Company's loans held at carrying value portfolio based on information available as of September 30, 2024 is as follows:

Loan Type	Location	Outstanding Principal ⁽¹⁾	Original Issue Discount	Carrying Value ⁽¹⁾	Interest Rate	Maturity Date ⁽²⁾	Payment Terms ⁽³⁾
Senior mortgage loans:							
Mixed-use	Houston, TX	\$ 10,629,036	\$ (56,668)	\$ 10,572,368	16.5 % ⁽⁴⁾	2/26/2026	I/O
Residential	Austin, TX	12,079,636	(129,133)	11,950,503	9.1 % ⁽⁵⁾	7/3/2027	I/O
Hospitality	San Antonio, TX	25,342,611	(257,833)	25,084,778	11.2 % ⁽⁶⁾	8/9/2027	I/O
Residential	PBG, FL	18,262,152	(250,868)	18,011,284	13.1 % ⁽⁷⁾	9/1/2027	I/O
Residential	PBG, FL	8,866,115	(221,354)	8,644,761	11.1 % ⁽⁸⁾	9/1/2027	I/O
Subordinate debt:							
Residential	Sarasota, FL	22,367,562	(225,510)	22,142,052	13.0 % ⁽⁹⁾	5/12/2027	I/O
Total loans held at carrying value		\$ 97,547,112	\$ (1,141,366)	\$ 96,405,746			

- (1) The difference between the Carrying Value and the Outstanding Principal amount of the loans consists of unaccreted OID and loan origination costs.
- (2) Certain loans are subject to contractual extension options and may be subject to performance based or other conditions as stipulated in the loan agreement. Actual maturities may differ from contractual maturities stated herein as certain borrowers may have the right to prepay with or without paying a prepayment penalty. The Company may also extend contractual maturities and amend other terms of the loans in connection with loan modifications.
- (3) I/O = interest-only, P/I = principal and interest. P/I loans may include interest-only periods for a portion of the loan term.
- (4) Cash interest rate represents a blended rate of differing cash interest rates applicable to each of the senior and subordinate loans to which the Company is a lender under the credit agreements. The subordinate loan component bears interest at a base interest rate of 15.31% plus SOFR (SOFR floor of 2.42%) and the senior loan component bears interest at a base interest rate of 12.50%. In August 2024, the Company and the borrower entered into an amendment to, among other things, (i) extend the maturity date on both loans from November 2024 to February 2026, (ii) modify the senior loan interest rate from floating (3.48% plus SOFR, SOFR floor of 4.0%) to fixed 12.5% and (iii) include a \$12.0 million upsize to the senior loan, of which the Company has commitments for \$6.0 million and an affiliate co-investor has commitments for the rest.
- (5) Base interest rate of 4.25% plus SOFR (SOFR floor of 4.75%).
- (6) Base interest rate of 6.35% plus SOFR (SOFR floor of 4.50%).
- (7) Base interest rate of 8.25% plus SOFR (SOFR floor of 4.00%).
- (8) Base interest rate of 6.25% plus SOFR (SOFR floor of 4.00%).
- (9) Base interest rate of 13.0%.

4. CURRENT EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES

The Company estimates its current expected credit losses on both the outstanding balances and unfunded commitments on loans held for investment and requires consideration of a broader range of historical experience adjusted for current conditions and reasonable and supportable forecast information to inform the "CECL Reserve" using a model that considers multiple datapoints and methodologies that may include discounted cash flows ("DCF") and other inputs, which may include the risk rating of the loan, how recently the loan was originated compared to the measurement date and expected prepayment, if applicable. Calculation of the CECL Reserve requires loan specific data, which may include the fixed charge coverage ratio, loan-to-value ratio, property type and geographic location. Estimating the CECL Reserve also requires significant judgment with respect to various factors, including but not limited to, the expected timing of loan repayments and the Company's current and future view of the macroeconomic environment. The Company may consider loan-specific qualitative factors on certain loans to estimate its CECL Reserve, which may include (i) whether cash from the borrower's operations is

sufficient to cover the debt service requirements currently and into the future, (ii) the ability of the borrower to refinance the loan and (iii) the liquidation value of collateral. For loans where the Company has deemed the borrower/sponsor to be experiencing financial difficulty, the Company may elect to apply a practical expedient in which the fair value of the underlying collateral is compared to the amortized cost of the loan in determining a specific CECL allowance.

As of September 30, 2024, the Company's CECL Reserve for its loans held at carrying value is approximately \$24.3 thousand, or 0.03%, of the Company's total loans held at carrying value of approximately \$96.4 million, and is bifurcated between the current expected credit loss reserve (contra-asset) related to outstanding balances on loans held at carrying value of zero, and a liability for unfunded commitments of approximately \$24.3 thousand. The Company made its first investment in January 2024 and therefore did not have a CECL Reserve as of December 31, 2023. The liability was based on the unfunded portion of the loan commitment over the full contractual period over which the Company is exposed to credit risk through a current obligation to extend credit. Management considered the likelihood that funding will occur and, if funded, the expected credit loss on the funded portion.

Activity related to the CECL Reserve for outstanding balances and unfunded commitments on the Company's loans held at carrying value as of and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 was as follows:

	Outstanding ⁽¹⁾	Unfunded ⁽²⁾	Total
Balance at June 30, 2024	\$ 37,421	\$ 34,433	\$ 71,854
(Decrease) increase in provision for current expected credit losses	(37,421)	(10,106)	(47,527)
Write-offs	—	—	—
Recoveries	—	—	—
Balance at September 30, 2024	\$ —	\$ 24,327	\$ 24,327

	Outstanding ⁽¹⁾	Unfunded ⁽²⁾	Total
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Increase (decrease) in provision for current expected credit losses	—	24,327	24,327
Write-offs	—	—	—
Recoveries	—	—	—
Balance at September 30, 2024	\$ —	\$ 24,327	\$ 24,327

(1) As of September 30, 2024, the CECL Reserve related to outstanding balances on loans held at carrying value is recorded within current expected credit loss reserve in the Company's balance sheets.

(2) As of September 30, 2024, the CECL Reserve related to unfunded commitments on loans held at carrying value is recorded within current expected credit loss reserve as a liability in the Company's balance sheets.

The Company continuously evaluates the credit quality of each loan by assessing the risk factors of each loan and assigning a risk rating based on a variety of factors. Risk factors include property type, geographic and local market dynamics, physical condition, projected cash flow, loan structure and exit plan, loan-to-value ratio, fixed charge coverage ratio, project sponsorship,

and other factors deemed necessary by the Company. Based on a 5-point scale, the Company's loans are rated "1" through "5," from less risk to greater risk, which ratings are defined as follows:

Rating	Definition
1	Very Low Risk — Investment exceeds performance expectations. Trends and risk factors since time of investment are favorable.
2	Low Risk — Investment performing consistent with expectations and a full return of principal and interest expected. Trends and risk factors are neutral to favorable.
3	Medium Risk — Performing investments requiring closer monitoring. Trends and risk factors show some deterioration.
4	High Risk/ Potential for Loss — Investment underperforming with the potential of some interest loss. Trends and risk factors are negative.
5	Impaired/ Loss Likely — Investment underperforming with expected loss of interest, and full recovery of principal is unlikely.

The risk ratings are primarily based on historical data as well as taking into account future economic conditions.

As of September 30, 2024, the carrying value, excluding the CECL Reserve, of the Company's loans held at carrying value within each risk rating by year of origination is as follows:

Risk Rating:	2024	Total
1	\$ 10,572,368	\$ 10,572,368
2	85,833,378	85,833,378
3	—	—
4	—	—
5	—	—
Total	\$ 96,405,746	\$ 96,405,746

5. INTEREST RECEIVABLE

The following table summarizes the interest receivable for the Company as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023:

	As of September 30, 2024	As of December 31, 2023
Interest receivable	\$ 983,034	\$ —
Unused fees receivable	16,473	—
Other fees receivable	7,813	—
Total interest receivable	\$ 1,007,320	\$ —

6. DEBT

Revolving Credit Facility

In September 2024, the Company entered into an unsecured revolving credit agreement (the "Credit Agreement"), by and between the Company, as borrower, and SRT Finance LLC, as agent

and lender. SRT Finance LLC is indirectly owned by Leonard M. Tannenbaum, Executive Chairman of the Company's Board of Directors and one of the Company's officers, and Robyn Tannenbaum, President of the Company, along with their family members and associated family trusts. The Credit Agreement provides for an unsecured revolving credit facility (the "SRT Revolving Credit Facility") with a \$50.0 million commitment, which may be borrowed, repaid and redrawn, subject to a draw fee and the other conditions provided in the Credit Agreement. Interest is payable on the SRT Revolving Credit Facility at 1-month SOFR (subject to a 3.0% floor) plus a margin of 2.75% (7.60% at September 30, 2024), with a maturity date of December 31, 2025. The Company did not incur any fees or costs related to the origination of the SRT Revolving Credit Facility, and the SRT Revolving Credit Facility does not have any unused fees. As of September 30, 2024, the Company drew on the full amount of the Revolving Credit Facility, resulting in \$50.0 million in outstanding borrowings and zero available for borrowing. Interest expense incurred for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 was approximately \$43.2 thousand. The borrowings were subsequently repaid on October 1, 2024. The SRT Revolving Credit Facility was terminated on November 6, 2024.

7. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

As of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Company had the following commitments to fund various investments:

	As of September 30, 2024	As of December 31, 2023
Total original loan commitments	\$ 121,570,101	\$ —
Less: drawn commitments	(97,547,112)	—
Total undrawn commitments	\$ 24,022,989	\$ —

The Company from time to time may be a party to litigation in the normal course of business. The Company investigates these claims as they arise. If the potential loss from any claim or legal claim is considered probable and the amount can be estimated, the Company accrues a liability for the estimated loss. As of September 30, 2024, the Company is not aware of any legal claims that could materially impact its business, financial condition or results of operations.

8. SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY

Corporate Conversion

On February 20, 2024, the Company completed a corporate conversion, converting from a Delaware limited liability company to a Maryland corporation. Pursuant to the certificate of incorporation effected in connection with the corporate conversion, the Company's authorized capital stock consists of 50,000,000 shares of voting Common Stock and 10,000 shares of Preferred Stock (defined below), par value \$0.01 per share.

Preferred Stock

As of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Company authorized 10,000 and zero shares of Preferred Stock, par value \$0.01 per share (the "Preferred Stock"), respectively, of which none have been issued. The Company's Board of Directors (the "Board of Directors") has the authority, without action by our shareholders, to issue up to 10,000 shares of Preferred Stock in one or more series or classes and to designate the rights, preferences and privileges of each series

or class, which may be greater than the rights of SUNS' Common Stock. There were no shares of Preferred Stock designated or outstanding as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively.

Common Stock

As of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Company authorized 50,000,000 and zero shares of Common Stock, respectively, and issued 6,925,395 and zero shares of Common Stock, respectively.

Spin-Off

On July 1, 2024, the Board of Directors approved a forward stock split of shares of the Company's Common Stock, at a ratio of 68,890.32-for-one (to be effected in the form of a stock dividend for purposes of the Maryland General Corporation Law), pursuant to which 68,890.32 additional shares of the Company's Common Stock were issued for each outstanding share of the Company's Common Stock (the "Forward Stock Split"), payable prior to the consummation of the Spin-Off. The Forward Stock Split took effect immediately prior to the distribution of the shares of the Company's common stock to the shareholders of AFC common stock.

As a result of the Forward Stock Split, the number of outstanding shares of the Company's Common Stock increased to 6,889,032 shares outstanding as of July 9, 2024, of which 88,685 were restricted shares at the time of Spin-Off.

The Spin-Off was effected by the transfer of AFC's CRE portfolio from AFC to SUNS and the distribution of all of the outstanding shares of SUNS Common Stock to all of AFC's shareholders of record as of the close of business on July 8, 2024. AFC's shareholders of record as of the Record Date received one share of SUNS Common Stock for every three shares of AFC common stock held as of the close of business on July 8, 2024, the Record Date for the distribution, as well as a cash payment in lieu of any fractional shares. The Spin-Off was completed on July 9, 2024. Immediately after the Spin-Off, the Company was no longer a wholly owned subsidiary of AFC.

On July 9, 2024, AFC non-vested restricted stock awards that were outstanding on the Distribution Date were converted into AFC restricted stock awards and SUNS restricted stock awards. Upon completion of the Spin-Off, the AFC restricted stock awards were converted into 88,685 shares of SUNS restricted stock. The vesting schedule remains the same as the original awards.

Stock Incentive Plan

The Company has established the 2024 Stock Incentive Plan (the "2024 Plan"). The 2024 Plan authorizes stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock, stock bonuses, stock units and other forms of awards granted or denominated in the Company's Common Stock or units of Common Stock. The 2024 Plan retains flexibility to offer competitive incentives and to tailor benefits to specific needs and circumstances. Any award may be structured to be paid or settled in cash. The Company has granted, and currently intends to continue to grant, restricted stock awards to participants in the 2024 Plan, but it may also grant any other type of award available under the 2024 Plan in the future. Persons eligible to receive awards under the 2024 Plan include officers or employees of the Company or any of its subsidiaries, directors of the Company, employees of the Manager and certain directors, consultants and other service providers to the Company or any of its subsidiaries.

In July 2024, the Board of Directors approved grants of 36,363 shares of restricted stock to Brian Sedrish in connection with his appointment as CEO, which vest over a three-year period with approximately 33% vesting on each of the first, second and third anniversaries of July 9, 2024.

As of September 30, 2024, there were 36,363 shares of restricted stock granted under the 2024 Plan.

As of September 30, 2024, the maximum number of shares of the Company's Common Stock that may be delivered pursuant to awards under the 2024 Plan (the "Share Limit") equals 551,122 shares. Shares that are subject to or underlie awards that expire or, for any reason, are cancelled, terminated, forfeited, fail to vest or are not paid or delivered under the 2024 Plan will not be counted against the Share Limit and will again be available for subsequent awards under the 2024 Plan.

The stock-based compensation expense for the Company was approximately \$0.2 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and zero during the period from August 28, 2023 to September 30, 2023, respectively.

The following table summarizes restricted stock (i) converted upon Spin-Off, (ii) granted, (iii) vested and (iv) forfeited for the Company's directors and officers and employees of the Manager as of September 30, 2024. There was no stock award activity during the period from August 28, 2023 (date of formation) to December 31, 2023.

	As of September 30, 2024
Converted upon Spin-Off	88,685
Granted	36,363
Vested	(805)
Forfeited	—
Balance	124,243

The fair value of the Company's restricted stock awards is based on the Company's stock price on the date of grant. The following tables summarize the restricted stock activity as of and during the nine months ended September 30, 2024:

	Number of shares of restricted stock	Weighted-average grant date fair value
Balance as of July 9, 2024 ⁽¹⁾	88,685	\$ 13.00
Granted	36,363	13.75
Vested	(805)	21.64
Forfeited	—	—
Balance as of September 30, 2024	124,243	\$ 13.16

(1) Effective date of conversion upon Spin-Off.

The total fair value of shares vested during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 was approximately \$11.8 thousand. During the three months ended September 30, 2024,

36,363 shares of restricted stock were granted with a weighted-average grant date fair value of \$13.75. There were no shares of restricted stock that were granted or that vested during the period from August 28, 2023 to September 30, 2023.

As of September 30, 2024, there was approximately \$1.3 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested restricted stock. That cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2.23 years.

9. EARNINGS PER SHARE

In connection with the Spin-Off, all of the outstanding shares of the Company's Common Stock were distributed to AFC's shareholders of record as of the close of business on July 8, 2024 and AFC's shareholders received one share of the Company's Common Stock for every three shares of AFC common stock held. As a result, on July 9, 2024, the Company had 6,889,032 shares of Common Stock outstanding. This share amount is utilized for the calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share for all periods presented prior to the Spin-Off. For periods prior to the Spin-Off, there were no dilutive equity instruments, as there were no equity awards of the Company outstanding prior to the Spin-Off. After the Spin-Off, actual outstanding shares are used to calculate both basic and diluted weighted average number of common shares outstanding.

The following information sets forth the computations of basic and diluted weighted average earnings per common share for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and for the period from August 28, 2023 to September 30, 2023:

	Three months ended September 30, 2024	Period from August 28, 2023 to September 30, 2023	Nine months ended September 30, 2024	Period from August 28, 2023 to September 30, 2023
Net income attributable to common shareholders	\$ 1,738,363	\$ 7,767	\$ 5,014,451	\$ 7,767
Divided by:				
Basic weighted average shares of common stock outstanding	6,800,500	6,889,032	6,800,500	6,889,032
Weighted average unvested restricted stock	25,405	—	25,405	—
Diluted weighted average shares of common stock outstanding	6,825,905	6,889,032	6,825,905	6,889,032
Basic weighted average earnings per common share	\$ 0.26	\$ —	\$ 0.74	\$ —
Diluted weighted average earnings per common share	\$ 0.25	\$ —	\$ 0.73	\$ —

Diluted earnings per common share was computed using the treasury stock method for restricted stock. Diluted weighted average earnings per common share excluded 33,998 and 33,998 weighted average unvested restricted stock due to anti-dilutive effect for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, respectively, and zero for the period from August 28, 2023 to September 30, 2023.

10. INCOME TAX

Prior to the Spin-Off, the Company was a wholly-owned subsidiary of AFC, and was a disregarded entity for tax purposes. As such, the Company did not file a tax return. The Company's entire share of taxable income or loss was previously included in the tax return of AFC. The Company was formed on August 28, 2023 and converted from a Delaware limited liability company to a Maryland corporation in February 2024. The Company intends to elect to be taxed as a REIT for U.S. federal income tax purposes, commencing with the taxable year ending December 31, 2024. The Company believes that, commencing with such taxable year, the Company is organized and operated in such manner as to qualify for taxation as a REIT under the U.S. federal income tax laws, and the Company intends to continue to operate in such a manner. However, no assurances can be given that our beliefs or expectations will be fulfilled, since qualification as a REIT depends on our continuing to satisfy numerous asset, income, and distribution tests, which in turn depends, in part, on our operating results. The Company will elect to be taxed as a REIT only if the Company believes that we have been organized in conformity with the requirements for qualification and taxation as a REIT under the U.S. federal income tax laws, and that our method of operation will enable us to satisfy the requirements for qualification and taxation as a REIT under the U.S. federal income tax laws for such taxable year and thereafter.

So long as the Company qualifies for taxation as a REIT, the Company generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income tax on the portion of our taxable income or capital gain that is distributed to stockholders annually. The income tax provision for the Company was zero for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, the Company incurred no expense for U.S. federal excise tax. Excise tax represents a 4% tax on the sum of a portion of the Company's ordinary income and net capital gains not distributed during the period. If it is determined that an excise tax liability exists for the current period, the Company will accrue excise tax on estimated excess taxable income as such taxable income is earned. The expense is calculated in accordance with applicable tax regulations.

The Company does not have any unrecognized tax benefits and the Company does not expect that to change in the next 12 months.

11. FAIR VALUE

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

GAAP requires disclosure of fair value information about financial instruments, whether or not recognized at fair value in the balance sheets, for which it is practicable to estimate that value.

The following table details the book value and fair value of the Company's financial instruments not recognized at fair value in the unaudited interim balance sheets as of September 30, 2024:

	As of September 30, 2024	
	Carrying Value	Fair Value
Financial assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 70,171,119	\$ 70,171,119
Loans held for investment at carrying value	\$ 96,405,746	\$ 96,668,539

Estimates of fair value for cash and cash equivalents are measured using observable, quoted market prices, or Level 1 inputs. The Company's loans held for investment are measured using unobservable inputs, or Level 3 inputs.

12. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Management Agreement

On February 22, 2024, the Company and the Manager, entered into a management agreement (the "Management Agreement"), effective upon the listing of the Company's Common Stock. Following the completion of the Spin-Off on July 9, 2024, the Company is managed by its Board of Directors and the Company's executive officers and by SUNS Manager, as provided for under our Management Agreement.

Pursuant to the Management Agreement, the Manager manages the loans and day-to-day operations of the Company, subject at all times to the further terms and conditions set forth in the Management Agreement and such further limitations or parameters as may be imposed from time to time by the Company's Board of Directors.

The Manager receives base management fees (the "Base Management Fees") that are calculated and payable quarterly in arrears, in an amount equal to 0.375% of the Company's Equity (as defined in the Management Agreement), subject to certain adjustments, less 50% of the aggregate amount of any other fees ("Outside Fees"), including any agency fees relating to the Company's loans, but excluding the Incentive Compensation (as defined below) and any diligence fees paid to and earned by the Manager and paid by third parties in connection with the Manager's due diligence of potential loans.

In addition to the Base Management Fees, the Manager is entitled to receive incentive compensation (the "Incentive Compensation" or "Incentive Fees") with respect to each fiscal quarter (or portion thereof that the Management Agreement is in effect) based upon the Company's achievement of targeted levels of Core Earnings. "Core Earnings" is defined in the Management Agreement as, for a given period, the net income (loss) for such period, computed in accordance with GAAP, excluding (i) non-cash equity compensation expense, (ii) Incentive Compensation, (iii) depreciation and amortization, (iv) any unrealized gains or losses or other non-cash items that are included in net income for the applicable reporting period, regardless of whether such items are included in other comprehensive income or loss, or in net income and (v) one-time events pursuant to changes in GAAP and certain non-cash charges, in each case after discussions between the Manager and the Company's independent directors and approval by a majority of the independent directors.

There was no Incentive Compensation incurred for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 or during the period from August 28, 2023 to September 30, 2023.

Administrative Services Agreement

In July 2024, SUNS Manager entered into the Administrative Services Agreement with TCG Services LLC, an affiliate of SUNS Manager, Mr. Tannenbaum and Mrs. Tannenbaum. The Administrative Services Agreement sets forth the terms on which TCG Services LLC will provide SUNS certain administrative services, including providing personnel, office facilities, information technology and other equipment and legal, accounting, human resources, clerical, bookkeeping and record keeping services at such facilities as well as other services.

Services Agreement

In July 2024, SUNS Manager entered into a Services Agreement with SRT Group LLC, an affiliate of SUNS Manager, Mr. Tannenbaum, Mrs. Tannenbaum, Mr. Sedrish and Mr. Hetzel. The Services Agreement sets forth the terms on which SRT Group LLC will provide SUNS its investment personnel.

The Company is required to pay all of its allocable costs and expenses and reimburse the Manager or its affiliates for such expenses paid or incurred on behalf of the Company by the Manager or its affiliates, excepting only those expenses that are specifically the responsibility of the Manager pursuant to the Management Agreement.

Until the completion of the Spin-Off, there were no Base Management Fees or Incentive Fees incurred by the Company. The following table summarizes the related party costs incurred by the Company for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and for the period from August 28, 2023 to September 30, 2023:

	Three months ended September 30, 2024	Period from August 28, 2023 to September 30, 2023	Nine months ended September 30, 2024	Period from August 28, 2023 to September 30, 2023
Affiliate costs				
Base management fees	\$ 422,238	\$ —	\$ 422,238	\$ —
Incentive fees earned	—	—	—	—
General and administrative expenses reimbursable to Manager	492,870	—	492,870	—
Total	\$ 915,108	\$ —	\$ 915,108	\$ —

Amounts payable to the Company's Manager as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023 were approximately \$0.9 million and zero, respectively.

Investments in Loans

From time to time, the Company may co-invest with other investment vehicles managed by the SUNS Manager or its affiliates, including by means of splitting loans, participating in loans or other means of syndicating loans. The Company is not obligated to provide, nor has it provided, any financial support to the other managed investment vehicles. As such, the Company's risk is limited to the carrying value of its investment in any such loan. Additionally, SUNS Manager or its affiliates, may from time to time serve as administrative and collateral agents to the lenders

under our co-investments. As of September 30, 2024, there were six co-invested loans held by the Company and affiliates of the Company.

Unsecured Revolving Credit Facility with Affiliate

The Company entered the Revolving Credit Facility with SRT Finance LLC, an affiliate of the Company and Mr. and Mrs. Tannenbaum. Refer to Note 6 for more information.

13. DIVIDENDS AND DISTRIBUTIONS

The following table summarizes the Company's dividends declared during the nine months ended September 30, 2024. No dividends were declared during the period from August 28, 2023 to September 30, 2023:

	<u>Declaration Date</u>	<u>Record Date</u>	<u>Payment Date</u>	<u>Per Common Share Distribution Amount</u>	<u>Total Distribution Amount</u>
Regular cash dividend	8/14/2024	9/30/2024	10/15/2024	\$ 0.21	\$ 1,454,333
Regular cash dividend	8/14/2024	12/31/2024	1/15/2025	0.42	2,908,666
2024 Period Subtotal				\$ 0.63	\$ 4,362,999

14. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company has evaluated subsequent events through the date the financial statements were available to be issued. There were no material subsequent events, other than those described below, that required disclosure in these unaudited interim financial statements.

New Loan

In November 2024, the Company and affiliated co-investors entered into a whole loan (the "Whole Loan") consisting of an aggregate of \$96.0 million in loan commitments. The property securing the loan is a development site and related condominium project located in Fort Lauderdale, Florida. The proceeds are expected to be used to commence and facilitate construction.

The Company committed a total of \$30.0 million and affiliated co-investors committed \$60.0 million, with the remaining \$6.0 committed by an unaffiliated investor (the "Originating Lender"). At closing, the Company funded approximately \$3.6 million and the affiliated co-investors funded approximately \$7.2 million and the Originating Lender funded approximately \$0.7 million. The Whole Loan is split into a Senior Loan and Mezzanine Loan, each with two A-Notes (\$62.4 million of the total commitment amount) and two B-Notes (\$33.6 million of the total commitment amount, of which \$6.0 million was committed by the Originating Lender). The A-Notes bear interest at a rate of SOFR plus 4.75%, with a rate index floor of 4.75%. The B-Notes bear interest at a rate of SOFR plus 11.00%, with a rate index floor of 4.75%. The A-Notes and B-Notes were issued at a discount of 1.0% and mature in 26 months, subject to two, six-month extension options.

Revolving Credit Facility

On November 6, 2024, the Company entered into the Loan and Security Agreement (the "Revolving Credit Agreement") by and among the Company, the lenders party thereto (the

“Lenders”), and East West Bank, as Agent, Joint Lead Arranger, Joint Book Runner, Co-Syndication Agent and Co-Documentation Agent.

The Revolving Credit Agreement provides for a senior secured revolving credit facility (the “Revolving Credit Facility”) with \$50.0 million in initial aggregate commitments, which may be borrowed, repaid and redrawn, subject to a borrowing base based on eligible loan obligations held by the Company and subject to the satisfaction of other conditions provided in the Revolving Credit Agreement. Pursuant to the terms of the Revolving Credit Agreement, the amount of total commitments may be increased to up to \$200.0 million in aggregate, subject to available borrowing base and lenders’ willingness to provide additional commitments. The Revolving Credit Facility has a maturity date of November 8, 2027.

Interest is payable on the Revolving Credit Facility in cash in arrears at the rate per annum of SOFR plus 2.75%, with a SOFR floor of 2.63%; provided, however, that the interest rate will increase by an additional 0.25% during any Increase Rate Month (as defined in the Revolving Credit Agreement).

The Company is required to pay certain fees to the agent and the lenders under the Revolving Credit Agreement, including a \$75,000 agent fee payable to the agent and an 0.25% per annum loan fee payable ratably to the lenders, in each case, payable on the closing date and on the annual anniversary thereafter. Commencing on the six-month anniversary of the closing date, the Revolving Credit Facility has an unused line fee of 0.25% per annum, payable semi-annually in arrears. Based on the terms of the Revolving Credit Agreement, the unused line fee is waived if our average cash balance exceeds the minimum balance required per the Revolving Credit Agreement.

The Revolving Credit Facility contains customary covenants, including covenants that limit or restrict the Company’s and its subsidiaries’ ability to incur liens, incur indebtedness, make certain restricted payments, merger or consolidate or make dispositions of assets. In addition, the Company and its subsidiaries are subject to certain financial covenants, including a liquidity and debt service coverage ratio covenant.

The Revolving Credit Facility is guaranteed by certain material subsidiaries of the Company and is secured by substantially all assets of the Company and certain of its material subsidiaries; provided that upon the meeting of certain conditions, the facility will be secured only by certain assets of the Company comprising of or relating to loan obligations designed for inclusion in the borrowing base.

Relationships

Certain of the lenders and their affiliates may in the future engage in investment banking, commercial banking and other financial advisory and commercial dealings with the Company and its affiliates.

Termination of SRT Revolving Credit Facility

On November 6, 2024, in conjunction with the entry by the Company into the Revolving Credit Facility, the Company terminated the unsecured revolving credit agreement (the “Credit Agreement”) dated September 26, 2024, by and between the Company, as borrower, and SRT Finance LLC, as agent and lender. Upon execution of the Revolving Credit Facility, the lenders’ commitments under the Credit Agreement were terminated and the liability of the Company and its subsidiaries with respect to their obligations under the Credit Agreement was discharged.

5,500,000 Shares



**Sunrise Realty Trust, Inc.
Common Stock**

PROSPECTUS

Bookrunning Managers

RAYMOND JAMES

KEEFE, BRUYETTE & WOODS
A Stifel Company

BTIG

OPPENHEIMER & CO.

Co-Lead Managers

B. RILEY SECURITIES

A.G.P.

Co-Manager

SEAPORT GLOBAL SECURITIES

, 2025

Until _____, 2025 (25 days after the date of this prospectus), all dealers that effect transactions in our Common Stock, whether or not participating in this offering, may be required to deliver a prospectus. This is in addition to the dealers' obligation to deliver a prospectus when acting as underwriters and with respect to their unsold allotments or subscriptions.

PART II

INFORMATION NOT REQUIRED IN PROSPECTUS

Item 31. Other Expenses of Issuance and Distribution

The following table sets forth all expenses to be paid by the registrant, other than estimated underwriting discounts and commissions, in connection with this offering. All amounts shown are estimates except for the SEC registration fee and the FINRA filing fee.

	Amount to be Paid
SEC Registration Fee	\$ 13,208
FINRA filing fee	17,750
Printing	50,000
Legal fees and expenses	500,000
Accounting fees and expenses	50,000
Transfer agent and registrar fees	5,000
Other expenses	25,000
Total:	<u>\$ 660,958</u>

Item 32. Sales to Special Parties

None.

Item 33. Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities

Brian Sedrish was appointed as Chief Executive Officer (“CEO”), effective July 1, 2024. In connection with his recent appointment as CEO, we granted Mr. Sedrish 36,363 shares of restricted stock, which vest over a three-year period with approximately 33% vesting on each of the first, second and third anniversaries of July 9, 2024.

Item 34. Indemnification of Directors and Officers.

Maryland law permits Sunrise Realty Trust, Inc. (the “Company”) to include a provision in its charter limiting the liability of its directors and officers to the Company and its shareholders for money damages, except for liability resulting from (a) actual receipt of an improper benefit or profit in money, property or services or (b) active and deliberate dishonesty that is established by a final judgment and that is material to the cause of action. The Company’s charter (the “Charter”) contains a provision that eliminates the Company’s directors’ and officers’ liability to the maximum extent permitted by Maryland law.

The Maryland General Corporation Law (the “MGCL”) requires the Company (unless the Charter provides otherwise, which the Charter does not) to indemnify a director or officer who has been successful, on the merits or otherwise, in the defense of any proceeding to which he or she is made a party by reason of his or her service in that capacity. The MGCL permits the Company to indemnify its present and former directors and officers, among others, against judgments, penalties, fines, settlements and reasonable expenses actually incurred by them in

connection with any proceeding to which they may be made or threatened to be made a party by reason of their service in those or certain other capacities unless it is established that:

- the act or omission of the director or officer was material to the matter giving rise to the proceeding and (a) was committed in bad faith or (b) was the result of active and deliberate dishonesty;
- the director or officer actually received an improper personal benefit in money, property or services; or
- in the case of any criminal proceeding, the director or officer had reasonable cause to believe that the act or omission was unlawful.

Under the MGCL, the Company may not indemnify a director or officer in a suit by the Company or in its right in which the director or officer was adjudged liable to the Company or in a suit in which the director or officer was adjudged liable on the basis that personal benefit was improperly received. A court may order indemnification if it determines that the director or officer is fairly and reasonably entitled to indemnification, even though the director or officer did not meet the prescribed standard of conduct or was adjudged liable on the basis that personal benefit was improperly received. However, indemnification for an adverse judgment in a suit by the Company or in its right, or for a judgment of liability on the basis that personal benefit was improperly received, is limited to expenses.

In addition, the MGCL permits the Company to advance reasonable expenses to a director or officer upon its receipt of (a) a written affirmation by the director or officer of his or her good faith belief that he or she has met the standard of conduct necessary for indemnification and (b) a written undertaking by him or her or on his or her behalf to repay the amount paid or reimbursed if it is ultimately determined that the standard of conduct was not met.

The Charter authorizes the Company to obligate itself, and the Company's bylaws (the "Bylaws") obligate it, to the maximum extent permitted by Maryland law in effect from time to time, to indemnify and, without requiring a preliminary determination of the ultimate entitlement to indemnification, pay or reimburse reasonable expenses in advance of final disposition of a proceeding to:

- any present or former director or officer who is made or threatened to be made a party to, or witness in, a proceeding by reason of his or her service in that capacity; or
- any individual who, while a director or officer of our Company and at our request, serves or has served as a director, officer, partner, trustee, member or manager of another corporation, REIT, limited liability company, partnership, joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan or any other enterprise and who is made or threatened to be made a party to, or witness in, the proceeding by reason of his or her service in that capacity.

The Charter and Bylaws also permit the Company to indemnify and advance expenses to any individual who served any of its predecessors in any of the capacities described above and any employee or agent of the Company or any of its predecessors.

The Company has entered into indemnification agreements with each of its directors and officers whereby it agrees to indemnify such directors and officers to the maximum extent permitted by Maryland law against all expenses and liabilities, subject to certain standards to be met and certain other limitations and conditions as set forth in such indemnification agreements. Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act may be permitted to

directors or executive officers, the Company has been informed that in the opinion of the SEC such indemnification is against public policy and is therefore unenforceable.

We do not currently carry directors' and officers' insurance.

Item 35. Treatment of Proceeds from Stock Being Registered.

Not applicable.

Item 36. Financial Statement and Exhibits.

(a) *Financial Statements.* See page F-1 for an index of the financial statements included in the registration statement.

(b) Exhibit Index.

<u>Exhibit No.</u>	<u>Description of Exhibits</u>
1.1	Form of Underwriting Agreement
2.1+	Separation and Distribution Agreement, dated as of July 8, 2024, by and between Advanced Flower Capital Inc. (f/k/a/ AFC Gamma, Inc.) and Sunrise Realty Trust, Inc. (filed as Exhibit 2.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K on July 9, 2024 and incorporated herein by reference).
3.1+	Articles of Amendment and Restatement of Sunrise Realty Trust, Inc. (filed as Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K on July 3, 2024 and incorporated herein by reference).
3.2+	Amended and Restated Bylaws of Sunrise Realty Trust, Inc. (filed as Exhibit 3.2 to Amendment No. 2 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form 10-12B on May 20, 2024 and incorporated herein by reference).
5.1	Opinion of Venable LLP.
8.1	Opinion of O'Melveny & Myers LLP with respect to tax matters.
10.1+	Tax Matters Agreement, dated as of July 8, 2024, by and between Advanced Flower Capital Inc. (f/k/a/ AFC Gamma, Inc.) and Sunrise Realty Trust, Inc. (filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K on July 9, 2024 and incorporated herein by reference).
10.2+	Management Agreement, dated as of February 22, 2024 (filed as Exhibit 10.2 to Amendment No. 2 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form 10-12B on May 20, 2024 and incorporated herein by reference).
10.3+	Form of Indemnification Agreement (filed as Exhibit 10.3 to Amendment No. 3 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form 10-12B on June 10, 2024 and incorporated herein by reference).
10.4§+	2024 Stock Incentive Plan (filed as Exhibit 10.4 to Amendment No. 3 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form 10-12B on June 10, 2024 and incorporated herein by reference).
10.5§+	Form of 2024 Stock Incentive Plan Restricted Stock Agreement (filed as Exhibit 10.5 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q on November 7, 2024 and incorporated herein by reference).
10.6+	Loan and Security Agreement, dated as of November 6, 2024, among Sunrise Realty Trust, Inc., the other persons from time to time party thereto, as loan parties, East West Bank, as agent, joint lead arranger, joint book runner, co-syndication agent and co-documentation agent, and the financial institutions party thereto, as lenders (filed as Exhibit 10.7 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q on November 7, 2024 and incorporated herein by reference).

Exhibit No.	Description of Exhibits
10.7	Amendment Number One to Loan and Security Agreement, dated as of December 9, 2024, among Sunrise Realty Trust, Inc. and Sunrise Realty Trust Holdings I LLC, as borrowers, East West Bank, as agent, joint lead arranger, joint book runner, co-syndication agent and co-documentation agent, and the financial institutions party thereto, as lenders.
10.8	Amendment Number Two to Loan and Security Agreement, dated as of December 30, 2024, among Sunrise Realty Trust, Inc. and Sunrise Realty Trust Holdings I LLC, as borrowers, East West Bank, as agent, joint lead arranger, co-syndication agent and co-documentation agent, and the financial institutions party thereto, as lenders.
10.9+	Unsecured Revolving Credit Agreement, dated as of December 9, 2024, by and among Sunrise Realty Trust, Inc. as borrower, the lenders party thereto from time to time and SRT Finance LLC, as agent and lender (filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K on December 9, 2024 and incorporated herein by reference).
21.1	List of Subsidiaries of the Registrant.
23.1	Consent of CohnReznick LLP, independent registered public accounting firm.
23.2	Consent of Venable LLP (included in Exhibit 5.1).
23.3	Consent of O'Melveny & Myers LLP (included in Exhibit 8.1).
24.1	Power of Attorney (reference is made to the signature page to the Registration Statement).
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)
107	Filing Fee Table.

+ Previously filed.

§ Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement

Item 37. Undertakings.

The undersigned registrant hereby undertakes to provide to the underwriters at the closing specified in the underwriting agreement certificates in such denominations and registered in such names as required by the underwriters to permit prompt delivery to each purchaser.

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933 may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of the registrant pursuant to the foregoing provisions, or otherwise, the registrant has been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Act and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment by the registrant of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer or controlling person of the registrant in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling person in connection with the securities being registered, the registrant will, unless in the opinion of its counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification by it is against public policy as expressed in the Act and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.

The undersigned registrant hereby undertakes that:

1. For purposes of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, the information omitted from the form of prospectus filed as part of this registration statement in reliance upon Rule 430A and contained in a form of prospectus filed by the registrant pursuant to Rule 424(b)(1) or (4) or 497(h) under the Securities Act shall be deemed to be part of this registration statement as of the time it was declared effective.
2. For the purpose of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, each post-effective amendment that contains a form of prospectus shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, the registrant certifies that it has reasonable grounds to believe that it meets all of the requirements for filing on Form S-11 and has duly caused this registration statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of West Palm Beach, State of Florida, on January 21, 2025.

SUNRISE REALTY TRUST, INC.

By: /s/ Brian Sedrish
Name: Brian Sedrish
Title: Chief Executive Officer

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS, that each person whose signature appears below hereby constitutes and appoints Brian Sedrish and Brandon Hetzel, and each of them, as his or her true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent with full power of substitution, for him in any and all capacities, to sign any and all amendments to this registration statement (including post-effective amendments or any abbreviated registration statement and any amendments thereto filed pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act of 1933 increasing the number of securities for which registration is sought), and to file the same, with all exhibits thereto and other documents in connection therewith, with the Securities and Exchange Commission, granting unto said attorney-in-fact, proxy and agent full power and authority to do and perform each and every act and thing requisite and necessary to be done in connection therewith, as fully for all intents and purposes as he or she might or could do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorney-in-fact, proxy and agent, or his or her substitute, may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this registration statement on Form S-11 has been signed by the following persons in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

<u>Signature</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Date</u>
<u>/s/ Brian Sedrish</u> Brian Sedrish	Chief Executive Officer and Director (Principal Executive Officer)	January 21, 2025
<u>/s/ Brandon Hetzel</u> Brandon Hetzel	Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)	January 21, 2025
<u>/s/ Leonard M. Tannenbaum</u> Leonard M. Tannenbaum	Executive Chairman, Director	January 21, 2025
<u>/s/ Alexander Frank</u> Alexander Frank	Director	January 21, 2025
<u>/s/ Jodi Hanson Bond</u> Jodi Hanson Bond	Director	January 21, 2025
<u>/s/ James Fagan</u> James Fagan	Director	January 21, 2025

Calculation of Filing Fee Table

Form S-11
(Form Type)

Sunrise Realty Trust, Inc.
(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Table 1: Newly Registered and Carry Forward Securities

	Security Type	Security Class Title	Fee Calculation or Carry Forward Rule	Amount to be Registered ⁽¹⁾	Proposed Maximum Offering Price Per Share ⁽²⁾	Maximum Aggregate Offering Price ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Fee Rate	Amount of Registration Fee ⁽¹⁾
Newly Registered Securities								
Fees to Be Paid	Equity	Common Stock, \$0.01 par value per share	457(o)	6,325,000	\$13.64	\$86,273,000	0.00015310	\$13,208.40
Fees Previously Paid	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Carry Forward Securities								
Carry Forward Securities	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
		Total Offering Amounts				\$86,273,000		\$13,208.40
		Total Fees Previously Paid						-
		Total Fee Offsets						-
		Net Fee Due						\$13,208.40

(1) Includes 825,000 additional shares that the underwriters have the option to purchase.

(2) Estimated solely for the purpose of calculating the registration fee in accordance with Rule 457(c) under the Securities Act. The price per share and aggregate offering price are based on the average of the high and low prices of the registrant's common stock on January 13, 2025, as reported on the Nasdaq Capital Market.

[_____] Shares
SUNRISE REALTY TRUST, INC.
Common Stock

UNDERWRITING AGREEMENT

St. Petersburg, Florida
[Date]

Raymond James & Associates, Inc.
As representative of the several underwriters
listed on Schedule I hereto
880 Carillon Parkway
St. Petersburg, Florida 33716

Ladies and Gentlemen:

Sunrise Realty Trust, Inc., a Maryland corporation (the “Company”), and Sunrise Manager LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the “Manager”), propose, subject to the terms and conditions stated herein, that the Company issue and sell to the several Underwriters named in Schedule I hereto (the “Underwriters”), an aggregate of [●] shares of its Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share (the “Common Stock”). Such aggregate of [●] shares to be purchased from the Company by the Underwriters are called the “Firm Shares.” In addition, the Company has agreed to issue and sell to the Underwriters, upon the terms and conditions stated herein, up to an additional [●]¹ shares of Common Stock (the “Additional Shares”) to cover over-allotments by the Underwriters, if any. The Firm Shares and the Additional Shares are collectively referred to in this Agreement as the “Shares.” Raymond James & Associates, Inc. is acting as the representative of the several Underwriters and in such capacity is referred to in this Agreement as the “Representative.” The Company, the Manager and the Underwriters are referred to in this Agreement collectively as the “Parties” and individually as a “Party.”

The Company and the Underwriters agree that up to [●] of the Firm Shares to be purchased by the Underwriters (the “Reserved Securities”) shall be reserved for sale at the public offering price per Share by the Underwriters to certain directors and officers of the Company (the “Affiliated Investors”), as part of the distribution of the Shares by the Underwriters, subject to the terms of this Agreement, the applicable rules, regulations and interpretations of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. (“FINRA”) and all other applicable laws, rules and regulations. To the extent that such Reserved Securities are not orally confirmed for purchase by the Affiliated Investors by 9:00 a.m., New York City time, on the first business day after the date of this Agreement, such Reserved Securities may be offered to the public as part of the public offering contemplated hereby.

¹ 15% of Firm Shares.

The Company and the Manager wish to confirm as follows their agreement with you and the other several Underwriters, on whose behalf you are acting, in connection with the several purchases of the Shares from the Company.

1. Representations and Warranties of the Company.

1.1. The Company hereby represents and warrants on the date hereof, and shall be deemed to represent and warrant on the Closing Date, any Additional Closing Date and any other date as specified hereinafter, to each Underwriter, that:

(a) A registration statement on Form S-11 (File No. 333-[●]) relating to the Shares (i) has been prepared by the Company in conformity with the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “Act”), and the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “Commission”) thereunder in all material respects; (ii) has been filed with the Commission under the Act; and (iii) has become effective under the Act. As used in this Agreement:

(i) “Applicable Time” means [●] [A.M.][P.M.] (New York City time) on [●], 2025;

(ii) “Effective Date” means the date at which the Registration Statement, or the most recent post-effective amendment thereto, if any, was declared effective by the Commission in accordance with the rules and regulations under the Act;

(iii) “Free Writing Prospectus” means each “free writing prospectus” (as defined in Rule 405 under the Act) relating to the Shares;

(iv) “Issuer Free Writing Prospectus” means each “issuer free writing prospectus” (as defined in Rule 433 under the Act), including, without limitation, any “free writing prospectus” (as defined in Rule 405) relating to the Shares that is (i) required to be filed with the Commission by the Company, (ii) a “road show that is a written communication” within the meaning of Rule 433(d)(8)(i), whether or not required to be filed with the Commission, or (iii) exempt from filing with the Commission pursuant to Rule 433(d)(5)(i) because it contains a description of the Shares or of the offering thereof that does not reflect the final terms, in each case in the form filed or required to be filed with the Commission or, if not required to be filed, in the form retained in the Company’s records pursuant to Rule 433(g);

(v) “Preliminary Prospectus” means any preliminary prospectus relating to the Shares included in the Registration Statement or filed with the Commission pursuant to Rule 424(b) under the Act;

(vi) “Prospectus” means the final prospectus relating to the Shares, as filed with the Commission pursuant to Rule 424(b) under the Act;

(vii) “Registration Statement” means such registration statement, as amended as of the Effective Date, including any Preliminary Prospectus or the Prospectus, all exhibits to such registration statement and including the information deemed by virtue of

Rule 430A under the Act to be part of such registration statement as of the Effective Date;

(viii) “Rule 462(b) Registration Statement” means any registration statement filed by the Company with the Commission to register additional Shares pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Act;

(ix) “Testing-the-Waters Communication” means any oral or written communication with potential investors undertaken in reliance on Section 5(d) or Rule 163B of the Act;

(x) “Time of Sale Information” means, as of the Applicable Time, the most recent Preliminary Prospectus, together with the information included in Schedule II(a) hereto; and

(xi) “Written Testing-the-Waters Communication” means any Testing-the-Waters Communication that is a written communication within the meaning of Rule 405 under the Act.

Any reference to the “most recent Preliminary Prospectus” shall be deemed to refer to the latest Preliminary Prospectus included in the Registration Statement prior to or on the date hereof. The Commission has not issued any order preventing or suspending the use of any Preliminary Prospectus or the Prospectus or suspending the effectiveness of the Registration Statement, and no proceeding or examination for such purpose has been instituted or, to the Company’s best knowledge, threatened by the Commission.

(b) The Company is an “emerging growth company,” as defined in Section 2(a) of the Act.

(c) At the time of the Company’s spin-off on July 9, 2024, the Company completed a series of transactions described in the Registration Statement under the caption “Business-Spin-Off” (such transactions, collectively referred to as the “Spin-off”). The Spin-off was completed pursuant to several agreements including (i) the Separation and Distribution Agreement, dated as of July 8, 2024, by and between AFC Gamma, Inc. (the “Predecessor Entity”) and the Company and (ii) the Tax Matters Agreement, dated as of July 8, 2024, by and between the Predecessor Entity and the Company (collectively, the “Separation and Distribution Documents”). The Spin-off was consummated as described in the Registration Statement, the Time of Sale Information, each Preliminary Prospectus and the Prospectus. The Company has delivered to the Representative a true and correct copy of each of the executed Separation and Distribution Documents, together with all related agreements and all schedules and exhibits thereto; provided, the Company will be deemed to have furnished such documents to the Representative to the extent they are filed on the Commission’s Electronic Data Gathering, Analysis, and Retrieval system (“EDGAR”). There have been no amendments, alterations, modifications or waivers of any of the provisions of any of the Separation and Distribution Documents since their date of execution, and to the Company’s knowledge, there exists no event or condition that would constitute a default or event of default under any of the Separation and Distribution Documents.

(d) The Company (i) has not engaged in any Testing-the-Waters Communication other than Testing-the-Waters Communications, with the consent of the Representative, with entities that are reasonably believed to be qualified institutional buyers within the meaning of Rule 144A under the Act, or with institutions that are reasonably believed to be accredited investors within the meaning of Rule 501 under the Act and (ii) has not authorized anyone other than the Underwriters to engage in Testing-the-Waters Communications. The Company reconfirms that the Underwriters have been authorized to act on its behalf in undertaking Testing-the-Waters Communications. The Company has not distributed or approved for distribution any Written Testing-the-Waters Communications other than those listed on Schedule II(b) hereto pursuant to the “Wall-Cross Procedures for Testing-the-Waters” agreed to by the Company and the Underwriters.

(e) The Company was not at the time of the initial filing of the Registration Statement or at the earliest time thereafter that the Company or another offering participant made a bona fide offer (within the meaning of Rule 164(h)(2) under the Act) of the Shares, and is not on the date hereof, and will not be on the applicable Delivery Date (as defined below), an “ineligible issuer” (as defined in Rule 405 under the Act).

(f) The Registration Statement conformed in all material respects, as of the Effective Date, and will conform in all material respects on the applicable Delivery Date, and any amendment to the Registration Statement filed after the date hereof will conform in all material respects when filed, to the applicable requirements of the Act and the rules and regulations thereunder. The most recent Preliminary Prospectus conformed and the Prospectus will conform, in all material respects when filed with the Commission pursuant to Rule 424(b) under the Act and on the applicable Delivery Date to the applicable requirements of the Act and the rules and regulations thereunder.

(g) The Registration Statement did not, as of the Effective Date, contain an untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein not misleading; *provided*, that no representation or warranty is made as to information contained in or omitted from the Registration Statement in reliance upon and in conformity with written information furnished to the Company through the Representative by or on behalf of any Underwriter specifically for inclusion therein, which information is specified in Section 8.9.

(h) The Prospectus will not, as of its date or as of the applicable Delivery Date, contain an untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; *provided*, that no representation or warranty is made as to information contained in or omitted from the Prospectus in reliance upon and in conformity with written information furnished to the Company through the Representative by or on behalf of any Underwriter specifically for inclusion therein, which information is specified in Section 8.9.

(i) The Time of Sale Information did not, as of the Applicable Time, and will not at the Closing Date and any Additional Closing Date, contain an untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary in order to make

the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; *provided*, that no representation or warranty is made as to information contained in or omitted from the Time of Sale Information in reliance upon and in conformity with written information furnished to the Company through the Representative by or on behalf of any Underwriter specifically for inclusion therein, which information is specified in Section 8.9.

(j) Each Issuer Free Writing Prospectus listed in Schedule II(a) hereto, when taken together with the Time of Sale Information, did not, as of the Applicable Time, contain an untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; *provided*, that no representation or warranty is made as to information contained in or omitted from such Issuer Free Writing Prospectus listed in Schedule II(a) hereto in reliance upon and in conformity with written information furnished to the Company through the Representative by or on behalf of any Underwriter specifically for inclusion therein, which information is specified in Section 8.9.

(k) No Written Testing-the-Waters Communication, as of the Applicable Time, when taken together with the Time of Sale Information, contained an untrue statement of a material fact or omitted to state a material fact necessary to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; *provided*, that no representation or warranty is made as to information contained in or omitted from such Written Testing-the-Waters Communication listed on Schedule II(b) hereto in reliance upon and in conformity with written information furnished to the Company through the Representative by or on behalf of any Underwriter specifically for inclusion therein, which information is specified in Section 8.9; and the Company has filed publicly on EDGAR at least 48 hours prior to the effective time of the Registration Statement, any confidentially submitted registration statement and amendments to such confidentially submitted registration statement relating to the offer and sale of the Shares. Each Written Testing-the-Waters Communications did not, as of the Applicable Time, and at all times through the completion of the public offer and sale of the Shares will not, include any information that conflicted, conflicts or will conflict with the information contained in the Registration Statement, the Time of Sale Information or the Prospectus.

(l) Each Issuer Free Writing Prospectus conformed or will conform in all material respects to the requirements of the Act and the rules and regulations thereunder on the date of first use, and the Company has complied or will comply with all prospectus delivery and any filing requirements applicable to such Issuer Free Writing Prospectus pursuant to the Act and rules and regulations thereunder. The Company has not made any offer relating to the Shares that would constitute an Issuer Free Writing Prospectus without the prior written consent of the Representative. The Company has retained in accordance with the Act and the rules and regulations thereunder all Issuer Free Writing Prospectuses that were not required to be filed pursuant to the Act and the rules and regulations thereunder. The Company has taken all actions necessary so that any “road show” (as defined in Rule 433 under the Act) in connection with the offering of the Shares (the “Road Show”) will not be required to be filed pursuant to the Act and the rules and regulations thereunder.

(m) Other than the Registration Statement, the Time of Sale Information, the Testing-the-Waters Communications, the Road Show, each Preliminary Prospectus and the Prospectus, the Company (including its agents and representatives, other than the Underwriters, as to which no representation or warranty is given) has not, directly or indirectly, distributed, prepared, used, authorized, approved or referred to any offering material in connection with the offering of the Shares.

(n) On each of (i) the date thereof, (ii) the Closing Date and (iii) any Additional Closing Date: (A) the capitalization of the Company is as set forth in the Registration Statement, the Time of Sale Information and the Prospectus; (B) all the outstanding shares of Common Stock have been duly authorized and validly issued and are fully paid, nonassessable and free of any preemptive or similar right that entitle or may entitle any person to acquire any Shares upon the issuance thereof by the Company; (C) the Shares to be issued and sold to the Underwriters by the Company hereunder have been duly authorized and, when issued and delivered to the Underwriters against full payment therefor in accordance with the terms hereof, will be validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable and will not be issued in violation of the preemptive or similar rights of any securityholder of the Company; (D) except as set forth in the Registration Statement, the Time of Sale Information and the Prospectus, the Company is not a party to or bound by any outstanding options, warrants or similar rights to subscribe for, or contractual obligations to issue, sell, transfer or acquire, any shares of Common Stock or any securities convertible into, or exercisable or exchangeable for, any such shares of Common Stock; and (E) the Common Stock conforms to the description thereof in the Registration Statement, the Time of Sale Information and the Prospectus (or any amendment or supplement thereto).

(o) Each of the Company and its Subsidiaries (as defined below) is (i) duly incorporated or organized and validly existing as a corporation, limited liability company, limited partnership or other organization and in good standing under the laws of the jurisdiction of its incorporation or organization with full corporate or organizational power and authority to own, lease and operate its properties and to conduct its business as presently conducted and as described in the Registration Statement, the Time of Sale Information and the Prospectus (and any amendment or supplement thereto) and (ii) duly registered and qualified to conduct its business and is in good standing in each jurisdiction or place where the nature of its properties or the conduct of its business requires such registration or qualification, except where the failure to so register or qualify has not had or is reasonably expected to not have a material adverse effect on the condition (financial or other), business, properties, net worth, results of operations, or prospects of the Company and its Subsidiaries, taken as a whole (a “Material Adverse Effect”).

(p) The issued shares of capital stock or other ownership interest of each of the Subsidiaries of the Company have been duly authorized and validly issued, are fully paid and nonassessable and are owned, directly or indirectly through one or more of the other Subsidiaries, by the Company, free and clear of any transfer restrictions, security interests, liens, mortgage, pledge, charges, claims, encumbrances or defect in title of any nature (each, an “Encumbrance”). The Company does not have any Subsidiaries and does not own a material interest in or control, directly or indirectly, any other corporation, partnership, joint venture,

association, trust or other business organization, except as set forth in Exhibit 21.1 to the Registration Statement.

(q) The Management Agreement, dated as of February 22, 2024 (as may be amended, the “Management Agreement”), is, and will be as of the Closing Date and any Additional Closing Date, (a) duly and validly authorized, executed and delivered by the Company, (b) a valid and binding agreement of the Company, (c) and enforceable against the Company in accordance with its terms.

(r) There are no legal, governmental or regulatory proceedings pending or, to the best knowledge of the Company, threatened, against the Company or its Subsidiaries or to which the Company or its Subsidiaries or any of their respective properties are subject, that are required to be described in the Registration Statement or the Prospectus (or any amendment or supplement thereto) that are not so described as required. Except as described in the Registration Statement, the Time of Sale Information and the Prospectus, there is no action, suit, inquiry, proceeding or investigation by or before any court or governmental or other regulatory or administrative agency or commission pending or, to the best knowledge of the Company, threatened, against or involving the Company or its Subsidiaries, which might individually or in the aggregate prevent or adversely affect the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or result in a Material Adverse Effect, nor to the knowledge of the Company, is there any basis for any such action, suit, inquiry, proceeding or investigation.

(s) There are no Existing Instruments (as defined below) to which the Company or any of its Subsidiaries is a party or by which any of their respective properties may be bound, that are required to be described in the Registration Statement, the Time of Sale Information or the Prospectus (or any amendment or supplement thereto) or to be filed as an exhibit to the Registration Statement that are not fairly summarized or so described in all material respects, filed or incorporated by reference in the Registration Statement, the Time of Sale Information or the Prospectus as required by the Act. Except as would not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect, all such Existing Instruments have been duly and validly authorized, executed and delivered by the Company or the applicable Subsidiary, constitute valid and binding agreements of the Company or the applicable Subsidiary and are enforceable against the Company or the applicable Subsidiary in accordance with the terms thereof, except as enforceability thereof may be limited by (i) the application of bankruptcy, reorganization, insolvency and other laws affecting creditors’ rights generally and (ii) equitable principles being applied at the discretion of a court before which any proceeding may be brought, except as rights to indemnity and contribution hereunder may be limited by federal or state securities laws. None of the Company or the applicable Subsidiary has received notice or been made aware that any other party is in breach of or default to the Company or the applicable Subsidiary under any of such Existing Instruments.

(t) None of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries is (i) in violation of (A) its articles of incorporation, bylaws, limited liability company agreement, certificate of limited partnership, partnership agreement or other organizational documents, (B) any federal, state, local or foreign law, ordinance, administrative or governmental rule or regulation applicable to the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, the violation of which would reasonably be expected to

have a Material Adverse Effect or (C) any decree of any federal, state, local or foreign court or governmental agency or body having jurisdiction over the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, the violation of which would reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect; or (ii) in default in any material respect in the performance of any obligation, agreement or condition contained in (A) any bond, debenture, note or any other evidence of indebtedness or (B) any agreement, indenture, lease or other instrument (each of (A) and (B), an “Existing Instrument”) to which the Company or any of its Subsidiaries is a party or by which any of its properties may be bound which violation or default would reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a Material Adverse Effect; and there does not exist any state of facts that constitutes an event of default on the part of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries as defined in such documents or that, with notice or lapse of time or both, would constitute such an event of default.

(u) The Company has all requisite power and authority to enter into this Agreement, to offer, issue, sell and deliver the Shares to be sold by it to the Underwriters as provided herein and otherwise perform its obligations hereunder. This Agreement has been duly and validly authorized, executed and delivered by the Company and constitutes a valid and legally binding agreement of the Company, enforceable against the Company in accordance with its terms, except to the extent enforceability may be limited by (i) the application of bankruptcy, reorganization, insolvency and other laws affecting creditors’ rights generally and (ii) equitable principles being applied at the discretion of a court before which any proceeding may be brought, except as rights to indemnity and contribution hereunder may be limited by federal or state securities laws.

(v) The Company and its Subsidiaries (i) have complied with all privacy and data protection laws and regulations applicable to the Company’s and its Subsidiaries’ collection, use, processing, storage, transfer, or disposal, disclosure of personal information; (ii) have and are in compliance with privacy policies regarding the collection, use, processing, storage, transfer and disposal of personal information in connection with the operation of their businesses; and (iii) have established and implemented policies, programs and procedures, including administrative, technical and physical safeguards, to protect the confidentiality, integrity and security of personal information in their possession, custody or control, or otherwise held or processed on their behalf, except in the case of each of item (i), (ii) and (iii) hereabove where the failure to do so would not have a Material Adverse Effect.

(w) None of the offering, issuance, sale or delivery of the Shares by the Company, the execution, delivery or performance of this Agreement by the Company or the compliance by the Company with all provisions hereof, nor the consummation by the Company of the transactions contemplated hereby (including in particular the application of the proceeds of the offering and sale as described under “Use of Proceeds” in the Registration Statement, the Time of Sale of Information and the Prospectus) (i) requires any consent, approval, authorization or other order of or registration or filing with, any court, regulatory body, administrative agency or other governmental body, agency or official (except such as may be required for the registration of the Shares under the Act, the listing of the Shares for trading on the Nasdaq Stock Market (“Nasdaq”), the registration of the Common Stock under the U.S. Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the rules and regulations of the Commission thereunder (collectively, the

“Exchange Act”) and compliance with the securities or Blue Sky laws of various jurisdictions, all of which will be, or have been, effected in accordance with this Agreement and except for FINRA’s clearance of the underwriting terms of the offering contemplated hereby as required under FINRA’s Rules of Fair Practice), (ii) conflicts with, or will conflict with, or constitutes or will constitute a breach of, or a default under, the Company’s articles of incorporation, bylaws, the Management Agreement or other organizational documents or any Existing Instrument to which the Company or any of its Subsidiaries is a party or by which any of its properties may be bound, (iii) violates any existing statute, law, regulation, ruling (assuming compliance with all applicable state securities and Blue Sky laws), filing, judgment, injunction, order or decree applicable to the Company or any of its Subsidiaries or any of their respective properties, or (iv) results in a breach of, or default or Debt Repayment Triggering Event under, or results in the creation or imposition of any Encumbrance upon any property or assets of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries pursuant to, or requires the consent of any other party to, any Existing Instrument to which the Company or any of its Subsidiaries is a party or by which any of its properties may be bound, except for such consents, conflicts, breaches, violations, defaults or Encumbrances that will not, individually or in the aggregate, result in a Material Adverse Effect. For the purpose of this Section 1.1(w), a “Debt Repayment Triggering Event” means any event or condition that gives, or with the giving of notice or lapse of time would give, the holder of any note, debenture or other evidence of indebtedness (or any person acting on such holder’s behalf) the right to require the repurchase, redemption or repayment of all or a portion of such indebtedness by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries.

(x) Except as described in the Time of Sale Information and the Prospectus, and except for Stock Options, none of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries has outstanding, and at the Closing Date and any Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, will have outstanding, any options to purchase, or any warrants to subscribe for, or any securities or obligations convertible into, or exercisable or exchangeable for, or any contracts or commitments to issue or sell, any shares of its capital stock or any such warrants or convertible securities or obligations. No holder of securities of the Company has rights to the registration of any securities of the Company as a result of or in connection with the filing of the Registration Statement or the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby that have not been satisfied or heretofore waived in writing.

(y) Except as described in the Registration Statement, the Time of Sale Information and the Prospectus, the Company has not granted to any person or entity a stock option or other equity-based award of or relating to Common Stock or any security convertible into or exchangeable for Common Stock pursuant to an equity-based compensation plan or otherwise. Except as described in the Time of Sale Information and the Prospectus, the Company does not have any stock option, stock bonus or other stock-based compensation plans or arrangements, or other employee compensation plan or arrangement established or maintained by the Company, its Subsidiaries or their ERISA Affiliates (as defined below) (together, the “Stock Plans”).

(z) Except as described in the Registration Statement, the Time of Sale Information and the Prospectus, the Company has not issued, sold or distributed, or agreed to issue, sell or distribute, any shares of Common Stock or securities convertible into or exchangeable for shares of Common Stock.

(aa) Except as described in the Registration Statement, the Time of Sale Information and the Prospectus, the Company does not intend to use any of the proceeds from the sale of the Shares to repay any outstanding debt owed to any Underwriter or any affiliate of any Underwriter.

(bb) CohnReznick LLP, the certified public accountants (the “Accountants”) who have certified the financial statements (including the related notes thereto and supporting schedules) filed as part of the Registration Statement, the Time of Sale Information and the Prospectus (or any amendment or supplement thereto), are “independent public accountants” (within the meaning of the rules and regulations of the Commission and the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board) with respect to the Company and its Subsidiaries and as required by the Act.

(cc) The Company has taken all necessary actions to ensure that, within the time period required under applicable law, the Company and its Subsidiaries will maintain systems of “internal control over financial reporting” (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) of the Exchange Act) that comply with the requirements of the Exchange Act and have been designed by, or under the supervision of, their respective principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, including, but not limited to, internal accounting controls sufficient to provide reasonable assurance that: (i) transactions are executed in accordance with management’s general or specific authorizations, (ii) transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles and to maintain accountability for assets, (iii) access to assets is permitted only in accordance with management’s general or specific authorizations and (iv) the recorded accountability for assets is compared with existing assets at reasonable intervals and appropriate action is taken with respect to any differences. The Company’s independent auditors have been advised of (i) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which could adversely affect the Company’s ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data and (ii) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Company’s internal control over financial reporting. Since the date of the most recent evaluation of such controls and procedures, except as described in the Registration Statement, the Preliminary Prospectus and the Prospectus, there have been no significant changes in internal control over financial reporting or in other factors that could significantly affect internal control over financial reporting, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

(dd) The consolidated financial statements of the Company, together with the related schedules and notes thereto, set forth in the Time of Sale Information and the Prospectus present fairly in all material respects (i) the financial condition of the Company and its consolidated Subsidiaries as of the dates therein indicated and (ii) the consolidated results of operations, shareholders’ equity and changes in cash flows of the Company and its consolidated Subsidiaries for the periods therein specified; and such financial statements and related schedules and notes thereto have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”), consistently applied throughout the periods involved (except

as otherwise stated therein and subject, in the case of unaudited financial statements, to the absence of footnotes and normal year-end adjustments). There are no other financial statements (historical or pro forma) that are required to be included or incorporated by reference in the Time of Sale Information and the Prospectus; and the Company does not have any material liabilities or obligations, direct or contingent (including any off-balance sheet obligations), not disclosed in the Time of Sale Information and the Prospectus; and all disclosures contained in the Time of Sale Information and the Prospectus regarding “non-GAAP financial measures” (as such term is defined by the rules and regulations of the Commission) comply with Regulation G of the Exchange Act and Item 10(e) of Regulation S-K under the Act, to the extent applicable, and present fairly the information shown therein and the Company’s basis for using such measures.

(ee) Except as disclosed in the Registration Statement, the Time of Sale Information and the Prospectus (or any amendment or supplement thereto), (i) none of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries has incurred any material liabilities or obligations, indirect, direct or contingent, or entered into any material transaction that is not in the ordinary course of business, (ii) none of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries has sustained any material loss or interference with its business or properties from fire, flood, windstorm, accident or other calamity, whether or not covered by insurance, (iii) none of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries has paid or declared any dividends or other distributions with respect to its capital stock or any other such interests and the Company is not in default under the terms of any class of capital stock or any outstanding debt obligations, (iv) there has not been any change in the authorized or outstanding capital stock of the Company or any material change in the indebtedness of the Company (other than in the ordinary course of business) and (v) there has not been any material adverse change, or any development or event involving or that may reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Effect.

(ff) All offers and sales of the Common Stock and Company’s capital stock and other debt or other securities prior to the date hereof were made in compliance with the requirements of, or were the subject of an available exemption from, the Act and all other applicable state and federal laws or regulations, or any actions under the Act or any state or federal laws or regulations in respect of any such offers or sales are effectively barred by effective waivers or statutes of limitation.

(gg) The Common Stock is registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Exchange Act and is listed on Nasdaq under the symbol “SUNS”, and the Company has taken no action designed to, or likely to have the effect of, terminating the registration of the Common Stock under the Exchange Act or delisting the Common Stock from Nasdaq, nor has the Company received any notification that the Commission or Nasdaq is contemplating terminating such registration or listing. To the Company’s knowledge, the Company is in compliance with all applicable listing requirements of Nasdaq.

(hh) Other than excepted activity pursuant to Regulation M under the Exchange Act, the Company has not taken, and will not take, directly or indirectly, any action that constituted, or any action designed to, or that might reasonably be expected to cause or result in or

constitute, under the Act or otherwise, stabilization or manipulation of the price of any security of the Company to facilitate the sale or resale of the Shares or for any other purpose.

(ii) The Company and each of its Subsidiaries have filed all federal, state, local and foreign tax returns required to be filed, which returns are complete and correct in all material respects, and none of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries is in default in the payment of any material taxes that were payable pursuant to said returns or any assessments with respect thereto. Except as disclosed in the Registration Statement, the Time of Sale Information and the Prospectus (or any amendment or supplement thereto), all deficiencies asserted as a result of any federal, state, local or foreign tax audits have been paid or finally settled and no issue has been raised in any such audit that, by application of the same or similar principles, reasonably could be expected to result in a proposed deficiency for any other period not so audited. There are no outstanding agreements or waivers extending the statutory period of limitation applicable to any federal, state, local or foreign tax return for any period. On the Closing Date and any Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, all stock transfer and other taxes that are required to be paid in connection with the sale of the Shares to be sold by the Company to the Underwriters will have been fully paid by the Company and all laws imposing such taxes will have been complied with.

(jj) Except as set forth in the Registration Statement, the Time of Sale Information and the Prospectus, (i) there are no transactions between the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, on the one hand, and any of their respective Affiliates, officer, director or securityholder, on the other hand, that are required by the Act to be disclosed in the Registration Statement, the Time of Sale Information and the Prospectus and (ii) no relationship, direct or indirect, exists between the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, on the one hand, and their respective Affiliates, directors, officers, securityholders, customers or suppliers, on the other hand, that is required by the Act to be disclosed in the Registration Statement, the Time of Sale Information and the Prospectus that is not so disclosed.

(kk) On each of (i) the Closing Date, (ii) any Additional Closing Date and (iii) after giving effect to the offering and sale of the Shares and the application of proceeds therefrom as described under “Use of Proceeds” in the Registration Statement, the Time of Sale Information and the Prospectus, none of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries qualifies as an “investment company” or an “affiliated person” of, or “promoter” or “principal underwriter” for, an “investment company” within the meaning of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (together with the rules and regulations of the Commission thereunder, the “Investment Company Act”).

(ll) Neither the issuance, sale and delivery of Shares nor the application of the proceeds thereof by the Company, in each case, as described in the Registration Statement, the Time of Sale Information and the Prospectus, violates Regulation T, U or X of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System or any other regulation of such Board of Governors

(mm) The statements set forth in each of the Registration Statement, the Time of Sale Information and the Prospectus under the captions “Prospectus Summary—Organizational Chart”, “Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions”, “Shares Available for Future Sale”, “Description of Capital Stock”, “U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations”,

“Underwriting”, “Our Manager and Our Management Agreement”, “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Liquidity and Capital Resources” and “Business—Legal Proceedings”, insofar as they purport to summarize the provisions of the laws, regulations, agreements, documents or legal or governmental proceedings referred to therein, are accurate summaries of such laws, regulations, agreements, documents or proceedings in all material respects. The Common Stock (including the Shares) conforms in all material respects to the description thereof contained in the Registration Statement, the Time of Sale Information and the Prospectus.

(nn) No Subsidiary is currently prohibited, directly or indirectly, from paying any dividends to the Company, from making any other distribution on such Subsidiary’s capital stock or similar ownership interest, from repaying to the Company any loans or advances to such Subsidiary from the Company or from transferring any of such Subsidiary’s properties or assets to the Company or any other Subsidiary.

(oo) None of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries is a party to any contract, agreement or understanding with any person (other than this Agreement) that would give rise to a valid claim against any of them or any Underwriter for a brokerage commission, finder’s fee or like payment in connection with the offering and sale of the Shares.

(pp) The Company has procured Lock-Up Agreements duly executed by each officer, director and shareholder of the Company set forth on Schedule III hereto.

(qq) The statistical and market-related data included in the Registration Statement, the Time of Sale Information and the Prospectus are based on or derived from sources that the Company believes to be accurate and reliable in all material respects.

(rr) No “forward-looking statement” (within the meaning of Section 27A of the Act and Section 21E of the Exchange Act) included in the Registration Statement, the Time of Sale Information or the Prospectus has been made or reaffirmed without a reasonable basis or has been disclosed other than in good faith.

(ss) Each of the Company and its Subsidiaries has good and valid title to all property (real and personal) described in the Registration Statement, the Time of Sale Information and the Prospectus as being owned by it, free and clear of any Encumbrances, except (i) such as are described in the Registration Statement, the Time of Sale Information and the Prospectus or (ii) such as are not materially burdensome and do not have or will not result in a Material Adverse Effect to the use of the property or the conduct of the business of the Company. All property (real and personal) held under lease by the Company and its Subsidiaries is held by it under valid, subsisting and enforceable leases with only such exceptions as in the aggregate are not materially burdensome and do not have or result in a Material Adverse Effect to the use of the property or the conduct of the business of the Company.

(tt) Each of the Company and its Subsidiaries has any permit, license, franchise, approval, consent, authorization or order of, or registration or filing with, any relevant federal, state, local or foreign court or governmental, regulatory or administrative authority, agency or body (each, a “Permit”), and have made all declarations, amendments, supplements and filings

with the relevant federal, state, local or foreign governmental, regulatory or administrative authority, agency or body, as are necessary to own its properties and to conduct its business in the manner described in the Registration Statement, the Time of Sale Information and the Prospectus, subject to such qualifications as may be set forth in the Time of Sale Information and the Prospectus, except where the failure to have obtained any such Permit has not had and will not have a Material Adverse Effect; each of the Company and its Subsidiaries has operated and is operating its business in material compliance with and not in material violation of all of its obligations with respect to each such Permit; all such Permits are valid and in full force and effect and no event has occurred that allows, or after notice or lapse of time would allow, revocation or termination of any such Permit or result in any other material impairment of the rights of any such Permit, subject in each case to such qualification as may be set forth in the Registration Statement, the Time of Sale Information and the Prospectus; and, except as described in the Registration Statement, the Time of Sale Information and the Prospectus, such Permits contain no restrictions that are materially burdensome to the Company or any of its Subsidiaries.

(uu) (i) The Company maintains disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Exchange Act); (ii) such disclosure controls and procedures are designed to ensure that the information is accumulated and communicated to management of the Company, including its principal executive officers and principal financial officers, as appropriate and (iii) such disclosure controls and procedures are effective in all material respects to perform the functions for which they were established.

(vv) There is and has been no failure on the part of the Company and any of the Company's directors or officers, in their capacities as such, to comply in all material respects with any provision of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and the rules and regulations promulgated in connection therewith that are in effect and with which the Company is required to comply.

(ww) The Company has not, prior to the date hereof, made any offer and sale of securities which could be "integrated" for purposes of the Act with the offer and sale of the Shares pursuant to the Registration Statement and the Prospectus; and except as disclosed in the Time of Sale Information and the Prospectus (or any amendment or supplement thereto), the Company has not sold or issued any security during the one hundred eighty (180)-day period preceding the date of the Prospectus, including but not limited to any sales pursuant to Rule 144A or Regulation D or S under the Act, other than shares of Common Stock issued pursuant to employee benefit plans, qualified stock option plans or the employee compensation plans or pursuant to outstanding options, rights or warrants as described in the Time of Sale Information and the Prospectus.

(xx) None of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries or, to the knowledge of the Company, any director, officer, agent, employee or Affiliate of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries is aware of or has taken any action, directly or indirectly, that would result in a violation by such persons of the U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act of 1977, as amended (together with the rules and regulations of the Commission thereunder, the "Foreign Corrupt Practices Act") or any applicable non-U.S. anti-bribery or anti-corruption statute or regulation,

including, without limitation, (i) using any corporate funds for any unlawful contribution, gift, entertainment or other unlawful expense relating to political activity; (ii) making any direct or indirect unlawful payment to any “foreign official” (as such term is defined in the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act), or any foreign or domestic political party, or any candidate, official or employee thereof; (iii) made any bribe, rebate, payoff, influence payment, kickback or other unlawful payment; the Company, its Subsidiaries and, to the knowledge of the Company, its Affiliates have conducted their businesses in compliance, and have instituted and maintain policies and procedures designed to ensure, and which are reasonably expected to continue to ensure, continued compliance, in all material respects with the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act.

(yy) None of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries or, to the knowledge of the Company, any director, officer, agent, employee or Affiliate of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, is an individual or entity (each, an “OFAC Company”), or is owned or controlled by an OFAC Company, that is currently the subject or target of any sanctions administered or enforced by the U.S. government (including, without limitation, the U.S. Department of the Treasury’s Office of Foreign Assets Control (“OFAC”), the U.S. Department of State or the Bureau of Industry and Security of the U.S. Department of Commerce and including, without limitation, the designation as a “specially designated national” or “blocked person”), the United Nations Security Council, the European Union, the United Kingdom (including sanctions administered by His Majesty’s Treasury), or other relevant sanctions authority (collectively, the “OFAC Sanctions”), nor is the Company or any of its Subsidiaries located, organized or resident in a country or territory that is the subject or the target of OFAC Sanctions, including, without limitation, the Crimea region of Ukraine, the non-government controlled areas of the Zaporizhzhia and Kherson regions of Ukraine, the so-called Donetsk People’s Republic, the so-called Luhansk People’s Republic or any other Covered Region of Ukraine identified pursuant to Executive Order 14065, Cuba, Iran, North Korea, Sudan and Syria (each, an “OFAC Country”); and the Company will not, directly or indirectly, use the proceeds of the offering and sale of the Shares, or lend, contribute or otherwise make available such proceeds to any subsidiary, joint venture partner or other OFAC Company (i) to fund or facilitate any activities of or business with any OFAC Company that, at the time of such funding or facilitation, is the subject or the target of OFAC Sanctions, (ii) to fund or facilitate any activities or business in any OFAC Country or (iii) in any other manner that will result in a violation by any OFAC Company (including any OFAC Company participating in the transaction, whether as underwriter, advisor, investor or otherwise) of OFAC Sanctions. None of the Company or its Subsidiaries have knowingly engaged in and are not now knowingly engaged in any dealings or transactions with any OFAC Company that at the time of the dealing or transaction is or was the subject or the target of OFAC Sanctions or with any OFAC Country.

(zz) The operations of the Company and its Subsidiaries are and have been conducted at all times in compliance in all material respects with applicable financial recordkeeping and reporting requirements of (a) the U.S. Currency and Foreign Transactions Reporting Act of 1970, as amended, (b) the U.S. Uniting and Strengthening America by Providing Appropriate Tools Required to Intercept and Obstruct Terrorism Act of 2001, as amended, (c) the applicable money laundering statutes of all jurisdictions, (d) the rules and regulations under items (a), (b) and (c) and (e) any related or similar rules, regulations or guidelines, issued, administered or

enforced by any governmental agency (together, the “AML Laws”); and no action, suit or proceeding by or before any court or governmental agency, authority or body or any arbitrator involving the Company or any of its Subsidiaries with respect to any AML Law is pending or, to the knowledge of the Company, threatened.

(aaa) No labor problem or dispute with the employees of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries exists, or, to the knowledge of the Company, is threatened or imminent, which would reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Effect. The Company is not aware that any key employee or significant group of employees of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries plans to terminate employment with the Company or any of its Subsidiaries. None of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries has engaged in any unfair labor practice, and except for matters which would not, individually or in the aggregate, result in a Material Adverse Effect, (i) there is (A) no unfair labor practice complaint pending or, to the knowledge of the Company, threatened against the Company or any of its Subsidiaries before the National Labor Relations Board, and no grievance or arbitration proceeding arising out of or under collective bargaining agreements is pending or to the knowledge of the Company, threatened, (B) no strike, labor dispute, slowdown or stoppage pending or, to the knowledge of the Company, threatened against the Company or any of its Subsidiaries and (C) no union representation dispute currently existing concerning the employees of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries and (ii) to the knowledge of the Company, (A) no union organizing activities are currently taking place concerning the employees of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries and (B) there has been no violation of any federal, state, local or foreign law relating to discrimination in the hiring, promotion or pay of employees, any applicable wage or hour laws or any provision of U.S. Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended (together with the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, “ERISA”) concerning the employees of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries.

(bbb) The Company and its Subsidiaries are, and at all times prior hereto were, (i) in compliance with any and all applicable Environmental Laws (as defined hereinafter), (ii) have received and maintain all Permits required of them under applicable Environmental Laws to conduct their respective businesses and (iii) are in compliance with all terms and conditions of any such Permit, except where such noncompliance with Environmental Laws, failure to receive or maintain required Permit or failure to comply with the terms and conditions of such Permit would not, individually or in the aggregate, have a Material Adverse Effect. There are no proceedings that are pending, or known to be contemplated, against the Company or any of its Subsidiaries under Environmental Laws. None of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries has been named as a “potentially responsible party” under the U.S. Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, as amended. None of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries owns, leases or occupies any property that appears on any list of hazardous sites compiled by any state or local governmental agency. There are no costs or liabilities associated with Environmental Laws (including, without limitation, any capital or operating expenditures required for clean-up, closure of properties or compliance with Environmental Laws or any Permit, any related constraints on operating activities and any potential liabilities to third parties) which would, individually or in the aggregate, result in a Material Adverse Effect, and none of the Company and its Subsidiaries do anticipate such costs or liabilities. For the

purpose of this Section 1.1(bbb), “Environmental Laws” means any and all federal, state, local and foreign laws, regulations, ordinances, rules, orders, judgments, decrees, permits or other legal requirements of any governmental authority, including, without limitation, any international, foreign, national, state, provincial, regional, or local authority, relating to pollution, the protection of human health and safety, the environment, or natural resources, or to the use, handling, storage, manufacturing, transportation, treatment, discharge, disposal or release of hazardous or toxic substances or wastes, pollutants or contaminants.

(ccc) Each of the Company and its Subsidiaries owns and has full right, title and interest in and to, or has valid licenses to use, each Intellectual Property Right under which the Company and its Subsidiaries conduct all or any material part of its business, and none of the Company or its Subsidiaries has created any Encumbrance on, or granted any right or license with respect to, any such Intellectual Property Right except where the failure to own or obtain a license or right to use any such Intellectual Property Right has not and will not have a Material Adverse Effect; there is no claim pending against the Company or its Subsidiaries with respect to any Intellectual Property Right and the Company and its Subsidiaries have not received notice or otherwise become aware that any Intellectual Property Right that it uses or has used in the conduct of its business infringes upon, misappropriates, or conflicts with the rights of any third party. None of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries has become aware that any Intellectual Property Right that it uses or has used in the conduct of its business (i) infringes upon, misappropriates or conflicts with the rights of, any third party or (ii) is infringed upon, misappropriated or violated by, any third party. For the purpose of this Section 1.1(ccc), “Intellectual Property Right” means any (a) trade name, trademark, service mark and registration thereof, (b) patent and applications thereof, (c) copyright and copyrightable works, (d) domain name and other source indicator, (e) trade secret, technology, know-how, proprietary or confidential information and (f) other intellectual property and related proprietary rights, interests and protection.

(ddd) There are no affiliations or associations between (i) any member of FINRA and (ii) the Company, any of its Subsidiaries or (to the Company’s knowledge) any of the Company’s officers, directors, ten percent (10%) or greater security holders or any beneficial owner of the Company’s unregistered equity securities that were acquired at any time on or after the 180th day immediately preceding the date the Registration Statement was initially filed with the Commission, except as otherwise disclosed in the Registration Statement, the Time of Sale Information and the Prospectus.

(eee) The Company and each of its Subsidiaries maintain insurance (issued by insurers of recognized financial responsibility to the knowledge of the Company) of the types and in the amounts generally deemed adequate by the Company for the conduct of the business in which it is engaged, all of which insurance is in full force and effect in all material respects; and the Company and its Subsidiaries are in compliance with the terms of such policies in all material respects. None of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries has reason to believe that it will not be able to renew its existing insurance coverage as and when such coverage expires or to obtain similar coverage from similar insurers as may be necessary to continue its business at a cost that would not reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a Material Adverse Effect.

(fff) Each “employee benefit plan” (as defined under Section 3(3) ERISA) established or maintained by the Company, its Subsidiaries or their ERISA Affiliates existing on the date hereof (each, an “Employee Plan”) is, and has been maintained and administered, in compliance in all material respects with ERISA, the Code and all other applicable state and federal laws and regulations. No “reportable event” (as defined in Section 4043(c) of ERISA) has occurred or is reasonably expected to occur with respect to any Employee Plans. No failure to satisfy the minimum funding standard (within the meaning of Section 302 of ERISA or Section 412 and 430 of the Code), whether or not waived, has occurred or is reasonably expected to occur. No Employee Plan, if such Employee Plan was terminated, would have any “amount of unfunded benefit liabilities” (as defined in ERISA). None of the Company, its Subsidiaries nor any of their ERISA Affiliates has incurred or reasonably expects to incur any liability under (i) Title IV of ERISA with respect to termination of, or withdrawal from, any Employee Plans (including any “multiemployer plan”, as defined in ERISA) or (ii) Sections 412, 4971, 4975 or 4980B of the Code. Each Employee Plan that is intended to be qualified under Section 401(a) of the Code is so qualified and nothing has occurred, whether by action or failure to act, that would cause the loss of such qualification. No prohibited transaction, within the meaning of Section 406 of ERISA or Section 4975 of the Code, has occurred with respect to any Employee Plan excluding transactions to which a statutory or administrative prohibited transaction exemption applies. For the purpose of this Agreement, “ERISA Affiliate” means, with respect to the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, any member of any group or organization described in Sections 414(b), (c), (m) or (o) of the Code of which the Company or such Subsidiary is a member.

(ggg) To the knowledge of the Company, there has been no security breach or incident, unauthorized access or disclosure, or other compromise of or relating to any of the Company’s or its Subsidiaries’ information technology and computer systems, networks, hardware, software, data and databases (including the data and information of their respective customers, employees, suppliers, vendors and any third-party data maintained, processed or stored by the Company and its Subsidiaries, and any such data processed or stored by third parties on behalf of the Company and its Subsidiaries), equipment or technology (collectively, “IT Systems and Data”), except in each case, as would not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect, and (B) the Company and its Subsidiaries have not been notified of, and have no knowledge of any event or condition that would reasonably be expected to result in, any security breach or incident, unauthorized access or disclosure or other compromise to their IT Systems and Data; (ii) the Company and its Subsidiaries have implemented commercially reasonable controls, policies, procedures and technological safeguards to maintain and protect the integrity, continuous operation, redundancy and security of their IT Systems and Data as is customary for the Company’s business or as required by applicable regulatory standards; and (iii) the IT Systems are adequate for, and operate and perform in all material respects as required in connection with the operation of the businesses of the Company and its Subsidiaries as currently conducted, free and clear of all material bugs, errors, defects, Trojan horses, time bombs, malware and other corruptants.

(hhh) Commencing with its taxable year ended December 31, 2024, the Company has been organized and operated in a manner that has enabled it to meet the requirements for qualification and taxation as a real estate investment trust (“REIT”) under the Internal Revenue

Code of 1986, as amended (the “Code”), and its actual method of operation through the date hereof, will enable it to meet, and its proposed method of operation as described in the Registration Statement will enable the Company to continue to meet the requirements for qualification and taxation as a REIT under the Code for its taxable year ending December 31, 2025 and for its subsequent taxable years. All statements regarding the Company’s qualification and taxation as a REIT and descriptions of the Company’s organization and method of operation set forth in the Registration Statement, the Prospectus and the Time of Sale Information are true, complete and correct in all material respects. The Company intends to continue to qualify as a REIT for all subsequent years, and the Company does not know of any event that could reasonably be expected to cause the Company to fail to qualify as a REIT at any time.

(iii) The Company has filed in a timely manner all reports required to be filed by the Company with the Commission pursuant to the Exchange Act, and such reports complied in all material respects with the requirements of Exchange Act. The Company will file within applicable deadlines, all material required to be filed by it with the Commission pursuant to Section 12(b), 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, and the rules and regulations of the Commission thereunder, subsequent to the date of the Prospectus and during the Prospectus Delivery Period (as defined below), that is required in connection with the offering of the Shares.

1.2. Any certificate signed by an officer of the Company and delivered to the Underwriters or to counsel for the Underwriters, including without limitation the certificate referred to under Section 9.1.8 hereof, shall be deemed to be a representation and warranty by the Company or the Manager, as applicable, to the Underwriters as to the matters set forth in Section 1.1.

2. Representations and Warranties of the Manager.

2.1. The Manager hereby represents and warrants on the date hereof, and shall be deemed to represent and warrant on the Closing Date, any Additional Closing Date and any other date as specified hereinafter or as the context may require, to each Underwriter, that:

(a) The Manager (i) has been duly organized and is validly existing as a limited liability company in good standing under the laws of the State of Delaware with full corporate or organizational power and authority to own, lease and operate its properties and to conduct its business as presently conducted and as described in the Registration Statement, the Time of Sale Information and the Prospectus (and any amendment or supplement thereto) and (ii) duly registered and qualified to conduct its business and is in good standing in each jurisdiction or place where the nature of its properties or the conduct of its business requires such registration or qualification, except where the failure to so register or qualify has not had or is reasonably expected to not have a material adverse effect on the condition (financial or other), business, properties, net worth, or results of operations, or prospects of the Manager (a “Manager Material Adverse Effect”).

(b) The Manager’s execution and delivery of this Agreement and the performance by the Manager of its obligations under this Agreement have been duly and validly authorized by

the Manager and this Agreement has been duly executed and delivered by the Manager and constitutes a valid and legally binding agreement of the Manager, enforceable against the Manager in accordance with its terms, except to the extent enforceability may be limited by (i) the application of bankruptcy, reorganization, insolvency and other laws affecting creditors' rights generally and (ii) equitable principles being applied at the discretion of a court before which any proceeding may be brought, except as rights to indemnity and contribution hereunder may be limited by federal or state securities laws.

(c) The Manager is not (A) in violation of its limited liability company agreement or (B) except as would not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to result in a Manager Material Adverse Effect, in violation of or in default under any agreement, lease, contract, indenture or other instrument or obligation to which it is a party or by which it, or any of its properties, is bound. The execution and delivery of this Agreement by the Manager and the fulfillment of the terms hereof do not and will not conflict with or result in a breach of any of the terms or provisions of, or constitute a default or Manager Repayment Event (as defined below) under, (i) any indenture, mortgage, deed of trust or other agreement or instrument to which the Manager is a party or by which the Manager or any of its properties is bound, (ii) its limited liability company agreement or (iii) any law, order, rule or regulation, judgment, order, writ or decree applicable to the Manager of any court or of any government, regulatory body or administrative agency or other governmental body having jurisdiction over the Manager or any of its properties, except in the case of clauses (i) and (iii), for such defaults that would not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to result in a Manager Material Adverse Effect. As used herein, a "Manager Repayment Event" means any event or condition which gives the holder of any note, debenture or other evidence of indebtedness (or any person acting on such holder's behalf) the right to require the repurchase, redemption or repayment of all or a portion of such indebtedness by the Manager prior to its stated maturity.

(d) Except as described in the Registration Statement, the Time of Sale Information and the Prospectus, there is no action, suit, inquiry, proceeding or investigation by or before any court or governmental or other regulatory or administrative agency or commission pending or, to the best knowledge of the Manager, threatened, against or involving the Manager which might individually or in the aggregate prevent or adversely affect the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or result in a Manager Material Adverse Effect, nor to the knowledge of the Manager, is there any basis for any such action, suit, inquiry, proceeding or investigation.

(e) The information regarding the Manager and its affiliates (other than the Company and its subsidiaries) in the Registration Statement, the Time of Sale Information and the Prospectus is true and correct in all material respects. As of the date of this Agreement, the Manager has no plan or intention to materially alter its investment allocation policy with respect to the Company as described in the Registration Statement, the Time of Sale Information and the Prospectus.

(f) Except as set forth in the Registration Statement, the Time of Sale Information and the Prospectus, since the respective dates as of which information is given in the Registration Statement, the Time of Sale Information and the Prospectus, there has been no material adverse change (i) in or affecting the business, properties, financial condition, results of

operations, or cash flows of the Manager, whether or not arising in the ordinary course of business, or (ii) in the ability of the Manager to perform its obligations under the Management Agreement.

(g) The Manager has not taken, and will not take, directly or indirectly, any action that constituted or constitutes, or any action designed to, or that would reasonably be expected to cause or result in or constitute, under the Act or otherwise, stabilization or manipulation of the price of any security of the Company to facilitate the sale or resale of the Shares or for any other purpose.

(h) The Management Agreement is, and will be as of the Closing Date and any Additional Closing Date, (a) duly and validly authorized, executed and delivered by the Manager, (b) a valid and binding agreement of the Manager, (c) and enforceable against the Manager in accordance with its terms.

(i) No filing with, or authorization, approval, consent, license, order, registration, qualification or decree of, any court or governmental authority or agency, domestic or foreign, is necessary or required for the authorization, execution, delivery or performance by the Manager of this Agreement and the Management Agreement, except where the failure to obtain any such consent, approval, authorization, license or order of, or filing or registration of or with, any governmental entity or agency would not reasonably be expected to have, singly or in the aggregate, a Manager Material Adverse Effect, or which would not reasonably be expected to materially and adversely affect the consummation of the transactions contemplated in this Agreement or the performance by the Manager of its obligations under this Agreement, and except that no representation is made as to such as may be required under state or foreign securities laws.

(j) The Manager has any permit, license, franchise, approval, consent, authorization or order of, or registration or filing with, any relevant federal, state, local or foreign court or governmental, regulatory or administrative authority, agency or body (each, a "Permit"), and have made all declarations, amendments, supplements and filings with the relevant federal, state, local or foreign governmental, regulatory or administrative authority, agency or body, as are necessary to own its properties and to conduct its business in the manner described in the Registration Statement, the Time of Sale Information and the Prospectus, subject to such qualifications as may be set forth in the Time of Sale Information and the Prospectus, except where the failure to have obtained any such Permit or made all such declarations, amendments, supplements or filings has not had and will not have a Manager Material Adverse Effect; the Manager has operated and is operating its business in material compliance with and not in material violation of all of its obligations with respect to each such Permit; all such Permits are valid and in full force and effect and no event has occurred that allows, or after notice or lapse of time would allow, revocation or termination of any such Permit or result in any other material impairment of the rights of any such Permit, subject in each case to such qualification as may be set forth in the Registration Statement, the Time of Sale Information and the Prospectus; and, except as described in the Registration Statement, the Time of Sale Information and the Prospectus, such Permits contain no restrictions that are materially burdensome to the Manager.

(k) The Manager is duly registered as an investment adviser with the Commission. The Manager is not prohibited by the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended, or the rules and regulations thereunder, from performing its obligations under the Management Agreement as described in the Registration Statement, the Time of Sale Information and the Prospectus. The Manager is not prohibited by the Investment Company Act or the rules and regulations thereunder, from performing its obligations under the Management Agreement as described in the Registration Statement, the Time of Sale Information and the Prospectus.

(l) Neither the Manager or, to the knowledge of the Manager, any director, officer, agent, employee or Affiliate of the Manager is aware of or has taken any action, directly or indirectly, that would result in a violation by such persons of the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act or any applicable non-U.S. anti-bribery or anti-corruption statute or regulation, including, without limitation, (i) using any corporate funds for any unlawful contribution, gift, entertainment or other unlawful expense relating to political activity; (ii) making any direct or indirect unlawful payment to any “foreign official” (as such term is defined in the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act), or any foreign or domestic political party, or any candidate, official or employee thereof; (iii) made any bribe, rebate, payoff, influence payment, kickback or other unlawful payment; the Manager and, to the knowledge of the Manager, their respective Affiliates have conducted their businesses in compliance, and have instituted and maintain policies and procedures designed to ensure, and which are reasonably expected to continue to ensure, continued compliance, in all material respects with the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act.

(m) The operations of the Manager are and have been conducted at all times in compliance in all material respects with applicable AML Laws; and no action, suit or proceeding by or before any court or governmental agency, authority or body or any arbitrator involving the Manager with respect to any AML Law is pending or, to the knowledge of the Manager, threatened.

(n) Neither the Manager or, to the knowledge of the Manager, any director, officer, agent, employee or Affiliate of the Manager, is an OFAC Company, or is owned or controlled by an OFAC Company, that is currently the subject or target of any OFAC Sanctions, nor is the Manager located, organized or resident in an OFAC Country; and the Manager will not, directly or indirectly, use the proceeds of the offering and sale of the Shares, or lend, contribute or otherwise make available such proceeds to any subsidiary, joint venture partner or other OFAC Company (i) to fund or facilitate any activities of or business with any OFAC Company that, at the time of such funding or facilitation, is the subject or the target of OFAC Sanctions, (ii) to fund or facilitate any activities or business in any OFAC Country or (iii) in any other manner that will result in a violation by any OFAC Company (including any OFAC Company participating in the transaction, whether as underwriter, advisor, investor or otherwise) of OFAC Sanctions. The Manager has not knowingly engaged in and is not now knowingly engaged in any dealings or transactions with any OFAC Company that at the time of the dealing or transaction is or was the subject or the target of OFAC Sanctions or with any OFAC Country.

(o) No labor problem or dispute with the employees of the Manager exists, or, to the knowledge of the Manager, is threatened or imminent, which would reasonably be expected to result in a Manager Material Adverse Effect. The Manager is not aware that any key employee

or significant group of employees of the Manager plans to terminate employment with the Manager. The Manager has not engaged in any unfair labor practice, and except for matters which would not, individually or in the aggregate, result in a Manager Material Adverse Effect, (i) there is (A) no unfair labor practice complaint pending or, to the knowledge of the Manager, threatened against the Manager before the National Labor Relations Board, and no grievance or arbitration proceeding arising out of or under collective bargaining agreements is pending or to the knowledge of the Manager, threatened, (B) no strike, labor dispute, slowdown or stoppage pending or, to the knowledge of the Manager, threatened against the Manager and (C) no union representation dispute currently existing concerning the employees of the Manager and (ii) to the knowledge of the Manager, (A) no union organizing activities are currently taking place concerning the employees of the Manager and (B) there has been no violation of any federal, state, local or foreign law relating to discrimination in the hiring, promotion or pay of employees, any applicable wage or hour laws or any provision of ERISA concerning the employees of the Manager.

(p) Other than the Registration Statement, the Time of Sale Information, the Testing-the-Waters Communications, the Road Show, each Preliminary Prospectus and the Prospectus, the Manager (including its agents and representatives, other than the Underwriters, as to which no representation or warranty is given) has not, directly or indirectly, distributed, prepared, used, authorized, approved or referred to any offering material in connection with the offering of the Shares.

2.2. Any certificate signed by an officer of the Manager and delivered to the Underwriters or to counsel for the Underwriters, including without limitation the certificate referred to under Section 9.1.8 hereof, shall be deemed to be a representation and warranty by the Manager to the Underwriters as to the matters set forth in Section 2.1.

3. Agreements to Sell and Purchase.

3.1. Upon the terms and conditions set forth herein, the Company hereby agrees to issue and sell the Firm Shares to the several Underwriters. Upon the basis of the representations, warranties, covenants and agreements of the Company and the Manager contained in Sections 1.1, 2.1 and 5.1 hereof and subject to all the terms and conditions set forth herein, each Underwriter agrees, severally and not jointly, to purchase from the Company at a purchase price of \$[●] per Share (the "Purchase Price Per Share"), the number of Firm Shares set forth opposite the name of such Underwriter in Schedule I hereto; provided, however, that any Reserved Securities confirmed for purchase by the Affiliated Investors shall be purchased from the Company at a purchase price of \$[●] per Share.

3.2. The Company hereby also agrees to issue and/or sell the Additional Shares to the Underwriters. Upon the basis of the representations, warranties, covenants and agreements of the Company and the Manager contained in Sections 1.1, 2.1 and 5.1 hereof and subject to all the terms and conditions set forth herein, the Underwriters shall have the right for thirty (30) days from the date of the Prospectus to purchase from the Company in whole or in part the Additional Shares at the Purchase Price Per Share, less an amount per Share equal to any dividends or distributions declared by the Company and payable on the Firm Shares but not on the Additional Shares. The Additional Shares may be purchased solely for the purpose of covering over-

allotments, if any, made in connection with the offering of the Firm Shares. If any Additional Shares are to be purchased, each Underwriter, severally and not jointly, agrees to purchase the number of Additional Shares (subject to such adjustments as you may determine to avoid fractional shares) that bears the same proportion to the total number of Additional Shares to be purchased by the Underwriter as the number of Firm Shares set forth opposite the name of such Underwriter in Schedule I hereto bears to the total number of Firm Shares. The option to purchase Additional Shares may be exercised at any time within thirty (30) days after the date of the Prospectus, but no more than once.

4. Terms of Public Offering; Delivery of the Shares and Payment Therefor.

4.1. The Company has been advised by you that the Underwriters propose to make a public offering of their respective portions of the Shares as soon after the Registration Statement and this Agreement have become effective as in your judgment is advisable and initially to offer the Shares upon the terms set forth in the Prospectus. The Company acknowledges and agrees that the Underwriters may offer and sell the Shares to or through any of their respective “affiliates” (as defined in Rule 405 under the Act) (the “Affiliates”).

4.2. Delivery to the Underwriters of the Firm Shares and payment therefor shall be made at the offices of Raymond James & Associates, Inc., 880 Carillon Parkway, St. Petersburg, Florida at 10:00 a.m., St. Petersburg, Florida time, on [●], 2025, the first (second, if the pricing occurs after 4:30 p.m. (St. Petersburg, Florida time)) business day following the date of this Agreement (the time and date of such closing are called the “Closing Date”). The place of closing for the Firm Shares and the Closing Date may be varied by agreement between the Representative and the Company.

4.3. Delivery to the Underwriters of and payment for any Additional Shares to be purchased by the Underwriters shall be made at the offices of Raymond James & Associates, Inc., 880 Carillon Parkway, St. Petersburg, Florida, at 10:00 a.m., St. Petersburg, Florida time, on such date or dates (each, an “Additional Closing Date”) (which may be the same as the Closing Date, but shall in no event be earlier than the Closing Date) as shall be specified in a written notice from the Representative to the Company, of the Underwriters’ determination to purchase a number, specified in such notice, of Additional Shares. Such notice may be given at any time within thirty (30) days after the date of the Prospectus and must set forth the aggregate number of Additional Shares as to which the Underwriters are exercising the option. The place of closing for the Additional Shares and any Additional Closing Date may be varied by agreement between you and the Company. The Closing Date and any Additional Closing Date are sometimes each referred to as a “Delivery Date”.

4.4. The Shares and any Additional Shares to be purchased hereunder shall be delivered to you through The Depository Trust Company (“DTC”) on the Closing Date or any Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, against payment of the aggregate Purchase Price per Share for the Shares sold hereunder by wire transfer of immediately available funds to an account specified in writing, not later than the close of business on the business day next preceding the Closing Date or any such Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, by the

Company. Payment for the Shares sold by the Company hereunder shall be delivered by the Representative to the Company.

4.5. It is understood that the Representative has been authorized, for its own account and the accounts of the Underwriters, to accept delivery of and receipt for, and make payment of the aggregate Purchase Price Per Share for the Shares that the Underwriters have agreed to purchase hereunder. Raymond James and Associates, Inc., individually and not as Representative of the Underwriters, may, but shall not be obligated to, make payment for any Shares to be purchased by any Underwriter whose funds shall not have been received by the Representative by the Closing Date or any Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, for the account of such Underwriter, but any such payment shall not relieve such Underwriter from any of its obligations under this Agreement.

4.6. Not later than 12:00 p.m. on the second business day following the date the Shares are released by the Underwriters for sale to the public, the Company shall deliver or cause to be delivered copies of the Prospectus in such quantities and at such places as the Representative shall request.

5. Covenants and Agreements of the Company.

5.1. The Company covenants and agrees with the Underwriters as follows:

(a) The Company will use its reasonable best efforts to (i) keep the Registration Statement and any amendments thereto effective and (ii) prevent the issuance of any order described in Section 5.1(b)(v) hereof;

(b) The Company will advise you promptly and, if requested by you, will confirm such advice in writing:

(i) of the time and date of any filing of any amendment or supplement to the Registration Statement, the Prospectus and any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus;

(ii) if Rule 430A under the Act is employed, of the time and date of filing of the Prospectus pursuant to Rule 424(b) under the Act;

(iii) of the time and date of filing of any Rule 462(b) Registration Statement;

(iv) of (x) the receipt of any comments of the Commission, (y) any request by the Commission for amendments or supplements to the Registration Statement, any Preliminary Prospectus or the Prospectus or (z) any request by the Commission for additional information;

(v) of (y) the issuance by the Commission or any other government or regulatory authority of any stop order suspending the effectiveness of the Registration Statement, suspending the qualification of the Shares for offering or sale in any jurisdiction, or preventing or suspending the use of the Registration Statement, the Time of Sale Information, the Prospectus or any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus or (z) the initiation or, to the knowledge of the Company, threatening, of any proceeding for the

purpose of any order referred to under item (y) or initiated pursuant to Section 8A of the Act; and

(vi) within the Prospectus Delivery Period (as defined below), of any change in the Company's condition (financial or other), business, prospects, properties, net worth or results of operations, or of any event that comes to the attention of the Company that makes any statement made in the Registration Statement, the Time of Sale Information or the Prospectus (as then amended or supplemented) untrue in any material respect or that requires the making of any additions thereto or changes therein in order to make the statements therein (in the case of the Prospectus, in light of the circumstances under which they were made) not misleading in any material respect, or of the necessity to amend or supplement the Prospectus (as then amended or supplemented) to comply with the Act or any other law;

(c) If at any time the Commission or any other government or regulatory authority shall issue any stop order as referred to under Section 5.1(b)(v), the Company will make every reasonable effort to obtain the withdrawal or lifting of such order at the earliest possible time;

(d) The Company will provide the Underwriters with copies of the form of the Prospectus, in such number as the Underwriters may reasonably request, and file the Prospectus with the Commission in accordance with, and within the time period specified by, Rule 424(b) and Rule 430(A) under the Act before the close of business on the first business day immediately following the date hereof;

(e) The Company will furnish to you, without charge, (i) two (2) signed duplicate originals of the Registration Statement and any amendment thereto, including financial statements and all exhibits thereto, and (ii) such number of conformed copies of the Registration Statement and any amendment thereto, as you may reasonably request;

(f) The Company will promptly prepare and file with the Commission any amendment or supplement to the Registration Statement, the Prospectus or any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus that may be (i) in the judgment of the Company or the Representative, be required (y) to comply with the Act or any other law or (z) in relation to Section 1.1(a), hereof or (ii) requested by the Commission;

(g) Before (i) using, authorizing, approving, referring to, distributing or filing any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus, (ii) filing (x) the Prospectus, (y) any Rule 462(b) Registration Statement or (z) any amendment or supplement to the Registration Statement or the Prospectus, or (iii) distributing any amendment or supplement to the Time of Sale Information or the Prospectus, the Company will furnish to the Representative and counsel to the Underwriters a copy of the such proposed document for review and will not use, authorize, refer to, distribute or file any such document to the extent that (A) the Representative reasonably objects thereto in a timely manner and (B) it is not in compliance with the Act or any other law;

(h) The Company will not make any offer relating to the Common Stock that would constitute an Issuer Free Writing Prospectus without your prior consent;

(i) The Company will, pursuant to reasonable procedures developed in good faith, retain any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus that is not filed with the Commission in accordance with Rule 433 under the Act; and if at any time after the date hereof any events shall have occurred as a result of which any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus, as then amended or supplemented, would conflict with the information in the Registration Statement, the most recent Preliminary Prospectus or the Prospectus or would include an untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state any material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading, or, if for any other reason it shall be necessary to amend or supplement any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus, the Company will (x) notify the Representative, (y) prepare and furnish without charge to each Underwriter as many copies as they may from time to time reasonably request of an amended or supplemented Issuer Free Writing Prospectus that will correct such conflict, statement or omission or effect such compliance and (z) upon your request, file such amended or supplemented Issuer Free Writing Prospectus with the Commission if such Issuer Free Writing Prospectus was required to be filed under Rule 433 of the Act;

(j) As soon after the execution and delivery of this Agreement as is practicable and thereafter from time to time for such period as in the reasonable opinion of counsel for the Underwriters a prospectus is required by the Act to be delivered in connection with the offering and sale of the Shares by any Underwriter or a dealer (the “Prospectus Delivery Period”), and for so long a period as you may request for the distribution of the Shares, the Company will deliver to each Underwriter and each dealer, without charge, as many copies of the Prospectus and the Time of Sale Information (and of any amendment or supplement thereto) as they may reasonably request;

(k) The Company consents to the use of each Preliminary Prospectus, the Prospectus and the Time of Sale Information (and of any amendment or supplement thereto) in accordance with the provisions of the Act and with the securities or Blue Sky laws of the jurisdictions in which the Shares are offered and/or sold by the Underwriters and by all dealers to whom the Shares may be sold, both in connection with the offering and sale of the Shares and for the Prospectus Delivery Period. If at any time prior to the later of (i) the completion of the distribution of the Shares pursuant to the offering contemplated by the Registration Statement or (ii) the expiration of prospectus delivery requirements with respect to the Shares under Section 4(a)(3) of the Act and Rule 174 thereunder, any event shall occur that in the judgment of the Company or in the opinion of counsel for the Underwriters is required to be set forth in the Prospectus (as then amended or supplemented) or should be set forth therein in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading, or if it is necessary to supplement or amend the Prospectus to comply with the Act or any other law, the Company will forthwith prepare and, subject to Section 5.1(b) hereof, file with the Commission and use its reasonable best efforts to cause to become effective as promptly as possible an appropriate supplement or amendment thereto, and will furnish to each Underwriter who has previously requested Prospectuses, without charge, a reasonable number of copies thereof;

(l) The Company will cooperate with you and counsel for the Underwriters in connection with the registration or qualification of the Shares for offering and sale by the

Underwriters and by dealers under the securities or Blue Sky laws of such jurisdictions as you may reasonably designate and will file such consents to service of process or other documents as may be reasonably necessary in order to effect and maintain such registration or qualification for so long as required to complete the distribution of the Shares; *provided*, that in no event shall the Company be obligated to qualify to do business in any jurisdiction where it is not now so qualified or to take any action that would subject it to general service of process in suits, other than those arising out of the offering or sale of the Shares, as contemplated by this Agreement and the Prospectus, in any jurisdiction where it is not now so subject. In the event that the qualification of the Shares in any jurisdiction is suspended, the Company shall so advise you promptly in writing. The Company will use its reasonable best efforts to qualify or register its Common Stock for offering and/or sale in non-issuer transactions under (or obtain exemptions from the application of) the Blue Sky laws of each state where necessary to permit market making transactions and secondary trading and will comply with such Blue Sky laws and will continue such qualifications, registrations and exemptions in effect for as long as may be necessary to complete the distribution of the Shares;

(m) The Company will make generally available to its securityholders a consolidated earnings statement (in form complying with the provisions of Rule 158), which need not be audited, covering a twelve (12)-month period commencing after the effective date of the Registration Statement or any Rule 462(b) Registration Statement, as the case may be, and ending not later than fifteen (15) months thereafter, as soon as practicable after the end of such period, which consolidated earnings statement shall satisfy the provisions of Section 11(a) of the Act;

(n) During the period ending three (3) years from the date hereof, the Company will furnish to you and, upon your request, to each of the Underwriters, (i) as soon as available, a copy of each proxy statement, quarterly or annual report, financial statement and any other report or communication (financial or other) delivered to shareholders or filed with the Commission, FINRA or Nasdaq or any national securities exchange and (ii) from time to time such other information concerning the Company as you may reasonably request; *provided*, the Company will be deemed to have furnished such reports and financial statements to the Representatives to the extent they are filed on EDGAR;

(o) The Company will apply the net proceeds from the sale of the Shares to be sold by it hereunder in accordance in all material respects with the statements under the caption "Use of Proceeds" in the Registration Statement, the Time of Sale Information and the Prospectus;

(p) The Company will cause each officer, director and shareholder of the Company set forth on Schedule III hereto to furnish to the Representative, prior to the Closing Date, duly executed lock-up letter(s) which shall be substantially in the form of Exhibit A hereto (the "Lock-Up Agreements");

(q) For a period commencing on the date hereof and ending on the 180th day after the date of the Prospectus (the "Lock-Up Period"), the Company will not, directly or indirectly:

(i) offer for sale, sell, pledge or otherwise dispose of (or enter into any transaction or device that is designed to, or could be expected to, result in the disposition

by any person at any time in the future of) any shares of Common Stock or securities convertible into, or exercisable or exchangeable for, any shares of Common Stock (other than (A) the registration, offer and sale of the Shares contemplated hereunder, (B) any Common Stock, bonus or other options or rights granted or exercised pursuant to any Stock Plans (the “Stock Options”), *provided*, that the grantees or recipients thereof agree, pursuant to a Lock-Up Agreement, not to sell, offer, dispose of or otherwise transfer any such equity interests or Common Stock during the Lock-Up Period without the prior written consent of the Representative or (C) Common Stock issued pursuant to currently outstanding options, warrants or rights), or sell or grant options, rights or warrants with respect to any shares of Common Stock or securities convertible into, or exercisable or exchangeable for Common Stock (other than Stock Options or Common Stock issued pursuant to currently outstanding options, warrants or rights), whether any such transaction is to be settled by delivery of any shares of Common Stock or other securities, in cash or otherwise;

(ii) enter into any swap or other derivatives transaction that transfers to another, in whole or in part, any of the economic benefits or risks of ownership of any shares of Common Stock, whether any such transaction is to be settled by delivery of any shares of Common Stock or other securities, in cash or otherwise;

(iii) file, confidentially submit or cause to be confidentially submitted or filed a registration statement, including any amendments thereto, with respect to the registration of any shares of Common Stock or securities convertible into, exercisable or exchangeable for, any shares of Common Stock or any other securities of the Company (other than a registration statement on Form S-8 with respect to any Stock Plans); or

(iv) publicly disclose the intention to take any of the actions described under Sections 5.1(q)(i), 5.1(q)(ii) or 5.1(q)(iii), in each case without the prior written consent of the Representative;

(r) The Company will comply with all provisions of any undertakings contained in the Registration Statement;

(s) Other than excepted activity pursuant to Regulation M under the Exchange Act, the Company will not at any time, directly or indirectly, take any action designed, or which might reasonably be expected to cause, result in, or constitute, stabilization or manipulation of the price of the shares of Common Stock to facilitate the sale or resale of any of the Shares;

(t) The Company will timely file with Nasdaq all documents and notices required by Nasdaq of companies that have or will issue securities that are traded on Nasdaq;

(u) The Company will engage and maintain, at its expense, a transfer agent and, if necessary under the jurisdiction of its incorporation or the rules of any national securities exchange on which the Common Stock is listed, a registrar (which, if permitted by applicable laws and rules may be the same entity as the transfer agent) for the Common Stock;

(v) None of the Company, the Manager or any of their Subsidiaries shall invest or otherwise use the proceeds received from the sale of the Shares in such manner as it would

qualify as an “investment company” or an “affiliated person” of, or “promoter”, “principal investor” or “principal underwriter” for, an “investment company” within the meaning of the U.S. Investment Company Act; and

(w) The Company will use its reasonable best efforts to meet the requirements for qualification and taxation as a REIT under the Code for its taxable year ending December 31, 2024, and the Company intends to use its reasonable best efforts to continue to qualify for taxation as a REIT under the Code in subsequent taxable years, unless the Company’s Board of Directors determines in good faith that it is no longer in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders to so qualify or to be so qualified.

6. Certain Agreements of the Underwriters.

6.1. Each Underwriter severally and not jointly covenants with the Company not to take any action that would result in the Company being required to file with the Commission pursuant to Rule 433(d) under the Act a free writing prospectus prepared by or on behalf of such Underwriter that otherwise would not, but for such actions, be required to be filed by the Company under Rule 433(d).

7. Expenses.

7.1. Whether or not the transactions contemplated hereby are consummated or this Agreement becomes effective or is terminated, the Company agrees to pay or cause to be paid the following: (i) the fees, disbursements and expenses of the Company’s counsel and accountants in connection with the registration of the Shares under the Act and all other expenses in connection with the preparation, printing and filing of the Registration Statement (including any exhibits thereto), each Preliminary Prospectus, the Prospectus, each Free Writing Prospectus (including each Issuer Free Writing Prospectus) and amendments and supplements thereto and the mailing and delivering of copies thereof to the Underwriters and dealers; (ii) the printing and delivery (including postage, air freight charges and charges for counting and packaging) of such copies of the Registration Statement (including any exhibits thereto), each Preliminary Prospectus, the Prospectus, each Free Writing Prospectus (including each Issuer Free Writing Prospectus), the Blue Sky memoranda, this Agreement, any supplemental agreement among Underwriters, and all amendments or supplements to any of them as may be reasonably requested for use in connection with the offering and sale of the Shares; (iii) consistent with the provisions of Section 5.1(1) hereof, all expenses in connection with the qualification of the Shares for offering and sale under state securities laws or Blue Sky laws, including reasonable attorneys’ fees and out-of-pocket expenses of the counsel for the Underwriters in connection therewith; (iv) the filing fees incident to securing any required review by FINRA of the fairness of the terms of the sale of the Shares and the reasonable fees and disbursements of the Underwriters’ counsel relating thereto; *provided*, that the Company shall only be required to pay such fees and expenses of counsel to the Underwriters incurred in relation to subsections (iii) and (iv) in an amount that is not greater than \$35,000 in the aggregate; (v) the fees and expenses associated with listing of the Common Stock on Nasdaq and/or any other exchange; (vi) the costs and charges of any transfer agent or registrar; (vii) all fees and expenses (including fees and expenses of counsel) of the Company in connection with approval of the Shares by DTC for “book-entry” transfer, (viii) the cost of the tax stamps, if any, or other taxes payable in

connection with the issuance and delivery of the Shares to the respective Underwriters, and the preparation and printing of any certificates for the Shares; (ix) all other fees, costs and expenses referred to in Item 13 of the Registration Statement; and (x) the transportation, lodging, graphics and other expenses incidental to the Company's preparation for and participation in the "road show" for the offering contemplated hereby; *provided*, that, except as provided in this Section 7, the Underwriters shall pay their own costs and expenses, including the fees and disbursements of their counsel.

7.2. If this Agreement shall terminate or shall be terminated after execution pursuant to Section 9 or Section 12.1 hereof (except, in each case, if the condition not fulfilled is the condition set forth in Section 9.1.6 or Section 9.1.10(i)(A) or (C), (ii), (iii) or (iv)), the Company agrees to reimburse you and the Underwriters for all out-of-pocket expenses (including travel expenses and reasonable and documented fees and expenses of counsel for the Underwriters, but excluding wages and salaries paid by you) reasonably incurred by you in connection herewith.

8. Indemnification and Contribution.

8.1. Subject to the limitations in this Section 8, the Company agrees to indemnify and hold harmless each Underwriter, the Affiliates, directors, officers, employees and agents thereof and each person, if any, who controls such Underwriter within the meaning of Section 15 of the Act or Section 20 of the Exchange Act from and against any and all documented losses, claims, damages, liabilities and out-of-pocket expenses, including reasonable costs of investigation and attorneys' fees and expenses (collectively, the "Damages"), arising out of or based upon any untrue statement or alleged untrue statement of a material fact contained in any Preliminary Prospectus, the Prospectus, the Registration Statement, the Time of Sale Information, any Free Writing Prospectus (including any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus) or any Written Testing-the-Waters Communication, or any amendment or supplement thereto, or any omission or alleged omission to state therein a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein (except with respect to the Registration Statement, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made) not misleading, except to the extent that any such Damages arise out of or are based upon an untrue statement or omission or alleged untrue statement or omission that has been made therein or omitted therefrom in reliance upon and in conformity with the information furnished in writing to the Company by or on behalf of any Underwriter through you, expressly for use in connection therewith, as specified in Section 8.9. The indemnification provided in this Section 8 shall be in addition to any liability that the Company or the Manager may otherwise have.

8.2. If (i) any action, suit, proceeding (including any governmental or regulatory investigation) or claim shall be brought by any third party against any party entitled to indemnification solely pursuant to this Section 8 (each, an "Indemnified Party" and together, the "Indemnified Parties"), and (ii) indemnity may be sought jointly or severally against any party subject to indemnification obligations solely pursuant to this Section 8 (the "Indemnifying Party" and, together, the "Indemnifying Parties") in respect of such action, suit, proceeding or claim, (a) the Indemnified Party(ies) shall promptly notify in writing the Indemnifying Party(ies), and (b) such Indemnifying Party(ies) shall assume the defense of the Indemnified Party(ies), including the employment of counsel reasonably acceptable thereto and the payment of all reasonable fees

of and expenses incurred by such counsel, *provided*, that (y) the failure to notify the Indemnifying Party(ies) shall not relieve it (them) from any liability that it (they) may have under this Section 8 except to the extent that it has been materially prejudiced (through the forfeiture of substantive rights or defenses) by such failure and (z) the failure to notify the Indemnifying Party(ies) shall not relieve it (them) from any liability that it (they) may have to any Indemnified Party otherwise than under this Section 8. The Indemnified Party(ies) shall have the right to employ separate counsel in any such action, suit, proceeding or claim and participate in the defense thereof, but the fees and expenses of such counsel shall be at the expense of the Indemnified Party(ies), unless (i) the Indemnifying Party(ies) has (have) agreed in writing to pay such fees and expenses, (ii) the Indemnifying Party(ies) has (have) failed to assume the defense and employ counsel reasonably acceptable to the Indemnified Party(ies) or (iii) the named parties to any such action, suit, proceeding or claim (including any impleaded parties) include both the Indemnified Party(ies) and the Indemnifying Party, and the Indemnified Party(ies) shall have been advised by its (their) counsel that one or more legal defenses may be available to it that may not be available to the Indemnified Party(ies), or that representation of the Indemnified Party(ies) and the Indemnifying Party by the same counsel would be inappropriate under applicable standards of professional conduct (whether or not such representation by the same counsel has been proposed) due to actual or potential differing interests between them (in which case the Indemnifying Party shall not have the right to assume the defense of such action, suit, proceeding or claim on behalf of the Indemnified Party(ies) but the Indemnifying Party(ies) shall not be liable for the fees and expenses of more than one counsel for all Indemnified Parties (in addition to local counsel)). Any such own counsel for (i) any Underwriter, the Affiliates, directors, officers, employees and agents thereof, and each person, if any, who controls any Underwriter within the meaning of Section 15 of the Act or Section 20 of the Exchange Act shall be designated in writing by the Representative and (ii) the Company, its directors and officers who sign the Registration Statement and any person who controls the Company within the meaning of Section 15 of the Act or Section 20 of the Exchange Act shall be designated in writing by the Company. The Indemnifying Party shall not be liable for any settlement of any such action effected without its (their several) written consent, but if settled with such written consent, or if there be a final judgment for the plaintiff in any such action, suit, proceeding or claim, the Indemnifying Party agrees to indemnify and hold harmless any Indemnified Party from and against any Damages by reason of such settlement or judgment, but in the case of a judgment only to the extent stated in Section 8.1 hereof.

8.3. Each Underwriter agrees, severally and not jointly, to indemnify and hold harmless the Company, its directors and officers who sign the Registration Statement and any person who controls the Company within the meaning of Section 15 of the Act or Section 20 of the Exchange Act, to the same extent as the foregoing indemnity from the Company to each Underwriter set forth in Section 8.1 hereof, but only with respect to the information furnished in writing by or on behalf of such Underwriter through you expressly for use in the Registration Statement, the Prospectus, the Time of Sale Information, any Free Writing Prospectus (including any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus) or any Written Testing-the-Waters Communication, or any amendment or supplement thereto, which information is specified in Section 8.9. If (i) any action, suit, proceeding (including any governmental or regulatory investigation) or claim shall be brought or asserted against the Company, any of its directors or officers or any such

controlling person based on the Registration Statement, the Prospectus, the Time of Sale Information or any Free Writing Prospectus (including any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus), or any amendment or supplement thereto, and (ii) indemnity may be sought against any Underwriter pursuant to this Agreement in respect of such action, suit, proceeding or claim, such Underwriter shall have the duties of the Company in Section 8.2 as an Indemnifying Party (except that, if the Company shall have assumed the defense thereof, such Underwriter shall not be required to do so, but may employ separate counsel in such action, suit, proceeding or claim and participate in the defense of the Company, but the fees and expenses of such counsel shall be at such Underwriter's expense), and the Company, any of its directors and officers and any such controlling persons, shall have the rights and duties given to the Underwriters by Section 8.2 as an Indemnified Party.

8.4. In any event, the Company will not, without the prior written consent of the Representative, settle or compromise or consent to the entry of any judgment in any current or threatened claim, action, suit or proceeding in respect of which an indemnification may be sought under Section 8.1 hereof (whether or not the Representative or any person who controls the Representative within the meaning of Section 15 of the Act or Section 20 of the Exchange Act is a party to such claim, action, suit or proceeding) unless (i) such settlement, compromise or consent includes an unconditional release of all Underwriters and each person, if any, who controls any Underwriter within the meaning of Section 15 of the Act or Section 20 of the Exchange Act, in form and substance reasonably satisfactory thereto, from all liability arising out of such claim, action, suit or proceeding and (ii) does not include any statements as to or any findings of fault, culpability or failure to act by or on behalf of the Underwriters and any such controlling person. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if at any time any Underwriter (or any such controlling person) shall have requested the Company to reimburse such Underwriter (or controlling person) for any fees and expenses of counsel as contemplated by Section 8.2 hereof, the Company agrees that it shall be liable for any settlement of any proceeding effected without its written consent if (a) such settlement is entered into more than thirty (30) days after receipt by the Company of the aforesaid request, (b) the Company shall not have reimbursed such Underwriter (or controlling person) in accordance with such request prior to the date of such settlement and (c) such Underwriter (or controlling person) shall have given the Company at least thirty (30) days' prior notice of its intention to settle.

8.5. If the indemnification provided for in this Section 8 is unavailable or insufficient for any reason whatsoever to an Indemnified Party in respect of any Damages referred to herein, then an Indemnifying Party, in lieu of indemnifying such Indemnified Party, shall contribute to the amount paid or payable by such Indemnified Party as a result of such Damages (i) in such proportion as is appropriate to reflect the relative benefits received by the Company on the one hand, and the Underwriters, on the other hand, from the offering and sale of the Shares pursuant to this Agreement or (ii) if the allocation provided by clause (i) above is not permitted by applicable law, in such proportion as is appropriate to reflect not only the relative benefits referred to in clause (i) above but also the relative and several fault of the Company on the one hand, and the Underwriters, on the other hand, in connection with the statements or omissions that resulted in such Damages as well as any other relevant equitable considerations. The relative and several benefits received by the Company on the one hand, and the Underwriters, on the

other hand, shall be deemed to be in the same proportion as the total net proceeds from the offering and sale of the Shares (before deducting expenses) received by the Company bear to the total underwriting discounts and commissions received by the Underwriters, in each case as set forth in the table on the cover page of the Prospectus; *provided*, that, in the event that the Underwriters shall have purchased any Additional Shares hereunder, any determination of the relative benefits received by the Company or the Underwriters, from the offering and the sale of the Additional Shares shall include the net proceeds (before deducting expenses) received by the Company and the underwriting discounts and commissions received by the Underwriters, from the sale of such Additional Shares, in each case computed on the basis of the respective amounts set forth in the notes to the table on the cover page of the Prospectus. The relative fault of the Company on the one hand, and the Underwriters, on the other hand, shall be determined by reference to, among other things, whether the untrue or alleged untrue statement of a material fact or the omission or alleged omission to state a material fact relates to information supplied by the Company on the one hand, or by the Underwriters on the other hand and the Parties' relative intent, knowledge, access to information and opportunity to correct or prevent such statement or omission.

8.6. The Company and the Underwriters agree that it would not be just and equitable if contribution pursuant to this Section 8 was determined by a pro rata allocation (even if the Underwriters were treated as one entity for such purpose) or by any other method of allocation that does not take into account the equitable considerations referred to in Section 8.5 hereof. The amount paid or payable by an Indemnified Party as a result of the Damages referred to in Section 8.5 hereof shall be deemed to include, subject to the limitations set forth above, any legal or other expenses reasonably incurred by such Indemnified Party in connection with investigating or defending any claim, action, suit or proceeding. Notwithstanding the provisions of this Section 8, no Underwriter, shall be required to contribute any amount in excess of the amount of the underwriting commissions received by such Underwriter, in connection with the Shares underwritten by it and distributed to the public. No person guilty of fraudulent misrepresentation (within the meaning of Section 11(f) of the Act) shall be entitled to contribution from any person who was not guilty of such fraudulent misrepresentation. The Underwriters' obligations to contribute pursuant to this Section 8 are several in proportion to the respective numbers of Firm Shares set forth opposite their names in Schedule I hereto (or such numbers of Firm Shares increased as set forth in Section 11 hereof) and not joint. For purposes of this Section 8.6, (i) each Affiliate, director, officer, employee and agent of any Underwriter and each person, if any, who controls an Underwriter within the meaning of Section 15 of the Act or Section 20 of the Exchange Act shall have the same rights to contribution as such Underwriter and (ii) each director and officer of the Company who signed the Registration Statement and each person, if any, who controls the Company within the meaning of Section 15 of the Act or Section 20 of the Exchange Act, shall have the same rights to contribution as the Company .

8.7. Notwithstanding Section 8.2 hereof, any Damages for which an Indemnified Party is entitled to indemnification or contribution under this Section 8 shall be paid by the Indemnifying Party to the Indemnified Party as Damages are incurred after receipt of reasonably itemized invoices therefor.

8.8. A successor to any Underwriter or the Company, the directors or officers of any Underwriters or the Company or any person controlling any Underwriters or the Company as referred to in this Section 8 shall be entitled to the benefits of the indemnity, contribution and reimbursement agreements contained in this Section 8. The term “successors” as used herein, shall not include any purchaser of the Shares from any Underwriter merely by reason of such purchase.

8.9. The Underwriters severally confirm and the Company acknowledges and agrees that the concession and reallowance figures and the paragraph relating to stabilization by the Underwriters appearing under the caption “Underwriting” in, the most recent Preliminary Prospectus and the Prospectus constitute the only information concerning such Underwriters furnished in writing to the Company by or on behalf of the Underwriters specifically for inclusion in the Registration Statement, the Prospectus, the Time of Sale Information, any Free Writing Prospectus (including any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus) or any Written Testing-the-Waters Communication or in any amendment or supplement thereto.

9. Conditions of Underwriters' Obligations.

9.1. The several obligations of the Underwriters to purchase the Shares hereunder are subject to the following conditions which shall be fulfilled on each of the Closing Date and any Additional Closing Date (unless otherwise provided hereinafter or as the context may require):

9.1.1. Certain Filings. The Prospectus shall have been timely filed with the Commission in accordance with Section 5.1(d). The Company shall have complied with all filing requirements applicable to any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus used or referred to after the date hereof; no stop order suspending the effectiveness of the Registration Statement or preventing or suspending the use of the Prospectus or any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus shall have been issued and no proceeding or examination for such purpose shall have been initiated or threatened by the Commission; and any request of the Commission for inclusion of additional information in the Registration Statement or the Prospectus or otherwise shall have been complied with. If the Company has elected to rely upon Rule 462(b) under the Act, the Rule 462(b) Registration Statement shall have become effective by 10:00 P.M., New York City time, on the date of this Agreement.

9.1.2. Corporate Proceedings. All corporate proceedings and other legal matters incident to the authorization, form and validity of this Agreement, the Shares, the Registration Statement, the Prospectus and any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus, and all other legal matters relating to this Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereby shall be reasonably satisfactory in all material respects to counsel for the Underwriters, and the Company shall have furnished to such counsel all documents and information that they may reasonably request to enable them to pass upon such matters.

9.1.3. Absence of Legal Impediment. No action shall have been taken and no statute, rule, regulation or order shall have been enacted, adopted or issued by any federal, state or foreign governmental or regulatory authority that would prevent the issuance, sale or delivery of the Shares by the Company; and no injunction or order of any federal, state or foreign court shall have been issued that would prevent the issuance, sale or delivery of the Shares.

9.1.4. Opinions of Counsel to the Company.

(a) You shall have received the opinions and letters, each dated the Closing Date or any Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, satisfactory in form and substance to counsel for Underwriters, from (i) O'Melveny & Myers LLP, counsel to the Company, (ii) O'Melveny & Myers LLP, tax counsel to the Company, and (iii) Venable LLP, Maryland counsel to the Company, each opinion addressed to the Underwriters and dated such delivery date and in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Representative.

(b) In rendering such opinions, counsel may rely, to the extent they deem such reliance proper, as to matters of fact upon certificates of officers of the Company and the Manager and of government officials, *provided*, that counsel shall state their belief that they and you are justified in relying thereon. Copies of all such certificates shall be furnished to you and your counsel on the Closing Date and any Additional Closing Date.

9.1.5. Opinion of Tax Counsel to the Predecessor Entity.

(a) You shall have received the opinion, dated the Closing Date or any Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, satisfactory in form and substance to counsel for Underwriters, from O'Melveny & Myers LLP, tax counsel to the Predecessor Entity addressed to the Underwriters and dated such delivery date and in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Representative.

(b) In rendering such opinion, tax counsel may rely, to the extent it deems such reliance proper, as to matters of fact upon certificates of officers of the Predecessor Entity, *provided*, that counsel shall state their belief that they and you are justified in relying thereon. Copies of all such certificates shall be furnished to you and your counsel on the Closing Date and any Additional Closing Date.

9.1.6. Underwriters' Counsel Opinion. You shall have received an opinion of Greenberg Traurig, LLP, as counsel for the Underwriters, dated the Closing Date or any Additional Closing Date, with respect to the issuance and sale of the Shares, the Registration Statement and other related matters as you may reasonably request, and the Company and its counsel shall have furnished to counsel for the Underwriters such documents as they may reasonably request for the purpose of enabling them to pass upon such matters.

9.1.7. Accountants' Comfort Letters. On the date of the Prospectus, the Representative shall have received from the Accountants a letter dated the date of its delivery, addressed to the Representative, in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Representative, containing statements and information of the type ordinarily included in accountant's "comfort letters" to underwriters, delivered according to Statement of Auditing Standards No. 72 (or any successor bulletin), with respect to the audited and unaudited financial statements and certain financial information contained in the Registration Statement and the Prospectus. At the Closing Date and any Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, the Representative shall have received from the Accountants a letter dated such date, in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Representative, to the effect that they reaffirm the statements made in the letter furnished by them pursuant to the preceding sentence and have conducted additional procedures with respect

to certain financial figures included in the Prospectus, except that the specified date referred to therein for the carrying out of procedures shall be no more than three business days prior to the Closing Date or any Additional Closing Date, as the case may be.

9.1.8. Officers' Certificate. The Company and the Manager shall have furnished to the Representative certificates, dated such Delivery Date, of its Chief Executive Officer and its Chief Financial Officer as to such matters as the Representative may reasonably request, including, without limitation, a statement:

(a) That the representations, warranties and agreements of the Company and the Manager in Sections 1.1 and 2.1 are true and correct on and as of such Delivery Date, and the Company has complied with all its agreements contained herein and satisfied all the conditions on its part to be performed or satisfied hereunder at or prior to such Delivery Date in all material respects;

(b) That no stop order suspending the effectiveness of the Registration Statement has been issued by the Commission; and no proceedings or examination for that purpose have been instituted or, to the knowledge of such officers, threatened;

(c) That they have examined the Registration Statement, the Prospectus and the Time of Sale Prospectus, and, in their opinion, (A) (1) the Registration Statement, as of the Effective Date, (2) the Prospectus, as of its date and on the applicable Delivery Date, and (3) the Time of Sale Information, as of the Applicable Time, did not and do not contain any untrue statement of a material fact and did not and do not omit to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein (except in the case of the Registration Statement, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made) not misleading, and (B) since the Effective Date, no event has occurred that should have been set forth in a supplement or amendment to the Registration Statement, the Prospectus or any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus that has not been so set forth; and

(d) To the effect of Section 9.1.9 (*provided*, that no representation with respect to the judgment of the Representative need be made).

9.1.9. No Material Adverse Effect.

(a) Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries shall have sustained, since the date of the latest audited financial statements included in the most recent Preliminary Prospectus, any loss or interference with its business from fire, explosion, flood or other calamity, whether or not covered by insurance, or from any labor dispute or court or governmental action, order or decree, and

(b) since the date specified in clause (a), there shall not have been any change in the capital stock or long-term debt of the Company or any of its subsidiaries or any change, or any development or event involving a prospective change, in or affecting the condition (financial or otherwise), results of operations, shareholders' equity, properties, management, business or prospects of the Company, the Manager and their Subsidiaries taken as a whole; the effect of which, in any such case described in clause (a) or (b), is, individually or in the aggregate, in the judgment of the Representative, so material and adverse as to make it impracticable or

inadvisable to proceed with the public offering or the delivery of the Shares being delivered on such Delivery Date on the terms and in the manner contemplated in the Prospectus.

9.1.10. Subsequent to the execution and delivery of this Agreement there shall not have occurred any of the following: (i)(A) trading in securities generally on the New York Stock Exchange or The Nasdaq Capital Market shall have been suspended or materially limited or the settlement of such trading generally shall have been materially disrupted, (B) trading in any securities of the Company on the Nasdaq Capital Market shall have been suspended or materially limited or the settlement of such trading generally shall have been materially disrupted or (C) minimum prices shall have been established on said exchange or market by the Commission, by such exchange or by any other regulatory body or governmental authority having jurisdiction, (ii) a general moratorium on commercial banking activities shall have been declared by federal or state authorities, (iii) the United States shall have become engaged in hostilities, there shall have been an escalation in hostilities involving the United States or there shall have been a declaration of a national emergency or war by the United States, or (iv) there shall have occurred such a material adverse change in general economic, political or financial conditions, including, without limitation, as a result of terrorist activities after the date hereof (or the effect of international conditions on the financial markets in the United States shall be such) or any other calamity or crisis either within or outside the United States, in each case, as to make it, in the judgment of the Representative, impracticable or inadvisable to proceed with the public offering or delivery of the Shares being delivered on such Delivery Date on the terms and in the manner contemplated in the Prospectus.

9.1.11. The Company shall have submitted a listing of additional shares notification form to Nasdaq with respect to the Shares and shall have received no objection thereto from Nasdaq.

9.1.12. At or prior to the Closing Date and any Additional Closing date, you shall have received a Lock-Up Agreement duly executed by each officer, director and shareholder of the Company set forth on Schedule III.

9.1.13. At or prior to the effective date of the Registration Statement, you shall have received a letter from the Corporate Financing Department of FINRA confirming that such Department has determined to raise no objections with respect to the fairness or reasonableness of the underwriting terms and arrangements of the offering contemplated hereby.

9.1.14. You shall have received satisfactory evidence, as of the Closing Date and any Additional Closing Date, of the good standing of the Company and the Manager in their respective jurisdictions of organization and in such other jurisdictions as you may reasonably request, in each case, in writing from the appropriate governmental authorities of such jurisdictions.

9.1.15. The Company shall have furnished or caused to have been furnished to you such further certificates and documents as you shall have reasonably requested.

9.2. All such opinions, certificates, letters and other documents will be in compliance with the provisions hereof only if they are reasonably satisfactory in form and substance to you and your counsel.

9.3. If any of the conditions hereinabove provided for in this Section 9 shall not have been satisfied when and as required by this Agreement, this Agreement may be terminated by you by notifying the Company of such termination in writing or by electronic transmission at or prior to such Closing Date or any relevant Additional Closing Date, but you shall be entitled to waive any of such conditions.

10. Effective Date of Agreement. This Agreement shall become effective upon the later of (a) the execution and delivery hereof by the Parties in accordance with Section 22 hereof and (b) release of notification of the effectiveness of the Registration Statement by the Commission; *provided*, however, that the provisions of Sections 7 and 8 shall at all times be effective as from the execution and delivery of this Agreement by the Parties.

11. Defaulting Underwriters.

11.1. If (a) any one or more of the Underwriters shall fail or refuse to purchase Firm Shares that it or they have agreed to purchase hereunder, and (b) the aggregate number of Firm Shares that such defaulting Underwriter or Underwriters agreed but failed or refused to purchase is not more than one-tenth (1/10) of the aggregate number of the Firm Shares (including after giving effect to any arrangements between you and the Company for the purchase of the Firm Shares as referred to under Section 11.2(c) hereof), each non-defaulting Underwriter shall be obligated, severally, in the proportion in which the number of Firm Shares set forth opposite its name in Schedule I hereto bears to the aggregate number of Firm Shares set forth opposite the names of all non-defaulting Underwriters or in such other proportion as you may specify in the Agreement Among Underwriters, to purchase the Firm Shares that such defaulting Underwriter or Underwriters agreed, but failed or refused to purchase.

11.2. If (a) any Underwriter or Underwriters shall fail or refuse to purchase the Firm Shares, (b) the aggregate number of Firm Shares with respect to which such default occurs is more than one-tenth (1/10) of the aggregate number of Firm Shares and (c) arrangements satisfactory to you and the Company for the purchase of such Firm Shares are not made within forty-eight (48) hours after such default, either you or the Company shall have the right to:

(i) terminate this Agreement without any liability on the part of any non-defaulting Underwriter or, except as provided in Sections 7 and 8 hereof, the Company; or

(ii) postpone the Closing Date, but in no event for longer than seven (7) days, in order that the required changes, if any, in the Registration Statement, the Time of Sale Information and the Prospectus or any other documents or arrangements may be effected.

11.3. Any action taken under this Section 11 shall not relieve any defaulting Underwriter from liability in respect of any such default by such Underwriter under this Agreement.

12. Termination of Agreement.

12.1. The obligations of the Underwriters hereunder may be terminated by the Representative by notice given to and received by the Company prior to delivery of and payment

for the Firm Shares if, prior to that time, any of the events described in Sections 9.1.9 and 9.1.10 shall have occurred or if the Underwriters shall decline to purchase the Shares for any reason permitted under this Agreement.

12.2. Notice of such cancellation shall be promptly given to the Company and its counsel by electronic transmission or telephone and shall be subsequently confirmed by letter.

13. Surviving provisions. The provisions of Sections 7 and 8 hereof and the representations and warranties of the Company and the Manager set forth in Sections 1.1 and 2.1 of this Agreement shall remain operative and in full force and effect, regardless of (i) any investigation made by or on behalf of any Underwriter, the Company, the Affiliates of any Underwriters, the respective directors or officers of any Underwriters or the Company or each person, if any, who controls any Underwriter or the Company within the meaning of Section 15 of the Act or Section 20 of the Exchange Act, (ii) acceptance of any Shares and payment therefor hereunder and (iii) any termination of this Agreement for any reason whatsoever.

14. Reserved.

15. Miscellaneous. Except as otherwise provided in Sections 5, 9.3 and 12.2 hereof, notice given pursuant to any of the provisions of this Agreement shall be in writing and shall be delivered:

15.1. to the Company or the Manager, to the following address:

Sunrise Realty Trust, Inc.
525 Okeechobee Blvd., Suite 1650
West Palm Beach, FL, 33401
Attention: Brian Sedrish, Chief Executive Officer
Email: bsedrish@thetcg.com

with a copy to:

O'Melveny & Myers LLP
1301 6th Ave Suite 1700
New York, NY 10019
Attention: Jeeho Lee, Esq.
Email: jeeholee@omm.com

15.2. to the Underwriters, to the following address:

Raymond James & Associates, Inc.
880 Carillon Parkway
St. Petersburg, Florida 33716
Attention: General Counsel, Investment Banking
Email: GEIBLegal@raymondjames.com

with a copy to:

Greenberg Traurig, LLP
One Vanderbilt Avenue
New York, NY 10017
Attention: Joseph A. Herz, Esq.
Email: HerzJ@gtlaw.com

Any such notice shall take effect at the time of receipt thereof. The Company and the Manager shall be entitled to act and rely upon any request, consent, notice or agreement given or made on behalf of the Underwriters by the Representative.

16. Benefit. This Agreement has been and is made solely for the benefit of the Underwriters, the Company, the Manager and any other Indemnified Party referred to in Section 8 hereof. Nothing in this Agreement is intended, or shall be construed, to give any other person or entity any legal or equitable right, benefit, remedy or claim under, or in respect of or by virtue of, this Agreement or any provision contained herein.

17. Authority of the Representative. Any action by the Underwriters hereunder may be taken by the Representative on behalf of the Underwriters, and any such action taken by the Representative shall be binding upon the Underwriters.

18. Partial Unenforceability. The invalidity or unenforceability of any Section, paragraph or provision of this Agreement shall not affect the validity or enforceability of any other Section, paragraph or provision hereof. If any Section, paragraph or provision of this Agreement is for any reason determined to be invalid or unenforceable, there shall be deemed to be made such minor changes (and only such minor changes) as are necessary to make it valid and enforceable.

19. Entire Agreement. This Agreement, together with any contemporaneous written agreements and any prior written agreements (to the extent not superseded by this Agreement) that relate to the offering and sale of the Shares, represents the entire agreement among the Company, the Manager and the Underwriters with respect to the preparation of the Registration Statement, any Rule 462(b) Registration Statement, each Preliminary Prospectus, the Prospectus, any Free Writing Prospectus (including any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus) and any Written Testing-the-Waters Communication, the purchase and sale of the Shares and the conduct of the offering contemplated hereby.

20. Amendments and Waivers. No amendment or waiver of any provision of this Agreement, nor any consent or approval to any departure therefrom, shall in any event be effective unless the same shall be in writing and signed by all the Parties. No waiver by any Party shall operate or be construed as a waiver in respect of any failure, breach or default not expressly identified by such written waiver, whether of a similar or different character, and whether occurring before or after the waiver. No failure to exercise, or delay in exercising, any right, remedy, power or privilege arising from this Agreement shall operate or be construed as a waiver thereof; nor shall any single or partial exercise of any right, remedy, power or privilege hereunder preclude any other or further exercise of any other right, remedy power or privilege.

21. Applicable Law, Arbitration and Waiver of Jury Trial.

21.1. This Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York without reference to choice of law principles thereunder.

21.2. All claims arising out of the interpretation, application or enforcement, or otherwise relating to the subject matter, of this Agreement, including, without limitation, any breach of this Agreement, shall be settled by final and binding arbitration (the "Arbitration") in New York, New York, in accordance with the commercial rules then prevailing of the American Arbitration Association by a panel of three (3) arbitrators appointed in accordance with the American Arbitration Association commercial rules. The decision of the arbitrators shall be binding on each of the Company, the Manager and the Underwriters and may be entered and enforced in any court of competent jurisdiction by any such Party(ies). Each such Party shall initially bear its own legal fees and costs in connection with the Arbitration provided, however, that each such Party shall pay one-half of any filing fees, fees and expenses of the Arbitration. However, after the issuance of the award, the non-prevailing Party (as determined by the arbitrators) will (i) bear all costs of Arbitration including the cost and expenses of the arbitrators and the cost of the proceedings and (ii) reimburse the prevailing Party for its costs, expenses, attorneys' fees and other legal expenses incurred in connection with the related dispute and the Arbitration. The Arbitration shall be pursued and brought to conclusion as rapidly as is possible.

21.3. TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY LAW, EACH OF THE COMPANY, THE MANAGER AND THE UNDERWRITERS VOLUNTARILY AND IRREVOCABLY WAIVES ALL RIGHT TO TRIAL BY JURY IN ANY ACTION, PROCEEDING OR COUNTERCLAIM (WHETHER BASED UPON CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE) RELATED TO OR ARISING OUT OF THIS AGREEMENT.

22. Counterparts. This Agreement may be signed in various counterparts, which together shall constitute one and the same instrument. This Agreement shall be effective when, but only when, at least one (1) counterpart hereof shall have been executed on behalf of each Party.

23. No Fiduciary Duty. Notwithstanding any pre-existing relationship, advisory or otherwise, between the Parties or any oral representations or assurances previously or subsequently made by any of the Underwriters, the Company and the Manager acknowledge and agree that (i) nothing herein shall create a fiduciary or agency relationship between the Company and the Manager, on the one hand, and the Underwriters, on the other hand; (ii) the Underwriters have been retained solely to act as underwriters and are not acting as advisors, expert or otherwise, to the Company in connection with the offering and sale of the Shares or any other services the Underwriters may be deemed to be providing hereunder, including, without limitation, with respect to the public offering price of the Shares, and the Company and the Manager have consulted their own legal, accounting, regulatory and tax advisors to the extent they deemed appropriate; (iii) the relationship between the Company and the Manager, on the one hand, and the Underwriters, on the other hand, is entirely and solely commercial, and the price of the Shares was established by the Company and the Underwriters based on discussions and arms' length negotiations and the Company and the Manager understand and accept the terms, risks and conditions of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement; (iv) any duties

and obligations that the Underwriters may have to the Company and the Manager shall be limited to those duties and obligations specifically stated herein; and (v) notwithstanding anything in this Agreement to the contrary, the Company and the Manager acknowledge that the Underwriters may have financial interests in the success of the offering and sale of the Shares that are not limited to the difference between the price to the public and the purchase price paid to the Company for the Shares and such interests may differ from the interests of the Company and the Manager and the Underwriters have no obligation to disclose, or account to the Company or the Manager for any benefit they may derive from such additional financial interests. Each of the Company and the Manager hereby waive and release, to the fullest extent permitted by the applicable law, any claims it may have against the Underwriters with respect to any breach or alleged breach of fiduciary duty and agrees that the Underwriters shall have no liability (whether direct or indirect) to the Company or the Manager in respect of such a fiduciary duty claim or to any person asserting a fiduciary duty claim on behalf of or in right of the Company, the Manager, or any of their respective shareholders, managers, employees or creditors.

24. Research Analyst Independence. The Company and the Manager acknowledge that (a) the Underwriters' research analysts and research departments are required to be independent from their respective investment banking divisions and are subject to certain regulations and internal policies and (b) the Underwriters' research analysts may hold views and make statements or investment recommendations and/or publish research reports with respect to the Company, the value of the Common Stock and/or the offering that differ from the views of their respective investment banking divisions. Each of the Company and the Manager hereby waives and releases, to the fullest extent permitted by law, any claims that it may have against the Underwriters with respect to any conflict of interest that may arise from the fact that the views expressed by the Underwriters' independent research analysts and research departments may be different from or inconsistent with the views or advice communicated to the Company and the Manager by any Underwriter's investment banking division. The Company and the Manager acknowledge that each of the Underwriters is a full-service securities firm and as such, from time to time, subject to applicable securities laws, may effect transactions for its own account or the account of its customers and hold long or short positions in the Common Stock or any other securities of the Company.

25. Definition of the Terms "Business Day" and "Subsidiary." For purposes of this Agreement, (a) "business day" means each Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday or Friday that is not a day on which banking institutions in New York are generally authorized or obligated by law or executive order to close, and (b) "Subsidiary" for a specified person has the meaning set forth in Rule 405 under the Act.

26. Recognition of the U.S. Special Resolution Regimes.

26.1. In the event that any Underwriter that is a Covered Entity becomes subject to a proceeding under a U.S. Special Resolution Regime, the transfer from such Underwriter of this Agreement, and any interest and obligation in or under this Agreement, will be effective to the same extent as the transfer would be effective under the U.S. Special Resolution Regime if this Agreement, and any such interest and obligation, were governed by the laws of the United States or a state of the United States.

26.2. In the event that any Underwriter that is a Covered Entity or a BHC Act Affiliate of such Underwriter becomes subject to a proceeding under a U.S. Special Resolution Regime, Default Rights under this Agreement that may be exercised against such Underwriter are permitted to be exercised to no greater extent than such Default Rights could be exercised under the U.S. Special Resolution Regime if this Agreement were governed by the laws of the United States or a state of the United States.

26.3. For purposes of this Section 26: a “BHC Act Affiliate” has the meaning assigned to the term “affiliate” in, and shall be interpreted in accordance with, 12 U.S.C. §1841(k); “Covered Entity” means any of the following: (i) a “covered entity” as that term is defined in, and interpreted in accordance with, 12 C.F.R. §252.82(b), (ii) a “covered bank” as that term is defined in, and interpreted in accordance with, 12 C.F.R. §47.3(b), or (iii) a “covered FSI” as that term is defined in, and interpreted in accordance with, 12 C.F.R. § 382.2(b); “Default Right” has the meaning assigned to that term in, and shall be interpreted in accordance with, 12 C.F.R. §§252.81, 47.2 or 382.1, as applicable; and “U.S. Special Resolution Regime” means each of (i) the Federal Deposit Insurance Act and the regulations promulgated thereunder and (ii) Title II of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act and the regulations promulgated thereunder.

[Remainder of page intentionally left blank – Signature page follows]

Please confirm that the foregoing correctly sets forth the agreement among the Company, the Manager and the several Underwriters.

Very truly yours,

SUNRISE REALTY TRUST, INC.

By: _____

Name: Brian Sedrish

Title: Chief Executive Officer

SUNRISE MANAGER LLC

By: _____

Name: Leonard Tannenbaum

Title: Manager

CONFIRMED as of the date first above mentioned, on behalf of the Representative and the Underwriters.

RAYMOND JAMES & ASSOCIATES, INC.

By: _____
Authorized Representative

[Signature Page to Underwriting Agreement]

SCHEDULE I

Underwriters

Name:	Number of Firm Shares	Number of Additional Shares
Raymond James & Associates, Inc.		
Keefe, Bruyette & Woods, Inc.		
BTIG, LLC		
Oppenheimer & Co. Inc.		
B. Riley Securities, Inc.		
A.G.P./Alliance Global Partners		
Seaport Global Securities LLC		
[•]		
Total		

SCHEDULE II

(a) Issuer Free Writing Prospectuses

[•]

(b) Written Testing-the-Waters Communications

[•]

Sch. II-1

Persons Subject to Lock-up

Leonard M. Tannenbaum
Brian Sedrish
Robyn Tannenbaum
Brandon Hetzel
Jodi Hanson Bond
James Fagan
Alexander C. Frank

EXHIBIT A

Form of Lock-up Agreement

_____, 2025

SUNRISE REALTY TRUST, INC.
525 Okeechobee Blvd., Suite 1650
West Palm Beach, FL 33401

RAYMOND JAMES & ASSOCIATES, INC.
As Representative of the Several Underwriters
c/o Raymond James & Associates, Inc.
880 Carillon Parkway
St. Petersburg, FL 33716

Re: Sunrise Realty Trust, Inc. (the "Company") - Restriction on Stock Sales

Dear Sirs:

This letter is delivered to you pursuant to the Underwriting Agreement (the "Underwriting Agreement") to be entered into by the Company, as issuer, Sunrise Manager LLC, and Raymond James & Associates, Inc., the representative (the "Representative") of certain underwriters (the "Underwriters") to be named therein. Upon the terms and subject to the conditions of the Underwriting Agreement, the Underwriters intend to effect a public offering of Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share, of the Company (the "Shares"), as described in and contemplated by the registration statement of the Company on Form S-11, File No. 333-[_____] (the "Registration Statement"), as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on [●] (the "Offering").

The undersigned recognizes that it is in the best financial interests of the undersigned, as an officer or director, or an owner of Company Securities (as defined below), that the Company complete the proposed Offering.

The undersigned understands that the Company and the Underwriters will proceed with the Offering in reliance on this letter agreement.

The undersigned further recognizes that the capital stock, options, warrants or other securities of the Company (the "Company Securities") held by the undersigned are, or may be, subject to certain restrictions on transferability, including those imposed by United States federal securities laws. Notwithstanding these restrictions, the undersigned has agreed to enter into this letter agreement to further assure the Underwriters that the Company Securities now held or

hereafter acquired by the undersigned will not enter the public market at a time that might impair the success of the Offering.

Therefore, as an inducement to the Underwriters to execute the Underwriting Agreement, the undersigned hereby acknowledges and agrees that the undersigned will not (i) offer, sell, contract to sell, pledge, grant any option to purchase or otherwise dispose of (collectively, a "Disposition") any Company Securities, or any securities convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable for, or any rights to purchase or otherwise acquire, any Company Securities held by the undersigned or acquired by the undersigned after the date hereof, or that may be deemed to be beneficially owned by the undersigned (collectively, the "Lock-Up Securities"), pursuant to the Rules and Regulations promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Act"), and the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), for a period commencing on the date hereof and ending 180 days after the date of the Company's Prospectus first filed pursuant to Rule 424(b) under the Act, inclusive (the "Lock-Up Period"), without the prior written consent of Raymond James & Associates, Inc. or (ii) exercise or seek to exercise or effectuate in any manner, any rights of any nature that the undersigned has or may have hereafter to require the Company to register under the Act the Disposition of any of the Lock-Up Securities by the undersigned, or to otherwise participate as a selling securityholder in any manner in any registration effected by the Company under the Act, including under the Registration Statement, during the Lock-Up Period. The foregoing restrictions are expressly agreed to preclude the undersigned from engaging in any hedging, collar (whether or not for any consideration) or other transaction that is designed to or reasonably expected to lead or result in a Disposition of Lock-Up Securities during the Lock-Up Period, even if such Lock-Up Securities would be disposed of by someone other than such holder. Such prohibited hedging or other transactions would include any short sale or any purchase, sale or grant of any right (including any put or call option or reversal or cancellation thereof) with respect to any Lock-Up Securities or with respect to any security (other than a broad-based market basket or index) that includes, relates to or derives any significant part of its value from Lock-Up Securities.

Notwithstanding the agreement not to make any Disposition during the Lock-Up Period, you have agreed that the foregoing restrictions shall not apply to:

- (1) transactions relating to Lock-Up Securities or other securities acquired in the open market after the completion of the Offering;
- (2) bona fide gifts, sales or other dispositions of shares of any class of the Company's capital stock, in each case that are made exclusively between and among the undersigned or members of the undersigned's family, or affiliates of the undersigned, including its partners (if a partnership) or members (if a limited liability company);
- (3) transfers of the undersigned's Lock-Up Securities by will or intestacy;
- (4) transfers of the undersigned's Lock-Up Securities to any trust for the direct or indirect benefit of the undersigned or the immediate family of the undersigned, or if the undersigned is a trust, to a trustor or beneficiary of the trust or to the estate of a beneficiary of such trust (for purposes of this letter agreement, "immediate family" shall

mean any relationship by blood, current or former marriage, domestic partnership or adoption, not more remote than first cousin);

- (5) the exercise of outstanding options or restricted stock units or other equity awards or exercise of warrants pursuant to plans described in the Registration Statement, the Time of Sale Information and the Prospectus; *provided*, that any Lock-Up Securities received upon such exercise, vesting or settlement shall be subject to the terms of this letter agreement;
- (6) transfers of the undersigned's Lock-Up Securities to the Company in connection with the vesting, settlement, restricted stock units, options, warrants or other rights to purchase shares of Common Stock (including, in each case, by way of "net" or "cashless" exercise), including for the payment of exercise price and tax and remittance payments due as a result of the vesting, settlement, or exercise of such restricted stock units, options, warrants or rights, *provided*, that any such shares of Common Stock received upon such exercise, vesting or settlement shall be subject to the terms of this Lock-Up Letter Agreement, and provided further that any such restricted stock units, options, warrants or rights are held by the undersigned pursuant to an agreement or equity awards granted under a stock incentive plan or other equity award plan, each such agreement or plan which is described in the Registration Statement, Time of Sale Information and the Prospectus;
- (7) the conversion of outstanding preferred stock, warrants to acquire preferred stock or convertible securities into shares of Common Stock or warrants to acquire shares of Common Stock; *provided, however*; that any such shares of Common Stock or warrants received upon such conversion shall be subject to the terms of this letter agreement;
- (8) any redemption provisions contained in the organizational documents of the Manager or the subsidiary partnerships;
- (9) transfers of the undersigned's Lock-Up Securities to the Company from an employee of the Company upon death, disability or termination of employment, in each case, of such employee; or
- (10) the establishment of any contract, instruction or plan that satisfies all of the requirements of Rule 10b5-1 (a "Rule 10b5-1 Plan") under the Exchange Act; *provided, however*, that no sales of Company Securities or securities convertible into, or exchangeable or exercisable for, Company Securities, shall be made pursuant to a Rule 10b5-1 Plan prior to the expiration of the Lock-Up Period (as the same may be extended pursuant to the provisions hereof); *provided further*, that the Company is not required to report the establishment of such Rule 10b5-1 Plan in any public report or filing with the Commission under the Exchange Act during the Lock-Up Period and does not otherwise voluntarily effect any such public filing or report regarding such Rule 10b5-1 Plan;

provided, that it shall be a condition to any transfer pursuant to clause (2), (3) and (4), that (i) the transferee/donee agrees to be bound by the terms of this letter agreement to the same extent as if the recipient/transferee/donee were a party hereto, (ii) such transfer shall not involve

a Disposition for value (iii) each party (donor, donee, transferor or transferee) shall not be required by law (including without limitation the disclosure requirements of the Act and the Exchange Act) to make, and shall agree to not voluntarily make, any filing or public announcement of the transfer or disposition prior to the expiration of the Lock-Up Period to above, and (iv) the undersigned notifies Raymond James & Associates, Inc. at least two business days prior to the proposed Disposition.

It is understood that, if the Underwriting Agreement (other than the provisions thereof that survive termination) shall terminate or be terminated prior to payment for and delivery of the Shares, you will release the undersigned from the obligations under this letter agreement.

In furtherance of the foregoing, the Company and its transfer agent and registrar are hereby authorized to decline to make any transfer of Lock-Up Securities if such transfer would constitute a violation or breach of this letter agreement. This letter agreement shall be binding on the undersigned and the respective successors, heirs, personal representatives and assigns of the undersigned. Capitalized terms used but not defined herein have the respective meanings assigned to such terms in the Underwriting Agreement.

This letter agreement shall automatically terminate upon the termination of the Underwriting Agreement before the sale of any Stock to the Underwriters.

The undersigned acknowledges and agrees that the Underwriters have not provided any recommendation or investment advice nor have the Underwriters solicited any action from the undersigned with respect to the Offering of the Common Stock and the undersigned has consulted their own legal, accounting, financial, regulatory and tax advisors to the extent deemed appropriate. The undersigned further acknowledges and agrees that, although the Representative may be required or choose to provide certain Regulation Best Interest and Form CRS disclosures to you in connection with the Offering, the Representative and the other Underwriters are not making a recommendation to you to participate in the Offering, enter into this letter agreement, or sell any shares of Common Stock at the price determined in the Offering, and nothing set forth in such disclosures is intended to suggest that the Representative or any Underwriter is making such a recommendation.

This letter agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York without reference to choice of law principles thereunder. All claims arising out of the interpretation, application or enforcement, or otherwise relating to the subject matter, of this letter agreement, including, without limitation, any breach of this letter agreement, shall be settled by final and binding arbitration (the "Arbitration") in New York, New York, in accordance with the commercial rules then prevailing of the American Arbitration Association by a panel of three (3) arbitrators appointed in accordance with the American Arbitration Association commercial rules. The decision of the arbitrators shall be binding on the undersigned and may be entered and enforced in any court of competent jurisdiction by the undersigned. The undersigned shall initially bear its own legal fees and costs in connection with the Arbitration provided, however, that it shall pay one-half of any filing fees, fees and expenses of the Arbitration. However, after the issuance of the award, the non-prevailing party (as determined by the arbitrators) will (i) bear all costs of Arbitration including the cost and expenses of the arbitrators and the cost of the proceedings and (ii) reimburse the prevailing party for its costs,

expenses, attorneys' fees and other legal expenses incurred in connection with the related dispute and the Arbitration. The Arbitration shall be pursued and brought to conclusion as rapidly as is possible. TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY LAW, THE UNDERSIGNED VOLUNTARILY AND IRREVOCABLY WAIVES ALL RIGHT TO TRIAL BY JURY IN ANY ACTION, PROCEEDING OR COUNTERCLAIM (WHETHER BASED UPON CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE) RELATED TO OR ARISING OUT OF THIS LETTER AGREEMENT.

Very truly yours,

(Signature)

(Name)

Exhibit A-5

[LETTERHEAD OF VENABLE LLP]

January 21, 2025

Sunrise Realty Trust, Inc.
525 Okeechobee Blvd., Suite 1650
West Palm Beach, Florida 33401

Re: Registration Statement on Form S-11

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have served as Maryland counsel to Sunrise Realty Trust, Inc., a Maryland corporation (the “Company”), in connection with certain matters of Maryland law relating to the registration by the Company of up to 6,325,000 shares (the “Shares”) of the common stock, \$0.01 par value per share, of the Company (including up to 825,000 Shares which the underwriters in the public offering have the option to purchase), covered by the above-referenced Registration Statement, and all amendments thereto (the “Registration Statement”), filed by the Company with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the “Commission”) under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “1933 Act”), on or about the date hereof.

In connection with our representation of the Company, and as a basis for the opinion hereinafter set forth, we have examined originals, or copies certified or otherwise identified to our satisfaction, of the following documents (hereinafter collectively referred to as the “Documents”):

1. The Registration Statement and the related form of prospectus included therein in the form in which it was transmitted to the Commission under the 1933 Act;
2. The charter of the Company (the “Charter”), certified by the State Department of Assessments and Taxation of Maryland (the “SDAT”);
3. The Amended and Restated Bylaws of the Company, certified as of the date hereof by an officer of the Company;
4. A certificate of the SDAT as to the good standing of the Company, dated as of a recent date;
5. Resolutions (the “Resolutions”) adopted by the Board of Directors of the Company (the “Board”) relating to, among other matters, the authorization of the sale, issuance and registration of the Shares, certified as of the date hereof by an officer of the Company;
6. A certificate executed by an officer of the Company, dated as of the date hereof; and

7. Such other documents and matters as we have deemed necessary or appropriate to express the opinion set forth below, subject to the assumptions, limitations and qualifications stated herein.

In expressing the opinion set forth below, we have assumed the following:

1. Each individual executing any of the Documents, whether on behalf of such individual or another person, is legally competent to do so.

2. Each individual executing any of the Documents on behalf of a party (other than the Company) is duly authorized to do so.

3. Each of the parties (other than the Company) executing any of the Documents has duly and validly executed and delivered each of the Documents to which such party is a signatory, and such party's obligations set forth therein are legal, valid and binding and are enforceable in accordance with all stated terms.

4. All Documents submitted to us as originals are authentic. The form and content of all Documents submitted to us as unexecuted drafts do not differ in any respect relevant to this opinion from the form and content of such Documents as executed and delivered. All Documents submitted to us as certified or photostatic copies conform to the original documents. All signatures on all Documents are genuine. All public records reviewed or relied upon by us or on our behalf are true and complete. All representations, warranties, statements and information contained in the Documents are true and complete. There has been no oral or written modification of or amendment to any of the Documents, and there has been no waiver of any provision of any of the Documents, by action or omission of the parties or otherwise.

5. Prior to the issuance of the Shares, the Board, or a duly authorized committee thereof, will determine the number, and certain terms of issuance, of the Shares in accordance with the Resolutions (the "Corporate Proceedings").

6. The Shares will not be issued or transferred in violation of the restrictions on transfer and ownership contained in Article VII of the Charter.

Based upon the foregoing, and subject to the assumptions, limitations and qualifications stated herein, it is our opinion that:

1. The Company is a corporation duly incorporated and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Maryland and is in good standing with the SDAT.

2. The issuance of the Shares has been duly authorized and, when issued and delivered by the Company in accordance with the Registration Statement, the Resolutions and the Corporate Proceedings against payment of the consideration set forth therein, the Shares will be validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable.

The foregoing opinion is limited to the laws of the State of Maryland and we do not express any opinion herein concerning any other law. We express no opinion as to the applicability or effect of federal or state securities laws, including the securities laws of the State of Maryland, federal or state laws regarding fraudulent transfers or the laws, codes or regulations of any municipality or other jurisdiction. To the extent that any matter as to which our opinion is expressed herein would be governed by the laws of any jurisdiction other than the State of Maryland, we do not express any opinion on such matter. The opinion expressed herein is subject to the effect of any judicial decision which may permit the introduction of parol evidence to modify the terms or the interpretation of agreements.

The opinion expressed herein is limited to the matters specifically set forth herein and no other opinion shall be inferred beyond the matters expressly stated. We assume no obligation to supplement this opinion if any applicable law changes after the date hereof or if we become aware of any fact that might change the opinion expressed herein after the date hereof.

This opinion is being furnished to you for submission to the Commission as an exhibit to the Registration Statement. We hereby consent to the filing of this opinion as an exhibit to the Registration Statement and to the use of the name of our firm therein. In giving this consent, we do not admit that we are within the category of persons whose consent is required by Section 7 of the 1933 Act.

Very truly yours,

/s/ Venable LLP

O'Melveny & Myers LLP
1301 Avenue of the Americas
Suite 1700
New York, NY 10019-6022

T: +1 212 326 2000
F: +1 212-326-2061
omm.com

January 21, 2025

To the Persons Identified
On Exhibit A Hereto

Re: Registration Statement on Form S-11

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have acted as special tax counsel to Sunrise Realty Trust, Inc., a Maryland corporation (the "Company"), in connection with its filing on the date hereof with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") of a registration statement on Form S-11 (as amended, the "Registration Statement"), under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Act").

You have requested our opinion concerning certain federal income tax considerations in connection with the issuance and sale of up to 6,325,000 shares of common stock, \$.01 par value per share (the "Common Stock"), of the Company (including up to 825,000 shares which the underwriters in the public offering have the option to purchase), including with respect to its election to be taxed as a real estate investment trust (a "REIT") under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code").

The opinion set forth in this letter is based on relevant provisions of the Code, Treasury Regulations thereunder (including proposed and temporary Treasury Regulations), and interpretations of the foregoing as expressed in court decisions, administrative determinations, and the legislative history as of the date hereof. These provisions and interpretations are subject to change, which may or may not be retroactive in effect, that might result in modifications of our opinion.

In rendering our opinion, we examined such records, certificates, documents and other materials as we considered necessary or appropriate as a basis for such opinion, including the following: (1) the registration statement on Form S-11 (as amended, the "Registration Statement"), (2) the corporate charter of the Company (3) the organizational documents of Sunrise Manager, LLC (the "Manager"), (4) the Sunrise Realty Trust, Inc. Stock Incentive Plan, and (5) such other documents and information provided to us as we deemed relevant to our opinion.

In addition, we have been provided with a certificate, dated January 21, 2025 (the "Officer's Certificate"), executed by a duly appointed officer of the Company, setting forth certain representations relating to the formation and operation of the Company and the Manager in the form previously provided to your counsel.

For purposes of our opinion, we have not made an independent investigation of the facts set forth in the documents provided by the Company, including the Officer's Certificate. We have consequently assumed, with your permission, that the information presented in such documents, or otherwise furnished to us, accurately and completely describes all material facts relevant to our opinion. No facts have come to our attention, however, that would cause us to question the accuracy and completeness of such facts, documents, or assumptions in a material way. We have also relied upon the opinion of Venable LLP, Baltimore, Maryland, dated January 21, 2025 with respect to Maryland law.

We have assumed for the purposes of this opinion that (i) the Company is validly organized and duly incorporated under the laws of the State of Maryland, (ii) the Manager is duly organized and a validly existing limited liability company under the laws of the State of Delaware, (iii) the transactions described in or contemplated by any of the aforementioned documents have been or will be consummated in accordance with the operative documents, (iv) the operative documents are enforceable in accordance with their terms, (v) the Company has been and will continue to be organized and operated in the manner described in the Officer's Certificate and the Registration Statement and the other relevant documents referred to above and (vi) the representations in the Officer's Certificate are and will remain true, correct and complete and that all representations made "to the best of the knowledge and belief" of any person(s) or party(ies) or with similar qualification or that are qualified as to materiality are and will be true, correct and complete as if made without such qualification. Any material change that is made after the date hereof in any of the foregoing bases for our opinion could affect our conclusions.

Based on the foregoing, we are of the opinion that:

1. Commencing with the Company's taxable year ended December 31, 2024, the Company has been organized and operated in a manner that will enable it to meet the requirements for qualification and taxation as a REIT, and its organization and current and proposed method of operation will enable it to meet the requirements for qualification and taxation as a REIT for its taxable year ending December 31, 2025 and each taxable year thereafter.

2. The statements set forth in the Registration Statement under the caption "U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations," insofar as they purport to describe the provisions of the laws and documents referred to therein, are accurate and complete in all material respects.

However, such sections of the Registration Statement are not exhaustive and do not purport to discuss any state or local tax considerations or all possible federal income tax considerations of the purchase, ownership and disposition of the Common Stock. In addition, the Company's qualification and taxation as a REIT depend upon the Company's ability to meet on a continuing basis, through actual annual operating and other results, the various requirements under the Code with regard to, among other things, the sources of its gross income, the composition of its assets, the level of its distributions to stockholders, and the diversity of its stock ownership. O'Melveny & Myers LLP will not review the Company's compliance with these requirements on a continuing basis. Accordingly, no assurance can be given that the actual results of the operations of the Company and its subsidiaries, the sources of their income, the nature of their assets, the level of the Company's distributions to stockholders and the diversity of its stock ownership for any given taxable year will satisfy the requirements under the Code for qualification and taxation as a REIT. We are opining herein

only with respect to the federal income tax laws of the United States, and we express no opinion with respect to the applicability thereto, or the effect thereon, of other federal laws or the laws of any state or other jurisdiction, or as to any matters of municipal law or the laws of any other local agencies within any state.

Other than as expressly stated above, we express no opinion on any issue relating to the Company or to any investment therein. Furthermore, we assume no obligation to advise you of any changes in the foregoing subsequent to the date of this letter, and we are not undertaking to update this letter after the date hereof.

This opinion is for your benefit in connection with the Registration Statement and may be relied upon by you and by persons entitled to rely upon it pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Act. We consent to your filing this opinion as an exhibit to the Registration Statement and to the reference to our firm contained in the Registration Statement under the headings "U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations" and "Legal Matters." In giving such consent, we do not thereby admit that we are in the category of persons whose consent is required under Section 7 of the Act or the rules and regulations of the Commission thereunder.

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ O'Melveny & Myers LLP

EXHIBIT A

Sunrise Realty Trust, Inc.
525 Okeechobee Blvd., Suite 1650
West Palm Beach, FL 33401

[--]

AMENDMENT NUMBER ONE TO LOAN AND SECURITY AGREEMENT

This Amendment Number One to Loan and Security Agreement (this “Amendment”) is entered into as of December 9, 2024 (the “First Amendment Effective Date”), by and among the lenders identified on the signature pages hereof (such lenders, together with their respective successors and permitted assigns, are referred to hereinafter each individually as a “Lender” and collectively as the “Lenders”), EAST WEST BANK, administrative agent for each member of the Lender Group and the Bank Product Providers (in such capacity, together with its successors and assigns in such capacity, “Agent”), as joint lead arranger (in such capacity, together with its successors and assigns in such capacity, the “Joint Lead Arranger”), and as joint book runner (in such capacity, together with its successors and assigns in such capacity, the “Joint Book Runner”), SUNRISE REALTY TRUST, INC., a Maryland corporation (“Existing Borrower”), and SUNRISE REALTY TRUST HOLDINGS I LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (“New Borrower”, and together with Existing Borrower, each individually a Borrower, and collectively, jointly and severally, the “Borrowers”), in light of the following:

- A. Agent, the Lenders, the Joint Lead Arranger, the Joint Book Runner and Existing Borrower have previously entered into that certain Loan and Security Agreement, dated as of November 6, 2024 (as amended, restated or otherwise modified from time to time, the “Agreement”);
- B. Existing Borrower has requested that New Borrower join as a “Borrower” under the Agreement and the other Loan Documents;
- C. In accordance with Section 15.1 of the Agreement, Agent, the Lenders (which shall constitute the Supermajority Lenders), and Borrower have agreed to amend the Agreement set forth herein.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises herein contained and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and adequacy of which are hereby acknowledged, Agent, the Lenders, and the Borrowers hereby agree as follows as of the First Amendment Effective Date:

1. **DEFINITIONS.** All initially capitalized terms used in this Amendment shall have the meanings given to them in the Agreement unless specifically defined herein.

2. **Amendment to Loan Agreement.** Each of the parties hereto agrees that, effective on the First Amendment Effective Date, the Agreement and certain exhibits to the Agreement shall be amended as set forth in the form of the Agreement attached as Annex A hereto, which represents the Agreement and those certain exhibits to the Agreement with changes to delete the red, stricken text (indicated textually in the same manner as the following example: ~~stricken text~~) and to add the blue, bold double-underlined text (indicated textually in the same manner as the following example: double-underlined text) as set forth in Annex A hereto. Lenders represent and warrant that only changes made pursuant to this Amendment are highlighted by ~~stricken text~~ or double-underlined text in the form of Agreement attached as Annex A hereto.

3. **REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES.**

(a) Each Borrower hereby affirms to Agent and the Lenders that all its representations and warranties set forth in the Loan Documents, after giving effect to this Amendment, are true, complete and accurate in all material respects except that such materiality qualifier shall not be applicable to any representations and warranties that already are qualified or modified by materiality in the text thereof as of the date hereof (except to the extent that such representations and warranties relate solely to an earlier date).

(b) Each Borrower represents and warrants as of the date hereof (i) it has the requisite corporate power and authority to execute and deliver this Amendment, and to perform its obligations hereunder and under the Loan Documents (as amended hereby) to which it is a party and (ii) the execution, delivery and performance by each Borrower of this Amendment have been duly approved by all necessary corporate action and does not (A) violate any material provision of federal, state, or local law or regulation applicable to any

Borrower or its Subsidiaries or (B) conflict with, result in a breach of, or constitute (with due notice or lapse of time or both) a default under any material contract of any Borrower or its Subsidiaries except to the extent that any such conflict, breach or default could not individually or in the aggregate reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect.

(c) Each Borrower represents and warrants as of the date hereof that this Amendment (i) has been duly executed and delivered by such Borrower, (ii) is the legal, valid and binding obligation of each Borrower, enforceable against such Borrower in accordance with its terms, and is in full force and effect, except to the extent that (A) the enforceability thereof may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium or other laws relating to or affecting generally the enforcement of creditors' rights or general principles of equity or (B) the availability of the remedies of specific performance or injunctive relief are subject to the discretion of the court before which any proceeding therefor may be brought, and (iii) does not and will not violate any material provision of the Governing Documents of any Borrower or its Subsidiaries.

4. **NO DEFAULTS.** Each Borrower hereby affirms to Agent and the Lenders that no Default or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing as of the date hereof.

5. **CONDITIONS PRECEDENT.** The effectiveness of this Amendment is expressly conditioned upon the following conditions precedent, each in form and substance satisfactory to Agent:

(a) receipt by Agent of a fully executed copy of this Amendment;

(b) receipt by Agent of a fully executed copy of that certain Joinder Agreement dated as of the date hereof, by and between Agent and New Borrower;

(c) receipt by Agent of a fully executed copy of that certain Pledge Agreement dated as of the date hereof, by and between Existing Borrower and Agent;

(d) receipt by Agent of a fully executed copy of that certain Amended and Restated Fee Letter, by and between the Borrowers and Agent;

(e) receipt by Agent of a financing statement to be filed in the office of the Delaware Secretary of State against New Borrower to perfect Agent's Liens in and to the Collateral of New Borrower;

(f) a certificate from an Authorized Signatory of New Borrower, dated as of the date hereof, (i) attesting to the resolutions of New Borrower's sole Member authorizing its execution, delivery, and performance of this Agreement and the other Loan Documents to which New Borrower is or will become a party, (ii) authorizing officers of New Borrower to execute the same, (iii) attesting to the incumbency and signatures of such specific officers of New Borrower, and (iv) including copies of New Borrower's Governing Documents, as amended, modified or supplement to the date hereof;

(g) certificates of status with respect to New Borrower, dated as of a recent date, such certificate to be issued by the appropriate officer of (i) the jurisdiction of organization of New Borrower and (ii) the jurisdictions other than Borrower's jurisdiction of organization, which certificate shall indicate that New Borrower is in good standing in such jurisdiction;

(h) Agent shall have (i) completed its business, legal, and collateral due diligence, including a collateral audit and review of New Borrower's and New Borrower's Subsidiaries' Books, a review of New Borrower's collateral valuation methods, verification of each of Borrower's representations and warranties to Agent, and audit of each of Borrower's systems and controls, the results of which shall be satisfactory to Agent, (ii) Agent shall have received completed reference checks (including personal credit reports, tax lien and litigation histories) with respect to New Borrower, its Affiliates and each of the Executive Officers, the results of which are satisfactory to Agent in its sole discretion, and (iii) if New Borrower qualifies as a "legal entity customer" under the Beneficial

Ownership Regulation, New Borrower shall deliver a Beneficial Ownership Certification in relation to New Borrower, which such Beneficial Ownership Certificate shall be complete and accurate in all respects; and

(i) such other agreements, instruments, approvals or other documents requested by Agent prior to the date hereof in order to create, perfect and establish the first priority of, or otherwise protect, any Lien purported to be covered by any Loan Document or otherwise to effect the intent that New Borrower shall become bound by all of the terms, covenants and agreements contained in the Loan Documents and that, to the extent set forth in the Loan and Security Agreement, all property and assets of New Borrower shall become Collateral for the Obligations.

6. **ACKNOWLEDGEMENT.** Each Borrower hereby acknowledges and reaffirms (a) all of its obligations and duties under the Loan Documents, and (b) that Agent, for the ratable benefit of the Lender Group, has and shall continue to have valid, perfected Liens in the Collateral.

7. **COSTS AND EXPENSES.** The Borrowers shall pay to Agent all of Lenders' reasonable and documented out-of-pocket costs and expenses (including, without limitation, the reasonable and documented fees and expenses of its counsel, which counsel may include any local counsel deemed necessary, search fees, filing and recording fees, documentation fees, appraisal fees, travel expenses, and other fees) arising in connection with the preparation, execution, and delivery of this Amendment and all related documents as well as expenses related to the maintenance of the facility (such as periodic searches).

8. **LIMITED EFFECT.** In the event of a conflict between the terms and provisions of this Amendment and the terms and provisions of the Agreement, the terms and provisions of this Amendment shall govern. In all other respects, the Agreement, as amended and supplemented hereby, shall remain in full force and effect.

9. **COUNTERPARTS; EFFECTIVENESS.** This Amendment may be executed in any number of counterparts and by different parties on separate counterparts, each of which when so executed and delivered shall be deemed to be an original. All such counterparts, taken together, shall constitute but one and the same Amendment. This Amendment shall become effective upon the execution of a counterpart of this Amendment by each of the parties hereto and satisfaction of each of the other conditions precedent set forth in Section 5 hereof. This Amendment is a Loan Document and is subject to all the terms and conditions, and entitled to all the protections, applicable to Loan Documents generally. Delivery of an executed counterpart of this Amendment by telefacsimile or .pdf shall be equally effective as delivery of a manually executed counterpart.

10. **CHOICE OF LAW AND VENUE; JURY TRIAL WAIVER; JUDICIAL REFERENCE.** Section 13 of the Agreement is incorporated herein by reference *mutatis mutandis*.

[Signatures on next page.]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this Amendment as of the date first set forth above.

EAST WEST BANK,
as Agent and Lender

By: /s/ Martin Kriegler
Name: Martin Kriegler
Title: Authorized Signatory

Amendment Number One
to Loan and Security Agreement

BORROWERS:

SUNRISE REALTY TRUST, INC.

a Maryland corporation

By: /s/ Brandon Hetzel
Title: Brandon Hetzel
Name: Chief Financial Officer

SUNRISE REALTY TRUST HOLDINGS I LLC

a Delaware limited liability company

By: /s/ Brian Sedrish
Title: Brian Sedrish
Name: Authorized Signatory

Amendment Number One
to Loan and Security Agreement

LOAN AND SECURITY AGREEMENT

by and among

EAST WEST BANK,

as Agent,

EAST WEST BANK,

as Joint Lead Arranger,

EAST WEST BANK,

as Joint Book Runner,

EAST WEST BANK

as Co-Syndication Agent,

EAST WEST BANK

as Co-Documentation Agents

THE LENDERS THAT ARE PARTIES HERETO

as the Lenders,

SUNRISE REALTY TRUST, INC.,

SUNRISE REALTY TRUST HOLDINGS I LLC,

individually and collectively

as Borrower

Dated as of November 6, 2024

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LOAN AND SECURITY AGREEMENT

THIS LOAN AND SECURITY AGREEMENT (this “Agreement”), is entered into as of November 6, 2024 by and among the lenders identified on the signature pages hereof (each of such lenders, together with its successors and permitted assigns, is referred to hereinafter as a “Lender”, as that term is hereinafter further defined), **EAST WEST BANK**, as administrative agent for each member of the Lender Group and the Bank Product Providers (in such capacity, together with its successors and assigns in such capacity, “Agent”), as joint lead arranger (in such capacity, together with its successors and assigns in such capacity, the “Joint Lead Arranger”), and as joint book runner (in such capacity, together with its successors and assigns in such capacity, the “Joint Book Runner”), **SUNRISE REALTY TRUST, INC.**, a Maryland corporation (“SUNS”), and **SUNRISE REALTY TRUST HOLDINGS I LLC**, a Delaware limited liability company (“SUNS Holdings I”), and together with SUNS and any other Person that joins this Agreement as a Borrower in accordance with the terms hereof, both individually and collectively, jointly and severally, the “Borrower”).

The parties agree as follows:

1. DEFINITIONS AND CONSTRUCTION.

1.1 **Definitions.** As used in this Agreement, the following terms shall have the following definitions:

“Account” means an account (as that term is defined in the Code).

“Account Debtor” means any Person who is obligated on an Account, chattel paper, a general intangible or an Obligor Loan Receivable.

“Accounting Changes” means changes in accounting principles required by the promulgation of any rule, regulation, pronouncement or opinion by the Financial Accounting Standards Board of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (or successor thereto or any agency with similar functions).

“Additional Borrower Documents” has the meaning specified therefor in Section 4.6(c) of this Agreement.

“Additional Loan Party Documents” has the meaning specified therefor in Section 6.12 of this Agreement.

“Administrative Borrower” has the meaning specified therefor in Section 17.13 of this Agreement.

“Administrative Questionnaire” has the meaning specified therefor in Section 14.1(a)(ii)(G) of this Agreement.

“Advance” and “Advances” have the meanings specified therefor in Section 2.1(a) of this Agreement.

“Advance Exposure” means, with respect to any Lender, as of any date of determination (a) prior to the termination of the Commitments, the amount of such Lender’s Commitment, and (b) after

the termination of the Commitments, the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the Advances of such Lender.

“Affected Financial Institution” means (a) any EEA Financial Institution or (b) any UK Financial Institution.

“Affiliate” means, as applied to any Person, any other Person who controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with, such Person. For purposes of this definition, “control” means the possession, directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, of the power to direct the management and policies of a Person, whether through the ownership of Equity Interests, by contract, or otherwise; provided, that, for purposes of Section 7.11 of this Agreement: (a) if any Person owns directly or indirectly 20% or more of the Equity Interests having ordinary voting power for the election of directors or other members of the governing body of a Person or 10% or more of the partnership or other ownership interests of a Person (other than as a limited partner of such Person), then both such Persons shall be Affiliates of each other, (b) each director (or comparable manager) of a Person shall be deemed to be an Affiliate of such Person, and (c) each partnership in which a Person is a general partner shall be deemed an Affiliate of such Person.

“Agent” has the meaning specified therefor in the preamble to this Agreement.

“Agent-Related Persons” means Agent, together with its Affiliates, officers, directors, employees, attorneys, and agents.

“Agent’s Account” means the Deposit Account of Agent identified on Schedule A-1 to this Agreement (or such other Deposit Account of Agent that has been designated as such, in writing, by Agent to Borrower and the Lenders).

“Agent’s Liens” means the Liens granted by each Loan Party or its Subsidiaries to Agent under the Loan Documents and securing the Obligations.

“Agreement” means this Loan and Security Agreement, as amended, restated, amended and restated, supplemented, or otherwise modified from time to time.

“Agreement Among Lenders, Obligor Agent, and EWB Agent” means that certain Agreement Among Lenders, Obligor Agent, and EWB Agent to be entered among Obligor Loan Agent, Borrower, the other Obligor Lenders, and Agent.

“Amendment Number One” means that certain Amendment Number One to the Loan and Security Agreement dated as of December 9, 2024, by and among the Lenders, Agent, and Borrower.

“Amendment Number One Effective Date” shall mean December 9, 2024.

“Anti-Corruption Laws” means the FCPA, the U.K. Bribery Act of 2010, as amended, and all other applicable laws and regulations or ordinances concerning or relating to bribery or corruption in any jurisdiction in which any Loan Party or any of its Subsidiaries or Affiliates is located or is doing business.

“Anti-Money Laundering Laws” means the applicable laws or regulations in any jurisdiction in which any Loan Party or any of its Subsidiaries or Affiliates is located or is doing business

that relates to money laundering, any predicate crime to money laundering, or any financial record keeping and reporting requirements related thereto.

“Applicable Interest Rate” means a variable annual rate equal to the greater of: (i) SOFR plus two and three quarters of one percent (2.75%) and (ii) the Floor, provided, however, that the Applicable Interest Rate will increase by an additional twenty five basis points (0.25%) during any Increase Rate Month.

“Applicable Prepayment Premium” means, as of any date of determination, an amount equal to (i) during the period from the Initial Funding Date up to (but not including) the date that is the first anniversary of the Initial Funding Date, 1% times the Maximum Revolver Amount on the date immediately prior to the date of determination and (ii) from and after the date that is the first anniversary of the Initial Funding Date, 0%.

“Applicable Revolver Reduction Premium” means, as of any date of determination, an amount equal to (i) during the period from the Initial Funding Date up to (but not including) the date that is the first anniversary of the Initial Funding Date, 1% times the amount of the reduction of the Commitments on such date and (ii) from and after the date that is the first anniversary of the Initial Funding Date, 0%.

“Application Event” means the occurrence of (a) a failure by Borrower to repay all of the Obligations in full on the Maturity Date, or (b) an Event of Default and the election by Agent or the Required Lenders to require that payments and proceeds of Collateral be applied pursuant to Section 2.3(b)(ii) of this Agreement.

“Assignee” has the meaning specified therefor in Section 14.1(a)(i) of this Agreement.

“Assignment and Acceptance” means an Assignment and Acceptance Agreement substantially in the form of Exhibit A-1 to this Agreement.

“Authorized Person” means any one of the individuals identified as an officer of Borrower on Schedule A-2 to this Agreement, or any other individual identified by Administrative Borrower as an authorized person and authenticated through Agent’s electronic platform or portal in accordance with its procedures for such authentication.

“Availability” means, as of any date of determination, the amount that Borrower is entitled to borrow as Advances under Section 2.1 of this Agreement (after giving effect to the then outstanding Revolver Usage).

“Available Increase Amount” means, as of any date of determination, an amount equal to the result of (a) \$150,000,000 *minus* (b) the aggregate principal amount of Increases to the Commitments previously made pursuant to Section 2.13 of this Agreement.

“Average Revolver Usage” means, with respect to any period, the sum of the aggregate amount of Revolver Usage for each day in such period (calculated as of the end of each respective day) divided by the number of days in such period.

“Bail-In Action” means the exercise of any Write-Down and Conversion Powers by the applicable Resolution Authority in respect of any liability of an Affected Financial Institution.

“Bail-In Legislation” means, (a) with respect to any EEA Member Country implementing Article 55 of Directive 2014/59/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of the European Union, the implementing law, rule, regulation or requirement for such EEA Member Country from time to time which is described in the EU Bail-In Legislation Schedule, and (b) with respect to the United Kingdom, Part I of the United Kingdom Banking Act 2009 (as amended from time to time) and any other law, regulation or rule applicable in the United Kingdom relating to the resolution of unsound or failing banks, investment firms or other financial institutions or their affiliates (other than through liquidation, administration or other insolvency proceedings).

“Bank Product” means any one or more of the following financial products or accommodations extended to Borrower or its Subsidiaries by a Bank Product Provider: (a) credit cards (including commercial cards (including so-called “purchase cards,” “procurement cards” or “p-cards”)), (b) payment processing services, (c) debit cards, (d) stored value cards, (e) Cash Management Services, or (f) transactions under Hedge Agreements.

“Bank Product Agreements” means those agreements entered into from time to time by Borrower or its Subsidiaries with a Bank Product Provider in connection with the obtaining of any of the Bank Products.

“Bank Product Collateralization” means providing cash collateral (pursuant to documentation reasonably satisfactory to Agent) to be held by Agent for the benefit of the Bank Product Providers (other than the Hedge Providers) in an amount determined by Agent as sufficient to satisfy the reasonably estimated credit exposure, operational risk or processing risk with respect to the then existing Bank Product Obligations (other than Hedge Obligations).

“Bank Product Obligations” means (a) all obligations, liabilities, reimbursement obligations, fees, or expenses owing by Borrower or its Subsidiaries to any Bank Product Provider pursuant to or evidenced by a Bank Product Agreement and irrespective of whether for the payment of money, whether direct or indirect, absolute or contingent, due or to become due, now existing or hereafter arising, (b) all Hedge Obligations, and (c) all amounts that Agent or any Lender is obligated to pay to a Bank Product Provider as a result of Agent or such Lender purchasing participations from, or executing guarantees or indemnities or reimbursement obligations to, a Bank Product Provider with respect to the Bank Products provided by such Bank Product Provider to Borrower or its Subsidiaries.

“Bank Product Provider” means EWB or any of its Affiliates, including each of the foregoing in its capacity, if applicable, as a Hedge Provider.

“Bank Product Reserves” means, as of any date of determination, those reserves that Agent deems necessary or appropriate to establish in its Permitted Discretion (based upon the Bank Product Providers’ determination of the liabilities and obligations of Borrower and its Subsidiaries in respect of Bank Products) in respect of Bank Product Obligations then provided or outstanding.

“Bankruptcy Code” means title 11 of the United States Code, as in effect from time to time.

“Base Rate” means the greatest of (a) the Federal Funds Rate *plus* one half of one percent (0.50%) and (b) the highest rate published from time to time by the Wall Street Journal as the Prime Rate, or, in the event the Wall Street Journal ceases to publish the Prime Rate, the base, reference or other rate then designated by EWB for general commercial loan reference purposes, it being understood that such rate is a reference rate, not necessarily the lowest, established from time to time, which serves as the basis

upon which effective interest rates are calculated for loans making reference thereto (and, if any such announced rate is below zero, then the rate determined pursuant to this clause (b) shall be deemed to be zero). The effective interest rate applicable to undersigned's loans shall change on the date of each change in the Wall Street Journal Prime Rate.

“Beneficial Ownership Certification” means a certification regarding beneficial ownership as required by the Beneficial Ownership Regulation.

“Beneficial Ownership Regulation” means 31 C.F.R. § 1010.230.

“Benefit Plan” means a “defined benefit plan” (as defined in Section 3(35) of ERISA) for which any Loan Party or any of its Subsidiaries or ERISA Affiliates has been an “employer” (as defined in Section 3(5) of ERISA) within the past six years.

“BHC Act Affiliate” of a Person means an “affiliate” (as such term is defined under, and interpreted in accordance with, 12 U.S.C. 1841(k)) of such Person.

“Board of Directors” means, as to any Person, the board of directors (or comparable managers) of such Person, or any committee thereof duly authorized to act on behalf of the board of directors (or comparable managers).

“Board of Governors” means the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System of the United States (or any successor).

“Books” means all of Borrower's and its Subsidiaries' now owned or hereafter acquired books and records (including all of their Records indicating, summarizing, or evidencing their assets (including the Collateral) or liabilities, all of Borrower's and its Subsidiaries' Records relating to their business operations or financial condition, and all of their goods or General Intangibles related to such information).

“Borrower” has the meaning specified therefor in the preamble to this Agreement.

“Borrower Materials” has the meaning specified therefor in Section 18.9(c) of this Agreement.

“Borrower Pro Rata Hold” means Borrower's pro rata interest as a lender in the unfunded commitments and outstanding loans in any Obligor Loan Receivable.

“Borrowing” means a borrowing consisting of Advances made on the same day by the Lenders (or Agent on behalf thereof), or by Swing Lender in the case of a Swing Loan, or by Agent in the case of an Extraordinary Advance.

“Borrowing Base” means, as of any date of determination, the result of:

- (a) fifty percent (50%) of the Borrower Pro Rata Hold of the outstanding principal balance of loans under the Eligible Non-Mezzanine Loan Receivables, plus
- (b) fifty percent (50%) of the Borrower Pro Rata Hold of the outstanding principal balance of loans under the Eligible Mezzanine Loan Receivables but not to

exceed ten percent (10%) of the Borrower Pro Rata Hold of the outstanding principal balance of all loans under the Eligible Obligor Loan Receivables; plus

- (c) 100% of the funds maintained in the Borrowing Base Cash Account, minus
- (d) the aggregate amount of any issue discounts, syndication discounts, or any other discounts in respect of the Borrower Pro Rata Hold under the Eligible Obligor Loan Receivables; minus
- (e) the amount of any loss reserves established by Borrower in respect of the Eligible Obligor Loan Receivables; minus
- (f) the aggregate amount of reserves, if any, established by Agent from time to time under Section 2.1(c) of this Agreement.

“Borrowing Base Cash Account” means a blocked account maintained at EWB in which the Borrower may deposit funds but may only withdraw funds with Agent’s prior written consent.

“Borrowing Base Certificate” means a certificate substantially in the form of Exhibit B-1 to this Agreement, which such form of Borrowing Base Certificate may be amended, restated, supplemented, or otherwise modified from time to time (including without limitation, changes to the format thereof), as approved by Agent in consultation with Borrower.

“Business Day” means any day that is not a Saturday, Sunday, or other day on which banks are authorized or required to close in the state of California and, if the applicable Business Day relates to SOFR, such day also must be a U.S. Government Securities Business Day.

“Capital Expenditures” means, with respect to any Person for any period, the amount of all expenditures by such Person and its Subsidiaries during such period that are capital expenditures as determined in accordance with GAAP, whether such expenditures are paid in cash or financed, but excluding, without duplication (a) expenditures made during such period in connection with the replacement, substitution, or restoration of assets or properties, (b) with respect to the purchase price of assets that are purchased substantially contemporaneously with the trade-in of existing assets during such period, the amount that the gross amount of such purchase price is reduced by the credit granted by the seller of such assets for the assets being traded in at such time, (c) any portion of such expenditures paid for with the proceeds of any issuance of Equity Interests or capital contribution from the holders of such Person’s Equity Interests, and (d) expenditures during such period that, pursuant to a written agreement, are reimbursed by a third Person (excluding Borrower or any of its Affiliates).

“Capital Lease” means a lease that is required to be capitalized for financial reporting purposes in accordance with GAAP.

“Capitalized Lease Obligation” means that portion of the obligations under a Capital Lease that is required to be capitalized in accordance with GAAP.

“Cash Equivalents” means (a) marketable direct obligations issued by, or unconditionally guaranteed by, the United States or issued by any agency thereof and backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, in each case maturing within one year from the date of acquisition thereof, (b) marketable direct obligations issued or fully guaranteed by any state of the United States or any political subdivision of any such state or any public instrumentality thereof maturing within one year from the date

of acquisition thereof and, at the time of acquisition, having one of the two highest ratings obtainable from either Standard & Poor's Rating Group ("S&P") or Moody's Investors Service, Inc. ("Moody's"), (c) commercial paper maturing no more than 270 days from the date of creation thereof and, at the time of acquisition, having a rating of at least A-1 from S&P or at least P-1 from Moody's, (d) certificates of deposit, time deposits, overnight bank deposits or bankers' acceptances maturing within one year from the date of acquisition thereof issued by any bank organized under the laws of the United States or any state thereof or the District of Columbia or any United States branch of a foreign bank having at the date of acquisition thereof combined capital and surplus of not less than \$500,000,000, (e) Deposit Accounts maintained with (i) any bank that satisfies the criteria described in clause (d) above, or (ii) any other bank organized under the laws of the United States or any state thereof so long as the full amount maintained with any such other bank is insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, (f) repurchase obligations of any commercial bank satisfying the requirements of clause (d) of this definition or of any recognized securities dealer having combined capital and surplus of not less than \$500,000,000, having a term of not more than seven days, with respect to securities satisfying the criteria in clauses (a) or (d) above, (g) debt securities with maturities of six months or less from the date of acquisition backed by standby letters of credit issued by any commercial bank satisfying the criteria described in clause (d) above, and (h) Investments in money market funds substantially all of whose assets are invested in the types of assets described in clauses (a) through (g) above.

"Cash Management Account" has the meaning specified therefor in Section 2.14(b) of this Agreement.

"Cash Management Bank" has the meaning specified therefor in Section 2.14(a) of this Agreement.

"Cash Management Services" means any cash management or related services including treasury, depository, return items, overdraft, controlled disbursement, merchant store value cards, e-payables services, electronic funds transfer, interstate depository network, automatic clearing house transfer (including the Automated Clearing House processing of electronic funds transfers through the direct Federal Reserve Fedline system) and other cash management arrangements.

"CFC" means a controlled foreign corporation (as that term is defined in the IRC) in which any Loan Party is a "United States shareholder" within the meaning of Section 951(b) of the IRC.

"Change in Law" means the occurrence after the date of this Agreement of: (a) the adoption or effectiveness of any law, rule, regulation, judicial ruling, judgment or treaty, (b) any change in any law, rule, regulation, judicial ruling, judgment or treaty or in the administration, interpretation, implementation or application by any Governmental Authority of any law, rule, regulation, guideline or treaty, or (c) the making or issuance by any Governmental Authority of any request, rule, guideline or directive, whether or not having the force of law; provided that notwithstanding anything in this Agreement to the contrary, (i) the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act and all requests, rules, guidelines or directives thereunder or issued in connection therewith and (ii) all requests, rules, guidelines or directives concerning capital adequacy promulgated by the Bank for International Settlements, the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision (or any successor or similar authority) or the United States or foreign regulatory authorities shall, in each case, be deemed to be a "Change in Law," regardless of the date enacted, adopted or issued.

“Change of Control” means that:

(a) any sale, lease, exchange or other transfer (in one transaction or a series of related transactions) of all or substantially all of the assets of Borrower and Borrower’s Subsidiaries, taken as a whole, to any Person or group of related Persons for purposes of Section 13(d) of the Exchange Act (a “Group”), together with any Affiliates thereof (whether or not otherwise in compliance with the provisions of this Agreement);

(b) the approval by the holders of capital stock of Borrower of any plan or proposal for the liquidation or dissolution of Borrower (whether or not otherwise in compliance with the provisions of this Agreement); or

(c) any Person or Group, shall become the owner beneficially or of record of Equity Interests of Borrower representing 35% or more of the combined voting power of all Equity Interests of Borrower entitled (without regard to the occurrence of any contingency) to vote for the election of members of the Board of Directors of Borrower.

“Chattel Paper” means chattel paper (as that term is defined in the Code), and includes tangible chattel paper and electronic chattel paper.

“Closing Certificate” means the Closing Certificate executed and delivered by Borrower, in form and substance satisfactory to Agent, dated as of the Closing Date.

“Closing Date” means the date on which the conditions precedent set forth in Section 3.2 are satisfied or waived.

“Co-Documentation Agents” has the meaning set forth in the preamble to this Agreement.

“Co-Lender Agreement” means that certain Co-Lender Agreement to be entered among SRT Agent, SRTH, and Obligor Lenders.

“Co-Syndication Agents” has the meaning set forth in the preamble to this Agreement.

“Code” means the New York Uniform Commercial Code, as in effect from time to time.

“Collateral” means Obligor Borrowing Base Collateral and Other Collateral; provided, that upon Agent’s receipt of evidence reasonably satisfactory to Agent of any Other Collateral Release Transaction, Collateral shall immediately and automatically exclude “Other Collateral”.

“Collection Account” means a Deposit Account in the name of Borrower established by Borrower prior to the Closing Date at EWB subject to a first-priority Agent’s Lien, subject only to Permitted Liens, to which all Collections payable to Borrower shall be deposited by Borrower and which shall, absent the existence of an Event of Default, remain subject to instructions given by Borrower.

“Collections” means all cash, checks, notes, instruments, and other items of payment (including insurance proceeds, cash proceeds of asset sales, rental proceeds, and tax refunds, payments and prepayments of principal, interest, fees, premiums, penalties, payments under supporting obligations

and other payments paid with respect to or in connection with Obligor Loan Receivables or Obligor Loan Collateral).

“Commercial Tort Claims” means commercial tort claims (as that term is defined in the Code), and includes those commercial tort claims listed on Schedule 5.6(d).

“Commitment” means, with respect to each Lender, such Dollar amount as is set forth beside such Lender’s name on Schedule C-1 to this Agreement, as the same may be updated by Agent to reflect an increase in the Maximum Revolver Amount after the Closing Date in accordance with Section 2.13, or in the Assignment and Acceptance pursuant to which such Lender became a Lender under this Agreement, as such amounts may be reduced or increased from time to time pursuant to assignments made in accordance with the provisions of Section 15.1 of this Agreement.

“Commodity Exchange Act” means the Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. § 1 et seq.), as amended from time to time, and any successor statute.

“Compliance Certificate” means a certificate substantially in the form of Exhibit C-1 to this Agreement delivered by the chief financial officer or treasurer of Administrative Borrower to Agent.

“Confidential Information” has the meaning specified therefor in Section 18.9(a) of this Agreement.

“Control Agreement” means a control agreement, in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to Agent, executed and delivered by Borrower or one of its Subsidiaries, Agent, and the applicable securities intermediary (with respect to a Securities Account) or bank (with respect to a Deposit Account).

“Consolidated Debt” means the sum of (without duplication) all Indebtedness for borrowed money, Capitalized Lease Obligations and Disqualified Equity Interests of Borrower and its Subsidiaries for such period.

“Covered Entity” means any of the following:

- (a) a “covered entity” as that term is defined in, and interpreted in accordance with, 12 C.F.R. § 252.82(b);
- (b) a “covered bank” as that term is defined in, and interpreted in accordance with, 12 C.F.R. § 47.3(b); or
- (c) a “covered FSI” as that term is defined in, and interpreted in accordance with, 12 C.F.R. § 382.2(b).

“Covered Party” has the meaning specified therefor in Section 18.13 of this Agreement.

“Debt Service” means for any period the sum of all regularly scheduled principal and interest payments due and payable in cash on all Consolidated Debt of Borrower and its Subsidiaries for such period.

“Debt Service Coverage Ratio” means the ratio, as of any date, of (a) EBITDA of Borrower and its Subsidiaries for the four fiscal quarters ended most recently as of such date, to (b) Debt Service for the four fiscal quarters ended most recently as of such date.

“Default” means an event, condition, or default that, with the giving of notice, the passage of time, or both, would be an Event of Default.

“Default Right” has the meaning assigned to that term in, and shall be interpreted in accordance with, 12 C.F.R. §§ 252.81, 47.2 or 382.1, as applicable.

“Defaulting Lender” means any Lender that (a) has failed to (i) fund all or any portion of its Loans within two Business Days of the date such Loans were required to be funded hereunder unless such Lender notifies Agent and Administrative Borrower in writing that such failure is the result of such Lender’s determination that one or more conditions precedent to funding (each of which conditions precedent, together with any applicable Default or Event of Default, shall be specifically identified in such writing) has not been satisfied, or (ii) pay to Agent or any other Lender any other amount required to be paid by it hereunder within two Business Days of the date when due, (b) has notified Administrative Borrower and Agent in writing that it does not intend to comply with its funding obligations hereunder, or has made a public statement to that effect (unless such writing or public statement relates to such Lender’s obligation to fund a Loan hereunder and states that such position is based on such Lender’s determination that a condition precedent to funding (which condition precedent, together with any applicable Default or Event of Default, shall be specifically identified in such writing or public statement) cannot be satisfied), (c) has failed, within three Business Days after written request by Agent or Administrative Borrower, to confirm in writing to Agent and Administrative Borrower that it will comply with its prospective funding obligations hereunder (provided, that such Lender shall cease to be a Defaulting Lender pursuant to this clause (c) upon receipt of such written confirmation by Agent and Administrative Borrower), or (d) has, or has a direct or indirect parent company that has, (i) become the subject of any Insolvency Proceeding, (ii) had appointed for it a receiver, custodian, conservator, trustee, administrator, assignee for the benefit of creditors or similar Person charged with reorganization or liquidation of its business or assets, including the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other state or federal regulatory authority acting in such a capacity, or (iii) become the subject of a Bail-in Action; provided, that a Lender shall not be a Defaulting Lender solely by virtue of the ownership or acquisition of any equity interest in that Lender or any direct or indirect parent company thereof by a Governmental Authority so long as such ownership interest does not result in or provide such Lender with immunity from the jurisdiction of courts within the United States or from the enforcement of judgments or writs of attachment on its assets or permit such Lender (or such Governmental Authority) to reject, repudiate, disavow or disaffirm any contracts or agreements made with such Lender. Any determination by Agent that a Lender is a Defaulting Lender under any one or more of clauses (a) through (d) above shall be conclusive and binding absent manifest error, and such Lender shall be deemed to be a Defaulting Lender upon delivery of written notice of such determination to Administrative Borrower and each Lender.

“Defaulting Lender Rate” means (a) for the first three days from and after the date the relevant payment is due, the Base Rate, and (b) thereafter, the interest rate then applicable to Advances.

“Deposit Account” means any deposit account (as that term is defined in the Code).

“Designated Account” means the Deposit Account of Administrative Borrower identified on Schedule D-1 to this Agreement (or such other Deposit Account of Administrative Borrower located at Designated Account Bank that has been designated as such, in writing, by Borrower to Agent).

“Designated Account Bank” has the meaning specified therefor in Schedule D-1 to this Agreement (or such other bank that is located within the United States that has been designated as such, in writing, by Borrower to Agent).

“Disqualified Equity Interests” means any Equity Interests that, by their terms (or by the terms of any security or other Equity Interests into which they are convertible or for which they are exchangeable), or upon the happening of any event or condition (a) matures or are mandatorily redeemable (other than solely for Qualified Equity Interests), pursuant to a sinking fund obligation or otherwise (except as a result of a change of control or asset sale so long as any rights of the holders thereof upon the occurrence of a change of control or asset sale event shall be subject to the prior repayment in full of the Loans and all other Obligations that are accrued and payable and the termination of the Commitments), (b) are redeemable at the option of the holder thereof (other than solely for Qualified Equity Interests), in whole or in part, (c) provide for the scheduled payments of dividends in cash, or (d) are or become convertible into or exchangeable for Indebtedness or any other Equity Interests that would constitute Disqualified Equity Interests, in each case, prior to the date that is 180 days after the Maturity Date.

“Disqualified Institution” means, on any date, (a) any Person designated by Administrative Borrower as a “Disqualified Institution” by written notice delivered to Agent prior to the date hereof, and (b) those Persons who are direct competitors of Borrower identified in writing by Administrative Borrower to Agent from time to time, subject to the written consent of Agent; provided, that “Disqualified Institutions” shall exclude any Person that Administrative Borrower has designated as no longer being a “Disqualified Institution” by written notice delivered to Agent from time to time; provided further, that in connection with any assignment or participation, the Assignee or Participant with respect to such proposed assignment or participation that is an investment bank, a commercial bank, a finance company, a fund, or other Person which merely has an economic interest in any such direct competitor, and is not itself such a direct competitor of Borrower or its Subsidiaries, shall not be deemed to be a Disqualified Institution for the purposes of this definition.

“Dollars” or “\$” means United States dollars.

“Domestic Subsidiary” means any Subsidiary of any Loan Party that is not a Foreign Subsidiary.

“EWB” means East West Bank.

“EBITDA” means, with respect to any fiscal period and with respect to Borrower, determined in each case, on a consolidated basis in accordance with GAAP, Net Income (or loss) minus extraordinary gains and previously accrued payment in kind interest received to the extent actually repaid and received in cash plus the sum of: (i) interest expense, income taxes, (ii) depreciation and amortization, (iii) reserves for current expected credit losses, (iv) stock compensation, (v) unrealized gains or losses on loans held at fair value, (vi) other non-cash items, and (vii) as approved in writing by the Agent, all unusual, extraordinary, infrequent, or non-recurring items, in each case for such fiscal period.

“EEA Financial Institution” means (a) any credit institution or investment firm established in any EEA Member Country which is subject to the supervision of an EEA Resolution Authority, (b) any entity established in an EEA Member Country which is a parent of an institution described in clause (a) of this definition, or (c) any financial institution established in an EEA Member Country which is a subsidiary of an institution described in clauses (a) or (b) of this definition and is subject to consolidated supervision with its parent.

“EEA Member Country” means any of the member states of the European Union, Iceland, Liechtenstein, and Norway.

“EEA Resolution Authority” means any public administrative authority or any person entrusted with public administrative authority of any EEA Member Country (including any delegee) having responsibility for the resolution of any EEA Financial Institution.

“Eligible Deposit Balance” means unrestricted cash in deposit accounts maintained at EWB by Eligible Depositor Parties that are subject to Agent’s Lien, provided, however, that Eligible Deposit Balance will not include any deposit accounts that qualify as an Eligible Deposit Balance or similar term under any other credit facility where EWB is the administrative agent or sole Lender thereunder, as of the date of determination.

“Eligible Depositor Parties” means each Loan Party and their Subsidiaries, SRT Agent, any Affiliate of a Loan Party, and any Obligor (or by Obligor Loan Agent or Borrower on behalf of any such Obligor) to the extent such Obligor maintains deposit accounts at EWB holding unrestricted cash as required by any Eligible Obligor Loan Receivable; provided, however, that Eligible Depositor Parties will not include any Loan Party or any Subsidiary or Affiliate of a Loan Party that is a borrower or guarantor under any other credit facility where EWB is the administrative agent or sole Lender thereunder, as of the date of determination.

“Eligible Mezzanine Loan Receivable” means those Mezzanine Loan Receivables as of the Closing Date set forth on Schedule E-1 and additional Mezzanine Loan Receivables that comply in all material respects with the representations and warranties made by Borrower to the Lender Group in the Loan Documents respecting the Eligible Obligor Loan Receivables (except for the representation set forth in Section 5.25(j) of this Agreement in respect any second priority security interest in real property collateral) and are otherwise acceptable to the Agent in its sole discretion as of the date of their initial inclusion in the Borrowing Base by Borrower and are added to Schedule E-1 by amendment; provided that if any Obligor Triggering Event occurs with respect to any Eligible Obligor Loan Receivable, the Agent may, in its sole discretion, deem such Obligor Loan Receivable to be ineligible and exclude such Obligor Loan Receivable from the calculation of the Borrowing Base.

“Eligible Non-Mezzanine Loan Receivable” means those Obligor Loan Receivables (other than a Mezzanine Loan Receivable) as of the Closing Date set forth on Schedule E-1 and additional Obligor Loan Receivables (other than a Mezzanine Loan Receivables) that comply in all material respects with the representations and warranties and covenants made by Borrower to the Lender Group in the Loan Documents respecting the Eligible Obligor Loan Receivables and are otherwise acceptable to the Agent in its sole discretion as of the date of their initial inclusion in the Borrowing Base by Borrower and are added to Schedule E-1 by amendment; provided that if any Obligor Triggering Event occurs with respect to any Eligible Obligor Loan Receivable, the Agent may, in its sole discretion, deem such Obligor Loan Receivable to be ineligible and exclude such Obligor Loan Receivable from the calculation of the Borrowing Base.

“Eligible Obligor Loan Receivables” means Eligible Mezzanine Loan Receivables and Eligible Non-Mezzanine Loan Receivables; provided that, unless otherwise approved by Agent, (a) Obligor Loan Receivables with respect to an Obligor or its Affiliates in excess of twenty five percent (25%) of all Eligible Obligor Loan Receivables shall be excluded from the Borrowing Base calculation at the time of determination to the extent of the obligations owing by such Obligor and its Affiliates in excess of such percentage, (b) Hospitality Loan Receivables in excess of twenty five (25%) of all Eligible Obligor Loan Receivables shall be excluded from the Borrowing Base calculation at the time of determination, (c) Office Loan Receivables in excess of twenty five (25%) of Eligible Obligor Loan Receivables shall be excluded from the Borrowing Base calculation at the time of determination, (d) (i) if Borrower is not designated as the “Directing Lender” or such similar term under the applicable Intra-Lender Agreement associated with an Obligor Loan Receivable and (ii) such Obligor Loan Receivable is not otherwise pledged as “collateral” in connection with the SRTH Loan Agreement, then such Obligor Loan Receivable shall be excluded from the Borrowing Base calculation at the time of determination, and (e) if any Obligor Triggering Event occurs with respect to any Eligible Obligor Loan Receivable, the Agent may, in its sole discretion, deem such Obligor Loan Receivable to be ineligible and exclude such Obligor Loan Receivable from the calculation of the Borrowing Base hereunder.

“Eligible Transferee” means (a) any Lender (other than a Defaulting Lender), any Affiliate of any Lender and any Related Fund of any Lender; (b) (i) a commercial bank organized under the laws of the United States or any state thereof, and having total assets in excess of \$1,000,000,000; (ii) a savings and loan association or savings bank organized under the laws of the United States or any state thereof, and having total assets in excess of \$1,000,000,000; (iii) a commercial bank organized under the laws of any other country or a political subdivision thereof; provided that (A) (x) such bank is acting through a branch or agency located in the United States or (y) such bank is organized under the laws of a country that is a member of the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development or a political subdivision of such country, and (B) such bank has total assets in excess of \$1,000,000,000; (c) any other entity (other than a natural person) that is an “accredited investor” (as defined in Regulation D under the Securities Act) that extends credit or buys loans as one of its businesses including insurance companies, investment or mutual funds and lease financing companies, and having total assets in excess of \$1,000,000,000; and (d) during the continuation of an Event of Default, any other Person approved by Agent.

“Environmental Action” means any written complaint, summons, citation, notice, directive, order, claim, litigation, investigation, judicial or administrative proceeding, judgment, letter, or other written communication from any Governmental Authority, or any third party involving violations of Environmental Laws or releases of Hazardous Materials (a) from any assets, properties, or businesses of Borrower, any Subsidiary of Borrower, or any of their predecessors in interest, (b) from adjoining properties or businesses, or (c) from or onto any facilities which received Hazardous Materials generated by Borrower, any Subsidiary of Borrower, or any of their predecessors in interest.

“Environmental Law” means any applicable federal, state, provincial, foreign or local statute, law, rule, regulation, ordinance, code, binding and enforceable guideline, binding and enforceable written policy, or rule of common law now or hereafter in effect and in each case as amended, or any judicial or administrative interpretation thereof, including any judicial or administrative order, consent decree or judgment, in each case, to the extent binding on any Loan Party or its Subsidiaries, relating to the environment, the effect of the environment on employee health, or Hazardous Materials, in each case as amended from time to time.

“Environmental Liabilities” means all liabilities, monetary obligations, losses, damages, costs and expenses (including all reasonable fees, disbursements and expenses of counsel, experts, or consultants, and costs of investigation and feasibility studies), fines, penalties, sanctions, and interest incurred as a result of any claim or demand, or Remedial Action required, by any Governmental Authority or any third party, and which relate to any Environmental Action.

“Environmental Lien” means any Lien in favor of any Governmental Authority for Environmental Liabilities.

“Equipment” means equipment (as that term is defined in the Code).

“Equity Interests” means, with respect to a Person, all of the shares, options, warrants, interests, participations, or other equivalents (regardless of how designated) of or in such Person, whether voting or nonvoting, including capital stock (or other ownership or profit interests or units), preferred stock, or any other “equity security” (as such term is defined in Rule 3a11-1 of the General Rules and Regulations promulgated by the SEC under the Exchange Act).

“ERISA” means the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended, and any successor statute thereto.

“ERISA Affiliate” means (a) any Person subject to ERISA whose employees are treated as employed by the same employer as the employees of any Loan Party or its Subsidiaries under IRC Section 414(b), (b) any trade or business subject to ERISA whose employees are treated as employed by the same employer as the employees of any Loan Party or any of its Subsidiaries under IRC Section 414(c), (c) solely for purposes of Section 302 of ERISA and Section 412 of the IRC, any organization subject to ERISA that is a member of an affiliated service group of which any Loan Party or any of its Subsidiaries is a member under IRC Section 414(m), or (d) solely for purposes of Section 302 of ERISA and Section 412 of the IRC, any Person subject to ERISA that is a party to an arrangement with any Loan Party or any of its Subsidiaries and whose employees are aggregated with the employees of such Loan Party or its Subsidiaries under IRC Section 414(o).

“EU Bail-In Legislation Schedule” means the EU Bail-In Legislation Schedule published by the Loan Market Association (or any successor person), as in effect from time to time.

“Event of Default” has the meaning specified therefor in Section 9 of this Agreement.

“Excess” has the meaning specified therefor in Section 2.13 of this Agreement.

“Exchange Act” means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as in effect from time to time.

“Excluded Accounts” means Deposit Accounts (a) specially and exclusively used for payroll, payroll taxes and other employee wage and benefit payments to or for Loan Parties’ employees, (b) specially and exclusively used for any trust, escrow, or other similar fiduciary account, in each case, approved by Agent, and (c) any petty cash account and similar Deposit Accounts with de minimis balances with an aggregate amount on deposit therein of not more than \$250,000 at any one time for all such Deposit Accounts in respect of this clause (c).

“Excluded Swap Obligation” means, with respect to any Loan Party, any Swap Obligation if, and to the extent that, all or a portion of the guaranty of such Loan Party of (including by

virtue of the joint and several liability provisions of Section 2.15), or the grant by such Loan Party of a security interest to secure, such Swap Obligation (or any guaranty thereof) is or becomes illegal under the Commodity Exchange Act or any rule, regulation or order of the Commodity Futures Trading Commission (or the application or official interpretation of any thereof) by virtue of such Loan Party's failure for any reason to constitute an "eligible contract participant" as defined in the Commodity Exchange Act and the regulations thereunder at the time the guaranty of such Loan Party or the grant of such security interest becomes effective with respect to such Swap Obligation. If a Swap Obligation arises under a master agreement governing more than one swap, such exclusion shall apply only to the portion of such Swap Obligation that is attributable to swaps for which such guaranty or security interest is or becomes illegal.

"Excluded Taxes" means (i) any tax imposed on the Net Income or net profits of any Lender or any Participant (including any branch profits taxes), in each case imposed by the jurisdiction (or by any political subdivision or taxing authority thereof) in which such Lender or such Participant is organized or the jurisdiction (or by any political subdivision or taxing authority thereof) in which such Lender's or such Participant's principal office is located in or as a result of a present or former connection between such Lender or such Participant and the jurisdiction or taxing authority imposing the tax (other than any such connection arising solely from such Lender or such Participant having executed, delivered or performed its obligations or received payment under, or enforced its rights or remedies under this Agreement or any other Loan Document), (ii) withholding taxes that would not have been imposed but for a Lender's or a Participant's failure to comply with the requirements of Section 17.2 of this Agreement, (iii) any United States federal withholding taxes that would be imposed on amounts payable to a Foreign Lender based upon the applicable withholding rate in effect at the time such Foreign Lender becomes a party to this Agreement (or designates a new lending office, other than a designation made at the request of a Loan Party), except that Excluded Taxes shall not include (A) any amount that such Foreign Lender (or its assignor, if any) was previously entitled to receive pursuant to Section 17.1 of this Agreement, if any, with respect to such withholding tax at the time such Foreign Lender becomes a party to this Agreement (or designates a new lending office), and (B) additional United States federal withholding taxes that may be imposed after the time such Foreign Lender becomes a party to this Agreement (or designates a new lending office), as a result of a change in law, rule, regulation, treaty, order or other decision or other Change in Law with respect to any of the foregoing by any Governmental Authority, and (iv) any United States federal withholding taxes imposed under FATCA.

"Executive Officer" means each of Leonard Tannenbaum, Brian Sedrish, Brandon Hetzel, Robyn Tannenbaum, Anna Kim and James Velgot.

"Existing Credit Facility" means that certain Unsecured Revolving Credit Agreement, dated as of September 26, 2024, by and among SUNS, the lenders party thereto and SRT Finance LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, as agent.

"Extraordinary Advances" has the meaning specified therefor in Section 2.2(d)(iii) of this Agreement.

"FATCA" means Sections 1471 through 1474 of the IRC, as of the date of this Agreement (or any amended or successor version that is substantively comparable and not materially more onerous to comply with), and (a) any current or future regulations or official interpretations thereof, (b) any agreements entered into pursuant to Section 1471(b)(1) of the IRC, and (c) any intergovernmental agreement entered into by the United States (or any fiscal or regulatory legislation, rules, or practices adopted pursuant to any such intergovernmental agreement entered into in connection therewith).

“FCPA” means the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act of 1977, as amended, and the rules and regulations thereunder.

“Federal Funds Rate” means, for any period, a fluctuating interest rate per annum equal to, for each day during such period, the weighted average of the rates on overnight Federal funds transactions with members of the Federal Reserve System, as published on the next succeeding Business Day by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, or, if such rate is not so published for any day which is a Business Day, the average of the quotations for such day on such transactions received by Agent from three Federal funds brokers of recognized standing selected by it (and, if any such rate is below zero, then the rate determined pursuant to this definition shall be deemed to be zero).

“Federal Reserve Bank of New York’s Website” means the website of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York at <http://www.newyorkfed.org>, or any successor source.

“Fee Letter” means that certain Amended and Restated Fee Letter, dated as of December 9, 2024, between Borrower and Agent, in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to Agent, as amended, restated, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time.

“Fixtures” means fixtures (as that term is defined in the Code).

“Flood Laws” means the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968, Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973, and related laws, rules and regulations, including any amendments or successor provisions.

“Floor” means five and thirty-eighty hundredths of one percent (5.38%).

“Flow of Funds Agreement” means a flow of funds agreement, dated as of even date with this Agreement, in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to Agent, executed and delivered by Borrower and Agent.

“Foreign Lender” means any Lender or Participant that is not a United States person within the meaning of IRC section 7701(a)(30).

“Foreign Subsidiary” means any direct or indirect subsidiary of any Loan Party that is organized under the laws of any jurisdiction other than the United States, any state thereof or the District of Columbia.

“Free Cash Flow” means for the twelve month period ending December 31st, with respect to Borrower and its Subsidiaries on a consolidated basis, an amount equal to (a) EBITDA, minus (b) Capital Expenditures (other than Capital Expenditures to the extent financed with money borrowed), minus (c) Debt Service, minus (d) all Taxes that have been paid in cash, in each case, during the applicable period of determination, plus (e) accrued payment in kind interest, plus (f) dividends received from TRS.

“Funding Date” means the date on which a Borrowing occurs.

“GAAP” means generally accepted accounting principles as in effect from time to time in the United States, consistently applied.

“General Intangibles” means general intangibles (as that term is defined in the Code), and includes payment intangibles, contract rights, rights to payment, rights under Hedge Agreements (including the right to receive payment on account of the termination (voluntarily or involuntarily) of any such Hedge Agreements), rights arising under common law, statutes, or regulations, choses or things in action, goodwill, intellectual property, intellectual property licenses, purchase orders, customer lists, monies due or recoverable from pension funds, route lists, rights to payment and other rights under any royalty or licensing agreements, including intellectual property licenses, infringement claims, pension plan refunds, pension plan refund claims, insurance premium rebates, tax refunds, and tax refund claims, interests in a partnership or limited liability company which do not constitute a security under Article 8 of the Code, and any other personal property other than Commercial Tort Claims, money, Accounts, Chattel Paper, Deposit Accounts, goods, Investment Related Property, Negotiable Collateral, and oil, gas, or other minerals before extraction.

“Governing Documents” means, with respect to any Person, the certificate or articles of incorporation, by-laws, or other organizational documents of such Person.

“Governmental Authority” means the government of any nation or any political subdivision thereof, whether at the national, state, territorial, provincial, county, municipal or any other level, and any agency, authority, instrumentality, regulatory body, court, central bank or other entity exercising executive, legislative, judicial, taxing, regulatory or administrative powers or functions of, or pertaining to, government (including any supra-national bodies such as the European Union or the European Central Bank).

“Guarantor” means (a) each Subsidiary of Borrower, other than Immaterial Subsidiaries and Subsidiaries that do not hold or own any Obligor Loan Receivables or any Collateral relating thereto, and (b) each other Person that becomes a guarantor after the Closing Date pursuant to Section 6.11 of this Agreement.

“Guaranty” means any guaranty of the Obligations, in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to Agent, executed and delivered by a Guarantor to Agent.

“Hazardous Materials” means (a) substances that are defined or listed in, or otherwise classified pursuant to, any applicable laws or regulations as “hazardous substances,” “hazardous materials,” “hazardous wastes,” “toxic substances,” or any other formulation intended to define, list, or classify substances by reason of deleterious properties such as ignitability, corrosivity, reactivity, carcinogenicity, reproductive toxicity, or “EP toxicity”, (b) oil, petroleum, or petroleum derived substances, natural gas, natural gas liquids, synthetic gas, drilling fluids, produced waters, and other wastes associated with the exploration, development, or production of crude oil, natural gas, or geothermal resources, (c) any flammable substances or explosives or any radioactive materials, and (d) asbestos in any form or electrical equipment that contains any oil or dielectric fluid containing levels of polychlorinated biphenyls in excess of 50 parts per million.

“Hedge Agreement” means a “swap agreement” as that term is defined in Section 101(53B)(A) of the Bankruptcy Code.

“Hedge Obligations” means any and all obligations or liabilities, whether absolute or contingent, due or to become due, now existing or hereafter arising, of Borrower or its Subsidiaries arising under, owing pursuant to, or existing in respect of Hedge Agreements entered into with one or more of the Hedge Providers.

“Hedge Provider” means EWB or any of its Affiliates.

“Hospitality Loan Receivable” means, with respect to any Eligible Obligor Loan Receivable or Eligible Mezzanine Loan Receivable where the underlying collateral for such Eligible Obligor Loan Receivable or Eligible Mezzanine Loan Receivable consists of a hospitality property.

“Immaterial Subsidiary” means any Subsidiary that (i) on its own or together with all other Immaterial Subsidiaries, owns less than 10% of the consolidated total assets of Borrower and its Subsidiaries and (ii) does not hold or own any Obligor Loan Receivables or any Collateral relating thereto.

“Increase Rate Month” means any month where the average Eligible Deposit Balance for the three months ended on the date of determination is less than an amount equal to 33% of the average outstanding Obligations for such three month period, as determined on the 1st day of each calendar month.

“Increase” has the meaning specified therefor in Section 2.13.

“Increase Date” has the meaning specified therefor in Section 2.13.

“Increase Joinder” has the meaning specified therefor in Section 2.13.

“Indebtedness” as to any Person means (a) all obligations of such Person for borrowed money, (b) all obligations of such Person evidenced by bonds, debentures, notes, or other similar instruments and all reimbursement or other obligations in respect of letters of credit, bankers acceptances, or other similar financial products, (c) all obligations of such Person as a lessee under Capital Leases, (d) all obligations or liabilities of others secured by a Lien on any asset of such Person, irrespective of whether such obligation or liability is assumed, (e) all obligations of such Person to pay the deferred purchase price of assets (other than trade payables incurred in the ordinary course of business and repayable in accordance with customary trade practices and, for the avoidance of doubt, other than royalty payments payable in the ordinary course of business in respect of non-exclusive licenses) and any earn-out or similar obligations, (f) all monetary obligations of such Person owing under Hedge Agreements (which amount shall be calculated based on the amount that would be payable by such Person if the Hedge Agreement were terminated on the date of determination), (g) any Disqualified Equity Interests of such Person, and (h) any obligation of such Person guaranteeing or intended to guarantee (whether directly or indirectly guaranteed, endorsed, co-made, discounted, or sold with recourse) any obligation of any other Person that constitutes Indebtedness under any of clauses (a) through (g) above. For purposes of this definition, (i) the amount of any Indebtedness represented by a guaranty or other similar instrument shall be the lesser of the principal amount of the obligations guaranteed and still outstanding and the maximum amount for which the guaranteeing Person may be liable pursuant to the terms of the instrument embodying such Indebtedness, and (ii) the amount of any Indebtedness which is limited or is non-recourse to a Person or for which recourse is limited to an identified asset shall be valued at the lesser of (A) if applicable, the limited amount of such obligations, and (B) if applicable, the fair market value of such assets securing such obligation.

“Indemnified Liabilities” has the meaning specified therefor in Section 11.3 of this Agreement.

“Indemnified Person” has the meaning specified therefor in Section 11.3 of this Agreement.

“Indemnified Taxes” means, (a) Taxes, other than Excluded Taxes, imposed on or with respect to any payment made by, or on account of any obligation of, any Loan Party under any Loan Document, and (b) to the extent not otherwise described in the foregoing clause (a), Other Taxes.

“Initial Funding Date” means the date on which all conditions precedent set forth in Sections 3.3 and 3.4 are satisfied or waived.

“Insolvency Proceeding” means any proceeding commenced by or against any Person under any provision of the Bankruptcy Code or under any other state or federal bankruptcy or insolvency law, assignments for the benefit of creditors, formal or informal moratoria, compositions, extensions generally with creditors, or proceedings seeking reorganization, arrangement, or other similar relief.

“Intercompany Subordination Agreement” means an intercompany subordination agreement, executed and delivered by Borrower, each of its Subsidiaries each of the other Loan Parties, and Agent, the form and substance of which is reasonably satisfactory to Agent.

“Intra-Lender Agreements” means, collectively, (i) that certain Agreement Among Lenders, Obligor Agent, and EWB Agent, and (ii) that certain Co-Lender Agreement.

“Inventory” means inventory (as that term is defined in the Code).

“Investment” means, with respect to any Person, any investment by such Person in any other Person (including Affiliates) in the form of loans, guarantees, advances, capital contributions (excluding (a) commission, travel, and similar advances to officers and employees of such Person made in the ordinary course of business, and (b) *bona fide* Accounts arising in the ordinary course of business), or acquisitions of Indebtedness, Equity Interests, or all or substantially all of the assets of such other Person (or of any division or business line of such other Person), and any other items that are or would be classified as investments on a balance sheet prepared in accordance with GAAP. The amount of any Investment shall be the original cost of such Investment plus the cost of all additions thereto, without any adjustment for increases or decreases in value, or write-ups, write-downs, or write-offs with respect to such Investment.

“Investment Related Property” means (i) any and all investment property (as that term is defined in the Code), and (ii) any and all of the following (regardless of whether classified as investment property under the Code): all Pledged Interests, Pledged Operating Agreements, and Pledged Partnership Agreements.

“IRC” means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as in effect from time to time.

“Joinder” means a joinder agreement substantially in the form of Exhibit J-1 to this Agreement.

“Joint Book Runners” has the meaning set forth in the preamble to this Agreement.

“Joint Lead Arrangers” has the meaning set forth in the preamble to this Agreement.

“Lender” has the meaning set forth in the preamble to this Agreement, shall include the Swing Lender, and shall also include any other Person made a party to this Agreement pursuant to the provisions of Section 2.13 or Section 15.1 of this Agreement and “Lenders” means each of the Lenders or any one or more of them.

“Lender Group” means each of the Lenders (including the Swing Lender) and Agent, or any one or more of them.

“Lender Group Expenses” means all (a) costs or expenses (including taxes and insurance premiums) required to be paid by any Loan Party or its Subsidiaries under any of the Loan Documents that are paid, advanced, or incurred by the Lender Group, (b) documented out-of-pocket fees or charges paid or incurred by Agent in connection with the Lender Group’s transactions with each Loan Party and its Subsidiaries under any of the Loan Documents, including photocopying, notarization, couriers and messengers, telecommunication, public record searches, filing fees, recording fees, publication, real estate surveys, real estate title policies and endorsements, and environmental audits, (c) Agent’s customary fees and charges imposed or incurred in connection with any background checks or OFAC/PEP searches related to any Loan Party or its Subsidiaries, (d) Agent’s customary fees and charges (as adjusted from time to time) with respect to the disbursement of funds (or the receipt of funds) to or for the account of Borrower (whether by wire transfer or otherwise), together with any out-of-pocket costs and expenses incurred in connection therewith, (e) customary charges imposed or incurred by Agent resulting from the dishonor of checks payable by or to any Loan Party, (f) reasonable documented out-of-pocket costs and expenses paid or incurred by the Lender Group to correct any default or enforce any provision of the Loan Documents, or during the continuation of an Event of Default, in gaining possession of, maintaining, handling, preserving, storing, shipping, selling, preparing for sale, or advertising to sell the Collateral, or any portion thereof, irrespective of whether a sale is consummated, (g) field examination, appraisal, and valuation fees and expenses of Agent related to any field examinations, appraisals, or valuation to the extent of the fees and charges (and up to the amount of any limitation) provided in Section 2.9 of this Agreement, (h) Agent’s and Lenders’ reasonable, documented costs and expenses (including reasonable and documented attorneys’ fees and expenses) relative to third party claims or any other lawsuit or adverse proceeding paid or incurred, whether in enforcing or defending the Loan Documents or otherwise in connection with the transactions contemplated by the Loan Documents, Agent’s Liens in and to the Collateral, or the Lender Group’s relationship with any Loan Party or any of its Subsidiaries, (i) Agent’s reasonable and documented costs and expenses (including reasonable and documented attorneys’ fees and due diligence expenses) incurred in advising, structuring, drafting, reviewing, administering (including travel, meals, and lodging), syndicating (including reasonable costs and expenses relative to CUSIP, DXSyndicate™, SyndTrak or other communication costs incurred in connection with a syndication of the loan facilities), or amending, waiving, or modifying the Loan Documents, and (j) Agent’s and each Lender’s reasonable and documented costs and expenses (including reasonable and documented attorneys, accountants, consultants, and other advisors fees and expenses) incurred in terminating, enforcing (including attorneys, accountants, consultants, and other advisors fees and expenses incurred in connection with a “workout,” a “restructuring,” or an Insolvency Proceeding concerning any Loan Party or any of its Subsidiaries or in exercising rights or remedies under the Loan Documents), or defending the Loan Documents, irrespective of whether a lawsuit or other adverse proceeding is brought, or in taking any enforcement action or any Remedial Action with respect to the Collateral (provided, that the fees and expenses of counsel that shall constitute Lender Group Expenses shall in any event be limited to one primary counsel to Agent and one primary counsel to the Lenders, one local counsel to Agent in each reasonably necessary jurisdiction, one specialty counsel to Agent in each reasonably necessary specialty area (including insolvency law), and one or more additional counsel to Lenders if one or more conflicts of interest arise).

“Lender Group Representatives” has the meaning specified therefor in Section 18.9 of this Agreement.

“Lender-Related Person” means, with respect to any Lender, such Lender, together with such Lender’s Affiliates, officers, directors, employees, attorneys, and agents.

“Lien” means any mortgage, deed of trust, pledge, hypothecation, assignment, charge, deposit arrangement, encumbrance, easement, lien (statutory or other), security interest, or other security arrangement and any other preference, priority, or preferential arrangement of any kind or nature whatsoever, including any conditional sale contract or other title retention agreement, the interest of a lessor under a Capital Lease and any synthetic or other financing lease having substantially the same economic effect as any of the foregoing.

“Lien Instrument” means a mortgage, deed of trust, deed to secure debt or other lien instrument executed by Borrower or a Subsidiary of Borrower in favor of Agent, in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to Agent, that encumbers any real property collateral.

“Loan” means any Advance, Swing Loan, or Extraordinary Advance made (or to be made) hereunder.

“Loan Account” has the meaning specified therefor in Section 2.8 of this Agreement.

“Loan Documents” means this Agreement, any Borrowing Base Certificate, the Control Agreements, the Fee Letter, the Flow of Funds Agreement, any Guaranty, any Intercompany Subordination Agreement, the Co-Lender Agreements, any note or notes executed by Borrower in connection with this Agreement and payable to any member of the Lender Group, and any other instrument or agreement entered into, now or in the future, by any Loan Party or any of its Subsidiaries and any member of the Lender Group in connection with this Agreement (but specifically excluding Bank Product Agreements).

“Loan Party” means Borrower or any Guarantor.

“Margin Stock” as defined in Regulation U of the Board of Governors as in effect from time to time.

“Material Adverse Effect” means (a) a material adverse effect in the business, operations, results of operations, assets, liabilities or financial condition of the Loan Parties and their Subsidiaries, taken as a whole, (b) a material impairment of the Loan Parties’ and their Subsidiaries’ ability to perform their obligations under the Loan Documents to which they are parties or of the Lender Group’s ability to enforce the Obligations or realize upon the Collateral (other than as a result of as a result of an action taken or not taken that is solely in the control of Agent), or (c) a material impairment of the enforceability or priority of Agent’s Liens with respect to all or a material portion of the Collateral.

“Maturity Date” means November 8, 2027.

“Maximum Revolver Amount” means the sum of (a) \$50,000,000 plus (b) from the Amendment Number One Effective Date to and including January 8, 2025, the lesser of (i) \$75,000,000 and (ii) the aggregate amount of funds maintained in the Borrowing Base Cash Account, as may be decreased by the amount of reductions in the Commitments made in accordance with Section 2.3(c) of this Agreement and increased by the amount of any Increase made in accordance with Section 2.13 of this Agreement.

“Mezzanine Loan Receivable” means an Obligor Loan Receivable that is secured solely by Equity Interests and/or by real estate collateral on which the Obligor Loan Agent or any lender thereunder does not have a first priority security interest on such real estate collateral.

“Monthly Settlement Date” means the first day of each month or, if such day is not a Business Day, the next succeeding Business Day.

“Moody’s” has the meaning specified therefor in the definition of Cash Equivalents.

“Negotiable Collateral” means letters of credit, letter-of-credit rights, instruments, promissory notes, drafts and documents (as each such term is defined in the Code).

“Net Income” means, for a Person for any period, the net income of such Person and its Subsidiaries for such period, determined on a consolidated basis in accordance with GAAP.

“Non-Consenting Lender” has the meaning specified therefor in Section 15.2(a) of this Agreement.

“Non-Defaulting Lender” means each Lender other than a Defaulting Lender.

“Obligations” means (a) all loans (including the Advances (inclusive of Extraordinary Advances and Swing Loans)), debts, principal, interest (including any interest that accrues after the commencement of an Insolvency Proceeding, regardless of whether allowed or allowable in whole or in part as a claim in any such Insolvency Proceeding), premiums, liabilities (including all amounts charged to the Loan Account pursuant to this Agreement), obligations (including indemnification obligations), fees (including the fees provided for in the Fee Letter), Lender Group Expenses (including any fees or expenses that accrue after the commencement of an Insolvency Proceeding, regardless of whether allowed or allowable in whole or in part as a claim in any such Insolvency Proceeding), guaranties, and all covenants and duties of any other kind and description owing by any Loan Party arising out of, under, pursuant to, in connection with, or evidenced by this Agreement or any of the other Loan Documents and irrespective of whether for the payment of money, whether direct or indirect, absolute or contingent, due or to become due, now existing or hereafter arising, and including all interest not paid when due and all other expenses or other amounts that Borrower is required to pay or reimburse by the Loan Documents or by law or otherwise in connection with the Loan Documents, and (b) all Bank Product Obligations; provided, that anything to the contrary contained in the foregoing notwithstanding, the Obligations shall exclude any Excluded Swap Obligation. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Obligations of Borrower under the Loan Documents include the obligation to pay (i) the principal of the Advances, (ii) interest accrued on the Advances, (iii) [Reserved], (iv) [Reserved], (v) Lender Group Expenses, (vi) fees payable under this Agreement or any of the other Loan Documents, and (vii) indemnities and other amounts payable by any Loan Party under any Loan Document. Any reference in this Agreement or in the Loan Documents to the Obligations shall include all or any portion thereof and any extensions, modifications, renewals, or alterations thereof, both prior and subsequent to any Insolvency Proceeding.

“Obligor” means a Person obligated on an Obligor Loan Receivable.

“Obligor Borrowing Base Collateral” means all of Borrower’s right, title, and interest in and to the following, whether now owned or hereafter acquired or arising and wherever located:

- (a) all of its Obligor Loan Receivables;

- (b) all of its Obligor Loan Documents;
- (c) all of its Obligor Loan Collateral;
- (d) all of its Obligor Loan Books;
- (e) all of its Accounts securing, constituting a part of, or arising out of the Obligor Loan Receivables;
- (f) all of its Chattel Paper securing, constituting a part of, or arising out of the Obligor Loan Receivables;
- (g) all of its Deposit Accounts securing, constituting a part of, or arising out of the Obligor Loan Receivables;
- (h) all of its Equipment and Fixtures securing, constituting a part of, or arising out of the Obligor Loan Receivables;
- (i) all of its General Intangibles securing, constituting a part of, or arising out of the Obligor Loan Receivables;
- (j) all of its Inventory securing, constituting a part of, or arising out of the Obligor Loan Receivables;
- (k) all of its Investment Related Property securing, constituting a part of, or arising out of the Obligor Loan Receivables;
- (l) all of its Negotiable Collateral securing, constituting a part of, or arising out of the Obligor Loan Receivables;
- (m) all of its Supporting Obligations securing, constituting a part of, or arising out of the Obligor Loan Receivables;
- (n) all of its Commercial Tort Claims securing, constituting a part of, or arising out of the Obligor Loan Receivables;
- (o) the Collection Account and any Cash Management Account;
- (p) all of its money, Cash Equivalents, or other assets that now or hereafter come into the possession, custody, or control of Agent (or its agent or designee) or any other member of the Lender Group securing or constituting a part of the Obligor Loan Receivables; and
- (q) all of the proceeds (as such term is defined in the Code) and products, whether tangible or intangible, of any of the foregoing, including proceeds of insurance or Commercial Tort Claims covering or relating to any or all of the foregoing, and any and all Accounts, Books, Chattel Paper, Deposit Accounts, Equipment, Fixtures, General Intangibles, Inventory, Investment Related Property, Negotiable Collateral, Supporting Obligations, money, or other tangible or intangible property resulting from the sale, lease, license, exchange, collection, or other disposition of any of the foregoing, the proceeds of any award in condemnation with respect to any of the foregoing, any rebates or refunds, whether for taxes or otherwise, and all proceeds of any such proceeds, or any portion thereof or interest

therein, and the proceeds thereof, and all proceeds of any loss of, damage to, or destruction of the above, whether insured or not insured, and, to the extent not otherwise included, any indemnity, warranty, or guaranty payable by reason of loss or damage to, or otherwise with respect to any of the foregoing (the “Proceeds”). Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the term “Proceeds” includes whatever is receivable or received when Investment Related Property or proceeds are sold, exchanged, collected, or otherwise disposed of, whether such disposition is voluntary or involuntary, and includes proceeds of any indemnity or guaranty payable to Borrower or Agent from time to time with respect to any of the Investment Related Property.

“Obligor Lenders” means individually and collectively, the lenders under any Obligor Loan Agreement.

“Obligor Loan Agent” means the administrative agent for the lenders under an Obligor Loan Receivable.

“Obligor Loan Agreement” means, with respect to any Obligor, any loan agreement, credit agreement, or similar agreement by and between Borrower, as a lender thereunder, the Obligor Lenders, and if applicable, the Obligor Loan Agent, on the one hand, and such Obligor, on the other hand (as the same may be amended or restated from time to time in accordance with the Required Procedures) (collectively, the “Obligor Loan Agreements”).

“Obligor Loan Books” means, in respect of an Obligor Loan Receivable, all books and records in respect thereof.

“Obligor Loan Collateral” means any and all property or interests in property, whether personal property (including without limitation accounts, chattel paper, instruments, documents, deposit accounts, contract rights, general intangibles, inventory or equipment) or real property, or both, whether owned by an Obligor or any other Person, that secures an Obligor Loan Receivable, or an Obligor’s obligations under an Obligor Loan Note or Obligor Loan Agreement, and all supporting obligations in respect thereof.

“Obligor Loan Collateral Documents” means all Obligor Loan Mortgages, security agreements, pledge agreements, assignments and other agreements executed by an Obligor or other third party providing for or evidencing any lien, mortgage, security interest, assignment or other interest in Obligor Loan Collateral, and any agreements, instruments and documents executed by any Person in respect of a supporting obligation in connection with any Collateral, and any warranty of validity or other agreement providing for or evidencing assurance with respect to the existence, authenticity or genuineness of any Obligor Loan Collateral or Obligor Loan Collateral Documents.

“Obligor Loan Documents” means all Obligor Loan Notes, Obligor Loan Agreements, Obligor Loan Collateral Documents, and any other documents defined as “Loan Documents”, “Other Documents”, or similar term in the Obligor Loan Agreement or Obligor Loan Notes.

“Obligor Loan Mortgage” means any mortgage or deed of trust executed and delivered by an Obligor or other Person securing an Obligor Loan Receivable, as may be modified, extended or amended in accordance with the Required Procedures.

“Obligor Loan Mortgaged Property” means the fee simple interest and/or leasehold interest in Real Property, together with improvements thereto, securing the indebtedness of an Obligor under the related Obligor Loan Receivable.

“Obligor Loan Note” means a promissory note or other instrument, if any, executed by an Obligor evidencing an Obligor Loan Receivable.

“Obligor Loan Receivable” means all rights to payment of indebtedness and obligations (including without limitation, unpaid principal, accrued interest, costs, fees, expenses and indemnity obligations) owing by an Obligor in respect of a loan or loans or other financial accommodations made or extended by Borrower to or for the benefit of such Obligor, including without limitation all rights (including enforcement rights) under or pursuant to all related Obligor Loan Documents in respect thereof, and all supporting obligations in connection therewith.

“Obligor Loan Receivable Triggering Action” shall mean, as to each Obligor Loan Receivable that is identified by Borrower as an Eligible Obligor Loan Receivable submitted for inclusion in the Borrowing Base:

(a) the existence of any defenses, disputes, offsets, counterclaims, or rights of return or cancellation in favor of the applicable Obligor with respect such Obligor Loan Receivable;

(b) the entrance between Borrower and the applicable Obligor of any additional agreements, instruments, or other documents in relation to an Eligible Obligor Loan Receivable, as well as any amendments, restatements, amendments and restatements, supplements or other modification of existing Obligor Loan Documents related to such Eligible Obligor Loan Receivable if such documents (i) are entered without the prior consent of Agent, other than amendments that comply with the terms and provisions of Section 7.16, or (ii) are not documented in accordance with the Required Procedures;

(c) the waiver of any requirements relating to such Obligor Loan Receivable without the prior written consent of Agent, other than those that would not result in a Obligor Triggering Event;

(d) such Obligor Loan Receivable becomes subject to any Lien in favor of mechanics, materialmen, laborers, or suppliers for performance of work or supply of materials, or for any other reason ceases to be subject to a first-priority perfected security interest in favor of Agent;

(e) such Obligor Loan Receivable and Obligor Loan Collateral fails to be in compliance with any applicable laws;

(f) the occurrence of an event which results in such Obligor Loan Receivable no longer being secured by the Obligor Loan Collateral as reflected in the applicable Obligor Loan Documents;

(g) the occurrence of an event which results in the loss by Obligor Loan Agent, for the benefit of Borrower and any other lenders under such Obligor Loan Receivable, of its first priority security interest in the Deposit Account in which amounts due under such Obligor Loan Receivable are collected when paid by the applicable Obligor; and

(h) the Obligor Loan Documents associated with each such Obligor Loan Receivable are amended, waived, or otherwise modified such that the applicable Obligor Loan Documents no longer include terms and provisions establishing that (i) the applicable Obligor shall not directly or indirectly sell, assign, convey or transfer, or enter any contract or agreement to sell, assign, convey, or transfer, in whole or in part, the Obligor Loan Mortgaged Property securing such Obligor Loan Receivable, (ii) the applicable Obligor shall pay all Taxes related to such Obligor Loan Receivable and the Obligor Loan Collateral therefor as and when such Taxes become due, (iii) such Obligor Loan Collateral shall remain in

compliance with all Environmental Laws and all other applicable laws, ordinances, regulations, restrictive covenants and other requirements of any Governmental Authority regarding zoning and use, and (iv) with respect to each Obligor Loan Receivable, the applicable Obligor shall maintain (A) title insurance policies on the Obligor Loan Mortgaged Property, (B) flood certifications, and if applicable, flood insurance, (C) “all risk” insurance coverage against casualty to the Obligor Loan Mortgaged Property and any and all materials stored at or upon the property during construction, (D) comprehensive general liability insurance, (E) worker’s compensation insurance, and (F) any other insurance required under the applicable Obligor Loan Documents.

“Obligor Loan Title Policies” means those certain policies of title insurance respecting the real property encumbered under the Obligor Loan Mortgages.

“Obligor Required Lenders” means that Borrower constitutes lenders holding a certain amount of the total commitments, unused commitments and/or outstanding loans under an Obligor Loan Receivable such that Borrower is granted certain rights to act under an Obligor Loan Receivable, including but not limited to, the right to vote, to grant consent, to approve amendments to the same and which are generally referred to as “Required Lenders”, “Majority Lenders”, “Requisite Lenders”, or similar term under the applicable Obligor Loan Receivable.

“Obligor Specified Event of Default” means any event of default under an Obligor Loan Receivable (beyond any grace period specifically provided for therein and that has not otherwise been cured or waived) in respect of the following: (i) payment of principal, interest, fees, or expenses, (ii) the start of any Insolvency Proceeding by any Obligor under the applicable Obligor Loan Receivable, (iii) the appointment of a receiver, trustee or liquidator of any Obligor, (iv) the commencement by a Governmental Authority of a judicial or nonjudicial forfeiture or seizure proceeding with respect to the Obligor Loan Mortgaged Property or any part thereof, (v) the sale, assignment, conveyance or transfer, or any contract or agreement to sell, assign, convey, or transfer, in whole or in part, the Obligor Loan Mortgaged Property securing such Obligor Loan Receivable, (vi) any financial covenant, (vii) the breach or violation of any material term or provision relating to Environmental Laws, (viii) the failure to deliver financial statements to the extent such failure prevents Borrower from determining compliance with financial covenants, (ix) substantial damage or destruction of the Obligor Loan Mortgaged Property by fire or other casualty where such property cannot be restored in accordance with the Obligor Loan Documents, (x) in respect of Obligor Loan Collateral, the delivery and maintaining of: (w) Obligor Loan Mortgage, (x) title insurance policies, (y) flood certifications, and if applicable, flood insurance, (z) “all risk” insurance coverage against casualty to the Obligor Loan Mortgaged Property and any and all materials stored at or upon the property during construction, (aa) comprehensive general liability insurance, (bb) worker’s compensation insurance, and (cc) any other insurance required under the applicable Obligor Loan Documents as of the date of inclusion in the Borrowing Base, (xi) Borrower’s or Obligor Loan Agent’s security interest in the Obligor Loan Collateral including, any default, event of default, violation, or breach resulting in Borrower or Obligor Loan Agent having a security interest with a priority junior to the one represented in the Obligor Loan Documents or limiting Borrower’s or Obligor Loan Agent’s ability to enforce rights and remedies under the Obligor Loan Documents, (xii) if applicable, default under any material lease associated with the Obligor Loan Mortgaged Property or the start of any Insolvency Proceeding with any material tenant, and (xiii) any acceleration of the obligations under the applicable Obligor Loan Documents.

“Obligor Triggering Event” means, with respect to any one or more Obligor Loan Receivables, (i) an Obligor Specified Event of Default under the applicable Obligor Loan Documents has occurred and is continuing, (ii) any amendment, modification, or waiver results in the release of any

material portion of the collateral securing the applicable Obligor Loan Receivable or reducing or postponing any payments due under the Obligor Loan Documents, (iii) Borrower ceases to constitute Obligor Required Lenders under the applicable Obligor Loan Receivable, (iv) any other amendment, modification or waiver of any applicable Obligor Loan Documents which requires the consent of all lenders or all affected lenders under the terms of such Obligor Loan Documents as in effect at the time such Obligor Loan Receivables were first included in the Borrowing Base is proposed and not approved, (v) such Obligor Loan Receivable is assigned a risk rating of “4” or a higher number, (vi) unless otherwise approved by Agent, Obligor Loan Receivables to an Obligor or its Affiliates exceed twenty five percent (25%) of all Eligible Obligor Loan Receivables in the Borrowing Base at the time of determination, to the extent of the obligations owing by such Obligor and its Affiliates in excess of such percentage, (vii) except for Mezzanine Loan Receivables, it ceases to be secured by a first priority security interest in the applicable Obligor Loan Collateral, (viii) the occurrence of an Obligor Loan Receivable Triggering Action with respect to the applicable Eligible Obligor Loan Receivable; (ix) Borrower for any reason ceases to be designated as “Directing Lender” or such similar term under the Co-Lender Agreement associated with such Obligor Loan Receivable; provided that this clause (ix) shall not constitute an “Obligor Triggering Event” if SRTH is the “Directing Lender” or such similar term under the applicable Co-Lender Agreement associated with such Obligor Loan Receivable, and such Obligor Loan Receivable is pledged to the Lender as “collateral” in connection with the SRTH Loan Agreement, or (x) Borrower and SRTH are both lenders under the Obligor Loan Documents associated with such Obligor Loan Receivable, and SRTH’s Pro Rata Hold under such Obligor Loan Receivable is deemed to be ineligible or is excluded from the calculation of the borrowing base under the SRTH Loan Agreement, or is not otherwise pledged to the Lender as “collateral” in connection with the SRTH Loan Agreement.

“OFAC” means The Office of Foreign Assets Control of the U.S. Department of the Treasury.

“Office Loan Receivable” means, with respect to any Eligible Obligor Loan Receivable or Eligible Mezzanine Loan Receivable where the underlying collateral for such Eligible Obligor Loan Receivable or Eligible Mezzanine Loan Receivable consists of an office property.

“Originating Lender” has the meaning specified therefor in Section 14.1(e) of this Agreement.

“Other Collateral” means all of Borrower’s right, title, and interest in and to the following, whether now owned or hereafter acquired or arising and wherever located:

- (a) all of its Accounts;
- (b) all of its Books;
- (c) all of its Chattel Paper;
- (d) all of its Commercial Tort Claims;
- (e) all of its Deposit Accounts;
- (f) all of its Equipment;
- (g) all of its Farm Products;

- (h) all of its Fixtures;
- (i) all of its General Intangibles;
- (j) all of its Inventory;
- (k) all of its Investment Property;
- (l) all of its Intellectual Property and Intellectual Property Licenses;
- (m) all of its Negotiable Collateral;
- (n) all of its Pledged Interests (including all of such Borrower's Pledged Operating Agreements and Pledged Partnership Agreements);
- (o) all of its Securities Accounts;
- (p) all of its Supporting Obligations;
- (q) all of its money, Cash Equivalents, or other assets of Borrower that now or hereafter come into the possession, custody, or control of Agent (or its agent or designee) or any other member of the Lender Group; and

(r) all of the Proceeds and products, whether tangible or intangible, of any of the foregoing, including proceeds of insurance or Commercial Tort Claims covering or relating to any or all of the foregoing, and any and all Accounts, Books, Chattel Paper, Deposit Accounts, Equipment, Farm Products, Fixtures, General Intangibles, Inventory, Investment Property, Intellectual Property, Negotiable Collateral, Pledged Interests, Securities Accounts, Supporting Obligations, money, or other tangible or intangible property resulting from the sale, lease, license, exchange, collection, or other disposition of any of the foregoing, the proceeds of any award in condemnation with respect to any of the foregoing, any rebates or refunds, whether for taxes or otherwise, and all proceeds of any such proceeds, or any portion thereof or interest therein, and the proceeds thereof, and all proceeds of any loss of, damage to, or destruction of the above, whether insured or not insured, and, to the extent not otherwise included, any indemnity, warranty, or guaranty payable by reason of loss or damage to, or otherwise with respect to any of the foregoing (the "Proceeds"). Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the term "Proceeds" includes whatever is receivable or received when Investment Property or proceeds are sold, exchanged, collected, or otherwise disposed of, whether such disposition is voluntary or involuntary, and includes proceeds of any indemnity or guaranty payable to Borrower or Agent from time to time with respect to any of the Investment Property.

"Other Collateral Release Transaction" means (a) prior to the first anniversary of the Closing Date, one or more equity financing transactions with Borrower's receipt of aggregate gross proceeds of at least \$200,000,000, and (b) on or after the first anniversary of the Closing Date, one or more equity financing transactions with Borrower's receipt of aggregate gross proceeds equal to the lesser of (i) \$200,000,000 and (ii) the Maximum Revolver Amount on the date of determination.

"Other Taxes" means all present or future stamp, court, excise, value added, or documentary, intangible, recording, filing or similar Taxes that arise from any payment made under, from the execution, delivery, performance, enforcement or registration of, from the receipt or perfection of a security interest under, or otherwise with respect to, any Loan Document.

“Overadvance” has the meaning specified therefor in Section 2.4.

“Participant” has the meaning specified therefor in Section 14.1(e) of this Agreement.

“Patriot Act” has the meaning specified therefor in Section 5.17 of this Agreement.

“Perfection Certificate” means a certificate in the form of Exhibit P-1 to this Agreement.

“Permitted Discretion” means a determination made in the exercise of reasonable (from the perspective of a secured asset-based lender) business judgment.

“Permitted Dispositions” means (a) sales, abandonment, or other dispositions of Equipment that is substantially worn, damaged, or obsolete or no longer used or useful in the ordinary course of business and leases or subleases of Real Property not useful in the conduct of the business of the Loan Parties and their Subsidiaries, (b) the use or transfer of money or Cash Equivalents in a manner that is not prohibited by the terms of this Agreement or the other Loan Documents, (c) the licensing, on a non-exclusive basis, of patents, trademarks, copyrights, and other intellectual property rights in the ordinary course of business, (d) the granting of Permitted Liens, (e) any involuntary loss, damage, or destruction of property, (f) any involuntary condemnation, seizure or taking, by exercise of the power of eminent domain or otherwise, or confiscation or requisition of use of property, (g) the sale or issuance of Equity Interests of Borrower, (h) (i) the lapse of registered patents, trademarks, copyrights and other intellectual property of any Loan Party or any of its Subsidiaries to the extent not economically desirable in the conduct of its business or (ii) the abandonment of patents, trademarks, copyrights, or other intellectual property rights in the ordinary course of business so long as (in each case under clauses (i) and (ii)), (A) with respect to copyrights, such copyrights are not material revenue generating copyrights, and (B) such lapse is not materially adverse to the interests of the Lender Group, (i) the making of Restricted Payments that are expressly permitted to be made pursuant to this Agreement, (j) the making of Permitted Investments, (k) with the prior written consent of Agent, a sale of a Obligor Loan Receivable, without recourse to Borrower, for a cash purchase price of not less than the unpaid principal thereof and accrued but unpaid interest (other than default interest) thereon, (l) a sale of any assets or property that is not an Obligor Loan Receivable or Collateral relating to an Obligor Loan Receivable, (m) any disposition of any assets or property to any Loan Party, and (n) any disposition of any assets or property (other than an Eligible Obligor Loan Receivable) to any Subsidiary that is a “taxable-REIT subsidiary” for good faith purposes intended to preserve the status of Borrower as a real estate investment trust.

“Permitted Indebtedness” means:

- (a) Indebtedness in respect of the Obligations;
- (b) Indebtedness as of the Closing Date set forth on Schedule 5.18 to this Agreement and any Refinancing Indebtedness in respect of such Indebtedness;
- (c) Permitted Purchase Money Indebtedness and any Refinancing Indebtedness in respect of such Indebtedness;
- (d) Indebtedness arising in connection with the endorsement of instruments or other payment items for deposit;

(e) Indebtedness consisting of unsecured guarantees incurred in the ordinary course of business with respect to surety and appeal bonds, performance bonds, bid bonds, appeal bonds, completion guarantee and similar obligations;

(f) Indebtedness incurred in the ordinary course of business under performance, surety, statutory, or appeal bonds;

(g) Indebtedness owed to any Person providing property, casualty, liability, or other insurance to any Loan Party or any of its Subsidiaries, so long as the amount of such Indebtedness is not in excess of the amount of the unpaid cost of, and shall be incurred only to defer the cost of, such insurance for the year in which such Indebtedness is incurred and such Indebtedness is outstanding only during such year;

(h) the incurrence by Borrower or its Subsidiaries of Indebtedness under Hedge Agreements that are incurred for the bona fide purpose of hedging the interest rate, commodity, or foreign currency risks associated with Borrower's and its Subsidiaries' operations and not for speculative purposes;

(i) Indebtedness incurred in the ordinary course of business in respect of credit cards, credit card processing services, debit cards, stored value cards, commercial cards (including so-called "purchase cards," "procurement cards" or "p-cards"), or Cash Management Services;

(j) Indebtedness constituting Permitted Investments;

(k) [reserved];

(l) [reserved];

(m) [reserved];

(n) unsecured Indebtedness incurred in respect of netting services, overdraft protection, and other like services, in each case, incurred in the ordinary course of business;

(o) [reserved];

(p) to the extent constituting Indebtedness, Hedge Obligations engaged in for non-speculative purposes;

(q) other Indebtedness not secured by the Collateral so long as Borrower delivers evidence satisfactory to Agent, in its reasonable discretion, that (i) no Event of Default has occurred or is continuing prior to the incurrence of such Indebtedness, or would result immediately upon the incurrence of such Indebtedness, and (ii) that Borrower is in compliance with Section 8 on a pro forma basis immediately after Borrower incurs such Indebtedness; and

(r) Indebtedness constituting any paid in kind interest, original issue discount, accreted value, prepayment premiums or make-whole or similar amounts in respect of any of the foregoing.

"Permitted Intercompany Investments" means Investments made by (a) a Loan Party to another Loan Party, (b) a Subsidiary of a Loan Party that is not a Loan Party to another Subsidiary of a

Loan Party that is not a Loan Party, (c) a Subsidiary of a Loan Party that is not a Loan Party, to a Loan Party, so long as the parties thereto are party to the Intercompany Subordination Agreement, (d) a Loan Party to a Subsidiary of Loan Party that is not a Loan Party so long as no Event of Default exists after giving effect to such Investment, in an amount not to exceed \$3,500,000 at any time outstanding, and (e) so long as no Overadvance exists immediately after such Investment, any Investment in any Subsidiary that is a “taxable-REIT subsidiary” made for good faith purposes intended to preserve the status of Borrower as a real estate investment trust.

“Permitted Investments” means: (a) Investments in cash and Cash Equivalents, (b) Investments in negotiable instruments deposited or to be deposited for collection in the ordinary course of business, (c) advances made in connection with purchases of goods or services in the ordinary course of business, (d) loans, advances, purchases of debt securities and other extensions of credit in the ordinary course of Borrower’s business as a lender, (e) Investments received in settlement of amounts due to any Loan Party or any of its Subsidiaries effected in the ordinary course of business or owing to any Loan Party or any of its Subsidiaries as a result of Insolvency Proceedings involving an Account Debtor or Obligor or upon the foreclosure or enforcement of any Lien in favor of a Loan Party or its Subsidiaries, (f) Investments owned by any Loan Party or any of its Subsidiaries on the Closing Date and set forth on Schedule P-1 to this Agreement, (g) guarantees Indebtedness permitted under the definition of Permitted Indebtedness, (h) Permitted Intercompany Investments, (i) deposits of cash made in the ordinary course of business to secure performance of operating leases, (j) Investments resulting from entering into (i) Bank Product Agreements, or (ii) agreements relative to obligations permitted under clause (h) of the definition of Permitted Indebtedness, (k) to the extent constituting Investments, Hedge Obligations engaged in for non-speculative purposes, and (l) other Investments in an amount not to exceed \$3,500,000 at any one time outstanding.

“Permitted Liens” means (a) Liens granted to, or for the benefit of, Agent to secure the Obligations, (b) Liens for unpaid taxes, assessments, or other governmental charges or levies that either (i) are not yet delinquent, or (ii) do not have priority over Agent’s Liens and the underlying taxes, assessments, or charges or levies are the subject of Permitted Protests, (c) judgment Liens arising solely as a result of the existence of judgments, orders, or awards that do not constitute an Event of Default under Section 10.3 of this Agreement, (d) Liens set forth on Schedule P-2 to this Agreement; provided, that to qualify as a Permitted Lien, any such Lien described on Schedule P-2 to this Agreement shall only secure the Indebtedness that it secures on the Closing Date and any Refinancing Indebtedness in respect thereof, (e) the interests of lessors under operating leases and non-exclusive licensors under license agreements, (f) purchase money Liens on fixed assets or the interests of lessors under Capital Leases to the extent that such Liens or interests secure Permitted Purchase Money Indebtedness and so long as (i) such Lien attaches only to the fixed asset purchased or acquired and the proceeds thereof, and (ii) such Lien only secures the Indebtedness that was incurred to acquire the fixed asset purchased or acquired or any Refinancing Indebtedness in respect thereof, (g) Liens arising by operation of law in favor of warehousemen, landlords, carriers, mechanics, materialmen, laborers, or suppliers, incurred in the ordinary course of business and not in connection with the borrowing of money, and which Liens either (i) are for sums not yet delinquent, or (ii) are the subject of Permitted Protests, (h) Liens on amounts deposited to secure Borrower’s and its Subsidiaries obligations in connection with worker’s compensation or other unemployment insurance, (i) Liens on amounts deposited to secure Borrower’s and its Subsidiaries obligations in connection with the making or entering into of bids, tenders, or leases in the ordinary course of business and not in connection with the borrowing of money, (j) Liens on amounts deposited to secure Borrower’s and its Subsidiaries reimbursement obligations with respect to surety or appeal bonds obtained in the ordinary course of business, (k) with respect to any Real Property, easements, rights of way, and zoning restrictions that do not materially interfere with or impair the use or

operation thereof, (l) non-exclusive licenses of patents, trademarks, copyrights, and other intellectual property rights in the ordinary course of business, (m) Liens that are replacements of Permitted Liens to the extent that the original Indebtedness is the subject of permitted Refinancing Indebtedness and so long as the replacement Liens only encumber those assets that secured the original Indebtedness, (n) rights of setoff or bankers' liens upon deposits of funds in favor of banks or other depository institutions, solely to the extent incurred in connection with the maintenance of such Deposit Accounts in the ordinary course of business, (o) Liens granted in the ordinary course of business on the unearned portion of insurance premiums securing the financing of insurance premiums to the extent the financing is permitted under the definition of Permitted Indebtedness, (p) Liens on any assets or property not constituting Collateral, or (q) other Liens which do not secure Indebtedness for borrowed money or letters of credit and as to which the aggregate amount of the obligations secured thereby does not exceed \$1,000,000.

“Permitted Protest” means the right of any Loan Party or any of its Subsidiaries to protest any Lien (other than any Lien that secures the Obligations), taxes (other than payroll taxes or taxes that are the subject of a United States federal tax lien), or rental payment, provided that (a) a reserve with respect to such obligation is established on such Loan Party's or its Subsidiaries' books and records in such amount as is required under GAAP and (b) any such protest is instituted promptly and prosecuted diligently by such Loan Party or its Subsidiary, as applicable, in good faith.

“Permitted Purchase Money Indebtedness” means, as of any date of determination, Indebtedness (other than the Obligations, but including Capitalized Lease Obligations), incurred after the Closing Date and at the time of, or within 180 days after, the acquisition of any fixed assets for the purpose of financing all or any part of the acquisition cost thereof, in an aggregate principal amount outstanding at any one time not in excess of \$1,000,000.

“Person” means natural persons, corporations, limited liability companies, limited partnerships, general partnerships, limited liability partnerships, joint ventures, trusts, land trusts, business trusts, or other organizations, irrespective of whether they are legal entities, and governments and agencies and political subdivisions thereof.

“Platform” has the meaning specified therefor in Section 18.9(c) of this Agreement.

“Pledged Companies” means each Person listed on Schedule P-3 as a “Pledged Company”, together with each other Person, all or a portion of whose stock is acquired or otherwise owned by Borrower after the Closing Date such that such Person is a Subsidiary of Borrower.

“Pledged Interests” means all of Borrower's right, title and interest in and to all of the stock now owned or hereafter acquired by such Person, regardless of class or designation, in each of the Pledged Companies, and all substitutions therefor and replacements thereof, all proceeds thereof and all rights relating thereto, also including any certificates representing the stock, the right to receive any certificates representing any of the stock, all warrants, options, share appreciation rights and other rights, contractual or otherwise, in respect thereof and the right to receive all dividends, distributions of income, profits, surplus, or other compensation by way of income or liquidating distributions, in cash or in kind, and all cash, instruments, and other property from time to time received, receivable, or otherwise distributed in respect of or in addition to, in substitution of, on account of, or in exchange for any or all of the foregoing.

“Pledged Operating Agreements” means all of Borrower’s rights, powers, and remedies under the limited liability company operating agreements of each of the Pledged Companies that are limited liability companies.

“Pledged Partnership Agreements” means all of Borrower’s rights, powers, and remedies under the partnership agreements of each of the Pledged Companies that are partnerships.

“Portfolio Collateral” means the Obligor Loan Mortgages, the Obligor Loan Receivables, the Obligor Loan Title Policies, Obligor Loan Collateral, and any and all other assets securing the Obligor Loan Receivables or held by Borrower in respect of the same.

“Post-Increase Lenders” has the meaning specified therefor in Section 2.13 of this Agreement.

“Pre-Increase Lenders” has the meaning specified therefor in Section 2.13 of this Agreement.

“Prepayment” means for purposes of Section 2.10, the payment in full of the Obligations at any time prior to the Maturity Date.

“Projections” means Borrower’s forecasted income statement projections (on a quarterly basis for the upcoming year and on an annual basis thereafter), together with appropriate supporting details and a statement of underlying assumptions, all in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to Agent.

“Pro Rata Share” means, as of any date of determination:

(a) with respect to a Lender’s obligation to make all or a portion of the Advances, with respect to such Lender’s right to receive payments of interest, fees, and principal with respect to the Advances, and with respect to all other computations and other matters related to the Commitments or the Advances, the percentage obtained by dividing (i) the Advance Exposure of such Lender by (ii) the aggregate Advance Exposure of all Lenders,

(b) with respect to all other matters and for all other matters as to a particular Lender (including the indemnification obligations arising under Section 16.7 of this Agreement), the percentage obtained by dividing (i) the Advance Exposure of such Lender by (ii) the aggregate Advance Exposure of all Lenders, in any such case as the applicable percentage may be adjusted by assignments permitted pursuant to Section 15.1.

“Protective Advances” has the meaning specified therefor in Section 2.2(d)(i) of this Agreement.

“Public Lender” has the meaning specified therefor in Section 18.9(c) of this Agreement.

“QFC” has the meaning assigned to the term “qualified financial contract” in, and shall be interpreted in accordance with, 12 U.S.C. § 5390(c)(8)(D).

“QFC Credit Support” has the meaning specified therefor in Section 18.13 of this Agreement.

“Qualified Cash” means, as of any date of determination, the amount of unrestricted cash and Cash Equivalents of Borrower and its Subsidiaries that is in Deposit Accounts or in Securities Accounts, or any combination thereof, and which such Deposit Account or Securities Account is the subject of a Control Agreement and is maintained by a branch office of the bank or securities intermediary located within the United States.

“Qualified Equity Interest” means and refers to any Equity Interests issued by Administrative Borrower (and not by one or more of its Subsidiaries) that is not a Disqualified Equity Interest.

“Real Property” means, with respect to any Person, any estates or interests in real property now owned or hereafter acquired by such Person and the improvements thereto.

“Record” means information that is inscribed on a tangible medium or that is stored in an electronic or other medium and is retrievable in perceivable form.

“Refinancing Indebtedness” means refinancings, renewals, replacements, or extensions of Indebtedness so long as:

(a) such refinancings, renewals, replacements, or extensions do not result in an increase in the principal amount of the Indebtedness so refinanced, renewed, or extended, other than by the amount of premiums paid thereon and the fees and expenses incurred in connection therewith and by the amount of unfunded commitments with respect thereto,

(b) such refinancings, renewals, replacements, or extensions do not result in a shortening of the final stated maturity or the average weighted maturity (measured as of the refinancing, renewal, or extension) of the Indebtedness so refinanced, renewed, or extended, nor are they on terms or conditions that, taken as a whole, are or could reasonably be expected to be materially adverse to the interests of the Lenders,

(c) if the Indebtedness that is refinanced, renewed, replaced, or extended was subordinated in right of payment to the Obligations, then the terms and conditions of the refinancing, renewal, replacements, or extension must include subordination terms and conditions that are at least as favorable to the Lender Group as those that were applicable to the refinanced, renewed, replaced, or extended Indebtedness,

(d) the Indebtedness that is refinanced, renewed, replaced, or extended is not recourse to any Person that is liable on account of the Obligations other than those Persons which were obligated with respect to the Indebtedness that was refinanced, renewed, replaced, or extended,

(e) if the Indebtedness that is refinanced, renewed, replaced, or extended was unsecured, such refinancing, renewal, replacements, or extension shall be unsecured, and

(f) if the Indebtedness that is refinanced, renewed, replaced, or extended was secured, (i) such refinancing, renewal, or extension shall be secured by substantially the same or less collateral as secured such refinanced, renewed, replaced or extended Indebtedness on terms no less favorable to Agent or the Lender Group and (ii) the Liens securing such refinancing, renewal or extension shall not have a priority more senior than the Liens securing such Indebtedness that is refinanced, renewed or extended.

“Related Fund” means any Person (other than a natural person) that is engaged in making, purchasing, holding or investing in bank loans and similar extensions of credit in the ordinary course and that is administered, advised or managed by (a) a Lender, (b) an Affiliate of a Lender or (c) an entity or an Affiliate of an entity that administers, advises or manages a Lender.

“Remedial Action” means all actions taken to (a) clean up, remove, remediate, contain, treat, monitor, assess, evaluate, or in any way address Hazardous Materials in the indoor or outdoor environment, (b) prevent or minimize a release or threatened release of Hazardous Materials so they do not migrate or endanger or threaten to endanger public health or welfare or the indoor or outdoor environment, (c) restore or reclaim natural resources or the environment, (d) perform any pre-remedial studies, investigations, or post-remedial operation and maintenance activities, or (e) conduct any other actions with respect to Hazardous Materials required by Environmental Laws.

“Replacement Lender” has the meaning specified therefor in Section 2.12(b) of this Agreement.

“Report” has the meaning specified therefor in Section 16.16 of this Agreement.

“Required Lenders” means, at any time, Lenders having or holding more than 50% of the aggregate Advance Exposure of all Lenders; provided, that (i) the Advance Exposure of any Defaulting Lender shall be disregarded in the determination of the Required Lenders, (ii) at any time there are two or more Lenders (who are not Affiliates of one another or Defaulting Lenders), “Required Lenders” must include at least two Lenders (who are not Affiliates of one another).

“Required Procedures” means the making of determinations in the exercise of reasonable (from the perspective of a secured lender) business judgment in good faith in accordance with customary businesses practices of Borrower consistent with Borrower’s publicly disclosed underwriting and portfolio management practices and strategies.

“Resolution Authority” means, an EEA Resolution Authority or, with respect to any UK Financial Institution, a UK Resolution Authority.

“Restricted Payment” means (a) any declaration or payment any dividend or the making of any other payment or distribution, directly or indirectly, on account of Equity Interests issued by Borrower (including any payment in connection with any merger or consolidation involving Borrower) or to the direct or indirect holders of Equity Interests issued by Borrower in their capacity as such (other than dividends or distributions payable in Qualified Equity Interests issued by Administrative Borrower, (b) any purchase, redemption, making of any sinking fund or similar payment, or other acquisition or retirement for value (including in connection with any merger or consolidation involving Borrower) any Equity Interests issued by Borrower, or (c) any making of any payment to retire, or to obtain the surrender of, any outstanding warrants, options, or other rights to acquire Equity Interests of Borrower now or hereafter outstanding.

“Revolver Usage” means, as of any date of determination, the amount of outstanding Advances (inclusive of Swing Loans and Protective Advances).

“Sanctioned Entity” means (a) a country or territory or a government of a country or territory, (b) an agency of the government of a country or territory, (c) an organization directly or indirectly controlled by a country or territory or its government, or (d) a Person resident in or determined

to be resident in a country or territory, in each case of clauses (a) through (d) that is a target of Sanctions, including a target of any country sanctions program administered and enforced by OFAC.

“Sanctioned Person” means, at any time (a) any Person named on the list of Specially Designated Nationals and Blocked Persons maintained by OFAC, OFAC’s consolidated Non-SDN list or any other Sanctions-related list maintained by any Governmental Authority, (b) a Person or legal entity that is a target of Sanctions, (c) any Person operating, organized or resident in a Sanctioned Entity, or (d) any Person directly or indirectly owned or controlled (individually or in the aggregate) by or acting on behalf of any such Person or Persons described in clauses (a) through (c) above.

“Sanctions” means individually and collectively, respectively, any and all economic sanctions, trade sanctions, financial sanctions, sectoral sanctions, secondary sanctions, trade embargoes anti-terrorism laws and other sanctions laws, regulations or embargoes, including those imposed, administered or enforced from time to time by: (a) the United States of America, including those administered by OFAC, the U.S. Department of State, the U.S. Department of Commerce, or through any existing or future executive order, (b) the United Nations Security Council, (c) the European Union or any European Union member state, (d) Her Majesty’s Treasury of the United Kingdom, or (e) any other Governmental Authority with jurisdiction over any member of Lender Group or any Loan Party or any of their respective Subsidiaries or Affiliates.

“S&P” has the meaning specified therefor in the definition of Cash Equivalents.

“SEC” means the United States Securities and Exchange Commission and any successor thereto.

“Securities Account” means a securities account (as that term is defined in the Code).

“Securities Act” means the Securities Act of 1933, as amended from time to time, and any successor statute.

“Settlement” has the meaning specified therefor in Section 2.2(e)(i) of this Agreement.

“Settlement Date” has the meaning specified therefor in Section 2.2(e)(i) of this Agreement.

“SOFR” means the rate per annum quoted by CME Group Benchmark Administration Limited as the one (1) month Term Secured Overnight Financing Rate, as quoted for U.S. Dollars by Bloomberg (or any successor thereto, or replacement thereof, as approved by Lender) and as determined by Lender on each SOFR Determination Date.

“SOFR Determination Date” means, initially, the Initial Funding Date and then each Monthly Settlement Date thereafter; provided that if any SOFR Determination Date is not a U.S. Government Securities Business Day, the rate applicable on such SOFR Determination Date shall be the rate for the immediately preceding U.S. Government Securities Business Day.

“Solvent” means, with respect to any Person as of any date of determination, that (a) at fair valuations, the sum of such Person’s debts (including contingent liabilities) is less than all of such Person’s assets, (b) such Person is not engaged or about to engage in a business or transaction for which the remaining assets of such Person are unreasonably small in relation to the business or transaction or for which the property remaining with such Person is an unreasonably small capital, (c) such Person has not

incurred and does not intend to incur, or reasonably believe that it will incur, debts beyond its ability to pay such debts as they become due (whether at maturity or otherwise), and (d) such Person is “solvent” or not “insolvent”, as applicable within the meaning given those terms and similar terms under applicable laws relating to fraudulent transfers and conveyances. For purposes of this definition, the amount of any contingent liability at any time shall be computed as the amount that, in light of all of the facts and circumstances existing at such time, represents the amount that can reasonably be expected to become an actual or matured liability (irrespective of whether such contingent liabilities meet the criteria for accrual under Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 5).

“SRT Agent” means SRT Agent LLC, a Delaware limited liability company.

“SRT Financing Facility” means that certain Unsecured Revolving Credit Agreement, dated as of December 9, 2024, by and among SUNS, as borrower, the lenders party thereto and SRT Finance LLC, as agent and lender, as amended, restated or otherwise modified from time to time.

“SRTH” means Southern Realty Trust Holdings LLC, a Delaware limited liability company.

“SRTH Loan Agreement” means any loan agreement or other financing arrangement whereby Agent and any other lenders party thereto have agreed to provide financial accommodations to SRTH.

“SRTH Pro Rata Hold” means SRTH’s pro rata interest as a lender in the unfunded commitments and outstanding loans in any Obligor Loan Receivable.

“Subsidiary” of a Person means a corporation, partnership, limited liability company, or other entity in which that Person directly or indirectly owns or controls the Equity Interests having ordinary voting power to elect a majority of the Board of Directors of such corporation, partnership, limited liability company, or other entity.

“SUNS” has the meaning specified therefor in the preamble to this Agreement.

“SUNS Holdings I” has the meaning specified therefor in the preamble to this Agreement.

“Supermajority Lenders” means, at any time, Lenders having or holding more than 66 2/3% of the aggregate Advance Exposure of all Lenders; provided, that (i) the Advance Exposure of any Defaulting Lender shall be disregarded in the determination of the Supermajority Lenders, and (ii) at any time there are two or more Lenders (who are not Affiliates of one another), “Supermajority Lenders” must include at least two Lenders (who are not Affiliates of one another or Defaulting Lenders).

“Supported QFC” has the meaning specified therefor in Section 18.13 of this Agreement.

“Supporting Obligations” means supporting obligations (as such term is defined in the Code), and includes letters of credit and guaranties issued in support of Accounts, Chattel Paper, documents, General Intangibles, instruments or Investment Related Property.

“Swap Obligation” means, with respect to any Loan Party, any Hedge Obligation or other obligation to pay or perform under any agreement, contract or transaction that constitutes a “swap” within the meaning of section 1a(47) of the Commodity Exchange Act.

“Swing Lender” means EWB or any other Lender that, at the request of Borrower and with the consent of Agent agrees, in such Lender’s sole discretion, to become the Swing Lender under Section 2.2(b) of this Agreement.

“Swing Loan” has the meaning specified therefor in Section 2.2(b) of this Agreement.

“Swing Loan Exposure” means, as of any date of determination with respect to any Lender, such Lender’s Pro Rata Share of the Swing Loans on such date.

“Taxes” means any taxes, levies, imposts, duties, fees, assessments or other charges of whatever nature now or hereafter imposed by any jurisdiction or by any political subdivision or taxing authority thereof or therein, and all interest, penalties or similar liabilities with respect thereto.

“Tax Lender” has the meaning specified therefor in Section 15.2(a) of this Agreement.

“TRS” means Sunrise Realty TRS LLC, a Delaware limited liability company and taxable REIT subsidiary of Borrower.

“ULF Payment Date” has the meaning specified therefor in Section 2.9(b) of this Agreement.

“UK Financial Institution” means any BRRD Undertaking (as such term is defined under the PRA Rulebook (as amended from time to time) promulgated by the United Kingdom Prudential Regulation Authority) or any person subject to IFPRU 11.6 of the FCA Handbook (as amended from time to time) promulgated by the United Kingdom Financial Conduct Authority, which includes certain credit institutions and investment firms, and certain affiliates of such credit institutions or investment firms.

“UK Resolution Authority” means, the Bank of England or any other public administrative authority having responsibility for the resolution of any UK Financial Institution.

“United States” means the United States of America.

“Unused Line Fee” has the meaning specified therefor in Section 2.9(b) of this Agreement.

“U.S. Government Securities Business Day” means any day except for (a) a Saturday, (b) a Sunday or (c) a day on which the Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association recommends that the fixed income departments of its members be closed for the entire day for purposes of trading in United States government securities.

“U.S. Special Resolution Regimes” has the meaning specified therefor in Section 18.13 of this Agreement.

“Voidable Transfer” has the meaning specified therefor in Section 18.8 of this Agreement.

“Write-Down and Conversion Powers” means, (a) with respect to any EEA Resolution Authority, the write-down and conversion powers of such EEA Resolution Authority from time to time under the Bail-In Legislation for the applicable EEA Member Country, which write-down and conversion powers are described in the EU Bail-In Legislation Schedule, and (b) with respect to the United Kingdom,

any powers of the applicable Resolution Authority under the Bail-In Legislation to cancel, reduce, modify or change the form of a liability of any UK Financial Institution or any contract or instrument under which that liability arises, to convert all or part of that liability into shares, securities or obligations of that person or any other person, to provide that any such contract or instrument is to have effect as if a right had been exercised under it or to suspend any obligation in respect of that liability or any of the powers under that Bail-In Legislation that are related to or ancillary to any of those powers.

1.2 **Accounting Terms.** All accounting terms not specifically defined herein shall be construed in accordance with GAAP; provided, that if Administrative Borrower notifies Agent that Borrower requests an amendment to any provision hereof to eliminate the effect of any Accounting Change occurring after the Closing Date or in the application thereof on the operation of such provision (or if Agent notifies Administrative Borrower that the Required Lenders request an amendment to any provision hereof for such purpose), regardless of whether any such notice is given before or after such Accounting Change or in the application thereof, then Agent and Borrower agree that they will negotiate in good faith amendments to the provisions of this Agreement that are directly affected by such Accounting Change with the intent of having the respective positions of the Lenders and Borrower after such Accounting Change conform as nearly as possible to their respective positions immediately before such Accounting Change took effect and, until any such amendments have been agreed upon and agreed to by the Required Lenders, the provisions in this Agreement shall be calculated as if no such Accounting Change had occurred. When used herein, the term “financial statements” shall include the notes and schedules thereto. Whenever the term “Borrower” is used in respect of a financial covenant or a related definition, it shall be understood to mean Borrower and its Subsidiaries on a consolidated basis, unless the context clearly requires otherwise. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, (a) all financial obligations of any Person that are or would have been treated as operating leases for purposes of GAAP prior to the effectiveness of Financial Accounting Standards Board’s Accounting Standards Codification Topic 842 shall continue to be accounted for as operating leases for purposes of all financial definitions and calculations for purpose of this Agreement (whether or not such operating lease obligations were in effect on such date) notwithstanding the fact that such obligations are required in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board’s Accounting Standards Codification Topic 842 (on a prospective or retroactive basis or otherwise) to be treated as Capitalized Lease Obligations in the financial statements, and (b) the term “unqualified opinion” as used herein to refer to opinions or reports provided by accountants shall mean an opinion or report that is (i) unqualified, and (ii) does not include any explanation, supplemental comment, or other comment concerning the ability of the applicable Person to continue as a going concern or concerning the scope of the audit.

1.3 **Code.** Any terms used in this Agreement that are defined in the Code shall be construed and defined as set forth in the Code unless otherwise defined herein; provided, that to the extent that the Code is used to define any term herein and such term is defined differently in different Articles of the Code, the definition of such term contained in Article 9 of the Code shall govern.

1.4 **Construction.** Unless the context of this Agreement or any other Loan Document clearly requires otherwise, references to the plural include the singular, references to the singular include the plural, the terms “includes” and “including” are not limiting, and the term “or” has, except where otherwise indicated, the inclusive meaning represented by the phrase “and/or.” The words “hereof,” “herein,” “hereby,” “hereunder,” and similar terms in this Agreement or any other Loan Document refer to this Agreement or such other Loan Document, as the case may be, as a whole and not to any particular provision of this Agreement or such other Loan Document, as the case may be. Section, subsection, clause, schedule, and exhibit references herein are to this Agreement unless otherwise specified. Any reference in this Agreement or in any other Loan Document to any agreement, instrument, or document

shall include all alterations, amendments, changes, extensions, modifications, renewals, replacements, substitutions, joinders, and supplements, thereto and thereof, as applicable (subject to any restrictions on such alterations, amendments, changes, extensions, modifications, renewals, replacements, substitutions, joinders, and supplements set forth herein). The words “asset” and “property” shall be construed to have the same meaning and effect and to refer to any and all tangible and intangible assets and properties. Any reference herein or in any other Loan Document to the satisfaction, repayment, or payment in full of the Obligations shall mean (a) the payment or repayment in full in immediately available funds of (i) the principal amount of, and interest accrued and unpaid with respect to, all outstanding Loans, together with the payment of any premium applicable to the repayment of the Loans, (ii) all Lender Group Expenses that have accrued and are unpaid regardless of whether demand has been made therefor, and (iii) all fees or charges that have accrued hereunder or under any other Loan Document and are unpaid, (b) [Reserved], (c) in the case of obligations with respect to Bank Products (other than Hedge Obligations), providing Bank Product Collateralization, (d) the receipt by Agent of cash collateral in order to secure any other contingent Obligations for which a claim or demand for payment has been made on or prior to such time or in respect of matters or circumstances known to Agent or a Lender at such time that are reasonably expected to result in any loss, cost, damage, or expense (including attorneys’ fees and legal expenses), such cash collateral to be in such amount as Agent reasonably determines is appropriate to secure such contingent Obligations, (e) the payment or repayment in full in immediately available funds of all other outstanding Obligations (including the payment of any termination amount then applicable (or which would or could become applicable as a result of the repayment of the other Obligations) under Hedge Agreements provided by Hedge Providers) other than (i) unasserted contingent indemnification Obligations, (ii) any Bank Product Obligations (other than Hedge Obligations) that, at such time, are allowed by the applicable Bank Product Provider to remain outstanding without being required to be repaid or cash collateralized, and (iii) any Hedge Obligations that, at such time, are allowed by the applicable Hedge Provider to remain outstanding without being required to be repaid, and (f) the termination of all of the Commitments of the Lenders. Any reference herein to any Person shall be construed to include such Person’s successors and assigns. Any requirement of a writing contained herein or in any other Loan Document shall be satisfied by the transmission of a Record.

1.5 **Time References.** Unless the context of this Agreement or any other Loan Document clearly requires otherwise, all references to time of day refer to Pacific standard time or Pacific daylight saving time, as in effect in Los Angeles, California on such day. For purposes of the computation of a period of time from a specified date to a later specified date, unless otherwise expressly provided, the word “from” means “from and including” and the words “to” and “until” each means “to and including”; provided that, with respect to a computation of fees or interest payable to Agent or any Lender, such period shall in any event consist of at least one full day.

1.6 **Schedules and Exhibits.** All of the schedules and exhibits attached to this Agreement shall be deemed incorporated herein by reference.

1.7 **Divisions.** For all purposes under the Loan Documents, in connection with any division or plan of division under Delaware law (or any comparable event under a different jurisdiction’s laws): (a) if any asset, right, obligation or liability of any Person becomes the asset, right, obligation or liability of a different Person, then it shall be deemed to have been transferred from the original Person to the subsequent Person, and (b) if any new Person comes into existence, such new Person shall be deemed to have been organized on the first date of its existence by the holders of its Equity Interests at such time.

2. LOANS AND TERMS OF PAYMENT

2.1 Revolver Advances.

(a) Subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, and during the term of this Agreement, each Lender agrees (severally, not jointly or jointly and severally) to make advances (each, an “Advance” and, collectively, the “Advances”) to Borrower in an amount at any one time outstanding not to exceed *the lesser of*:

(i) such Lender’s Commitment, or

(ii) such Lender’s Pro Rata Share of an amount equal to *the lesser of*:

(A) the amount equal to (1) the Maximum Revolver Amount *less* (2) the principal amount of Swing Loans outstanding at such time, and

(B) the amount equal to (1) the Borrowing Base at such time (based upon the most recent Borrowing Base Certificate delivered by Borrower to Agent, as adjusted for reserves established by Agent in accordance with Section 2.1(c)) *minus* (2) the principal amount of Swing Loans outstanding at such time.

(b) Amounts borrowed pursuant to this Section 2.1 may be repaid and, subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, reborrowed at any time during the term of this Agreement. The outstanding principal amount of the Advances, together with interest accrued and unpaid thereon, shall constitute Obligations and shall be due and payable on the Maturity Date or, if earlier, on the date on which they otherwise become due and payable pursuant to the terms of this Agreement.

(c) Anything to the contrary in this Section 2.1 notwithstanding, Agent shall have the right (but not the obligation), to establish, increase, reduce, eliminate or otherwise adjust reserves from time to time against the Borrowing Base or the Maximum Revolver Amount, in such amounts, and with respect to such matters, as Agent in its Permitted Discretion shall deem necessary or appropriate, including (i) reserves in an amount equal to the Bank Product Reserves, and (ii) reserves with respect to (A) sums that Borrower or its Subsidiaries are required to pay under this Agreement or any other Loan Document (such as taxes, assessments, insurance premiums, or, in the case of leased assets, rents or other amounts payable under such leases) and has failed to pay when due, (B) amounts owing by Borrower or its Subsidiaries to any Person to the extent secured by a Lien on, or trust over, any of the Collateral (other than a Permitted Lien which is a permitted purchase money Lien or the interest of a lessor under a Capital Lease), which Lien or trust, in the Permitted Discretion of Agent likely would have a priority superior to Agent’s Liens (such as Liens or trusts in favor of landlords, warehousemen, carriers, mechanics, materialmen, laborers, or suppliers, or Liens or trusts for ad valorem, excise, sales, or other taxes where given priority under applicable law) in and to such item of the Collateral, (C) the valuation of any Obligor Loan Receivable, and (D) estimated expenses necessary to facilitate the orderly disposition of Collateral and wind-down of Borrower’s business after the occurrence and during the continuation of an Event of Default. The amount of any reserve established by Agent shall have a reasonable relationship to the event, condition, other circumstance, or fact that is the basis for such reserve and shall not be duplicative of any other reserve established and currently maintained.

2.2 **Borrowing Procedures and Settlements.**

(a) **Procedure for Borrowing.** Each Borrowing shall be made by a written request by an Authorized Person delivered to Agent (which may be delivered through Agent's electronic platform or portal) and received by Agent no later than 11:00 a.m. (Pacific time) (i) on the Business Day that is the requested Funding Date in the case of a request for a Swing Loan, and (ii) on the Business Day that is 1 Business Day prior to the requested Funding Date in the case of all other requests, specifying (A) the amount of such Borrowing, and (B) the requested Funding Date (which shall be a Business Day); provided, that Agent may, in its sole discretion, elect to accept as timely requests that are received later than 11:00 a.m. (Pacific time) on the applicable Business Day. All Borrowing requests which are not made on-line via Agent's electronic platform or portal shall be subject to (and unless Agent elects otherwise in the exercise of its sole discretion, such Borrowings shall not be made until the completion of) Agent's authentication process (with results satisfactory to Agent) prior to the funding of any such requested Borrowing.

(b) **Making of Swing Loans.** In the case of a request for an Advance and so long as either (i) the aggregate amount of Swing Loans made since the last Settlement Date, *minus* all payments or other amounts applied to Swing Loans since the last Settlement Date, plus the amount of the requested Swing Loan does not exceed \$10,000,000, or (ii) Swing Lender, in its sole discretion, agrees to make a Swing Loan notwithstanding the foregoing limitation, Swing Lender shall make an Advance (any such Advance made by Swing Lender pursuant to this Section 2.2(b) being referred to as a "Swing Loan" and all such Advances being referred to as "Swing Loans") available to Borrower on the Funding Date applicable thereto by transferring immediately available funds in the amount of such requested Borrowing to the Designated Account. Each Swing Loan shall be deemed to be an Advance hereunder and shall be subject to all the terms and conditions (including Section 3) applicable to other Advances, except that all payments (including interest) on any Swing Loan shall be payable to Swing Lender solely for its own account. Subject to the provisions of Section 2.2(d)(ii), Swing Lender shall not make and shall not be obligated to make any Swing Loan if Swing Lender has actual knowledge that (y) one or more of the applicable conditions precedent set forth in Section 3 will not be satisfied on the requested Funding Date for the applicable Borrowing, or (z) the requested Borrowing would exceed the Availability on such Funding Date. Swing Lender shall not otherwise be required to determine whether the applicable conditions precedent set forth in Section 3 have been satisfied on the Funding Date applicable thereto prior to making any Swing Loan. The Swing Loans shall be secured by Agent's Liens, constitute Advances and Obligations, and bear interest at the rate applicable from time to time to Advances.

(c) **Making of Loans.**

(i) In the event that Swing Lender is not obligated to make a Swing Loan, then after receipt of a request for a Borrowing pursuant to Section 2.2(a), Agent shall notify the Lenders by telecopy, telephone, email, or other electronic form of transmission, of the requested Borrowing; such notification to be sent on the Business Day that is one Business Day prior to the requested Funding Date. If Agent has notified the Lenders of a requested Borrowing on the Business Day that is one Business Day prior to the Funding Date, then each Lender shall make the amount of such Lender's Pro Rata Share of the requested Borrowing available to Agent in immediately available funds, to Agent's Account, not later than 11:00 a.m. (Pacific time) on the Business Day that is the requested Funding Date. After Agent's receipt of the proceeds of such Advances from the Lenders, Agent shall make the proceeds thereof available to Borrower on the applicable Funding Date by transferring immediately available funds equal to such proceeds received by Agent to the Designated Account; provided, that, subject to the provisions of Section 2.2(d)(ii), no Lender shall have an obligation to make any Advance, if (1) one or more of the

applicable conditions precedent set forth in Section 3 will not be satisfied on the requested Funding Date for the applicable Borrowing unless such condition has been waived, or (2) the requested Borrowing would exceed the Availability on such Funding Date.

(ii) Unless Agent receives notice from a Lender prior to 9:30 a.m. (Pacific time) on the Business Day that is the requested Funding Date relative to a requested Borrowing as to which Agent has notified the Lenders of a requested Borrowing that such Lender will not make available as and when required hereunder to Agent for the account of Borrower the amount of that Lender's Pro Rata Share of the Borrowing, Agent may assume that each Lender has made or will make such amount available to Agent in immediately available funds on the Funding Date and Agent may (but shall not be so required), in reliance upon such assumption, make available to Borrower a corresponding amount. If, on the requested Funding Date, any Lender shall not have remitted the full amount that it is required to make available to Agent in immediately available funds and if Agent has made available to Borrower such amount on the requested Funding Date, then such Lender shall make the amount of such Lender's Pro Rata Share of the requested Borrowing available to Agent in immediately available funds, to Agent's Account, no later than 10:00 a.m. (Pacific time) on the Business Day that is the first Business Day after the requested Funding Date (in which case, the interest accrued on such Lender's portion of such Borrowing for the Funding Date shall be for Agent's separate account). If any Lender shall not remit the full amount that it is required to make available to Agent in immediately available funds as and when required hereby and if Agent has made available to Borrower such amount, then that Lender shall be obligated to immediately remit such amount to Agent, together with interest at the Defaulting Lender Rate for each day until the date on which such amount is so remitted. A notice submitted by Agent to any Lender with respect to amounts owing under this Section 2.2(c)(ii) shall be conclusive, absent manifest error. If the amount that a Lender is required to remit is made available to Agent, then such payment to Agent shall constitute such Lender's Advance for all purposes of this Agreement. If such amount is not made available to Agent on the Business Day following the Funding Date, Agent will notify Administrative Borrower of such failure to fund and, upon demand by Agent, Borrower shall pay such amount to Agent for Agent's account, together with interest thereon for each day elapsed since the date of such Borrowing, at a rate per annum equal to the interest rate applicable at the time to the Advances composing such Borrowing.

(d) Protective Advances and Optional Overadvances.

(i) Any contrary provision of this Agreement or any other Loan Document notwithstanding, but subject to Section 2.2(d)(iv), at any time (A) after the occurrence and during the continuation of a Default or an Event of Default, or (B) that any of the other applicable conditions precedent set forth in Section 3 are not satisfied, Agent hereby is authorized by Borrower and the Lenders, from time to time, in Agent's Permitted Discretion, to make Advances to, or for the benefit of, Borrower, on behalf of the Lenders, that Agent, in its Permitted Discretion, deems necessary or desirable (1) to preserve or protect the Collateral, or any portion thereof, or (2) to enhance the likelihood of repayment of the Obligations (other than the Bank Product Obligations) (the Advances described in this Section 2.2(d)(i) shall be referred to as "Protective Advances"). Borrower shall immediately repay such Protective Advance. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the aggregate amount of all Protective Advances outstanding at any one time shall not exceed \$10,000,000.

(ii) Any contrary provision of this Agreement or any other Loan Document notwithstanding, but subject to Section 2.2(d)(iv), the Lenders hereby authorize Agent or Swing Lender, as applicable, and either Agent or Swing Lender, as applicable, may, but is not obligated to, knowingly and intentionally, continue to make Advances (including Swing Loans) to Borrower notwithstanding that

an Overadvance exists or would be created thereby, so long as (A) after giving effect to such Advances, the outstanding Revolver Usage does not exceed the Borrowing Base by more than \$10,000,000, and (B) subject to Section 2.2(d)(iv) below, after giving effect to such Advances, the outstanding Revolver Usage (except for and excluding amounts charged to the Loan Account for interest, fees, or Lender Group Expenses) does not exceed the Maximum Revolver Amount. In the event Agent obtains actual knowledge that the Revolver Usage exceeds the amounts permitted by this Section 2.2(d), regardless of the amount of, or reason for, such excess, Agent shall notify the Lenders as soon as practicable (and prior to making any (or any additional) intentional Overadvances (except for and excluding amounts charged to the Loan Account for interest, fees, or Lender Group Expenses) unless Agent determines that prior notice would result in imminent harm to the Collateral or its value, in which case Agent may make such Overadvances and provide notice as promptly as practicable thereafter), and the Lenders thereupon shall, together with Agent, jointly determine the terms of arrangements that shall be implemented with Borrower intended to reduce, within a reasonable time, the outstanding principal amount of the Advances to Borrower to an amount permitted by the preceding sentence. In such circumstances, if any Lender objects to the proposed terms of reduction or repayment of any Overadvance, the terms of reduction or repayment thereof shall be implemented according to the determination of the Required Lenders. In any event (x) if any Overadvance not otherwise made or permitted pursuant to this Section 2.2(d) remains outstanding for more than 30 days, unless otherwise agreed to by the Required Lenders, Borrower shall immediately repay Advance in an amount sufficient to eliminate all such Overadvances not otherwise made or permitted to this Section 2.2(d), and (y) after the date all such Overadvances have been eliminated, there must be at least five consecutive days before additional Advance are made pursuant to this Section 2.2(d)(ii). The foregoing provisions are meant for the benefit of the Lenders and Agent and are not meant for the benefit of Borrower, which shall continue to be bound by the provisions of Section 2.4. Each Lender shall be obligated to settle with Agent as provided in Section 2.2(e) (or Section 2.2(g), as applicable) for the amount of such Lender's Pro Rata Share of any unintentional Overadvances by Agent reported to such Lender, any intentional Overadvances made as permitted under this Section 2.2(d)(ii), and any Overadvances resulting from the charging to the Loan Account of interest, fees, or Lender Group Expenses.

(iii) Each Protective Advance and each Overadvance (each, an "Extraordinary Advance") shall be deemed to be an Advance hereunder. Prior to Settlement of any Extraordinary Advance, all payments with respect thereto, including interest thereon, shall be payable to Agent solely for its own account. Each Lender shall be obligated to settle with Agent as provided in Section 2.2(e) (or Section 2.2(g), as applicable) for the amount of such Lender's Pro Rata Share of any Extraordinary Advance. The Extraordinary Advances shall be repayable on demand, secured by Agent's Liens, constitute Obligations hereunder, and bear interest at the rate applicable from time to time to Advances. The provisions of this Section 2.2(d) are for the exclusive benefit of Agent, Swing Lender, and the Lenders and are not intended to benefit Borrower (or any other Loan Party) in any way.

(iv) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Agreement or any other Loan Document to the contrary: (A) no Extraordinary Advance may be made by Agent if such Extraordinary Advance would cause the aggregate principal amount of Extraordinary Advances outstanding to exceed an amount equal to 10% of the Maximum Revolver Amount; and (B) to the extent that the making of any Extraordinary Advance causes the aggregate Revolver Usage to exceed the Maximum Revolver Amount, such portion of such Extraordinary Advance shall be for Agent's sole and separate account and not for the account of any Lender and shall be entitled to priority in repayment in accordance with Section 2.3(b).

(e) **Settlement.** It is agreed that each Lender's funded portion of the Advances is intended by the Lenders to equal, at all times, such Lender's Pro Rata Share of the outstanding Advances.

Such agreement notwithstanding, Agent, Swing Lender, and the other Lenders agree (which agreement shall not be for the benefit of Borrower) that in order to facilitate the administration of this Agreement and the other Loan Documents, settlement among the Lenders as to the Advances, the Swing Loans, and the Extraordinary Advances shall take place on a periodic basis in accordance with the following provisions:

(i) Agent shall request settlement (“Settlement”) with the Lenders on a weekly basis, or on a more frequent basis if so determined by Agent in its sole discretion (1) on behalf of Swing Lender, with respect to the outstanding Swing Loans, (2) for itself, with respect to the outstanding Extraordinary Advances, and (3) with respect to Borrower’s or its Subsidiaries’ payments or other amounts received, as to each by notifying the Lenders by telecopy, telephone, or other similar form of transmission, of such requested Settlement, no later than 2:00 p.m. (Pacific time) on the Business Day immediately prior to the date of such requested Settlement (the date of such requested Settlement being the “Settlement Date”). Such notice of a Settlement Date shall include a summary statement of the amount of outstanding Advances, Swing Loans, and Extraordinary Advances for the period since the prior Settlement Date. Subject to the terms and conditions contained herein (including Section 2.2(g)): (y) if the amount of the Advances (including Swing Loans, and Extraordinary Advances) made by a Lender that is not a Defaulting Lender exceeds such Lender’s Pro Rata Share of the Advances (including Swing Loans, and Extraordinary Advances) as of a Settlement Date, then Agent shall, by no later than 12:00 p.m. (Pacific time) on the Settlement Date, transfer in immediately available funds to a Deposit Account of such Lender (as such Lender may designate), an amount such that each such Lender shall, upon receipt of such amount, have as of the Settlement Date, its Pro Rata Share of the Advances (including Swing Loans, and Extraordinary Advances), and (z) if the amount of the Advances (including Swing Loans, and Extraordinary Advances) made by a Lender is less than such Lender’s Pro Rata Share of the Advances (including Swing Loans, and Extraordinary Advances) as of a Settlement Date, such Lender shall no later than 12:00 p.m. (Pacific time) on the Settlement Date transfer in immediately available funds to Agent’s Account, an amount such that each such Lender shall, upon transfer of such amount, have as of the Settlement Date, its Pro Rata Share of the Advances (including Swing Loans and Extraordinary Advances). Such amounts made available to Agent under clause (z) of the immediately preceding sentence shall be applied against the amounts of the applicable Swing Loans or Extraordinary Advances and, together with the portion of such Swing Loans or Extraordinary Advances representing Swing Lender’s Pro Rata Share thereof, shall constitute Advances of such Lenders. If any such amount is not made available to Agent by any Lender on the Settlement Date applicable thereto to the extent required by the terms hereof, Agent shall be entitled to recover for its account such amount on demand from such Lender together with interest thereon at the Defaulting Lender Rate.

(ii) In determining whether a Lender’s balance of the Advances, Swing Loans, and Extraordinary Advances is less than, equal to, or greater than such Lender’s Pro Rata Share of the Advances, Swing Loans, and Extraordinary Advances as of a Settlement Date, Agent shall, as part of the relevant Settlement, apply to such balance the portion of payments actually received in good funds by Agent with respect to principal, interest, fees payable by Borrower and allocable to the Lenders hereunder, and proceeds of Collateral.

(iii) Between Settlement Dates, Agent, to the extent Extraordinary Advances or Swing Loans are outstanding, may pay over to Agent or Swing Lender, as applicable, any payments or other amounts received by Agent, that in accordance with the terms of this Agreement would be applied to the reduction of the Advances, for application to the Extraordinary Advances or Swing Loans. Between Settlement Dates, Agent, to the extent no Extraordinary Advances or Swing Loans are outstanding, may pay over to Swing Lender any payments or other amounts received by Agent, that in

accordance with the terms of this Agreement would be applied to the reduction of the Advances, for application to Swing Lender's Pro Rata Share of the Advances. If, as of any Settlement Date, payments or other amounts of Borrower or its Subsidiaries received since the then immediately preceding Settlement Date have been applied to Swing Lender's Pro Rata Share of the Advances other than to Swing Loans, as provided for in the previous sentence, Swing Lender shall pay to Agent for the accounts of the Lenders, and Agent shall pay to the Lenders (other than a Defaulting Lender if Agent has implemented the provisions of Section 2.2(g)), to be applied to the outstanding Advances of such Lenders, an amount such that each such Lender shall, upon receipt of such amount, have, as of such Settlement Date, its Pro Rata Share of the Advances. During the period between Settlement Dates, Swing Lender with respect to Swing Loans, Agent with respect to Extraordinary Advances, and each Lender with respect to the Advances other than Swing Loans and Extraordinary Advances, shall be entitled to interest at the applicable rate or rates payable under this Agreement on the daily amount of funds employed by Swing Lender, Agent, or the Lenders, as applicable.

(iv) Anything in this Section 2.2(e) to the contrary notwithstanding, in the event that a Lender is a Defaulting Lender, Agent shall be entitled to refrain from remitting settlement amounts to the Defaulting Lender and, instead, shall be entitled to elect to implement the provisions set forth in Section 2.2(g).

(f) **Notation.** Agent, as a non-fiduciary agent for Borrower, shall maintain a register showing the principal amount and stated interest of the Advances owing to each Lender, including the Swing Loans owing to Swing Lender, and Extraordinary Advances owing to Agent, and the interests therein of each Lender, from time to time and such register shall, absent manifest error, conclusively be presumed to be correct and accurate.

(g) **Defaulting Lenders.**

(i) Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 2.3(b)(ii), Agent shall not be obligated to transfer to a Defaulting Lender any payments made by Borrower to Agent for the Defaulting Lender's benefit or any proceeds of Collateral that would otherwise be remitted hereunder to the Defaulting Lender, and, in the absence of such transfer to the Defaulting Lender, Agent shall transfer any such payments (A) first, to Agent to the extent of any Extraordinary Advances that were made by Agent and that were required to be, but were not, paid by such Defaulting Lender, (B) second, to Swing Lender to the extent of any Swing Loans that were made by Swing Lender and that were required to be, but were not, paid by the Defaulting Lender, (C) third, [Reserved], (D) fourth, to each Non-Defaulting Lender ratably in accordance with their Commitments (but, in each case, only to the extent that such Defaulting Lender's portion of an Advance (or other funding obligation) was funded by such other Non-Defaulting Lender), (E) fifth, in Agent's sole discretion, to a suspense account maintained by Agent, the proceeds of which shall be retained by Agent and may be made available to be re-advanced to or for the benefit of Borrower (upon the request of Borrower and subject to the conditions set forth in Section 3.4) as if such Defaulting Lender had made its portion of Advances (or other funding obligations) hereunder, and (F) sixth, from and after the date on which all other Obligations have been paid in full, to such Defaulting Lender in accordance with tier (L) of Section 2.3(b)(ii). Subject to the foregoing, Agent may hold and, in its discretion, re-lend to Borrower for the account of such Defaulting Lender the amount of all such payments received and retained by Agent for the account of such Defaulting Lender. Solely for the purposes of voting or consenting to matters with respect to the Loan Documents (including the calculation of Pro Rata Share in connection therewith) and for the purpose of calculating the fee payable under Section 2.9(b), such Defaulting Lender shall be deemed not to be a "Lender" and such Lender's Commitment shall be deemed to be zero; provided, that the foregoing shall not apply to any of the matters

governed by Section 15.1(a)(i) through (iii). The provisions of this Section 2.2(g) shall remain effective with respect to such Defaulting Lender until the earlier of (y) the date on which all of the Non-Defaulting Lenders, Agent, and Borrower shall have waived, in writing, the application of this Section 2.2(g) to such Defaulting Lender, or (z) the date on which such Defaulting Lender makes payment of all amounts that it was obligated to fund hereunder, pays to Agent all amounts owing by Defaulting Lender in respect of the amounts that it was obligated to fund hereunder, and, if requested by Agent, provides adequate assurance of its ability to perform its future obligations hereunder (on which earlier date, so long as no Event of Default has occurred and is continuing, any remaining cash collateral held by Agent pursuant to Section 2.2(g)(ii) shall be released to Borrower). The operation of this Section 2.2(g) shall not be construed to increase or otherwise affect the Commitment of any Lender, to relieve or excuse the performance by such Defaulting Lender or any other Lender of its duties and obligations hereunder, or to relieve or excuse the performance by Borrower of its duties and obligations hereunder to Agent or to the Lenders other than such Defaulting Lender. Any failure by a Defaulting Lender to fund amounts that it was obligated to fund hereunder shall constitute a material breach by such Defaulting Lender of this Agreement and shall entitle Borrower, at its option, upon written notice to Agent, to arrange for a substitute Lender to assume the Commitment of such Defaulting Lender, such substitute Lender to be reasonably acceptable to Agent. In connection with the arrangement of such a substitute Lender, the Defaulting Lender shall have no right to refuse to be replaced hereunder, and agrees to execute and deliver a completed form of Assignment and Acceptance in favor of the substitute Lender (and agrees that it shall be deemed to have executed and delivered such document if it fails to do so) subject only to being paid its share of the outstanding Obligations (other than Bank Product Obligations, but including all interest, fees, and other amounts that may be due and payable in respect thereof); provided, that any such assumption of the Commitment of such Defaulting Lender shall not be deemed to constitute a waiver of any of the Lender Groups' or Borrower's rights or remedies against any such Defaulting Lender arising out of or in relation to such failure to fund. In the event of a direct conflict between the priority provisions of this Section 2.2(g) and any other provision contained in this Agreement or any other Loan Document, it is the intention of the parties hereto that such provisions be read together and construed, to the fullest extent possible, to be in concert with each other. In the event of any actual, irreconcilable conflict that cannot be resolved as aforesaid, the terms and provisions of this Section 2.2(g) shall control and govern.

(ii) If any Swing Loan is outstanding at the time that a Lender becomes a Defaulting Lender then:

(A) such Defaulting Lender's Swing Loan Exposure shall be reallocated among the Non-Defaulting Lenders in accordance with their respective Pro Rata Shares but only to the extent (x) the sum of all Non-Defaulting Lenders' Advance Exposures plus such Defaulting Lender's Swing Loan Exposure does not exceed the total of all Non-Defaulting Lenders' Commitments and (y) the conditions set forth in Section 3.4 are satisfied at such time;

(B) if the reallocation described in clause (A) above cannot, or can only partially, be effected, Borrower shall within one Business Day following notice by the Agent, prepay such Defaulting Lender's Swing Loan Exposure (after giving effect to any partial reallocation pursuant to clause (A) above);

(C) [Reserved];

(D) [Reserved];

(E) [Reserved]; and

(F) so long as any Lender is a Defaulting Lender, the Swing Lender shall not be required to make any Swing Loan to the extent (x) the Defaulting Lender's Pro Rata Share of such Swing Loans cannot be reallocated pursuant to this Section 2.2(g)(ii) or (y) the Swing Lender has not otherwise entered into arrangements reasonably satisfactory to the Swing Lender and Borrower to eliminate the Swing Lender's risk with respect to the Defaulting Lender's participation in Swing Loans.

(h) **Independent Obligations.** All Advances (other than Swing Loans and Extraordinary Advances) shall be made by the Lenders contemporaneously and in accordance with their Pro Rata Shares. It is understood that (i) no Lender shall be responsible for any failure by any other Lender to perform its obligation to make any Advance (or other extension of credit) hereunder, nor shall any Commitment of any Lender be increased or decreased as a result of any failure by any other Lender to perform its obligations hereunder, and (ii) no failure by any Lender to perform its obligations hereunder shall excuse any other Lender from its obligations hereunder.

2.3 **Payments; Reductions of Commitments.**

(a) **Payments by Borrower.**

(i) Except as otherwise expressly provided herein, all payments by Borrower shall be made to Agent's Account for the account of the Lender Group and shall be made in immediately available funds, no later than 1:30 p.m. (Pacific time) on the date specified herein. Any payment received by Agent in immediately available funds in Agent's Account later than 1:30 p.m. (Pacific time) shall be deemed to have been received (unless Agent, in its sole discretion, elects to credit it on the date received) on the following Business Day and any applicable interest or fee shall continue to accrue until such following Business Day.

(ii) Unless Agent receives notice from Borrower prior to the date on which any payment is due to the Lenders that Borrower will not make such payment in full as and when required, Agent may assume that Borrower has made (or will make) such payment in full to Agent on such date in immediately available funds and Agent may (but shall not be so required), in reliance upon such assumption, distribute to each Lender on such due date an amount equal to the amount then due such Lender. If and to the extent Borrower does not make such payment in full to Agent on the date when due, each Lender severally shall repay to Agent on demand such amount distributed to such Lender, together with interest thereon at the Defaulting Lender Rate for each day from the date such amount is distributed to such Lender until the date repaid.

(b) **Apportionment and Application.**

(i) So long as no Application Event has occurred and is continuing and except as otherwise provided herein with respect to Defaulting Lenders, all principal and interest payments received by Agent shall be apportioned ratably among the Lenders (according to the unpaid principal balance of the Obligations to which such payments relate held by each Lender) and all payments of fees and expenses received by Agent (other than fees or expenses that are for Agent's separate account) shall be apportioned ratably among the Lenders having a Pro Rata Share of the type of Commitment or Obligation to which a particular fee or expense relates. Subject to Section 2.3(b)(iv), all payments to be made hereunder by Borrower shall be remitted to Agent and all such payments, and all proceeds of Collateral received by Agent, shall be applied, so long as no Application Event has occurred and is continuing and except as otherwise provided herein with respect to Defaulting Lenders, to reduce the

balance of the Advances outstanding and, thereafter, to Borrower (to be wired to the Designated Account) or such other Person entitled thereto under applicable law.

(ii) At any time that an Application Event has occurred and is continuing and except as otherwise provided herein with respect to Defaulting Lenders, all payments remitted to Agent and all proceeds of Collateral received by Agent shall be applied as follows:

(A) first, to pay any Lender Group Expenses (including cost or expense reimbursements) or indemnities then due to Agent under the Loan Documents, until paid in full,

(B) second, to pay any fees or premiums then due to Agent under the Loan Documents until paid in full,

(C) third, to pay interest due in respect of all Protective Advances until paid in full,

(D) fourth, to pay the principal of all Protective Advances until paid in full,

(E) fifth, ratably, to pay any Lender Group Expenses (including cost or expense reimbursements) or indemnities then due to any of the Lenders under the Loan Documents, until paid in full,

(F) sixth, ratably, to pay any fees or premiums then due to any of the Lenders under the Loan Documents until paid in full,

(G) seventh, to pay interest accrued in respect of the Swing Loans until paid in full,

(H) eighth, to pay the principal of all Swing Loans until paid in full,

(I) ninth, ratably, to pay interest accrued in respect of the Advances (other than Protective Advances and Swing Loans) until paid in full,

(J) tenth, ratably

(1) to pay the principal of all Advances until paid in full,

(2) [Reserved],

(3) ratably, up to the amount (after taking into account any amounts previously paid pursuant to this clause (3) during the continuation of the applicable Application Event) of the most recently established Bank Product Reserves to (y) the Bank Product Provider based upon amounts then certified by the Bank Product Provider to Agent (in form and substance satisfactory to Agent) to be due and payable to the Bank Product Provider on account of Bank Product Obligations, and (z) with any balance to be paid to Agent, to be held by Agent, for the ratable benefit of the Bank Product Providers, as cash collateral (which cash collateral may be released by Agent to the applicable Bank Product Provider and applied by such Bank Product Provider to the payment or reimbursement of any amounts due and payable with respect to Bank Product Obligations owed to the applicable Bank Product Provider as and when such amounts first become due and payable and, if and at such time as all such

Bank Product Obligations are paid or otherwise satisfied in full, the cash collateral held by Agent in respect of such Bank Product Obligations shall be reapplied pursuant to this Section 2.3(b)(ii), beginning with tier (A) hereof),

(K) eleventh, to pay any other Obligations other than Obligations owed to Defaulting Lenders (including being paid to the Bank Product Provider on account of all amounts then due and payable in respect of Bank Product Obligations), with any balance to be paid to Agent, to be held by Agent, for the benefit of the Bank Product Provider, as cash collateral (which cash collateral may be released by Agent to the Bank Product Provider and applied by Bank Product Provider to the payment or reimbursement of any amounts due and payable with respect to Bank Product Obligations owed to the Bank Product Provider as and when such amounts first become due and payable and, if and at such time as all Bank Product Obligations are paid or otherwise satisfied in full, the cash collateral held by Agent in respect of such Bank Product Obligations shall be reapplied pursuant to this Section 2.3(b)(ii), beginning with tier (A) hereof),

(L) twelfth, ratably to pay any Obligations owed to Defaulting Lenders; and

(M) thirteenth, to Borrower (to be wired to the Designated Account) or such other Person entitled thereto under applicable law.

(iii) Agent promptly shall distribute to each Lender, pursuant to the applicable wire instructions received from each Lender in writing, such funds as it may be entitled to receive, subject to a Settlement delay as provided in Section 2.2(e).

(iv) In each instance, so long as no Application Event has occurred and is continuing, Section 2.3(b)(i) shall not apply to any payment made by Borrower to Agent and specified by Borrower to be for the payment of specific Obligations then due and payable (or prepayable) under any provision of this Agreement or any other Loan Document.

(v) For purposes of Section 2.3(b)(ii), “paid in full” of a type of Obligation means payment in cash or immediately available funds of all amounts owing on account of such type of Obligation, including interest accrued after the commencement of any Insolvency Proceeding, default interest, interest on interest, and expense reimbursements, irrespective of whether any of the foregoing would be or is allowed or disallowed in whole or in part in any Insolvency Proceeding.

(vi) In the event of a direct conflict between the priority provisions of this Section 2.3 and any other provision contained in this Agreement or any other Loan Document, it is the intention of the parties hereto that such provisions be read together and construed, to the fullest extent possible, to be in concert with each other. In the event of any actual, irreconcilable conflict that cannot be resolved as aforesaid, if the conflict relates to the provisions of Section 2.2(g) and this Section 2.3, then the provisions of Section 2.2(g) shall control and govern, and if otherwise, then the terms and provisions of this Section 2.3 shall control and govern.

(c) **Reduction of Commitments.** The Commitments shall terminate on the Maturity Date or earlier termination thereof pursuant to the terms of this Agreement. Borrower may reduce the Commitments to an amount (which may be zero) not less than the sum of (A) the Revolver Usage as of such date, *plus* (B) the principal amount of all Advances not yet made as to which a request has been given by Borrower under Section 2.2(a). Each such reduction shall be in an amount which is not less than \$1,000,000 (unless the Commitments are being reduced to zero and the amount of the Commitments in

effect immediately prior to such reduction are less than \$1,000,000), shall be made by providing not less than ten Business Days prior written notice to Agent, and shall be irrevocable. The Commitments, once reduced, may not be increased. Each such reduction of the Commitments shall reduce the Commitments of each Lender proportionately in accordance with its ratable share thereof. In connection with any reduction in the Commitments prior to the Maturity Date, if any Loan Party or any of its Subsidiaries owns any Margin Stock, Borrower shall deliver to Agent an updated Form U-1 (with sufficient additional originals thereof for each Lender), duly executed and delivered by Borrower, together with such other documentation as Agent shall reasonably request, in order to enable Agent and the Lenders to comply with any of the requirements under Regulations T, U or X of the Federal Reserve Board.

2.4 **Overadvances; Promise to Pay.**

(a) **Overadvances.** If, at any time or for any reason, the amount of Obligations (other than Bank Product Obligations) owed by Borrower to the Lender Group pursuant to Section 2.1 or Section 2.10 is greater than any of the limitations set forth in Section 2.1 or Section 2.10, as applicable (an “Overadvance”), Borrower immediately shall pay to Agent, in cash, the amount of such excess, which amount shall be used by Agent to reduce the Obligations in accordance with the priorities set forth in Section 2.3(b).

(b) **Promise to Pay.** Borrower agrees to pay the Lender Group Expenses on the earlier of (a) the first day of the month following the date on which the applicable Lender Group Expenses were first incurred or (b) the date on which demand therefor is made by Agent (it being acknowledged and agreed that any charging of such costs, expenses or Lender Group Expenses to the Loan Account pursuant to the provisions of Section 2.5(d) shall be deemed to constitute a demand for payment thereof for the purposes of this subclause (b)). Borrower promises to pay all of the Obligations (including principal, interest, premiums, if any, fees, costs, and expenses (including Lender Group Expenses)) in full on the Maturity Date or, if earlier, on the date on which the Obligations (other than the Bank Product Obligations) become due and payable pursuant to the terms of this Agreement. Borrower agrees that its obligations contained in the first sentence of this Section 2.4 shall survive payment or satisfaction in full of all other Obligations.

2.5 **Interest Rates: Rates, Payments, and Calculations.**

(a) **Interest Rates.** Except as provided in Section 2.5(c), all Obligations that have been charged to the Loan Account pursuant to the terms hereof shall bear interest at a *per annum* rate equal to the lesser of (i) the Applicable Interest Rate, or (ii) the maximum rate of interest allowed by applicable laws.

(b) **Late Charges.** To the extent permitted by applicable laws, the Agent or the Required Lenders shall have the right to assess, and Borrower shall pay, a late fee if any principal, interest, or fees under this Agreement are not paid within ten (10) days after their due date, and in such a case, the late charge shall be in an amount equal to the greater of Five Dollars (\$5.00) or six percent (6%) of the amount not timely paid.

(c) **Default Rate.** Upon the occurrence and during the continuation of an Event of Default and at the election of Agent or the Required Lenders, all Obligations that have been charged to the Loan Account pursuant to the terms hereof shall bear interest at a *per annum* rate equal to 5 percentage points above the *per annum* rate otherwise applicable thereunder, and

(d) **Payment.** Except to the extent provided to the contrary in Section 2.9, (i) all interest and all other fees payable hereunder or under any of the other Loan Documents shall be due and payable, in arrears, on the first day of each month; (ii) [Reserved]; and (iii) all costs and expenses payable hereunder or under any of the other Loan Documents, and all other Lender Group Expenses shall be due and payable on (x) with respect to Lender Group Expenses outstanding as of the Closing Date, the Closing Date, and (y) otherwise, the earlier of (A) the first day of the month following the date on which the applicable costs, expenses, or Lender Group Expenses were first incurred or (B) the date on which demand therefor is made by Agent (it being acknowledged and agreed that any charging of such costs, expenses or Lender Group Expenses to the Loan Account pursuant to the provisions of the following sentence shall be deemed to constitute a demand for payment thereof for the purposes of this subclause (y)). Borrower hereby authorizes Agent, from time to time without prior notice to Borrower (other than in the case of clauses (F) and (G), which shall require prior notice), to charge to the Loan Account (A) on the first day of each month, all interest accrued during the prior month on the Advances hereunder, (B) [Reserved], (C) as and when incurred or accrued, all fees and costs provided for in Section 2.9(a), (D) on the first day of each month, the Unused Line Fee accrued during the prior month pursuant to Section 2.9(b), (E) as and when due and payable, all other fees payable hereunder or under any of the other Loan Documents, (F) on the Closing Date and thereafter as and when incurred or accrued, all other Lender Group Expenses, and (G) as and when due and payable all other payment obligations payable under any Loan Document or any Bank Product Agreement (including any amounts due and payable to the Bank Product Providers in respect of Bank Products). All amounts (including interest, fees, costs, expenses, Lender Group Expenses, or other amounts payable hereunder or under any other Loan Document or under any Bank Product Agreement) charged to the Loan Account shall thereupon constitute Advances hereunder to the extent properly charged in accordance with the foregoing, shall constitute Obligations hereunder, and shall accrue interest at the rate then applicable to Advances, in each case to the extent properly so charged in accordance with the foregoing and the other applicable provisions of this Agreement.

(e) **Computation.** All interest and fees chargeable under the Loan Documents shall be computed on the basis of a 360 day year, in each case, for the actual number of days elapsed in the period during which the interest or fees accrue. In the event the Base Rate is changed from time to time hereafter, the rates of interest hereunder based upon the Base Rate automatically and immediately shall be increased or decreased by an amount equal to such change in the Base Rate.

(f) **Intent to Limit Charges to Maximum Lawful Rate.** In no event shall the interest rate or rates payable under this Agreement, plus any other amounts paid in connection herewith, exceed the highest rate permissible under any law that a court of competent jurisdiction shall, in a final determination, deem applicable. Borrower and the Lender Group, in executing and delivering this Agreement, intend legally to agree upon the rate or rates of interest and manner of payment stated within it; provided, that, anything contained herein to the contrary notwithstanding, if such rate or rates of interest or manner of payment exceeds the maximum allowable under applicable law, then, *ipso facto*, as of the date of this Agreement, Borrower is and shall be liable only for the payment of such maximum amount as is allowed by law, and payment received from Borrower in excess of such legal maximum, whenever received, shall be applied to reduce the principal balance of the Obligations to the extent of such excess.

(g) **Inability to Determine SOFR.** Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, in the event that (i) SOFR is permanently or indefinitely unavailable or unascertainable, (ii) SOFR can no longer be lawfully relied upon in contracts of this nature by one or both of the parties, or (iii) SOFR does not accurately and fairly reflect the cost of making or maintaining the type of loans or advances under this

Agreement and in any such case, such circumstances are unlikely to be temporary, then all references to the interest rate herein will instead be to a replacement rate determined by Agent in its sole judgment, including any adjustment to the replacement rate to reflect a different credit spread, term or other mathematical adjustment deemed necessary by Agent in its sole judgment. Agent will provide reasonable notice to Administrative Borrower of such replacement rate, which will be effective on the date of the earliest event set forth in clauses (i)-(iii) of this paragraph. If there is any ambiguity as to the date of occurrence of any such event, Agent's judgment will be dispositive. Agent may also from time to time, in Agent's sole discretion, make any technical, administrative or operational changes (including changes to the timing and frequency of determining rates and making payments of interest, timing of borrowing requests or prepayment, conversion or continuation notices, length or applicability of lookback periods, the applicability of breakage provisions, and other technical, administrative or operational matters) ("Conforming Changes") that Agent decides may be appropriate to reflect the adoption and implementation of such replacement rate and to permit the administration of the loans by Agent in an administratively and operationally practicable manner. If there is any ambiguity as to the date of occurrence of any such event, Agent's judgment will be dispositive. Agent does not warrant or accept responsibility for, and shall not have any liability with respect to (a) the administration of, submission of, calculation of or any other matter related to any replacement rate, any component definition thereof or rates referenced in the definition thereof or any alternative, comparable or successor rate thereto, including whether the composition or characteristics of any such alternative, comparable or successor rate will be similar to, or produce the same value or economic equivalence of, or have the same volume or liquidity as the immediately preceding interest index rate or any other interest rate index, or (b) the effect, implementation or composition of any Conforming Changes

2.6 **Crediting Payments.** The receipt of any payment item by Agent shall not be required to be considered a payment on account unless such payment item is a wire transfer of immediately available federal funds made to Agent's Account or unless and until such payment item is honored when presented for payment. Should any payment item not be honored when presented for payment, then Borrower shall be deemed not to have made such payment. Anything to the contrary contained herein notwithstanding, any payment item shall be deemed received by Agent only if it is received into Agent's Account on a Business Day on or before 1:30 p.m. (Pacific time). If any payment item is received into Agent's Account on a non-Business Day or after 1:30 p.m. (Pacific time) on a Business Day (unless Agent, in its sole discretion, elects to credit it on the date received), it shall be deemed to have been received by Agent as of the opening of business on the immediately following Business Day.

2.7 **Designated Account.** Agent is authorized to make the Advances under this Agreement based upon telephonic or other instructions received from anyone purporting to be an Authorized Person or, without instructions, if pursuant to Section 2.2(d). Borrower agrees to establish and maintain the Designated Account with the Designated Account Bank for the purpose of receiving the proceeds of the Advances requested by Borrower and made by Agent or the Lenders hereunder. Unless otherwise agreed by Agent and Borrower, any Advance or Swing Loan requested by Borrower and made by Agent or the Lenders hereunder shall be made to the Designated Account.

2.8 **Maintenance of Loan Account; Statements of Obligations.** Agent shall maintain an account on its books in the name of Borrower (the "Loan Account") on which Borrower will be charged with all Advances (including Extraordinary Advances and Swing Loans) made by Agent, Swing Lender, or the Lenders to Borrower or for Borrower's account, and with all other payment Obligations hereunder or under the other Loan Documents, including, accrued interest, fees and expenses, and Lender Group Expenses. In accordance with Section 2.6, the Loan Account will be credited with all payments received by Agent from Borrower or for Borrower's account. Agent shall make available to Borrower monthly

statements regarding the Loan Account, including the principal amount of the Advances, interest accrued hereunder, fees accrued or charged hereunder or under the other Loan Documents, and a summary itemization of all charges and expenses constituting Lender Group Expenses accrued hereunder or under the other Loan Documents, and each such statement, absent manifest error, shall be conclusively presumed to be correct and accurate and constitute an account stated between Borrower and the Lender Group unless, within 30 days after Agent first makes such a statement available to Borrower, Borrower shall deliver to Agent written objection thereto describing the error or errors contained in such statement.

2.9 **Fees.**

(a) **Fee Letter Fees.** Borrower shall pay to Agent, as and when due and payable under the terms of the Fee Letter, the fees set forth in the Fee Letter.

(b) **Unused Line Fee.** Commencing on May 6, 2025, Borrower shall pay to Agent, for the ratable account of the Lenders, an unused line fee (the "Unused Line Fee") in an amount equal to one quarter of one percent (0.25%) *per annum* times the result of (i) the Maximum Revolver Amount, *minus* (ii) the Average Revolver Usage during the immediately preceding six months (or portion thereof), which Unused Line Fee (including all accrued amounts) shall be due and payable, in arrears, on the first day of each May and November (each a "ULF Payment Date") from and after the Closing Date and on the date on which the Obligations are paid in full. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Unused Line Fee will be waived for the six months immediately prior to applicable ULF Payment Date if the Average Revolver Usage for each month during such six-month period is equal to or greater than fifty percent (50%) of the Maximum Revolver Amount.

(c) **[Reserved].**

(d) **Field Examination and Other Fees.** Borrower shall pay to Agent, for the account of Agent, field examination, appraisal, and valuation fees and charges, as and when incurred or chargeable, as follows (i) a fee of \$1,100 per day, per examiner, plus out-of-pocket expenses (including travel, meals, and lodging) for each field examination of Borrower performed by personnel employed by Agent, and (ii) the fees, charges, or expenses paid or incurred by Agent (but, in any event, no less than a charge of \$1,100 per day, per Person, plus out-of-pocket expenses (including travel, meals, and lodging)) if it elects to employ the services of one or more third Persons to perform field examinations of Borrower or its Subsidiaries, to establish electronic collateral reporting systems, to appraise the Collateral, or any portion thereof, or to assess Borrower's or its Subsidiaries' business valuation; provided, that so long as no Event of Default shall have occurred and be continuing, Borrower shall not be obligated to reimburse Agent for more than 1 field examination during any calendar year, more than 1 appraisal of the Collateral during any calendar year, or more than 1 business valuation during any calendar year.

2.10 **Prepayment Premiums.**

(a) **Early Termination.** If Borrower has sent a notice of termination pursuant to the provisions of Section 3.7, or in the event of a Prepayment for any other reason, including (a) acceleration of the Obligations as a result of the occurrence of an Event of Default, (b) foreclosure and sale of, or collection of, the Collateral, (c) sale of the Collateral in any Insolvency Proceeding, or (d) the restructure, reorganization, or compromise of the Obligations by the confirmation of a plan of reorganization or any other plan of compromise, restructure, or arrangement in any Insolvency Proceeding, then, in view of the impracticability and extreme difficulty of ascertaining the actual amount of damages to the Lender Group or profits lost by the Lender Group as a result of such Prepayment, and by mutual agreement of the parties

as to a reasonable estimation and calculation of the lost profits or damages of the Lender Group, Borrower shall pay to Agent, in cash, the Applicable Prepayment Premium, measured as of the date of such Prepayment.

(b) **Partial Prepayments/Reductions.** If Borrower has sent a notice of reduction of the Commitments pursuant to the provisions of Section 2.4, then on the date set forth as the date of reduction in such notice, Borrower shall pay to Agent, in cash, the Applicable Revolver Reduction Premium determined as of such date.

2.11 **[Reserved].**

2.12 **Capital Requirements.**

(a) If, after the date hereof, any Lender determines that (i) any Change in Law regarding capital, liquidity or reserve requirements for banks or bank holding companies, or (ii) compliance by such Lender, or their respective parent bank holding companies, with any guideline, request or directive of any Governmental Authority regarding capital adequacy or liquidity requirements (whether or not having the force of law), has the effect of reducing the return on such Lender's or such holding companies' capital or liquidity as a consequence of such Lender's commitments, Loans, participations or other obligations hereunder to a level below that which such Lender or such holding companies could have achieved but for such Change in Law or compliance (taking into consideration such Lender's or such holding companies' then existing policies with respect to capital adequacy or liquidity requirements and assuming the full utilization of such entity's capital) by any amount deemed by such Lender to be material, then such Lender may notify Borrower and Agent thereof. Following receipt of such notice, Borrower agrees to pay such Lender on demand the amount of such reduction of return of capital as and when such reduction is determined, payable within 30 days after presentation by such Lender of a statement in the amount and setting forth in reasonable detail such Lender's calculation thereof and the assumptions upon which such calculation was based (which statement shall be deemed true and correct absent manifest error). In determining such amount, such Lender may use any reasonable averaging and attribution methods. Failure or delay on the part of any Lender to demand compensation pursuant to this Section shall not constitute a waiver of such Lender's right to demand such compensation; provided, that Borrower shall not be required to compensate a Lender pursuant to this Section for any reductions in return incurred more than 180 days prior to the date that such Lender notifies Borrower of such Change in Law giving rise to such reductions and of such Lender's intention to claim compensation therefor; provided further, that if such claim arises by reason of the Change in Law that is retroactive, then the 180-day period referred to above shall be extended to include the period of retroactive effect thereof.

(b) Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, the protection of Sections 2.10, 2.11 and 2.12 shall be available to each Lender (as applicable) regardless of any possible contention of the invalidity or inapplicability of the law, rule, regulation, judicial ruling, judgment, guideline, treaty or other change or condition which shall have occurred or been imposed, so long as it shall be customary for issuing banks or lenders affected thereby to comply therewith. Notwithstanding any other provision herein, no Lender shall demand compensation pursuant to this Section 2.12 if it shall not at the time be the general policy or practice of such Lender (as the case may be) to demand such compensation in similar circumstances under comparable provisions of other credit agreements, if any.

2.13 **Accordion**

(a) At any time during the period from and after the Closing Date through but excluding the date that is the 3 year anniversary of the Closing Date, at the option of Borrower (but subject to the conditions set forth in clause (b) below), the Commitments and the Maximum Revolver Amount may be increased by an amount in the aggregate for all such increases of the Commitments and the Maximum Revolver Amount not to exceed the Available Increase Amount (each such increase, an “Increase”). Agent shall invite each Lender to increase its Commitments (it being understood that no Lender shall be obligated to increase its Commitments) in connection with a proposed Increase at the interest margin proposed by Borrower, and if sufficient Lenders do not agree to increase their Commitments in connection with such proposed Increase, then Agent or Borrower may invite any prospective lender who is reasonably satisfactory to Agent and Borrower to become a Lender in connection with a proposed Increase. Any Increase shall be in an amount of at least \$3,000,000 and integral multiples of \$500,000 in excess thereof. In no event may the Commitments and the Maximum Revolver Amount be increased pursuant to this Section 2.13 on more than five (5) occasions in the aggregate for all such Increases. Additionally, for the avoidance of doubt, it is understood and agreed that in no event shall the aggregate amount of the Increases to the Commitments exceed the Available Increase Amount.

(b) Each of the following shall be conditions precedent to any Increase of the Commitments and the Maximum Revolver Amount:

(i) Agent or Borrower have obtained the commitment of one or more Lenders (or other prospective lenders) reasonably satisfactory to Agent and Borrower to provide the applicable Increase and any such Lenders (or prospective lenders), Borrower, and Agent have signed a joinder agreement to this Agreement (an “Increase Joinder”), in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to Agent, to which such Lenders (or prospective lenders), Borrower, and Agent are party,

(ii) each of the conditions precedent set forth in Section 3.4 is satisfied,

(iii) in connection with any Increase, if any Loan Party or any of its Subsidiaries owns or will acquire any Margin Stock, Borrower shall deliver to Agent an updated Form U-1 (with sufficient additional originals thereof for each Lender), duly executed and delivered by Borrower, together with such other documentation as Agent shall reasonably request, in order to enable Agent and the Lenders to comply with any of the requirements under Regulations T, U or X of the Federal Reserve Board,

(iv) Borrower has delivered to Agent updated pro forma Projections (after giving effect to the applicable Increase) for Borrower and its Subsidiaries evidencing compliance on a pro forma basis with Section 8 for the 4 fiscal quarters (on a quarter-by-quarter basis) immediately following the proposed date of the applicable Increase, and

(v) Borrower shall have reached agreement with the Lenders (or prospective lenders) agreeing to the increased Commitments with respect to the interest margins applicable to Advances to be made pursuant to the increased Commitments (which interest margins may be higher than or equal to the interest margins applicable to Advances set forth in this Agreement immediately prior to the date of the increased Commitments (the date of the effectiveness of the increased Commitments and the Maximum Revolver Amount, the “Increase Date”)) and shall have communicated the amount of such interest margins to Agent. Any Increase Joinder may, with the consent of Agent, Borrower and the

Lenders or prospective lenders agreeing to the proposed Increase, effect such amendments to this Agreement and the other Loan Documents as may be necessary or appropriate to effectuate the provisions of this Section 2.13 (including any amendment necessary to effectuate the interest margins for the Advances to be made pursuant to the increased Commitments). If the interest margin that is to be applicable to the Advances to be made pursuant to the increased Commitments are higher than the interest margin applicable to the Advances hereunder (as applicable) immediately prior to the applicable Increase Date (the amount by which the interest margin is higher, the “Excess”), then the interest margin applicable to the Advances immediately prior to the Increase Date shall be increased by the amount of the Excess, effective on the applicable Increase Date, and without the necessity of any action by any party hereto.

(c) Unless otherwise specifically provided herein, all references in this Agreement and any other Loan Document to Advances shall be deemed, unless the context otherwise requires, to include Advances made pursuant to the increased Commitments and Maximum Revolver Amount pursuant to this Section 2.13.

(d) Each of the Lenders having a Commitment prior to the Increase Date (the “Pre-Increase Lenders”) shall assign to any Lender which is acquiring a new or additional Commitment on the Increase Date (the “Post-Increase Lenders”), and such Post-Increase Lenders shall purchase from each Pre-Increase Lender, at the principal amount thereof, such interests in the Advances on such Increase Date as shall be necessary in order that, after giving effect to all such assignments and purchases, such Advances will be held by Pre-Increase Lenders and Post-Increase Lenders ratably in accordance with their Pro Rata Share after giving effect to such increased Commitments.

(e) The Advances, Commitments, and Maximum Revolver Amount established pursuant to this Section 2.13 shall constitute Advances, Commitments, and Maximum Revolver Amount under, and shall be entitled to all the benefits afforded by, this Agreement and the other Loan Documents, and shall, without limiting the foregoing, benefit equally and ratably from any guarantees and the security interests created by this Agreement and the other Loan Documents. Borrower shall take any actions reasonably required by Agent to ensure and demonstrate that the Liens and security interests granted by this Agreement and the other Loan Documents continue to be perfected under the Code or otherwise after giving effect to the establishment of any such new Commitments and Maximum Revolver Amount.

2.14 **Cash Management.**

(a) Borrower shall and shall cause each of its Subsidiaries to (i) establish Deposit Accounts in the name of Borrower and maintain Cash Management Services of a type and on terms satisfactory to Agent at one or more of the banks set forth on Schedule 2.14(a) (each, a “Cash Management Bank”), including lock-box arrangements, with respect to such Deposit Accounts, (ii) request in writing and otherwise take such reasonable steps to ensure that all Obligors and/or Obligor Loan Agents and Account Debtors in respect of Obligor Loan Receivables forward payment of the amounts owed by them to Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries directly to the Collection Account, and (iii) deposit daily or cause to be deposited daily all Collections (including those sent directly by Obligors and Account Debtors to Obligor Loan Agents, Borrower or one of their respective Subsidiaries or to a Cash Management Account that is not the Collection Account) into the Collection Account.

(b) Each Deposit Account of Borrower constituting Collateral shall be subject to a Control Agreement (each such Deposit Account, a “Cash Management Account”), in form and substance reasonably acceptable to Agent. Each Control Agreement relating to each such Cash Management

Account shall provide, among other things, that (i) the Cash Management Bank will comply with any instructions originated by Agent directing the disposition of the funds in such Cash Management Account without further consent by Borrower or any of their respective Subsidiaries, as applicable, (ii) the Cash Management Bank has no rights of setoff or recoupment or any other claim against the applicable Cash Management Account other than for payment of its service fees and other charges directly related to the administration of such Cash Management Account and for returned checks or other items of payment, and (iii) upon the instruction of Agent (an "Activation Instruction"), the Cash Management Bank will forward by daily sweep all amounts in each applicable Cash Management Account to the Agent's Account. Agent agrees not to issue an Activation Instruction with respect to the Cash Management Accounts unless an Event of Default has occurred and is continuing at the time such Activation Instruction is issued. Agent agrees to use commercially reasonable efforts to rescind an Activation Instruction (the "Rescission") if: (1) the Event of Default upon which such Activation Instruction was issued has been waived in writing in accordance with the terms of the Agreement, and (2) no additional Event of Default has occurred and is continuing prior to the date of the Rescission or is reasonably expected to occur on or immediately after the date of the Rescission.

(c) So long as no Default or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing, Borrower may amend Schedule 2.14(a) to add or replace a Cash Management Bank or a Cash Management Account; provided, that (i) such prospective Cash Management Bank shall be reasonably satisfactory to Agent and Agent shall have consented in writing in advance to the establishment of such Cash Management Account with the prospective Cash Management Bank, and (ii) prior to making a deposit in such Cash Management Account, Borrower (or its Subsidiary) and such prospective Cash Management Bank shall have executed and delivered to Agent a Control Agreement. Borrower (or its Subsidiaries) shall close any of its Cash Management Accounts (and establish replacement Cash Management Accounts in accordance with the foregoing sentence) promptly and in any event within 30 days of notice from Agent that the creditworthiness of any Cash Management Bank is no longer acceptable in Agent's Permitted Discretion, or as promptly as practicable and in any event within 60 days of notice from Agent that the operating performance, funds transfer, or availability procedures or performance of the Cash Management Bank with respect to any Cash Management Account is no longer acceptable in Agent's Permitted Discretion.

2.15 **Joint and Several Liability of Each Borrower.**

(a) Each Borrower is accepting joint and several liability hereunder and under the other Loan Documents in consideration of the financial accommodations to be provided by the Lender Group under this Agreement, for the mutual benefit, directly and indirectly, of each Borrower and in consideration of the undertakings of each other Borrower to accept joint and several liability for the Obligations.

(b) Each Borrower, jointly and severally, hereby irrevocably and unconditionally accepts, not merely as a surety but also as a co-debtor, joint and several liability with each other Borrower, with respect to the payment and performance of all of the Obligations (including any Obligations arising under this Section 2.15), it being the intention of the parties hereto that all the Obligations shall be the joint and several obligations of each Borrower without preferences or distinction among them. Accordingly, each Borrower hereby waives any and all suretyship defenses that would otherwise be available to such Borrower under applicable law.

(c) If and to the extent that any Borrower shall fail to make any payment with respect to any of the Obligations as and when due, whether upon maturity, acceleration, or otherwise, or to

perform any of the Obligations in accordance with the terms thereof, then in each such event each other Borrower shall be obligated to make such payment with respect to, or perform, such Obligations until such time as all of the Obligations are paid in full, and without the need for demand, protest, or any other notice or formality.

(d) The Obligations of each Borrower under the provisions of this Section 2.15 constitute the absolute and unconditional, full recourse Obligations of each Borrower enforceable against each Borrower to the full extent of its properties and assets, irrespective of the validity, regularity or enforceability of the provisions of this Agreement (other than this Section 2.15(d)) or any other circumstances whatsoever.

(e) Without limiting the generality of the foregoing and except as otherwise expressly provided in this Agreement, each Borrower hereby waives presentments, demands for performance, protests and notices, including notices of acceptance of its joint and several liability, notice of any Advances made under or pursuant to this Agreement, notice of the occurrence of any Default, Event of Default, notices of nonperformance, notices of protest, notices of dishonor, notices of acceptance of this Agreement, notices of the existence, creation, or incurring of new or additional Obligations or other financial accommodations or of any demand for any payment under this Agreement, notice of any action at any time taken or omitted by Agent or Lenders under or in respect of any of the Obligations, any right to proceed against any other Borrower or any other Person, to proceed against or exhaust any security held from any other Borrower or any other Person, to protect, secure, perfect, or insure any security interest or Lien on any property subject thereto or exhaust any right to take any action against any other Borrower, any other Person, or any collateral, to pursue any other remedy in any member of the Lender Group's or any Bank Product Provider's power whatsoever, any requirement of diligence or to mitigate damages and, generally, to the extent permitted by applicable law, all demands, notices and other formalities of every kind in connection with this Agreement (except as otherwise provided in this Agreement), any right to assert against any member of the Lender Group or any Bank Product Provider, any defense (legal or equitable), set-off, counterclaim, or claim which each Borrower may now or at any time hereafter have against any other Borrower or any other party liable to any member of the Lender Group or any Bank Product Provider, any defense, set-off, counterclaim, or claim, of any kind or nature, arising directly or indirectly from the present or future lack of perfection, sufficiency, validity, or enforceability of the Obligations or any security therefor, and any right or defense arising by reason of any claim or defense based upon an election of remedies by any member of the Lender Group or any Bank Product Provider including any defense based upon an impairment or elimination of such Borrower's rights of subrogation, reimbursement, contribution, or indemnity of such Borrower against any other Borrower. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, each Borrower hereby assents to, and waives notice of, any extension or postponement of the time for the payment of any of the Obligations, the acceptance of any payment of any of the Obligations, the acceptance of any partial payment thereon, any waiver, consent or other action or acquiescence by Agent or Lenders at any time or times in respect of any Default or Event of Default by any Borrower in the performance or satisfaction of any term, covenant, condition or provision of this Agreement, any and all other indulgences whatsoever by Agent or Lenders in respect of any of the Obligations, and the taking, addition, substitution or release, in whole or in part, at any time or times, of any security for any of the Obligations or the addition, substitution or release, in whole or in part, of any Borrower. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, each Borrower assents to any other action or delay in acting or failure to act on the part of any Agent or Lender with respect to the failure by any Borrower to comply with any of its respective Obligations, including any failure strictly or diligently to assert any right or to pursue any remedy or to comply fully with applicable laws or regulations thereunder, which might, but for the provisions of this Section 2.15 afford grounds for terminating, discharging or relieving any Borrower, in whole or in part,

from any of its Obligations under this Section 2.15, it being the intention of each Borrower that, so long as any of the Obligations hereunder remain unsatisfied, the Obligations of each Borrower under this Section 2.15 shall not be discharged except by performance and then only to the extent of such performance. The Obligations of each Borrower under this Section 2.15 shall not be diminished or rendered unenforceable by any winding up, reorganization, arrangement, liquidation, reconstruction or similar proceeding with respect to any other Borrower or any Agent or Lender. Each Borrower waives, to the fullest extent permitted by law, the benefit of any statute of limitations affecting its liability hereunder or the enforcement hereof. Any payment by any Borrower or other circumstance which operates to toll any statute of limitations as to any Borrower shall operate to toll the statute of limitations as to each other Borrower. Each Borrower waives any defense based on or arising out of any defense of any Borrower or any other Person, other than payment of the Obligations to the extent of such payment, based on or arising out of the disability of any Borrower or any other Person, or the validity, legality, or unenforceability of the Obligations or any part thereof from any cause, or the cessation from any cause of the liability of any Borrower other than payment of the Obligations to the extent of such payment. Agent may, at the election of the Required Lenders, foreclose upon any Collateral held by Agent by one or more judicial or nonjudicial sales or other dispositions, whether or not every aspect of any such sale is commercially reasonable or otherwise fails to comply with applicable law or may exercise any other right or remedy Agent, any other member of the Lender Group, or any Bank Product Provider may have against any Borrower or any other Person, or any security, in each case, without affecting or impairing in any way the liability of any of the Borrowers hereunder except to the extent the Obligations have been paid.

(f) Each Borrower represents and warrants to Agent and Lenders that such Borrower is currently informed of the financial condition of each Borrower and of all other circumstances which a diligent inquiry would reveal and which bear upon the risk of nonpayment of the Obligations. Each Borrower further represents and warrants to Agent and Lenders that such Borrower has read and understands the terms and conditions of the Loan Documents. Each Borrower hereby covenants that such Borrower will continue to keep informed of each Borrower's financial condition and of all other circumstances which bear upon the risk of nonpayment or nonperformance of the Obligations.

(g) The provisions of this Section 2.15 are made for the benefit of Agent, each member of the Lender Group, each Bank Product Provider, and their respective successors and assigns, and may be enforced by it or them from time to time against the Borrower as often as occasion therefor may arise and without requirement on the part of Agent, any member of the Lender Group, any Bank Product Provider, or any of their successors or assigns first to marshal any of its or their claims or to exercise any of its or their rights against any Borrower or to exhaust any remedies available to it or them against any Borrower or to resort to any other source or means of obtaining payment of any of the Obligations hereunder or to elect any other remedy. The provisions of this Section 2.15 shall remain in effect until all of the Obligations shall have been paid in full or otherwise fully satisfied. If at any time, any payment, or any part thereof, made in respect of any of the Obligations, is rescinded or must otherwise be restored or returned by Agent or any Lender upon the insolvency, bankruptcy or reorganization of any Borrower, or otherwise, the provisions of this Section 2.15 will forthwith be reinstated in effect, as though such payment had not been made.

(h) Each Borrower hereby agrees that it will not enforce any of its rights that arise from the existence, payment, performance or enforcement of the provisions of this Section 2.15, including rights of subrogation, reimbursement, exoneration, contribution or indemnification and any right to participate in any claim or remedy of Agent, any other member of the Lender Group, or any Bank Product Provider against any Borrower, whether or not such claim, remedy or right arises in equity or under contract, statute or common law, including the right to take or receive from any Borrower, directly or

indirectly, in cash or other property or by set-off or in any other manner, payment or security solely on account of such claim, remedy or right, unless and until such time as all of the Obligations have been paid in full in cash. Any claim which any Borrower may have against any other Borrower with respect to any payments to any Agent or any member of the Lender Group hereunder or under any of the Bank Product Agreements are hereby expressly made subordinate and junior in right of payment, without limitation as to any increases in the Obligations arising hereunder or thereunder, to the prior payment in full in cash of the Obligations and, in the event of any insolvency, bankruptcy, receivership, liquidation, reorganization or other similar proceeding under the laws of any jurisdiction relating to any Borrower, its debts or its assets, whether voluntary or involuntary, all such Obligations shall be paid in full in cash before any payment or distribution of any character, whether in cash, securities or other property, shall be made to any other Borrower therefor. If any amount shall be paid to any Borrower in violation of the immediately preceding sentence, such amount shall be held in trust for the benefit of Agent, for the benefit of the Lender Group and the Bank Product Providers, and shall forthwith be paid to Agent to be credited and applied to the Obligations and all other amounts payable under this Agreement, whether matured or unmatured, in accordance with the terms of this Agreement, or to be held as Collateral for any Obligations or other amounts payable under this Agreement thereafter arising. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Agreement, no Borrower may exercise any rights of subrogation, contribution, indemnity, reimbursement or other similar rights against, and may not proceed or seek recourse against or with respect to any property or asset of, any other Borrower (the "Foreclosed Borrower"), including after payment in full of the Obligations, if all or any portion of the Obligations have been satisfied in connection with an exercise of remedies in respect of the Equity Interests of such Foreclosed Borrower whether pursuant to this Agreement or otherwise.

3. **CONDITIONS TO CLOSING AND FUNDING; TERM OF AGREEMENT.**

3.1 **No Obligation to Close or Advance.** Lenders are not required to close this loan facility and fund any Advances until all of the requirements and conditions set forth in this Article III have been completed and fulfilled to the satisfaction of Agent in its discretion and at Borrower's sole cost and expense.

3.2 **Conditions Precedent to Closing and Boarding.** In order to for the Lenders to board this loan facility and give effectiveness to the commitment hereunder, on or before the Closing Date, Borrower must provide to Agent each of the following, in form and substance acceptable to Agent to the extent not waived by Agent:

(a) Agent shall have received each of the following documents, in form and substance satisfactory to Agent, duly executed, and each such document shall be in full force and effect:

- (i) this Agreement;
- (ii) the Closing Certificate,
- (iii) the Fee Letter,
- (iv) the Flow of Funds Agreement,
- (v) the Perfection Certificate, and

(vi) releases and terminations of all security interests, liens and encumbrances on the Collateral other than Permitted Liens, together with such UCC financing statement amendments terminating or partially releasing such security interests as may be required by Agent.

(b) Agent shall have received a certificate from an Authorized Person of each Loan Party (i) attesting to the resolutions of such Person's Board of Directors authorizing the execution, delivery, and performance of this Agreement and the other Loan Documents to which such Person is a party, (ii) authorizing specific officers of such Person to execute the same, and (iii) attesting to the incumbency and signatures of such specific officers of such Person;

(c) Agent shall have received copies of the Governing Documents of each Loan Party, as amended, modified, or supplemented to the Closing Date, certified by an Authorized Person;

(d) Agent shall have received a certificate of status with respect to each Loan Party, dated within 10 days of the Closing Date, such certificate to be issued by the appropriate officer of the jurisdiction of organization of such Person, which certificate shall indicate that such Person is in good standing in such jurisdiction;

(e) Agent shall have received certificates of status with respect to each Loan Party, each dated within 30 days of the Closing Date, such certificates to be issued by the appropriate officer of each jurisdiction (other than such Person's jurisdiction of organization) in which such Person's failure to be duly qualified or licensed would cause a Material Adverse Effect, which certificates shall indicate that such Person is in good standing in such other jurisdiction;

(f) Agent shall have received an opinion of counsel to each Loan Party, in form and substance satisfactory to Agent;

(g) Agent shall have received evidence, satisfactory to Agent in its sole discretion, of the repayment in full of all outstanding obligations and termination of the Existing Credit Facility;

(h) [Reserved];

(i) Agent shall have completed its business, legal, and collateral due diligence, including a collateral audit and review of each of Borrower's and Borrower's Subsidiaries' Books, a review of Borrower's collateral valuation methods, verification of each of Borrower's representations and warranties to Agent, and audit of each of Borrower's systems and controls, the results of which shall be satisfactory to Agent;

(j) Agent shall have received completed reference checks (including personal credit reports, tax lien and litigation histories) with respect to Borrower, its Affiliates and each of the Executive Officers, the results of which are satisfactory to Agent in its sole discretion;

(k) [Reserved];

(l) Borrower shall have paid or reimbursed all Lender Group Expenses incurred in connection with the transactions evidenced by this Agreement and all fees payable in accordance with the Fee Letter, in each case, to the extent then due and payable;

(m) Each of Borrower and Borrower's Subsidiaries shall have received all licenses, approvals or evidence of other actions required by any Governmental Authority in connection with the

execution and delivery by such Person of the Loan Documents or with the consummation of the transactions contemplated thereby or for the conduct of their respective businesses;

(n) At least ten Business Days prior to the Closing Date, any Loan Party that qualifies as a “legal entity customer” under the Beneficial Ownership Regulation shall deliver a Beneficial Ownership Certification in relation to such Loan Party, which such Beneficial Ownership Certificate shall be complete and accurate in all respects;

(o) the Lenders shall have received credit committee approval for the transactions contemplated by this Agreement and the other Loan Documents; and

(p) all other documents and legal matters in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or reasonably requested by Agent shall have been delivered, executed, or recorded and shall be in form and substance satisfactory to Agent.

3.3 **Conditions Precedent to the Initial Advance.** Agent and Lender will make the initial Advance provided for hereunder only after the satisfaction or waiver, as determined by Agent and Lenders, of each of the following conditions precedent (the making of such initial Advance by a Lender being conclusively deemed to be its satisfaction or waiver of the conditions precedent):

(a) Agent shall have received each of the following documents, in form and substance satisfactory to Agent, duly executed, and each such document shall be in full force and effect:

(i) To the extent required under Section 5.15, Control Agreements with respect to all Deposit Accounts and Securities Accounts constituting Collateral maintained by, or for the benefit of, Borrower,

(ii) The Co-Lender Agreements;

(iii) a Borrowing Base Certificate;

(iv) Amendment Number One;

(v) The supplement to the Perfection Certificate; and

(vi) The Intercompany Subordination Agreement;

(b) Agent shall have received duly executed copies of each amendment to the Obligor Loan Documents reasonably requested by Agent and in form and substance satisfactory to Agent, and each such amendment shall be in full force and effect;

(c) Agent shall have received all Negotiable Collateral required to be delivered to Agent and duly endorsed by Borrower pursuant to the terms and provisions of Section 4.3 and Section 7.13;

(d) Borrower shall have received a copy of the SRT Financing Facility, in form and substance satisfactory to Agent, duly executed, and each such document shall be in full force and effect;

(e) Agent shall have received a certificate of insurance, together with the endorsements thereto, as are required by Section 6.6, the form and substance of which shall be satisfactory to Agent; and

(f) all other documents and legal matters in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement to be completed prior to the initial Advance hereunder shall have been delivered, executed, or recorded and shall be in form and substance satisfactory to Agent.

3.4 **Conditions Precedent to all Extensions of Credit.** The obligation of the Lender Group (or any member thereof) to make any Advances hereunder (or to extend any other credit hereunder) at any time (including the initial Advance after the satisfaction of the conditions set forth in Sections 3.2 and 3.3) shall be subject to the following conditions precedent:

(a) the representations and warranties of each Loan Party and their respective Subsidiaries contained in this Agreement or in the other Loan Documents shall be true and correct in all material respects (except that such materiality qualifier shall not be applicable to any representations and warranties that already are qualified or modified by materiality in the text thereof) on and as of the date of such extension of credit, as though made on and as of such date (except to the extent that such representations and warranties relate solely to an earlier date, in which case such representations and warranties shall be true and correct in all material respects (except that such materiality qualifier shall not be applicable to any representations and warranties that already are qualified or modified by materiality in the text thereof) as of such earlier date);

(b) no Default or Event of Default shall have occurred and be continuing on the date of such extension of credit, nor shall either result from the making thereof; and

(c) Borrower shall have executed such additional instruments and agreements and made such deliveries as Agent shall reasonably require in connection with any new Eligible Obligor Loan Receivables.

3.5 **Maturity.** The Commitments shall continue in full force and effect for a term ending on the Maturity Date (unless terminated earlier in accordance with the terms hereof).

3.6 **Effect of Maturity.** On the Maturity Date, all commitments of the Lender Group to provide additional credit hereunder shall automatically be terminated and all of the Obligations (other than Hedge Obligations) immediately shall become due and payable without notice or demand, and Borrower shall be required to repay all of the Obligations (other than Hedge Obligations) in full. No termination of the obligations of the Lender Group (other than payment in full of the Obligations and termination of the Commitments) shall relieve or discharge any Loan Party of its duties, obligations, or covenants hereunder or under any other Loan Document, and Agent's Liens in the Collateral shall continue to secure the Obligations and shall remain in effect until all Obligations have been paid in full. When all of the Obligations have been paid in full, Agent will, at Borrower's sole expense, execute and deliver any termination statements, lien releases, discharges of security interests, and other similar discharge or release documents (and, if applicable, in recordable form) as are reasonably necessary or reasonably requested to release, as of record, Agent's Liens and all notices of security interests and liens previously filed by Agent.

3.7 **Early Termination by Borrower.** Borrower has the option, at any time upon ten Business Days' prior written notice to Agent, to repay all of the Obligations in full and terminate the Commitments. The foregoing notwithstanding, (a) Borrower may rescind termination notices relative to

proposed payments in full of the Obligations with the proceeds of third party Indebtedness if the closing for such issuance or incurrence does not happen on or before the date of the proposed termination (in which case, a new notice shall be required to be sent in connection with any subsequent termination), and (b) Borrower may extend the date of termination at any time with the consent of Agent (which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld or delayed).

4. SECURITY INTEREST.

4.1 **Grant of Security Interest.** Borrower hereby unconditionally grants, assigns and pledges to Agent, for the benefit of each member of the Lender Group and each of the Bank Product Providers, a continuing security interest in all of Borrower's right, title and interest in all currently existing and hereafter acquired or arising Collateral to secure prompt repayment of any and all of the Obligations in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Loan Documents and to secure prompt performance by Borrower of its covenants and duties under the Loan Documents. The Agent's Liens in and to the Collateral shall attach to all Collateral without further act on the part of Agent or Borrower. Anything contained in this Agreement or any other Loan Document to the contrary notwithstanding, except for Permitted Dispositions, no Loan Party has authority, express or implied, to dispose of any item or portion of the Collateral. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, this Agreement secures the payment of all amounts which constitute part of the Obligations and would be owed by Borrower or any other Loan Party to Agent, the Lender Group, the Bank Product Providers or any of them, but for the fact that they are unenforceable or not allowable (in whole or in part) as a claim in an Insolvency Proceeding involving Borrower or any other Loan Party due to the existence of such Insolvency Proceeding.

4.2 **Borrower Remains Liable.** Anything herein to the contrary notwithstanding, (a) Borrower shall remain liable under the contracts and agreements included in the Collateral to perform all of the duties and obligations thereunder to the same extent as if this Agreement had not been executed, (b) the exercise by Agent or any other member of the Lender Group of any of the rights hereunder shall not release Borrower from any of its duties or obligations under such contracts and agreements included in the Collateral, and (c) none of the members of the Lender Group shall have any obligation or liability under such contracts and agreements included in the Collateral by reason of this Agreement, nor shall any of the members of the Lender Group be obligated to perform any of the obligations or duties of Borrower thereunder or to take any action to collect or enforce any claim for payment assigned hereunder. Until an Event of Default shall occur and be continuing, except as otherwise provided in this Agreement or any other Loan Document, Borrower shall have the right to possession and enjoyment of the Collateral for the purpose of conducting the ordinary course of its business, subject to and upon the terms hereof and the other Loan Documents.

4.3 **Negotiable Collateral.** In the event that any Collateral, including proceeds, is evidenced by or consists of Negotiable Collateral, and if and to the extent that perfection or priority of Agent's security interest is dependent on or enhanced by possession, Borrower, immediately upon the request of Agent, shall endorse and deliver physical possession of such Negotiable Collateral and all agreements and documents related thereto, to Agent or to a custodian to hold on behalf of Agent. All Obligor Loan Receivables shall be delivered to Agent or a custodian for the benefit of Agent, duly endorsed as follows on the back of the signature page thereof or on a separate allonge affixed thereto:

“Pay to the order of EAST WEST BANK, as Agent

Sunrise Realty Trust, Inc.

By: _____

Name:

Title: ”

Or

“Pay to the order of EAST WEST BANK, as Agent

Sunrise Realty Trust Holdings I LLC

By: _____

Name:

Title: ”

4.4 **Collection of Accounts, General Intangibles and Negotiable Collateral.** At any time after the occurrence and during the continuation of an Event of Default, Agent or Agent’s designee may (a) notify Obligor of Borrower that Borrower’s Obligor Loan Receivables, Accounts, Chattel Paper, or General Intangibles have been assigned to Agent or that Agent has a security interest therein and (b) collect Borrower’s Obligor Loan Receivables, Accounts, Chattel Paper, or General Intangibles directly and charge the collection costs and expenses to the Loan Account. Borrower agrees that it will hold in trust for the Lender Group, as Lender Group’s trustee, any Collections that it receives and immediately will deliver said Collections to Agent or a Cash Management Bank in their original form as received by Borrower.

4.5 **Assignment of Obligor Loan Mortgages.** In the event that any Collateral is or becomes secured by an Obligor Loan Mortgage, upon the request of Agent, Borrower shall execute an assignment of such Obligor Loan Mortgage, in recordable form and as otherwise acceptable to Agent, and deliver physical possession of such assignment to Agent or to a custodian to hold on behalf of Agent.

4.6 **Filing of Financing Statements; Commercial Tort Claims; Delivery of Additional Documentation Required.**

(a) Borrower authorizes Agent to file in any appropriate filing office: (i) any financing statement describing Collateral to perfect Agent’s Lien in any of the Collateral, and Agent may describe the Collateral as “all personal property” or “all assets” or describe specific items of Collateral including without limitation any Commercial Tort Claims, and (ii) any amendment or continuation of any filed financing statement. All financing statements filed before the date of this Agreement to perfect the Agent’s Lien were authorized by Borrower and are hereby ratified. Notwithstanding such authorization, Agent agrees to provide release, certifications or other documentation reasonably requested by Borrower as may be necessary to demonstrate that any assets or property of Borrower not constituting Collateral are not subject to the Agent’s Lien.

(b) If Borrower acquires any commercial tort claim after the date hereof, Borrower shall promptly (but in any event within three (3) Business Days) after such acquisition) deliver to Agent a written description of such commercial tort claim and shall deliver a written agreement, in form and substance satisfactory to Agent, granting to Agent, as security for the payment of the Obligations, a perfected security interest in all of Borrower's right, title and interest in and to such commercial tort claim.

(c) At any time upon the request of Agent, Borrower shall execute and deliver to Agent, any and all financing statements, fixture filings, security agreements, pledges, assignments, endorsements of certificates of title, and all other documents (the "Additional Borrower Documents") that Agent may request in its Permitted Discretion, in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to Agent, to create, perfect and continue perfected or better perfect the Agent's Liens in the Collateral (whether now owned or hereafter arising or acquired), to create and perfect Liens in favor of Agent in any Real Property acquired after the Closing Date, and in order to fully consummate all of the transactions contemplated hereby and under the other Loan Documents. To the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, Borrower authorizes Agent to execute any such Additional Borrower Documents in Borrower's name and authorizes Agent to file such executed Additional Borrower Documents in any appropriate filing office.

4.7 **Power of Attorney.** Borrower hereby irrevocably makes, constitutes, and appoints Agent (and any of Agent's officers, employees, or agents designated by Agent) as Borrower's true and lawful attorney, with power to, at any time (other than in the case of clause (j) below) that an Event of Default has occurred and is continuing, (a) sign Borrower's name on any invoice or bill of lading relating to the Collateral, drafts against Obligor or Account Debtors, or notices to Obligor or Account Debtors, (b) send requests for verification of Accounts, (c) endorse Borrower's name on any Collection item that may come into Agent's possession, (d) make, settle, and adjust all claims under Borrower's policies of insurance and make all determinations and decisions with respect to such policies of insurance, (e) take control, in any manner, of any item of payment or proceeds relating to any Collateral, (f) prepare, file, and sign Borrower's name to a proof of claim in bankruptcy or similar document against any Obligor or Account Debtor, or to any notice of lien, assignment, or satisfaction of lien or similar document in connection with any of the Collateral, (g) receive, open and dispose of all mail addressed to Borrower, and notify postal authorities to change the address for delivery thereof to such address as Agent may designate, (h) use the information recorded on or contained in any data processing equipment, computer hardware, and software relating to the Collateral, (i) settle and adjust disputes and claims respecting the Accounts, chattel paper, General Intangibles or Obligor Loan Receivable directly with Obligor or Account Debtors, for amounts and upon terms that Agent determines to be reasonable, and Agent may cause to be executed and delivered any documents and releases that Agent determines to be necessary, (j) at any time file UCC-3 assignments reflecting Agent as assignee of Borrower with respect to UCC-1 financing statements filed by Borrower in connection with Collateral, (k) cause Obligor's or Account Debtors' insurers to add Agent as loss payee under the relevant insurance policy, and (l) do all other acts and things necessary, in Agent's determination, to fulfill Borrower's obligations under this Agreement. The appointment of Agent as Borrower's attorney, and each and every one of its rights and powers, being coupled with an interest, is irrevocable until all of the Obligations have been fully and finally repaid and performed and Lender Group's obligations to extend credit hereunder are terminated.

4.8 **Right to Inspect and Verify.** Agent and each Lender (through any of their respective officers, employees, or agents) shall have the right, from time to time hereafter (a) to inspect and examine the Books and the Collateral, (b) during the continuation of any Event of Default, to communicate directly with any and all Obligor or Account Debtors to verify the existence and terms of Collateral, and (c) to check, test, and appraise the Collateral, or any portion thereof, in order to verify Borrower's financial

condition or the amount, quality, value, condition of, or any other matter relating to, the Collateral, and Borrower shall permit any designated representative of Agent or any Lender to visit and inspect any of the properties of Borrower to inspect and to discuss its finances and properties and Collateral, during normal business hours.

4.9 **Control Agreements.** Subject to Section 3.3 and except with respect to any Excluded Accounts, Borrower agrees that (a) it will take any and all reasonable steps for Agent, for the benefit of the Lender Group, to obtain control in accordance with Sections 8-106, 9-104, 9-105, 9-106 and 9-107 of the Code with respect to all of Borrower's Securities Accounts, Deposit Accounts, electronic chattel paper, Investment Related Property and letter-of-credit rights, and (b) it will not transfer assets out of any Deposit Account or Securities Accounts other than as permitted under this Agreement, and, if to another depository institution or securities intermediary, unless Borrower, Agent, and the substitute depository institution or securities intermediary, as applicable, have entered into a Control Agreement. No arrangement contemplated hereby or by any Control Agreement in respect of any Deposit Account, Securities Accounts or other Investment Related Property shall be modified by Borrower without the prior written consent of Agent. Upon the occurrence and during the continuation of an Event of Default, Agent may notify any depository institution or securities intermediary to liquidate the applicable Deposit Account, Securities Account or any related Investment Related Property maintained or held thereby and remit the proceeds thereof to the Agent's Account.

4.10 **[Reserved].**

4.11 **Borrower's Perfection.** Borrower represents to the Lender Group that: (a) (i) all necessary financing statements and (ii) all related financing statement amendments or assignments in order to cause Borrower (or a representative of Borrower in accordance with the terms of an effective written secured party representative agreement approved, in writing, by Agent) to be properly noted as secured party of record with respect thereto, have been filed in all filing locations as may be required to perfect and protect in favor of Borrower all security interests, liens and rights evidenced by all Obligor Loan Receivable and related Obligor Loan Documents with respect to all personal property securing Borrower's Obligor Loan Receivables existing as of the Closing Date and as of the date of each Advance thereafter, and that such filings remain effective as of such date. Unless otherwise expressly agreed by Agent, Borrower covenants that it will take all action necessary to maintain the effectiveness of such filings so long as any sum remains owing under such Obligor Loan Receivable. Agent is authorized to file any UCC-3 statements of continuation, assignment or amendment as it may determine in its discretion to be necessary to enable it to protect and maintain its interests under this Agreement. Borrower represents to Agent that all filings and recordations, and all related assignments, have been filed or recorded in all jurisdictions as may be required to perfect and protect in favor of Borrower all of Borrower's liens or interests evidenced by Obligor Loan Documents existing as of the Closing Date and on the date of each Advance (or other extension of credit) hereunder, and that such filings and recordations remain effective as of such date.

4.12 **Custody of Collateral Documents.** Borrower will maintain or cause to be maintained all Obligor Loan Documents (other than Negotiable Collateral which has been delivered to Agent pursuant to Section 4.3 or Section 7.13) in a secure manner in a location with fire, casualty and theft protection satisfactory to Agent. Borrower will provide to Agent copies of any Obligor Loan Documents as Agent may request.

4.13 **Release of Obligor Loan Receivable.**

(a) When a Obligor Loan Receivable is repaid in its entirety, Agent shall return such Obligor Loan Receivable to Borrower to facilitate its payment, and Agent shall release the Agent's Liens in such Obligor Loan Receivable promptly upon receipt of the final payment relating to such Obligor Loan Receivable.

(b) When a Obligor Loan Receivable is sold by Borrower in accordance with the terms of this Agreement, Agent shall release the Agent's Liens in such Obligor Loan Receivable and shall transfer such Obligor Loan Receivable to the purchaser thereof or as otherwise directed by such purchaser against payment of the agreed amount therefor.

(c) In the event Borrower's collateral assignment to Agent of any Lien Instrument and any other loan documents relating to a Obligor Loan Receivable has been recorded and such Obligor Loan Receivable is (i) repaid in its entirety, (ii) sold by Borrower in accordance with the terms of this Agreement or (iii) in default and Borrower is commencing foreclosure proceedings against the Obligor Loan Collateral securing such Obligor Loan Receivable, then Agent shall execute a reassignment or release of such Lien Instrument and any other related loan documents for the benefit of Borrower on forms prepared by Borrower and reasonably acceptable to Agent.

5. **REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES.**

In order to induce the Lender Group to enter into this Agreement, Borrower makes the following representations and warranties to the Lender Group which shall be true, correct, and complete, in all material respects (except that such materiality qualifier shall not be applicable to any representations and warranties that already are qualified or modified by materiality in the text thereof), as of the Closing Date, and shall be true, correct, and complete, in all material respects (except that such materiality qualifier shall not be applicable to any representations and warranties that already are qualified or modified by materiality in the text thereof), as of the date of the making of each Advance (or other extension of credit) made thereafter, as though made on and as of the date of such Advance (or other extension of credit) (except to the extent that such representations and warranties relate solely to an earlier date, in which case such representations and warranties shall be true and correct in all material respects (except that such materiality qualifier shall not be applicable to any representations and warranties that already are qualified or modified by materiality in the text thereof) as of such earlier date) and such representations and warranties shall survive the execution and delivery of this Agreement:

5.1 **Due Organization and Qualification; Subsidiaries.**

(a) Each Loan Party and each of its Subsidiaries (i) is duly organized and existing and in good standing under the laws of the jurisdiction of its organization, (ii) is qualified to do business in any jurisdiction where the failure to be so qualified could reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Effect, and (iii) has all requisite power and authority to own and operate its properties, to carry on its business as now conducted and as proposed to be conducted, to enter into the Loan Documents to which it is a party and to carry out the transactions contemplated thereby.

(b) Set forth on Schedule 5.1(b) to this Agreement (as such Schedule may be updated from time to time to reflect changes resulting from transactions permitted under this Agreement) is a complete and accurate description of the authorized Equity Interests of each Loan Party, by class, and, as of the Closing Date, a description of the number of shares of each such class that are issued and outstanding.

(c) Set forth on Schedule 5.1(c) to this Agreement (as such Schedule may be updated from time to time to reflect changes resulting from transactions permitted under this Agreement), is a complete and accurate list of the Loan Parties' direct and indirect Subsidiaries, showing: (i) the number of shares of each class of common and preferred Equity Interests authorized for each of such Subsidiaries, and (ii) the number and the percentage of the outstanding shares of each such class owned directly or indirectly by Borrower and each other Loan Party. All of the outstanding Equity Interests of each such Subsidiary has been validly issued and is fully paid and non-assessable.

(d) Except as set forth on Schedule 5.1(d) to this Agreement, there are no subscriptions, options, warrants, or calls relating to any shares of any Loan Party's or any of its Subsidiaries' Equity Interests, including any right of conversion or exchange under any outstanding security or other instrument. Except as set forth on Schedule 5.1(d) to this Agreement, no Loan Party is subject to any obligation (contingent or otherwise) to repurchase or otherwise acquire or retire any shares of its Equity Interests or any security convertible into or exchangeable for any of its Equity Interests.

5.2 **Due Authorization; No Conflict.**

(a) As to each Loan Party, the execution, delivery, and performance by such Loan Party of the Loan Documents to which it is a party have been duly authorized by all necessary action on the part of such Loan Party.

(b) As to each Loan Party, the execution, delivery, and performance by such Loan Party of the Loan Documents to which it is a party do not and will not (i) violate any material provision of federal, state, or local law or regulation applicable to any Loan Party or its Subsidiaries, the Governing Documents of any Loan Party or its Subsidiaries, or any order, judgment, or decree of any court or other Governmental Authority binding on any Loan Party or its Subsidiaries, (ii) conflict with, result in a breach of, or constitute (with due notice or lapse of time or both) a default under any material agreement of any Loan Party or its Subsidiaries where any such conflict, breach or default could individually or in the aggregate reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect, (iii) result in or require the creation or imposition of any Lien of any nature whatsoever upon any assets of any Loan Party, other than Permitted Liens, or (iv) require any approval of any holder of Equity Interests of a Loan Party or any approval or consent of any Person under any material agreement of any Loan Party, other than consents or approvals that have been obtained and that are still in force and effect and except, in the case of material agreements, for consents or approvals, the failure to obtain could not individually or in the aggregate reasonably be expected to cause a Material Adverse Effect.

5.3 **Governmental Consents.** The execution, delivery, and performance by each Loan Party of the Loan Documents to which such Loan Party is a party and the consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Loan Documents do not and will not require any registration with, consent, or approval of, or notice to, or other action with or by, any Governmental Authority, other than registrations, consents, approvals, notices, or other actions that have been obtained and that are still in force and effect and except for filings and recordings with respect to the Collateral to be made, or otherwise delivered to Agent for filing or recordation, as of the Closing Date.

5.4 **Binding Obligations; Perfected Liens.**

(a) Each Loan Document has been duly executed and delivered by each Loan Party that is a party thereto and is the legally valid and binding obligation of such Loan Party, enforceable against such Loan Party in accordance with its respective terms, except as enforcement may be limited by

equitable principles or by bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium, or similar laws relating to or limiting creditors' rights generally.

(b) Agent's Liens are validly created, perfected (other than (i) in respect of motor vehicles that are subject to a certificate of title, (ii) money, (iii) letter-of-credit rights (other than supporting obligations), (iv) commercial tort claims (other than those that, by the terms hereof, are required to be perfected), and (v) any Deposit Accounts and Securities Accounts not subject to a Control Agreement as permitted by Section 4.9, and subject only to the filing of financing statements and first-priority Liens, subject only to Permitted Liens.

5.5 **Title to Assets; No Encumbrances.** Each of the Loan Parties and its Subsidiaries has (a) good, sufficient and legal title to (in the case of fee interests in Real Property), (b) valid leasehold interests in (in the case of leasehold interests in real or personal property), and (c) good and marketable title to (in the case of all other Collateral), all of their respective assets reflected in their most recent financial statements delivered pursuant to Section 6.1, in each case except for assets disposed of since the date of such financial statements to the extent permitted hereby. All of such assets are free and clear of Liens except for Permitted Liens.

5.6 **Jurisdiction of Organization; Location of Chief Executive Office; Organizational Identification Number; Commercial Tort Claims.**

(a) The name of (within the meaning of Section 9-503 of the Code) and jurisdiction of organization of each Loan Party and each of its Subsidiaries is set forth on Schedule 5.6(a) (as such Schedule may be updated from time to time to reflect changes resulting from transactions permitted under this Agreement).

(b) The chief executive office of each Loan Party and each of its Subsidiaries is located at the address indicated on Schedule 5.6(b) (as such Schedule may be updated from time to time to reflect changes resulting from transactions permitted under this Agreement).

(c) Each Loan Party's and each of its Subsidiaries' tax identification numbers and organizational identification numbers, if any, are identified on Schedule 5.6(c) (as such Schedule may be updated from time to time to reflect changes resulting from transactions permitted under this Agreement).

(d) As of the Closing Date, no Loan Party and no Subsidiary of a Loan Party holds any commercial tort claims that exceed \$500,000 in amount, except as set forth on Schedule 5.6(d).

5.7 **Litigation.**

(a) There are no actions, suits, or proceedings pending or, to the knowledge of Borrower, after due inquiry, threatened in writing against a Loan Party or any of its Subsidiaries that either individually or in the aggregate could reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Effect.

(b) Schedule 5.7(b) sets forth a complete and accurate description of each of the actions, suits, or proceedings with asserted liabilities in excess of, or that could reasonably be expected to result in liabilities in excess of, (i) \$500,000 in respect of the Eligible Obligor Loan Receivable or (ii) \$1,000,000 in respect of all other claims, that, as of the Closing Date, is pending or, to the knowledge of Borrower, after due inquiry, threatened in writing against a Loan Party or any of its Subsidiaries.

5.8 **Compliance with Laws.** No Loan Party nor any of its Subsidiaries (a) is in violation of any applicable laws, rules, regulations, executive orders, or codes (including Environmental Laws) that, individually or in the aggregate, could reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Effect, or (b) is subject to or in default with respect to any final judgments, writs, injunctions, decrees, rules or regulations of any court or any federal, state, municipal or other governmental department, commission, board, bureau, agency or instrumentality, domestic or foreign, that, individually or in the aggregate, could reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Effect. Borrower's Required Procedures, Obligor Loan Documents and other documents evidencing and executed in connection with Obligor Loan Receivables and all actions and transactions by Borrower in connection therewith comply in all material respects with all applicable laws.

5.9 **No Material Adverse Effect.** All historical financial statements relating to the Loan Parties and their Subsidiaries that have been delivered by Borrower to Agent have been prepared in accordance with GAAP (except, in the case of unaudited financial statements, for the lack of footnotes and being subject to year-end audit adjustments) and present fairly in all material respects, the Loan Parties' and their Subsidiaries' consolidated financial condition as of the date thereof and results of operations for the period then ended. Since December 31, 2023, no event, circumstance, or change has occurred that has or could reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Effect.

5.10 **Solvency.**

(a) Each Loan Party is Solvent.

(b) No transfer of property is being made by any Loan Party and no obligation is being incurred by any Loan Party in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or the other Loan Documents with the intent to hinder, delay, or defraud either present or future creditors of such Loan Party.

5.11 **Employee Benefits.** No Loan Party, none of its Subsidiaries, nor any of their respective ERISA Affiliates maintains or contributes to any Benefit Plan.

5.12 **Environmental Condition.** Except as could not be reasonably expected, individually or in the aggregate, to have a Material Adverse Effect, (a) to Borrower's knowledge, no Loan Party's nor any of its Subsidiaries' properties or assets has ever been used by a Loan Party, its Subsidiaries, or by previous owners or operators in the disposal of, or to produce, store, handle, treat, release, or transport, any Hazardous Materials, where such disposal, production, storage, handling, treatment, release or transport was in violation, in any material respect, of any applicable Environmental Law, (b) to Borrower's knowledge, after due inquiry, no Loan Party's nor any of its Subsidiaries' properties or assets has ever been designated or identified in any manner pursuant to any environmental protection statute as a Hazardous Materials disposal site, (c) no Loan Party nor any of its Subsidiaries has received notice that a Lien arising under any Environmental Law has attached to any revenues or to any Real Property owned or operated by a Loan Party or its Subsidiaries, and (d) no Loan Party nor any of its Subsidiaries nor any of their respective facilities or operations is subject to any outstanding written order, consent decree, or settlement agreement with any Person relating to any Environmental Law or Environmental Liability.

5.13 **Intellectual Property.** Each Loan Party and its Subsidiaries own, or hold licenses in, all trademarks, trade names, copyrights, patents, and licenses that are necessary to the conduct of its business as currently conducted, and attached hereto as Schedule 5.13 (as updated from time to time) is a true, correct, and complete listing of all material trademarks, trade names, copyrights, patents, and licenses as

to which Borrower or one of its Subsidiaries is the owner or is an exclusive licensee; provided, that Borrower may amend Schedule 5.13 to add additional intellectual property so long as such amendment occurs by written notice to Agent not less than 30 days after the date on which the applicable Loan Party or its Subsidiary acquires any such property after the Closing Date.

5.14 **Leases.** Each Loan Party and its Subsidiaries enjoy peaceful and undisturbed possession under all leases material to their business and to which they are parties or under which they are operating, and, subject to Permitted Protests, all of such material leases are valid and subsisting and no material default by the applicable Loan Party or its Subsidiaries exists under any of them.

5.15 **Deposit Accounts and Securities Accounts.** Set forth on Schedule 5.15 (as updated from time to time to reflect changes permitted under this Agreement) is a listing of all of the Loan Parties' and their Subsidiaries' Deposit Accounts and Securities Accounts constituting Collateral, including, with respect to each bank or securities intermediary (a) the name and address of such Person, and (b) the account numbers of the Deposit Accounts or Securities Accounts maintained with such Person.

5.16 **Complete Disclosure.** All factual information taken as a whole (other than forward-looking information and projections and information of a general economic nature and general information about Borrower's industry) furnished by or on behalf of a Loan Party or its Subsidiaries in writing to Agent or any Lender (including all information contained in the Schedules hereto or in the other Loan Documents) for purposes of or in connection with this Agreement or the other Loan Documents, and all other such factual information taken as a whole (other than forward-looking information and projections and information of a general economic nature and general information about Borrower's industry) hereafter furnished by or on behalf of a Loan Party or its Subsidiaries in writing to Agent or any Lender will be, true and accurate, in all material respects, on the date as of which such information is dated or certified and, when taken together with the Borrower's public filings made with the SEC, not incomplete by omitting to state any fact necessary to make such information (taken as a whole) not misleading in any material respect at such time in light of the circumstances under which such information was provided. As of the date on which any Projections are delivered to Agent, such Projections will represent, Borrower's good faith estimate, on the date such Projections are delivered, of the Loan Parties' and their Subsidiaries' future performance for the periods covered thereby based upon assumptions believed by Borrower to be reasonable at the time of the delivery thereof to Agent (it being understood that such Projections are subject to significant uncertainties and contingencies, many of which are beyond the control of the Loan Parties and their Subsidiaries, and no assurances can be given that such Projections will be realized, and although reflecting Borrower's good faith estimate, projections or forecasts based on methods and assumptions which Borrower believed to be reasonable at the time such Projections were prepared, are not to be viewed as facts, and that actual results during the period or periods covered by the Projections may differ materially from projected or estimated results). As of the Closing Date, the information included in the Beneficial Ownership Certification is true and correct in all material respects.

5.17 **Patriot Act.** To the extent applicable, each Loan Party is in compliance, in all material respects, with the (a) Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and each of the foreign assets control regulations of the United States Treasury Department (31 CFR, Subtitle B, Chapter V, as amended) and any other enabling legislation or executive order relating thereto, and (b) Uniting and Strengthening America by Providing Appropriate Tools Required to Intercept and Obstruct Terrorism (USA Patriot Act of 2001, as amended) (the "Patriot Act").

5.18 **Indebtedness.** Set forth on Schedule 5.18 is a true and complete list of all Indebtedness, in excess of \$500,000 in amount of each Loan Party and each of its Subsidiaries outstanding immediately prior to the Closing Date that is to remain outstanding immediately after giving effect to the closing hereunder on the Closing Date and such Schedule accurately sets forth the aggregate principal amount of such Indebtedness as of the Closing Date.

5.19 **Payment of Taxes.** Except as otherwise permitted under Section 6.5, all federal Tax returns and reports and all other material Tax returns and reports of each Loan Party and its Subsidiaries required to be filed by any of them have been timely filed, and all Taxes shown on such Tax returns to be due and payable and all other Taxes upon a Loan Party and its Subsidiaries and upon their respective assets, income, businesses and franchises that are due and payable have been paid when due and payable. Each Loan Party and each of its Subsidiaries have made adequate provision in accordance with GAAP for all Taxes not yet due and payable. Borrower knows of no proposed Tax assessment against a Loan Party or any of its Subsidiaries that is not being actively contested by such Loan Party or such Subsidiary diligently, in good faith, and by appropriate proceedings; provided that such reserves or other appropriate provisions, if any, as shall be required in conformity with GAAP shall have been made or provided therefor.

5.20 **Margin Stock.** Neither any Loan Party nor any of its Subsidiaries owns any Margin Stock or is engaged principally, or as one of its important activities, in the business of extending credit for the purpose of purchasing or carrying any Margin Stock. No part of the proceeds of the Loans made to Borrower will be used to purchase or carry any Margin Stock or to extend credit to others for the purpose of purchasing or carrying any Margin Stock or for any purpose that violates the provisions of Regulation T, U or X of the Board of Governors. Neither any Loan Party nor any of its Subsidiaries expects to acquire any Margin Stock.

5.21 **Governmental Regulation.** No Loan Party nor any of its Subsidiaries is subject to regulation under the Federal Power Act or the Investment Company Act of 1940 or under any other federal or state statute or regulation which may limit its ability to incur Indebtedness or which may otherwise render all or any portion of the Obligations unenforceable. No Loan Party nor any of its Subsidiaries is a “registered investment company” or a company “controlled” by a “registered investment company” or a “principal underwriter” of a “registered investment company” as such terms are defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940.

5.22 **OFAC; Sanctions; Anti-Corruption Laws; Anti-Money Laundering Laws.** No Loan Party nor any of its Subsidiaries is in violation of any Sanctions. No Loan Party nor any of its Subsidiaries nor, to the knowledge of such Loan Party, any director, officer, employee, agent or Affiliate of such Loan Party or such Subsidiary (a) is a Sanctioned Person or a Sanctioned Entity, (b) has any assets located in Sanctioned Entities, or (c) derives revenues from investments in, or transactions with Sanctioned Persons or Sanctioned Entities. Each of the Loan Parties and its Subsidiaries has implemented and maintains in effect policies and procedures reasonably designed to ensure compliance with Sanctions, Anti-Corruption Laws and Anti-Money Laundering Laws. Each of the Loan Parties and its Subsidiaries, and to the knowledge of each such Loan Party, each director, officer, employee, agent and Affiliate of each such Loan Party and each such Subsidiary, is in compliance with all Sanctions, Anti-Corruption Laws and Anti-Money Laundering Laws. No proceeds of any Loan made hereunder will be used to fund any operations in, finance any investments or activities in, or make any payments to, a Sanctioned Person or a Sanctioned Entity, or otherwise used in any manner that would result in a violation of any Sanction, Anti-Corruption Law or Anti-Money Laundering Law by any Person (including any Lender, Bank Product Provider, or other individual or entity participating in any transaction).

5.23 **Employee and Labor Matters**. Except as could not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect, there is (a) no unfair labor practice complaint pending or, to the knowledge of Borrower, threatened against any Loan Party or its Subsidiaries before any Governmental Authority and no grievance or arbitration proceeding pending or threatened against any Loan Party or its Subsidiaries which arises out of or under any collective bargaining agreement, (b) no strike, labor dispute, slowdown, stoppage or similar action or grievance pending or threatened in writing against any Loan Party or its Subsidiaries, or (c) no union representation question existing with respect to the employees of any Loan Party or its Subsidiaries and no union organizing activity taking place with respect to any of the employees of any Loan Party or its Subsidiaries. None of any Loan Party or its Subsidiaries has incurred any liability or obligation under the Worker Adjustment and Retraining Notification Act or similar state law, which remains unpaid or unsatisfied. The hours worked and payments made to employees of each Loan Party and its Subsidiaries have not been in violation of the Fair Labor Standards Act or any other applicable legal requirements, except to the extent such violations could not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Effect. All payments due from any Loan Party or its Subsidiaries on account of wages and employee health and welfare insurance and other benefits have been paid or accrued as a liability on the books of such Loan Party, except where the failure to do so could not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Effect.

5.24 **[Reserved]**.

5.25 **Eligible Obligor Loan Receivable**. As to each Obligor Loan Receivable that is identified by Borrower as an Eligible Obligor Loan Receivable in the most recent Borrowing Base Certificate submitted to Agent, as of the date of such Borrowing Base Certificate: (a) such Obligor Loan Receivable is a bona fide existing payment obligation of the applicable Obligor created in the ordinary course of Borrower's business, (b) such Obligor Loan Receivable is owed to Borrower without any known defenses, disputes, offsets, counterclaims, or rights of return or cancellation, (c) each Eligible Obligor Loan Receivable has been documented in accordance with the Required Procedures, (d) such Obligor Loan Receivable is not excluded as ineligible by virtue of one or more of the excluding criteria (other than any Agent-discretionary criteria) set forth in the definition of Eligible Obligor Loan Receivables, (e) the original amount of, the unpaid balance of, and the amount and dates of payments on such Obligor Loan Receivable shown on the Books of Borrower and in the schedules of same delivered to Agent are true and correct, (f) Borrower has no knowledge of any fact which is reasonably likely to impair the validity or collectability of such Obligor Loan Receivable, (g) such Obligor Loan Receivable is subject to a first-priority perfected security interest in favor of Agent, (h) such Obligor Loan Receivable and Obligor Loan Collateral therefor complies with all applicable laws, (i) since inclusion of such Obligor Loan Receivable in the Borrowing Base, such Obligor Loan Receivable has not been amended nor any requirements relating thereto waived without the prior written consent of Agent, other than any amendments or modification that do not result in a Obligor Triggering Event, (j) except for liens consented to by Agent as of the date of inclusion of such Obligor Loan Receivable in the Borrowing Base, such Obligor Loan Receivable is secured by a first priority security interest in the applicable Obligor Loan Collateral not subject to any Lien in favor of mechanics, materialmen, laborers, or suppliers for performance of work or supply of materials, (k) such Obligor Loan Receivable is secured by the Obligor Loan Collateral as reflected in the applicable Obligor Loan Documents, (l) the Obligor Loan Agent, for the benefit of Borrower and any other lenders under such Obligor Loan Receivable maintains a first priority security interest in the Deposit Account in which amounts due under such Obligor Loan Receivable are collected when paid by the applicable Obligor, (m) the Obligor Loan Documents associated with each such Obligor Loan Receivable include terms and provisions establishing that (i) the applicable Obligor shall not directly or indirectly sell, assign, convey or transfer, or enter any contract or

agreement to sell, assign, convey, or transfer, in whole or in part, the Obligor Loan Mortgaged Property securing such Obligor Loan Receivable, (ii) all Taxes owing by the applicable Obligor under such Obligor Loan Receivable and the Obligor Loan Collateral therefor have been paid when due, (iii) such Obligor Loan Collateral complies with all Environmental Laws and all other applicable laws, ordinances, regulations, restrictive covenants and other requirements of any Governmental Authority regarding zoning and use, and (iv) in respect of each Obligor Loan Receivable, the applicable Obligor has and maintains (A) title insurance policies on the Obligor Loan Mortgaged Property, (B) flood certifications, and if applicable, flood insurance, (C) “all risk” insurance coverage against casualty to the Obligor Loan Mortgaged Property and any and all materials stored at or upon the property during construction, (D) comprehensive general liability insurance, (E) worker’s compensation insurance, and (F) any other insurance required under the applicable Obligor Loan Documents as of the date of inclusion in the Borrowing Base. Unless otherwise disclosed to Lender in writing, Borrower has not received actual notice of (y) actual or imminent bankruptcy of any Obligor regarding any Eligible Obligor Loan Receivable or (z) actual or threatened litigation regarding the validity or enforceability of any Eligible Obligor Loan Receivable or the validity, enforceability or priority of any Obligor Loan Mortgage or Lien on any Obligor Loan Collateral. With respect to each Eligible Obligor Loan Receivable, Borrower has duly recorded (or delivered for recording and obtained a filing receipt from the appropriate recording office for recording) the Obligor Loan Mortgage and duly filed (or delivered for filing and obtained a filing receipt from the appropriate filing office for filing) financing statements with respect to any personal property Collateral for such Eligible Obligor Loan Receivable against the applicable Obligor in all applicable jurisdictions. Borrower has obtained all Obligor Loan Title Policies in respect of each Obligor Loan Receivable. Borrower represents that it is the sole legal and beneficial owner of each Eligible Obligor Loan Receivable, and all related Collateral, and that no participation interest or other ownership interest (legal, beneficial or otherwise) has been sold or is otherwise outstanding with respect thereto.

5.26 **Location of Collateral.** The Collateral (other than the Collateral in the possession of Agent or a custodian for the benefit of Agent) is not stored with a bailee, warehouseman, or similar party and is located only at, or in-transit between, the locations identified on Schedule 5.26 (as such Schedule may be updated pursuant to Section 6.14).

5.27 **Records.** Each Loan Party keeps (or causes to be kept) complete, correct and accurate records of the Obligor Loan Receivables owned by Borrower and its Subsidiaries and all payments thereon.

5.28 **Hedge Agreements.** On each date that any Hedge Agreement is executed by any Hedge Provider, Borrower and each other Loan Party satisfy all eligibility, suitability and other requirements under the Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. § 1, et seq., as in effect from time to time) and the Commodity Futures Trading Commission regulations.

6. **AFFIRMATIVE COVENANTS.**

Borrower covenants and agrees that, until the termination of all of the Commitments and payment in full of the Obligations:

6.1 **Financial Statements, Reports, Certificates.** Borrower will deliver to Agent, with copies to each Lender:

(a) as soon as available, but in any event within 45 days after the end of each fiscal quarter during each year,

(i) an unaudited consolidated and consolidating balance sheet and income statement covering each of Borrower's operations during such period and the year-to-date period ending thereon, in each case setting forth in comparative form the figures for the corresponding periods in the prior year; provided that the filing of a Form 10-Q with the SEC containing all such information shall satisfy the delivery requirement for such information, and

(ii) a Compliance Certificate, demonstrating in reasonable detail, compliance at the end of such fiscal quarter with the applicable financial covenants contained in Section 8.

(b) as soon as available, but in any event within 120 days after the end of each of Borrower's fiscal years, commencing with the fiscal year ending December 31, 2024,

(i) consolidated and consolidating financial statements of Borrower for each such fiscal year, audited by an independent certified public accountants meeting requirements for independent auditors of Borrower under applicable law and accompanied by an audit report without any qualification or exception as to (A) prior to the Maturity Date, "going concern" or like qualification or exception, (B) qualification or exception as to the scope of such audit, or (C) qualification which relates to the treatment or classification of any item and which, as a condition to the removal of such qualification, would require an adjustment to such item, the effect of which would be to cause any noncompliance with the provisions of Section 8), by such accountants to have been prepared in accordance with GAAP in all material respects (such audited financial statements to include a balance sheet, income statement, statement of cash flow and footnotes and, if prepared, such accountants' letter to management); provided that the filing of a Form 10-K with the SEC containing all such information shall satisfy the delivery requirement for such information, and

(ii) a Compliance Certificate, demonstrating in reasonable detail, compliance at the end of such period with the applicable financial covenants contained in Section 8,

(c) not more than 120 days following the commencement of each calendar year, Borrower's Projections (including a budget) for the forthcoming fiscal year, quarter-by-quarter, certified by the Authorized Person of Borrower as being such Authorized Person's good faith estimate of the financial performance of Borrower during the period covered thereby,

(d) [reserved], and

(e) promptly notify Agent of the following regarding each Obligor Loan Receivable and Obligor Loan Collateral related to such Obligor Loan Receivable:

(i) the occurrence of Obligor Triggering Event or any other event which could reasonably be expected to impair the prospect of payment of such Obligor Loan Receivable;

(ii) the sending by Borrower in respect of any Obligor Loan Receivable of any notice of default, notice of termination, or notice of foreclosure and the date of any scheduled

foreclosure sale thereon, or filing by Borrower of any lawsuit (including case number and court) on an Obligor Loan Receivable or related Obligor Loan Collateral;

(iii) the consummation of any foreclosure sale or any deed or bill of sale in lieu of foreclosure, retention of collateral in satisfaction of debt or similar transaction, and deliver to Agent true and complete copies of all documentation executed in respect thereof (in the case of notices, postings and the like, and in the case of deeds, bills of sale or retention of collateral transactions, all documents related to consummation of such transaction or transfer of such property); and

(iv) the receipt by Borrower of a notice by any Person of (x) a default with respect to any agreement evidencing or governing a Lien on any Obligor Loan Collateral or (y) any foreclosure sale with respect to any Obligor Loan Collateral;

(f) promptly, but in any event within 5 days after Borrower has knowledge of any event or condition that constitutes a Default or an Event of Default, notice thereof and a statement of the curative action that such Person proposes to take with respect thereto,

(g) promptly after the commencement thereof, but in any event within 5 Business Days after the service of process with respect thereto on Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries, notice of all actions, suits, or proceedings brought by or against Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries before any Governmental Authority which, could reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Effect,

(h) promptly, but in any event within 5 days after Borrower has knowledge thereof, notice that Borrower has ceased to constitute Obligor Required Lenders under any Eligible Obligor Loan Receivable, and

(i) upon the request of Agent, any other information reasonably requested relating to the financial condition of Borrower and its Subsidiaries.

In addition, Borrower agrees (x) that no Subsidiary of a Loan Party will have a fiscal year different from that of Borrower, (y) to maintain a system of accounting that enables Borrower to produce financial statements in accordance with GAAP, and (z) to cooperate with Agent to allow Agent to consult (in the presence of Borrower) with its independent certified public accountants if Agent reasonably requests the right to do so.

6.2 **Collateral Reporting.** Borrower will deliver to Agent (and if so requested by Agent, with copies for each Lender) each of the reports set forth on the following schedule at the times specified therein:

Promptly after occurrence	(a) Notice of all claims, offsets or disputes asserted by an Obligor with respect to any Obligor Loan Receivable,
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<p>Monthly (not later than 30th day after the beginning of each month, calculated or determined as of the last day of the preceding month)</p>	<p>(b) a Borrowing Base Certificate which includes (i) a detailed calculation of the Borrowing Base as of the last day of the preceding month, and a reconciliation to the most recently provided Borrowing Base, (ii) a detailed list of Borrower's Obligor Loan Receivable, together with a detailed aging, by total, of the Obligor Loan Receivable of Borrower, (iii) detail regarding Collections, delinquency and concentration of Obligor Loan Receivable, (iv) [reserved], (v) detail regarding each Obligor Loan Receivable that has been extended, modified, restated or amended, with the date of such extension, modification, restatement or amendment, and (vi) additional detail showing additions to and deletions from the Obligor Borrowing Base Collateral,</p> <p>(c) a detailed aging of all Obligor Loan Receivable owned by Borrower;</p> <p>(d) a report detailing all Obligor Loan Receivable charged off during such month;</p> <p>(e) [reserved];</p>
<p>Quarterly (not later than the 30th day after the end of the immediately preceding calendar quarter)</p>	<p>(f) Static Loss Reports for all Obligor Loan Receivable owned by Borrower;</p>

Upon request by Agent	<p>(g) a report regarding Borrower’s and its Subsidiaries’ accrued, but unpaid, sales, use and property taxes,</p> <p>(h) a detailed report of Borrower and its Subsidiaries’ obligations with respect to Bank Product Agreements and Bank Product Reserves, including calculations thereof,</p> <p>(i) copies of credit files in connection with Borrower’s and its Subsidiaries’ Obligor Loan Receivable, statements transmitted to Obligors, credit memos, remittance advices, deposit slips, in connection with Borrower’s and its Subsidiaries’ Obligor Loan Receivable and/or the property securing such Obligor Loan Receivable and, for Portfolio Collateral,</p> <p>(j) any change in the information provided in the Beneficial Ownership Certification that would result in a change to the list of beneficial owners identified in parts (c) or (d) of such certification,</p> <p>(k) such other reports as to the Collateral or the financial condition of Borrower, each other Loan Party, and their Subsidiaries, as Agent may reasonably request, and</p> <p>(l) information and documentation reasonably requested by the Agent or any Lender for purposes of compliance with applicable “know your customer” requirements under the Patriot Act, the Beneficial Ownership Regulation or other applicable anti-money laundering laws, including but not limited to a Beneficial Ownership Certification form acceptable to Agent or Lender.</p>
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In connection with the foregoing reports, (i) Borrower shall maintain and utilize accounting and reporting systems reasonably acceptable to Agent, (ii) Borrower agrees to use commercially reasonable efforts in cooperation with Agent to facilitate and implement a system of electronic collateral reporting in order to provide electronic reporting of each of the items set forth above, (iii) after implementation of such electronic collateral reporting system, Borrower shall use such electronic reporting system for all reporting of the foregoing information to Agent, and (iv) to the extent required by Agent, an Authorized Person or other representative acceptable to Agent will meet with Agent at least once in each calendar quarter to review and discuss Obligor Loan Receivables.

6.3 **Existence.** Except as otherwise permitted under Section 7.3 or Section 7.4, each Loan Party will, and will cause each of its Subsidiaries to, at all times preserve and keep in full force and effect such Person’s valid existence and good standing in its jurisdiction of organization and, except as could not reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Effect, good standing with respect to all other jurisdictions in which it is qualified to do business and any rights, franchises, permits, licenses, accreditations, authorizations, or other approvals material to their businesses.

6.4 **Maintenance of Properties.** Each Loan Party will, and will cause each of its Subsidiaries to, maintain and preserve all of its assets that are necessary or useful in the proper conduct of its business in good working order and condition, ordinary wear, tear, casualty, and condemnation and Permitted Dispositions excepted (and except where the failure to so maintain and preserve assets could not reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Effect).

6.5 **Taxes.** Each Loan Party will, and will cause each of its Subsidiaries to, pay in full before delinquency or before the expiration of any extension period all material Taxes imposed, levied, or assessed against it, or any of its assets or in respect of any of its income, businesses, or franchises, except to the extent that the validity of such Tax is the subject of a Permitted Protest.

6.6 **Insurance.** (a) Except as permitted by Agent, at Borrower's expense, maintain insurance respecting its and their Subsidiaries' assets wherever located, covering loss or damage by fire, theft, explosion, and all other hazards and risks as ordinarily are insured against by other Persons engaged in the same or similar businesses. All such policies of insurance shall be in such amounts and with such insurance companies as are reasonably satisfactory to Agent. Except as permitted by Agent, Borrower shall deliver copies of all such policies to Agent with an endorsement naming Agent as the sole loss payee (under a satisfactory lender's loss payable endorsement) or additional insured, as appropriate. Any such policy of insurance or endorsement shall contain a clause requiring the insurer to give not less than 30 days prior written notice to Agent in the event of cancellation of the policy for any reason whatsoever.

(b) Administrative Borrower shall give Agent prompt notice of any loss exceeding \$500,000 covered by such insurance. So long as no Event of Default has occurred and is continuing, Borrower shall have the exclusive right to adjust any losses payable under any such insurance policies which are less than \$500,000. Following the occurrence and during the continuation of an Event of Default, or in the case of any losses payable under such insurance exceeding \$500,000, Agent shall have the exclusive right to adjust any losses payable under any such insurance policies, without any liability to Borrower whatsoever in respect of such adjustments.

6.7 **Inspection.**

(a) Each Loan Party will, and will cause each of its Subsidiaries to, permit Agent, any Lender, and each of their respective duly authorized representatives or agents to visit any of its properties and inspect any of its assets or books and records, to examine and make copies of its books and records, and to discuss its affairs, finances, accounts, underwriting procedures and ongoing credit monitoring procedures with, and to be advised as to the same by, its officers and employees (provided, that an authorized representative of Borrower shall be allowed to be present) at such reasonable times and intervals as Agent or any Lender, as applicable, may designate and, so long as no Default or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing, with reasonable prior notice to Borrower and during regular business hours, at Borrower's expense in accordance with the provisions of Section 2.9(d).

(b) Each Loan Party will, and will cause each of its Subsidiaries to, permit Agent and each of its duly authorized representatives or agents to conduct field examinations, appraisals, or valuations of the Collateral (including the Obligor Loan Collateral) at such reasonable times and intervals as Agent may designate, at Borrower's expense in accordance with the provisions of Section 2.9(d); provided that, unless an Default or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing Agent shall only be permitted to conduct such field examinations, appraisals, or valuations of the Collateral one (1) time during each consecutive 12-month period commencing on the date hereof.

6.8 **Compliance with Laws.** Each Loan Party will, and will cause each of its Subsidiaries to, comply with the requirements of all applicable laws, rules, regulations, and orders of any Governmental Authority, other than laws, rules, regulations, and orders the non-compliance with which, individually or in the aggregate, could not reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Effect.

6.9 **Environmental.** Each Loan Party will, and will cause each of its Subsidiaries to, except as could not individually or in the aggregate reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect,

(a) Keep any property either owned or operated by any Loan Party or its Subsidiaries free of any Environmental Liens or post bonds or other financial assurances sufficient to satisfy the obligations or liability evidenced by such Environmental Liens,

(b) Comply, in all material respects, with Environmental Laws and provide to Agent documentation of such compliance which Agent reasonably requests,

(c) Promptly notify Agent of any release of which any Loan Party has knowledge of a Hazardous Material in any reportable quantity from or onto property owned or operated by any Loan Party or its Subsidiaries and take any Remedial Actions required to abate said release or otherwise to come into compliance, in all material respects, with applicable Environmental Law, and

(d) Promptly, but in any event within five Business Days of its receipt thereof, provide Agent with written notice of any of the following: (i) notice that an Environmental Lien has been filed against any of the real or personal property of a Loan Party or its Subsidiaries, (ii) commencement of any Environmental Action or written notice that an Environmental Action will be filed against a Loan Party or its Subsidiaries, and (iii) written notice of a violation, citation, or other administrative order from a Governmental Authority.

6.10 **[Reserved]**.

6.11 **Formation of Subsidiaries.** At the time that any Loan Party forms any direct or indirect Subsidiary or acquires any direct or indirect Subsidiary after the Closing Date (in each case other than any Immaterial Subsidiary, any Subsidiary that does not own any Obligor Loan Receivables or any other Collateral, and any Subsidiary subject to prohibitions on becoming an obligor with respect to the Loan Document under applicable law or a material agreement not created in contemplation of such formation or acquisition), each Loan Party will, within 30 days of such event (or such later date as permitted by Agent in its sole discretion) (a) cause such new Subsidiary (i) if such Subsidiary is a Domestic Subsidiary and Administrative Borrower requests, subject to the consent of Agent, that such Domestic Subsidiary be joined as a Borrower hereunder, to provide to Agent a Joinder to this Agreement, or (ii) otherwise, to become a Guarantor by executing a Guaranty, in each case, together with such other security agreements, all in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to Agent (including being sufficient to grant Agent a first priority Lien (subject to Permitted Liens) in and to the assets of such newly formed or acquired Subsidiary), provided, that such Guaranty and security agreements, shall not be required to be provided to Agent with respect to any Subsidiary of any Loan Party that is a CFC if providing such agreements would result in an adverse tax consequences or the costs to the Loan Parties of providing such guaranty or such security agreements are unreasonably excessive (as determined by Agent in consultation with Borrower) in relation to the benefits to Agent and the Lenders of the security or guarantee afforded thereby, (b) provide, or cause the applicable Loan Party to provide, to Agent a pledge agreement and appropriate certificates and powers or financing statements, pledging all of the direct or beneficial ownership interest in such new Subsidiary in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to Agent; provided, that only 65% of the total outstanding voting Equity Interests of any first tier Subsidiary of a Loan Party that is a CFC (and none of the Equity Interests of any Subsidiary of such CFC) shall be required to be pledged if pledging a greater amount would result in an adverse tax consequences or the costs to the Loan Parties of providing such pledge are unreasonably excessive (as determined by Agent in consultation with Borrower) in relation to the benefits to Agent and the Lenders of the security afforded thereby (which

pledge, if reasonably requested by Agent, shall be governed by the laws of the jurisdiction of such Subsidiary), and (c) provide to Agent all other documentation, including the Governing Documents of such Subsidiary and one or more opinions of counsel reasonably satisfactory to Agent, which, in its opinion, is appropriate with respect to the execution and delivery of the applicable documentation referred to above. Any document, agreement, or instrument executed or issued pursuant to this Section 6.11 shall constitute a Loan Document.

6.12 **Further Assurances.** Each Loan Party will, and will cause each of the other Loan Parties to, at any time upon the reasonable request of Agent, execute or deliver to Agent any and all financing statements, fixture filings, security agreements, pledges, assignments, opinions of counsel, and all other documents (the “Additional Loan Party Documents”) that Agent may reasonably request in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to Agent, to create, perfect, and continue perfected or to better perfect Agent’s Liens in the Collateral and in order to fully consummate all of the transactions contemplated hereby and under the other Loan Documents. To the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, if Borrower or any other Loan Party refuses or fails to execute or deliver any reasonably requested Additional Loan Party Documents within a reasonable period of time not to exceed 5 Business Days following the request to do so, Borrower and each other Loan Party hereby authorizes Agent to execute any such Additional Loan Party Documents in the applicable Loan Party’s name and authorizes Agent to file such executed Additional Loan Party Documents in any appropriate filing office. In furtherance of, and not in limitation of, the foregoing, each Loan Party shall take such actions as Agent may reasonably request from time to time to ensure that the Obligations are guaranteed by the Guarantors and are secured by substantially all of the Collateral of the Loan Parties. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein (including Section 6.11 hereof and this Section 6.12) or in any other Loan Document, Agent shall not be required accept delivery of any joinder to any Loan Document with respect to any Subsidiary of any Loan Party, if such Subsidiary qualifies as a “legal entity customer” under the Beneficial Ownership Regulation unless such Subsidiary has delivered a Beneficial Ownership Certification in relation to such Subsidiary and Agent has completed its Patriot Act searches, OFAC/PEP searches and customary individual background checks for such Subsidiary, the results of which shall be satisfactory to Agent.

6.13 **Lender Meetings.** Borrower will, within 90 days after the close of each fiscal year of Administrative Borrower, at the request of Agent or of the Required Lenders and upon reasonable prior notice, hold a meeting (at a mutually agreeable location and time or, at the option of Agent, by conference call) with all Lenders who choose to attend such meeting at which meeting shall be reviewed the financial results of the previous fiscal year and the financial condition of the Loan Parties and their Subsidiaries and the Projections presented for the current fiscal year of Administrative Borrower.

6.14 **Location of Collateral.** Borrower will, and will cause each of its Subsidiaries to, keep its Collateral only at the locations identified on Schedule 5.26 or with Agent (or a custodian for the benefit of Agent) and their chief executive offices only at the locations identified on Schedule 5.6(b); provided, that Borrower may amend Schedule 5.26 or Schedule 5.6(b) so long as such amendment occurs by written notice to Agent not less than 10 days prior to the date on which such Collateral is moved to such new location or such chief executive office is relocated and so long as such new location is within the continental United States.

6.15 **OFAC; Sanctions; Anti-Corruption Laws; Anti-Money Laundering Laws.** Each Loan Party will, and will cause each of its Subsidiaries to, comply with all applicable Sanctions, Anti-Corruption Laws and Anti-Money Laundering Laws. Each of the Loan Parties and its Subsidiaries shall implement and maintain in effect policies and procedures reasonably designed to ensure compliance by

the Loan Parties and their Subsidiaries and their respective directors, officers, employees, agents and Affiliates with Sanctions, Anti-Corruption Laws and Anti-Money Laundering Laws

6.16 **Performance and Compliance with Portfolio Collateral.** Timely and fully perform and comply in all material respects with all provisions, covenants and other promises required to be observed by it under the Portfolio Collateral and all other agreements related to such Portfolio Collateral.

6.17 **Maintenance of Insurance for Portfolio Collateral.**

(a) Borrower shall cause to be maintained with respect to each Portfolio Collateral a hazard insurance policy with a generally acceptable carrier licensed in the state in which the related Portfolio Collateral is located that provides for coverage that is standard in the market for such Portfolio Collateral, and which provides for a recovery by Borrower of insurance proceeds relating to such Portfolio Collateral in an amount not less than the least of (i) the outstanding principal balance of the related Obligor Loan Receivable, (ii) the minimum amount required to compensate for loss or damage on a replacement cost basis, and (iii) the full insurable value of the premises. Borrower shall indemnify the Agent (for the benefit of the Lenders) out of Borrower's own funds for any loss resulting from Borrower's failure to maintain the insurance required by this paragraph.

(b) If any Portfolio Collateral relates to a Obligor Loan Mortgaged Property in an area identified in the Federal Register by the Federal Emergency Management Agency as having special flood hazards, Borrower will cause to be maintained with respect thereto a flood insurance policy in a form meeting the requirements of the current guidelines of the Federal Insurance Administration with a generally acceptable carrier, to the extent required by law, or to the extent not so required, to the extent such flood insurance is available at commercially reasonable rates, and which provides for a recovery by Borrower of insurance proceeds relating to such Portfolio Collateral of not less than the least of (i) the outstanding principal balance of the related Portfolio Collateral, (ii) the minimum amount required to compensate for damage or loss on a replacement cost basis, and (iii) the maximum amount of insurance that is available under the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973, as amended. Borrower shall indemnify the Agent (for the benefit of the Lenders) out of Borrower's own funds for any loss resulting from the Borrower's failure to maintain the insurance required by this Section.

(c) In the event that Borrower shall obtain and maintain a blanket policy with an acceptable insurer against fire and hazards of extended coverage on all of the Portfolio Collateral, then, to the extent such policy names Borrower as loss payee and provides coverage in an amount equal to the aggregate unpaid principal balance of all Portfolio Collateral with co-insurance, and otherwise complies with the requirements of this Section 6.17, Borrower shall be deemed conclusively to have satisfied its obligations with respect to fire and hazard insurance coverage under this Section 6.17, it being understood and agreed that such blanket policy may contain a deductible clause, in which case Borrower shall, in the event that there shall not have been maintained on the related Obligor Loan Mortgaged Property a policy complying with subsection (a) of this Section 6.17, and there shall have been a loss which would have been covered by such policy, deposit in the from Borrower's own funds the difference, if any, between the amount that would have been payable under a policy complying with subsection (a) of this Section 6.17 and the amount paid under such blanket policy. Upon the request of any Lender or the Agent, Borrower shall cause to be delivered to the Agent, a certified true copy of such policy.

6.18 **Eligible Obligor Loan Receivable.** Upon receiving actual notice, Borrower shall promptly notify Lender of (a) the occurrence of any Obligor Specified Event of Default or any other excluding criteria (other than any Agent-discretionary criteria) set forth in the definition of Eligible

Obligor Loan Receivables, (b) any actual or threatened taking of title to any Obligor Loan Mortgaged Property securing an Obligor Loan Receivable under the exercise of the power of condemnation or eminent domain, (c) actual or threatened litigation regarding the validity or enforceability of any Eligible Obligor Loan Receivable or the validity, enforceability or priority of any Obligor Loan Mortgage or Lien on any Obligor Loan Collateral, and (d) any fact which is reasonably likely to impair the validity or collectability of such Obligor Loan Receivable.

6.19 **Relationship with Obligors.** Borrower shall deliver to Agent copies of all final write-ups, credit reports, final and/or executed term sheets, and other information pertaining to Borrower's transactions with existing or prospective Obligors as Agent may reasonably request with respect to Obligor Loan Receivables. Borrower has entered into agreements which grant it the contractual rights to audit each Obligor's books and records and, upon Agent's request, Borrower will use its good faith efforts to receive from each Obligor its unaudited monthly financial statements (to the extent prepared and available), and its audited or unaudited, as the case may be, annual financial statements or duly prepared tax returns. Borrower shall promptly notify Agent of (a) any material default or material event of default under the Obligor Loan Documents of which Borrower has actual knowledge, or (b) the occurrence of any other event which may impair the prospect of payment of any Obligor Loan Receivable of which Borrower has actual knowledge.

6.20 **Impound, Deposit, and Reserve Deposit Accounts.** Borrower will and cause any Obligor Loan Agent to (i) deposit and maintain in one or more Deposit Accounts at EWB all impounds, deposits, reserves (including interest reserves), and similar amounts provided to Borrower or any Obligor Loan Agent in respect of any Obligor Loan Receivable. It is understood and agreed that in the case of amounts delivered to an Obligor Loan Agent, the amounts to be maintained in Deposit Accounts at EWB may be the portion of such impounds, deposits, reserves and similar amounts equal to Borrower's pro rata share of the commitments under the applicable Obligor Loan Receivable.

6.21 **Agent as Eligible Assignee.** All Obligor Loan Receivables must permit the grant of the security interest in Borrower's Pro Rata Hold to EWB as contemplated by this Agreement and the other transactions contemplated by this Agreement.

6.22 **Intra-Lender Agreements.** Each Obligor Loan Agent and any co-lender to an Obligor Loan Receivable must at all times be a party to such any applicable Intra-Lender Agreement with respect to such Obligor Loan Receivable.

6.23 **Obligor Loan Notes.** If Borrower holds or in the future receives from any Obligor an Obligor Loan Note evidencing such Borrower's Pro Rata Hold of such Obligor's obligations with respect to any Eligible Obligor Loan Receivable, Borrower shall promptly (but in any event within three (3) Business Days) endorse and deliver physical possession of such Obligor Loan Note and all agreements and documents related thereto, to Agent or to a custodian to hold on behalf of Agent. All Obligor Loan Receivables shall be delivered to Agent or a custodian for the benefit of Agent, duly endorsed pursuant to Section 4.3 or on a separate allonge affixed thereto.

7. NEGATIVE COVENANTS.

Borrower covenants and agrees that, until the termination of all of the Commitments and the payment in full of the Obligations:

7.1 **Indebtedness.** Each Loan Party will not, and will not permit any of its Subsidiaries to, create, incur, assume, suffer to exist, guarantee, or otherwise become or remain, directly or indirectly, liable with respect to any Indebtedness, except for Permitted Indebtedness.

7.2 **Liens.** Each Loan Party will not, and will not permit any of its Subsidiaries to, create, incur, assume, or suffer to exist, directly or indirectly, any Lien on or with respect to any of its assets, of any kind, whether now owned or hereafter acquired, or any income or profits therefrom, except for Permitted Liens.

7.3 **Restrictions on Fundamental Changes.** Each Loan Party will not, and will not permit any of its Subsidiaries to,

(a) enter into any merger, consolidation, reorganization, or recapitalization, or reclassify its Equity Interests, except for (i) any merger between Loan Parties, provided, that Borrower must be the surviving entity of any such merger to which it is a party, (ii) any merger between a Loan Party and a Subsidiary of such Loan Party that is not a Loan Party, so long as such Loan Party is the surviving entity of any such merger, and (iii) any merger between Subsidiaries of any Loan Party that are not Loan Parties,

(b) liquidate, wind up, or dissolve itself (or suffer any liquidation or dissolution), except for (i) the liquidation or dissolution of non-operating Subsidiaries of any Loan Party with nominal assets and nominal liabilities, (ii) the liquidation or dissolution of a Loan Party (other than Borrower) or any of its wholly-owned Subsidiaries so long as all of the assets (including any interest in any Equity Interests) of such liquidating or dissolving Loan Party or Subsidiary are transferred to a Loan Party that is not liquidating or dissolving, or (iii) the liquidation or dissolution of a Subsidiary of any Loan Party that is not a Loan Party (other than any such Subsidiary the Equity Interests of which (or any portion thereof) is subject to a Lien in favor of Agent) so long as all of the assets of such liquidating or dissolving Subsidiary are transferred to a Subsidiary of a Loan Party that is not liquidating or dissolving,

(c) suspend or cease operating a substantial portion of its or their business, except as permitted pursuant to clauses (a) or (b) above or in connection with a transaction permitted under Section 7.4, or

(d) change its classification/status for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

7.4 **Disposal of Assets.** Other than Permitted Dispositions or transactions expressly permitted by Section 7.3 or Section 7.10, each Loan Party will not, and will not permit any of its Subsidiaries to convey, sell, lease, license, assign, transfer, or otherwise dispose of any of its or their assets (including by an allocation of assets among newly-divided limited liability companies pursuant to a “plan of division”).

7.5 **Change Name.** Each Loan Party will not, and will not permit any of its Subsidiaries to, change its name, organizational identification number, state of organization or organizational identity; provided, that Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries may change its name upon at least 10 days’ prior written notice to Agent of such change.

7.6 **Nature of Business.** Each Loan Party will not, and will not permit any of its Subsidiaries to, make any change in the nature of its or their business as described in Schedule 7.6 to this Agreement or acquire any properties or assets that are not reasonably related to the conduct of such business activities; provided, that the foregoing shall not prevent any Loan Party and its Subsidiaries from engaging in any business that is reasonably related or ancillary to its or their business.

7.7 **Prepayments and Amendments.** Each Loan Party will not, and will not permit any of its Subsidiaries to,

(a) Except in connection with Refinancing Indebtedness permitted by Section 7.1,

(i) optionally prepay, redeem, defease, purchase, or otherwise acquire any Indebtedness of any Loan Party or its Subsidiaries, other than (A) the Obligations in accordance with this Agreement, (B) Hedge Obligations, (C) Permitted Intercompany Investments constituting Indebtedness, and (D) the SRT Financing Facility; provided, that the SRT Financing Facility shall only be prepaid using funds on deposit in the Borrowing Base Cash Account;

(ii) make any payment on account of Indebtedness that has been contractually subordinated in right of payment to the Obligations if such payment is not permitted at such time under the subordination terms and conditions, or

(b) Directly or indirectly, amend, modify, or change any of the terms or provisions of:

(i) the Governing Documents of any Loan Party or any of its Subsidiaries if the effect thereof, either individually or in the aggregate, could reasonably be expected to be materially adverse to the interests of the Lenders, or

(ii) [Reserved].

7.8 **Restricted Payments.** Each Loan Party will not, and will not permit any of its Subsidiaries to make any Restricted Payment; provided, that, so long as it is permitted by law, and so long as no Default or Event of Default shall have occurred and be continuing or would result therefrom, then a Loan Party may make distributions to its shareholders in an amount not to exceed the sum of (a) Borrower's Free Cash Flow for the twelve month period ending on December 31st of the calendar year of such distribution plus (b) the amount of gross proceeds received by Borrower from one or more equity financing transactions during the twelve month period ending December 31st in the same calendar year of such equity financing transaction. Notwithstanding the foregoing, and notwithstanding that an Event of Default may have occurred, Borrower shall have the right to make distributions to its shareholders, in amounts sufficient to enable each such Borrower to qualify and maintain status as a REIT.

7.9 **Accounting Methods.** Each Loan Party will not, and will not permit any of its Subsidiaries to, modify or change its fiscal year or its method of accounting (other than as may be required to conform to GAAP).

7.10 **Investments.** Each Loan Party will not, and will not permit any of its Subsidiaries to, directly or indirectly, make or acquire any Investment or incur any liabilities (including contingent obligations) for or in connection with any Investment except for Permitted Investments; provided that each Loan Party will not shall not and shall not permit its Subsidiaries to establish or maintain any Deposit Account or Securities Account unless Agent is contemporaneously granted a security interest

therein, as agent for the Lender Group, and Agent shall have received a Control Agreement in respect of such Deposit Account or Securities Account, where required to perfect such security interest.

7.11 **Transactions with Affiliates.** Each Loan Party will not, and will not permit any of its Subsidiaries to, directly or indirectly, enter into or permit to exist any transaction with any Affiliate of such Loan Party or any of its Subsidiaries except for:

(a) transactions in existence on the Closing Date and disclosed in Borrower's public filings with the SEC and any amendments or modifications thereto not adverse to the interests of the Lenders in any material respect,

(b) transactions (other than the payment of management, consulting, monitoring, or advisory fees) between such Loan Party or its Subsidiaries, on the one hand, and any Affiliate of such Loan Party or its Subsidiaries, on the other hand, so long as such transactions (i) are disclosed in Borrower's public filings with the SEC and (ii) are no less favorable, taken as a whole, to such Loan Party or its Subsidiaries, as applicable, than would be obtained in an arm's length transaction with a non-Affiliate,

(c) any indemnity provided for the benefit of directors (or comparable managers) of a Loan Party or one of its Subsidiaries so long as it has been approved by such Loan Party's or such Subsidiary's board of directors (or comparable governing body) in accordance with applicable law,

(d) the payment of reasonable compensation, severance, or employee benefit arrangements to employees, officers, and outside directors of a Loan Party or one of its Subsidiaries in the ordinary course of business and consistent with industry practice so long as it has been approved by such Loan Party's or such Subsidiary's board of directors (or comparable governing body) in accordance with applicable law,

(e) any debt financing transactions in the ordinary course of business (as lender or investor) where Affiliates of Borrower also participate in a similar capacity on a pro rata basis so long as such transactions are no less favorable, taken as a whole, to Borrower or its Subsidiaries, as applicable, than would be obtained in an arm's length transaction with a non-Affiliate,

(f) transactions permitted by Section 7.3, Section 7.7, or Section 7.10, and

(g) any Other Collateral Release Transaction.

7.12 **Use of Proceeds.** Each Loan Party will not, and will not permit any of its Subsidiaries to, use the proceeds of any Advance made hereunder for any purpose other than (a) on the Closing Date, to pay the fees, costs, and expenses incurred in connection with this Agreement, the other Loan Documents, and the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby, in each case, as set forth in the Flow of Funds Agreement, and (b) thereafter, consistent with the terms and conditions hereof, for their lawful and permitted purposes; provided that (x) no part of the proceeds of the Loans will be used to purchase or carry any such Margin Stock or to extend credit to others for the purpose of purchasing or carrying any such Margin Stock or for any purpose that violates the provisions of Regulation T, U or X of the Board of Governors, (y) no part of the proceeds of any Loan will be used, directly or indirectly, to make any payments to a Sanctioned Entity or a Sanctioned Person, to fund any investments, loans or contributions in, or otherwise make such proceeds available to, a Sanctioned Entity or a Sanctioned Person, to fund any operations, activities or business of a Sanctioned Entity or a Sanctioned Person, or in any other manner that would result in a violation of Sanctions by any Person, and (z) that no part of the proceeds of any

Loan will be used, directly or indirectly, in furtherance of an offer, payment, promise to pay, or authorization of the payment or giving of money, or anything else of value, to any Person in violation of any Sanctions, Anti-Corruption Laws or Anti-Money Laundering Laws.

7.13 **[Reserved]**.

7.14 **Collateral with Bailees**. Each Loan Party will not, and will not permit any of its Subsidiaries to store any Collateral at any time with a bailee, warehouseman, or similar party.

7.15 **Value of Assets**. Borrower shall not own or acquire any single asset or make any loan if the value of such asset or such loan is greater than twenty percent (20%) of the amount equal to the sum of (a) the total aggregate value of all of Borrower's and its Subsidiaries' assets on a consolidated basis (as determined in accordance with GAAP as of the date on which such loan is made or such asset is acquired, as applicable, and shall not otherwise violate any applicable provisions within Regulation S-X of the General Rules and Regulations promulgated by the SEC under the Exchange Act) plus (b) the difference of: (y) all Commitments minus (z) any Revolver Usage, plus (c) the aggregate gross cash proceeds committed to be received by Borrower in connection with one or more equity financing transactions entered by Borrower, plus (d) the maximum commitment under the SRT Financing Facility, except with the prior written consent of the Required Lenders.

7.16 **Amendments to Obligor Loan Receivables**. The Loan Parties shall not amend any Obligor Loan Documents or the forms of the Obligor Loan Documents in a manner which: (i) would result in the occurrence of an Obligor Triggering Event, (ii) would result in any change to the definition of "Required Lenders", "Majority Lenders", or similar defined term under the applicable Obligor Loan Receivable from the definitions of such terms in existence as of the Closing Date, (iii) would result in a change to Section 15.1 or any similar section governing the voting thresholds and requirements for the lenders in respects to amendments under such Obligor Loan Receivable, (iv) would result in any change to the definition of "Collateral", or similar defined term under the applicable Obligor Loan Receivable from the definitions of such terms in existence as of the Closing Date that would result in a reduction in collateral, (v) would result in an assignment or delegation of any portion of Borrower's rights or duties under the Obligor Loan Document to another Person, (vi) would result in a change to any section governing the assignment requirements for the lenders or Obligors under any Obligor Loan Receivable, (vii) would result in the release of any loan party under any Obligor Loan Receivable (other than in connection with any immaterial asset sales or any asset sale at fair market value the proceeds of which are used to repay such Obligor Loan Receivable at par), (viii) would result in the subordination of any portion of the debt owing under such Obligor Loan Receivable or the subordination of the Lien or other security interest in respect of any portion of the Obligor Loan Collateral securing such Obligor Loan Receivable, or (ix) would result in any change or other modification which results in the release or termination of security interest in respect of any collateral securing an Obligor Loan Receivable (other than in connection with any immaterial asset sales or any asset sale at fair market value the proceeds of which are used to repay such Obligor Loan Receivable at par).

8. FINANCIAL COVENANTS.

Borrower covenants and agrees that, until termination of all of the Commitments and payment in full of the Obligations, Borrower will:

(a) **Debt Service Coverage Ratio**. Have a Debt Service Coverage Ratio, measured as of the end of each fiscal quarter, of at least 1.50 to 1.00.

(b) **Liquidity.** Maintain, at all times, Availability *plus* Qualified Cash of not less than \$5,000,000 measured as of January 1 and July 1 of each year for the six month period ended on the date of measurement.

9. EVENTS OF DEFAULT.

Any one or more of the following events shall constitute an event of default (each, an “Event of Default”) under this Agreement:

9.1 **Payments.** If Borrower fails to pay when due and payable, or when declared due and payable, (a) all or any portion of the Obligations consisting of interest, fees, or charges due the Lender Group, reimbursement of Lender Group Expenses, or other amounts (other than any portion thereof constituting principal) constituting Obligations (including any portion thereof that accrues after the commencement of an Insolvency Proceeding, regardless of whether allowed or allowable in whole or in part as a claim in any such Insolvency Proceeding), or (b) all or any portion of the principal of the Loans;

9.2 **Covenants.** If any Loan Party or any of its Subsidiaries:

(a) fails to perform or observe any covenant or other agreement contained in any of (i) Sections 2.14, 6.1, 6.2, 6.3 (solely if Borrower is not in good standing in its jurisdiction of organization), 6.6, 6.7 (solely if Borrower refuses to allow Agent or its representatives or agents to visit Borrower’s properties, inspect its assets or books or records, examine and make copies of its books and records, or discuss Borrower’s affairs, finances, and accounts with officers and employees of Borrower), 6.10, 6.11, 6.13, 6.14, 6.15, 6.19, 6.21, 6.22, and 6.23 of this Agreement, (ii) Section 4 of this Agreement, (iii) Section 7 of this Agreement, or (iv) Section 8 of this Agreement;

(b) fails to perform or observe any covenant or other agreement contained in any of Sections 6.3 (other than if Borrower is not in good standing in its jurisdiction of organization), 6.4, 6.5, 6.8, and 6.12 of this Agreement and such failure continues for a period of fifteen days after the earlier of (i) the date on which such failure shall first become known to any officer of Borrower or (ii) the date on which written notice thereof is given to Borrower by Agent; or

(c) fails to perform or observe any covenant or other agreement contained in this Agreement, or in any of the other Loan Documents, in each case, other than any such covenant or agreement that is the subject of another provision of this Section 9 (in which event such other provision of this Section 9 shall govern), and such failure continues for a period of thirty days after the earlier of (i) the date on which such failure shall first become known to any officer of Borrower or (ii) the date on which written notice thereof is given to Borrower by Agent;

9.3 **Judgments.** If one or more judgments, orders, or awards for the payment of money involving an aggregate amount of \$500,000, or more (except to the extent fully covered (other than to the extent of customary deductibles) by insurance pursuant to which the insurer has not denied coverage) is entered or filed against a Loan Party or any of its Subsidiaries, or with respect to any of their respective assets, and either (a) there is a period of thirty consecutive days at any time after the entry of any such judgment, order, or award during which (1) the same is not discharged, satisfied, vacated, or bonded pending appeal, or (2) a stay of enforcement thereof is not in effect, or (b) enforcement proceedings are commenced upon such judgment, order, or award;

9.4 **Voluntary Bankruptcy, etc.** If an Insolvency Proceeding is commenced by a Loan Party or any of its Subsidiaries;

9.5 **Involuntary Bankruptcy, etc.** If an Insolvency Proceeding is commenced against a Loan Party or any of its Subsidiaries and any of the following events occur: (a) such Loan Party or such Subsidiary consents to the institution of such Insolvency Proceeding against it, (b) the petition commencing the Insolvency Proceeding is not timely controverted, (c) the petition commencing the Insolvency Proceeding is not dismissed within sixty calendar days of the date of the filing thereof, (d) an interim trustee is appointed to take possession of all or any substantial portion of the properties or assets of, or to operate all or any substantial portion of the business of, such Loan Party or its Subsidiary, or (e) an order for relief shall have been issued or entered therein;

9.6 **Default Under Other Agreements.** If there is (a) a default in one or more agreements to which a Loan Party or any of its Subsidiaries is a party with one or more third Persons relative to a Loan Party's or any of its Subsidiaries' Indebtedness involving an aggregate amount of \$750,000 or more, and such default (i) occurs at the final maturity of the obligations thereunder, or (ii) results in a right by such third Person, irrespective of whether exercised, to accelerate the maturity of such Loan Party's or its Subsidiary's obligations thereunder, or (b) a default in or an involuntary early termination of one or more Hedge Agreements to which a Loan Party or any of its Subsidiaries is a party involving an aggregate amount of \$500,000 or more;

9.7 **Representations, etc.** If any warranty, representation, certificate, statement, or Record made herein or in any other Loan Document or delivered in writing to Agent or any Lender in connection with this Agreement or any other Loan Document proves to be untrue in any material respect (except that such materiality qualifier shall not be applicable to any representations and warranties that already are qualified or modified by materiality in the text thereof) as of the date of issuance or making or deemed making thereof;

9.8 **Guaranty.** If the obligation of any Guarantor under any Guaranty is limited or terminated by operation of law or by such Guarantor (other than in accordance with the terms of this Agreement), or if any Guarantor repudiates or revokes or purports to repudiate or revoke any such Guaranty;

9.9 **Security Documents.** If this Agreement or any other Loan Document that purports to create a Lien, shall, for any reason, fail or cease to create a valid and perfected and, except to the extent of Permitted Liens, first priority Lien on the Collateral covered thereby, except as a result of a disposition of the applicable Collateral in a transaction permitted under this Agreement;

9.10 **Loan Documents.** The validity or enforceability of any Loan Document shall at any time for any reason (other than solely as the result of an action or failure to act on the part of Agent) be declared to be null and void, or a proceeding shall be commenced by a Loan Party or its Subsidiaries, or by any Governmental Authority having jurisdiction over a Loan Party or its Subsidiaries, seeking to establish the invalidity or unenforceability thereof, or a Loan Party or its Subsidiaries shall deny that such Loan Party or its Subsidiaries has any liability or obligation purported to be created under any Loan Document;

9.11 **Change of Control.** A Change of Control shall occur, whether directly or indirectly;

9.12 **Attachments, etc.** Any material portion of Borrower's or any of its Subsidiaries' assets is attached, seized, subjected to a writ or distress warrant, or levied upon.

9.13 **Conduct of Business Enjoined**. Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries is enjoined, restrained, or in any way prevented by court order from continuing to conduct all or any material part of its business affairs; or

9.14 **[Reserved]**.

9.15 **[Reserved]**.

9.16 **[Reserved]**.

9.17 **Intra-Lender Agreement**. If the obligation of any Obligor Loan Agent, SRTH or any other party under any Intra-Lender Agreement is limited or terminated by operation of law or by such Obligor Loan Agent, SRTH, or any such party thereto (other than in accordance with the terms of this Agreement or any Intra-Lender Agreement), or if any Obligor Loan Agent, Borrower, SRTH or any other party thereto fails to comply, in any material respect, with its obligations under the any Intra-Lender Agreement.

10. **RIGHTS AND REMEDIES.**

10.1 **Rights and Remedies**. Upon the occurrence and during the continuation of an Event of Default, Agent may, and, at the instruction of the Required Lenders, shall, in addition to any other rights or remedies provided for hereunder or under any other Loan Document or by applicable law, do any one or more of the following:

(a) by written notice to Borrower, declare the principal of, and any and all accrued and unpaid interest and fees in respect of, the Loans and all other Obligations (other than the Bank Product Obligations), whether evidenced by this Agreement or by any of the other Loan Documents to be immediately due and payable, whereupon the same shall become and be immediately due and payable and Borrower shall be obligated to repay all of such Obligations in full, without presentment, demand, protest, or further notice or other requirements of any kind, all of which are hereby expressly waived by Borrower;

(b) by written notice to Borrower, declare the Commitments terminated, whereupon the Commitments shall immediately be terminated together with (i) any obligation of any Lender to make Advances and (ii) the obligation of the Swing Lender to make Swing Loans;

(c) settle or adjust disputes and claims directly with Borrower's Obligor or Account Debtors for amounts and upon terms which Agent considers advisable, and in such cases, Agent will credit Borrower's Loan Account with only the net amounts received by Agent in payment of such disputed Obligor Loan Receivable or Accounts after deducting all Lender Group Expenses incurred or expended in connection therewith;

(d) without notice to or demand upon Borrower, make such payments and do such acts as Agent considers necessary or reasonable to protect its security interests in the Collateral. Borrower agrees to assemble the Collateral if Agent so requires, and to make the Collateral available to Agent at a place that Agent may designate which is reasonably convenient to both parties. Borrower authorizes Agent to enter the premises where the Collateral is located, to take and maintain possession of the Collateral, or any part of it, and to pay, purchase, contest, or compromise any Lien that in Agent's determination appears to conflict with the priority of Agent's Liens in and to the Collateral and to pay all expenses incurred in connection therewith and to charge Borrower's Loan Account therefor. With respect

to any of Borrower's owned or leased premises, Borrower hereby grants Agent a license to enter into possession of such premises and to occupy the same, without charge, in order to exercise any of the Lender Group's rights or remedies provided herein, at law, in equity, or otherwise;

(e) without notice to Borrower (such notice being expressly waived), and without constituting an acceptance of any collateral in full or partial satisfaction of an obligation (within the meaning of the Code), set off and apply to the Obligations any and all (i) balances and deposits of Borrower held by the Lender Group (including any amounts received in the Collection Account or any other Cash Management Accounts), or (ii) Indebtedness at any time owing to or for the credit or the account of Borrower held by the Lender Group;

(f) hold, as cash collateral, any and all balances and deposits of Borrower held by the Lender Group, and any amounts received in the Collection Account or any other Cash Management Accounts, to secure the full and final repayment of all of the Obligations;

(g) ship, reclaim, recover, store, finish, maintain, repair, prepare for sale, advertise for sale, and sell (in the manner provided for herein) the Collateral. Borrower hereby grants to Agent a license or other right to use, without charge, Borrower's labels, patents, copyrights, trade secrets, trade names, trademarks, service marks, and advertising matter, or any property of a similar nature, as it pertains to the Collateral, in completing production of, advertising for sale, and selling any Collateral and Borrower's rights under all licenses and all franchise agreements shall inure to the Lender Group's benefit;

(h) sell the Collateral at either a public or private sale, or both, by way of one or more contracts or transactions, for cash or on terms, in such manner and at such places (including Borrower's premises) as Agent determines is commercially reasonable. It is not necessary that the Collateral be present at any such sale;

(i) except in those circumstances where no notice is required under the Code, Agent shall give notice of the disposition of the Collateral as follows:

(i) Agent shall give Borrower a notice in writing of the time and place of public sale, or, if the sale is a private sale or some other disposition other than a public sale is to be made of the Collateral, the time on or after which the private sale or other disposition is to be made; and

(ii) the notice shall be personally delivered or mailed, postage prepaid, to Borrower as provided in Section 12, at least 10 days before the earliest time of disposition set forth in the notice; no notice needs to be given prior to the disposition of any portion of the Collateral that is perishable or threatens to decline speedily in value or that is of a type customarily sold on a recognized market;

(j) Agent, on behalf of the Lender Group, may credit bid and purchase at any public sale;

(k) Agent may seek the appointment of a receiver or keeper to take possession of all or any portion of the Collateral or to operate same and, to the maximum extent permitted by law, may seek the appointment of such a receiver without the requirement of prior notice or a hearing;

(l) Take any actions described in the Co-Lender Agreements; and

(m) exercise all other rights and remedies available to Agent or the Lenders under the Loan Documents, under applicable law, or in equity.

The foregoing to the contrary notwithstanding, upon the occurrence of any Event of Default described in Section 9.4 or Section 9.5, in addition to the remedies set forth above, without any notice to Borrower or any other Person or any act by the Lender Group, the Commitments shall automatically terminate and the Obligations (other than the Bank Product Obligations), inclusive of the principal of, and any and all accrued and unpaid interest and fees in respect of, the Loans and all other Obligations (other than the Bank Product Obligations), whether evidenced by this Agreement or by any of the other Loan Documents, shall automatically become and be immediately due and payable, and Borrower shall automatically be obligated to repay all of such Obligations in full (including Borrower being obligated to provide (and Borrower agrees that it will provide) Bank Product Collateralization to be held as security for Borrower's or its Subsidiaries' obligations in respect of outstanding Bank Products), without presentment, demand, protest, or notice or other requirements of any kind, all of which are expressly waived by Borrower.

10.2 **Special Rights of the Lender Group in respect of Obligor Loan Receivables.** Without limiting Section 10.1, should Borrower or an Obligor Loan Agent, default in performance of its obligations in respect of any Obligor Loan Receivable, or fail to take any action necessary to preserve the ongoing performance, enforceability or value thereof then, in any such event, Agent shall have the right to take such action as Agent may deem necessary in its sole discretion to preserve the ongoing performance and enforceability of any such Obligor Loan Receivable and preserve the value thereof, respectively, including without limitation, taking any action that Borrower is required or authorized to take in respect thereof or to otherwise properly service same, or contract with any Person to take or perform any such actions. Borrower hereby grants to Agent a special power of attorney (which shall be irrevocable, coupled with an interest and include power of substitution) to take any action authorized in this Section 10.2. Any advances, payments or other costs or expenses made or incurred by Agent in taking any action authorized under this Section 10.2 shall constitute Obligations and reimbursed to Agent on demand or, at Agent's discretion charged and treated as Advances. Agent's rights under this Section 10.2 are cumulative of all other rights of the Agent under the Loan Documents and may be exercised in whole or in part, in Agent's discretion. Agent shall have no obligation to take any action under this Section 10.2, and no undertaking by Agent under this Section 10.2 shall obligate Agent to continue any such action or to take any other or additional action under this Section 10.2.

10.3 **Remedies Cumulative.** The rights and remedies of the Lender Group under this Agreement, the other Loan Documents, and all other agreements shall be cumulative. The Lender Group shall have all other rights and remedies not inconsistent herewith as provided under the Code, by law, or in equity. No exercise by the Lender Group of one right or remedy shall be deemed an election, and no waiver by the Lender Group of any Default or Event of Default shall be deemed a continuing waiver. No delay by the Lender Group shall constitute a waiver, election, or acquiescence by it.

11. WAIVERS; INDEMNIFICATION.

11.1 **Demand; Protest; etc.** Borrower waives demand, protest, notice of protest, notice of default or dishonor, notice of payment and nonpayment, nonpayment at maturity, release, compromise, settlement, extension, or renewal of documents, instruments, chattel paper, and guarantees at any time held by the Lender Group on which Borrower may in any way be liable.

11.2 **The Lender Group's Liability for Collateral.** Borrower hereby agrees that: (a) so long as Agent complies with its obligations, if any, under the Code, the Lender Group shall not in any way or manner be liable or responsible for: (i) the safekeeping of the Collateral, (ii) any loss or damage thereto occurring or arising in any manner or fashion from any cause, (iii) any diminution in the value thereof, or (iv) any act or default of any carrier, warehouseman, bailee, forwarding agency, or other Person, and (b) all risk of loss, damage, or destruction of the Collateral shall be borne by the Loan Parties.

11.3 **Indemnification.** Borrower shall pay, indemnify, defend, and hold the Agent-Related Persons, the Lender-Related Persons and each Participant (each, an "Indemnified Person") harmless (to the fullest extent permitted by law) from and against any and all claims, demands, suits, actions, investigations, proceedings, liabilities, fines, costs, penalties, and damages, and all reasonable fees and disbursements of attorneys, experts, or consultants and all other costs and expenses actually incurred in connection therewith or in connection with the enforcement of this indemnification (as and when they are incurred and irrespective of whether suit is brought), at any time asserted against, imposed upon, or incurred by any of them (a) in connection with or as a result of or related to the execution and delivery (provided that Borrower shall not be liable for costs and expenses (including attorneys' fees) of any Lender (other than EWB) incurred in advising, structuring, drafting, reviewing, administering or syndicating the Loan Documents), enforcement, performance, or administration (including any restructuring or workout with respect hereto) of this Agreement, any of the other Loan Documents, or the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby or the monitoring of Borrower's and its Subsidiaries' compliance with the terms of the Loan Documents (provided, that the indemnification in this clause (a) shall not extend to (i) disputes solely between or among the Lenders that do not involve any acts or omissions of any Loan Party, or (ii) disputes solely between or among the Lenders and their respective Affiliates that do not involve any acts or omissions of any Loan Party; it being understood and agreed that the indemnification in this clause (a) shall extend to Agent (but not the Lenders unless the dispute involves an act or omission of a Loan Party) relative to disputes between or among Agent on the one hand, and one or more Lenders, or one or more of their Affiliates, on the other hand, or (iii) any claims for Taxes, which shall be governed by Section 17, other than Taxes which relate to primarily non-Tax claims), (b) with respect to any actual or prospective investigation, litigation, or proceeding related to this Agreement, any other Loan Document, the making of any Advances hereunder, or the use of the proceeds of the Advances provided hereunder (irrespective of whether any Indemnified Person is a party thereto), or any act, omission, event, or circumstance in any manner related thereto, and (c) in connection with or arising out of any presence or release of Hazardous Materials at, on, under, to or from any assets or properties owned, leased or operated by any Loan Party or any of its Subsidiaries or any Environmental Actions, Environmental Liabilities or Remedial Actions related in any way to any such assets or properties of any Loan Party or any of its Subsidiaries (each and all of the foregoing, the "Indemnified Liabilities"). The foregoing notwithstanding, Borrower shall have no obligation to any Indemnified Person under this Section 11.3 with respect to any Indemnified Liability that a court of competent jurisdiction finally determines to have resulted from the gross negligence or willful misconduct of such Indemnified Person or its officers, directors, employees, attorneys, or agents. This provision shall survive the termination of this Agreement and the repayment in full of the Obligations. If any Indemnified Person makes any payment to any other Indemnified Person with respect to an Indemnified Liability as to which Borrower was required to indemnify the Indemnified Person receiving such payment, the Indemnified Person making such payment is entitled to be indemnified and reimbursed by Borrower with respect thereto. **WITHOUT LIMITATION, THE FOREGOING INDEMNITY SHALL APPLY TO EACH INDEMNIFIED PERSON WITH RESPECT TO INDEMNIFIED LIABILITIES WHICH IN WHOLE OR IN PART ARE CAUSED BY OR ARISE OUT OF ANY NEGLIGENT ACT OR OMISSION OF SUCH INDEMNIFIED PERSON OR OF ANY OTHER PERSON.**

12. **NOTICES.**

Unless otherwise provided in this Agreement, all notices or demands relating to this Agreement or any other Loan Document shall be in writing and (except for financial statements and other informational documents which may be sent by first-class mail, postage prepaid) shall be personally delivered or sent by registered or certified mail (postage prepaid, return receipt requested), overnight courier, electronic mail (at such email addresses as a party may designate in accordance herewith), or telefacsimile. In the case of notices or demands to Borrower, any other Loan Party, or Agent, as the case may be, they shall be sent to the respective address set forth below:

If to Borrower and any other Loan Party: c/o Sunrise Realty Trust, Inc.
525 Okeechobee Blvd., Suite 1650
West Palm Beach, FL 33401
Attn: Gabriel Katz
Email: gkatz@thetcg.com

with copies to: O'Melveny & Myers LLP
1999 Avenue of the Stars, 8th Floor
Los Angeles, CA 90067
Attn: Ike Chidi, Esq.
Email: ichidi@omm.com

If to Agent: EAST WEST BANK
2350 Mission College Blvd., Suite 988
Santa Clara, CA 95054
Attn: Account Officer – Sunrise Realty Trust Inc.
Email: martin.kriegler@eastwestbank.com

with copies to: Buchalter, a Professional Corporation
1000 Wilshire Blvd., Suite 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90017
Attn: Ariel Berrios, Esq.
Fax No.: (213) 630-5754
Email: aberrios@buchalter.com

Any party hereto may change the address at which it is to receive notices hereunder, by notice in writing in the foregoing manner given to the other parties. All notices or demands sent in accordance with this Section 12, shall be deemed received on the earlier of the date of actual receipt or three Business Days after the deposit thereof in the mail; provided, that (a) notices sent by overnight courier service shall be deemed to have been given when received, (b) notices by facsimile shall be deemed to have been given when sent (except that, if not given during normal business hours for the recipient, shall be deemed to have been given at the opening of business on the next Business Day for the recipient) and (c) notices by electronic mail shall be deemed received upon the sender's receipt of an acknowledgment from the intended recipient (such as by the "return receipt requested" function, as available, return email or other written acknowledgment).

13. CHOICE OF LAW AND VENUE; JURY TRIAL WAIVER; JUDICIAL REFERENCE PROVISION.

(a) THE VALIDITY OF THIS AGREEMENT AND THE OTHER LOAN DOCUMENTS (UNLESS EXPRESSLY PROVIDED TO THE CONTRARY IN ANOTHER LOAN DOCUMENT IN RESPECT OF SUCH OTHER LOAN DOCUMENT), THE CONSTRUCTION, INTERPRETATION, AND ENFORCEMENT HEREOF AND THEREOF, THE RIGHTS OF THE PARTIES HERETO AND THERETO WITH RESPECT TO ALL MATTERS ARISING HEREUNDER OR THEREUNDER OR RELATED HERETO OR THERETO, AND ANY CLAIMS, CONTROVERSIES OR DISPUTES ARISING HEREUNDER OR THEREUNDER OR RELATED HERETO OR THERETO SHALL BE DETERMINED UNDER, GOVERNED BY, AND CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK.

(b) THE PARTIES AGREE THAT ALL ACTIONS OR PROCEEDINGS ARISING IN CONNECTION WITH THIS AGREEMENT AND THE OTHER LOAN DOCUMENTS SHALL BE TRIED AND LITIGATED ONLY IN THE STATE AND, TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, FEDERAL COURTS LOCATED IN THE BOROUGH OF MANHATTAN, COUNTY OF NEW YORK, STATE OF NEW YORK; PROVIDED, THAT ANY SUIT SEEKING ENFORCEMENT AGAINST ANY COLLATERAL OR OTHER PROPERTY MAY BE BROUGHT, AT AGENT'S OPTION, IN THE COURTS OF ANY JURISDICTION WHERE AGENT ELECTS TO BRING SUCH ACTION OR WHERE SUCH COLLATERAL OR OTHER PROPERTY MAY BE FOUND. BORROWER AND EACH MEMBER OF THE LENDER GROUP WAIVE, TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED UNDER APPLICABLE LAW, ANY RIGHT EACH MAY HAVE TO ASSERT THE DOCTRINE OF FORUM NON CONVENIENS OR TO OBJECT TO VENUE TO THE EXTENT ANY PROCEEDING IS BROUGHT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS SECTION 13(b).

(c) TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, BORROWER AND EACH MEMBER OF THE LENDER GROUP HEREBY WAIVE THEIR RESPECTIVE RIGHTS, IF ANY, TO A JURY TRIAL OF ANY CLAIM, CONTROVERSY, DISPUTE OR CAUSE OF ACTION DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY BASED UPON OR ARISING OUT OF ANY OF THE LOAN DOCUMENTS OR ANY OF THE TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED THEREIN, INCLUDING CONTRACT CLAIMS, TORT CLAIMS, BREACH OF DUTY CLAIMS, AND ALL OTHER COMMON LAW OR STATUTORY CLAIMS (EACH A "CLAIM"). BORROWER AND EACH MEMBER OF THE LENDER GROUP REPRESENT THAT EACH HAS REVIEWED THIS WAIVER AND EACH KNOWINGLY AND VOLUNTARILY WAIVES ITS JURY TRIAL RIGHTS FOLLOWING CONSULTATION WITH LEGAL COUNSEL. IN THE EVENT OF LITIGATION, A COPY OF THIS AGREEMENT MAY BE FILED AS A WRITTEN CONSENT TO A TRIAL BY THE COURT.

(d) BORROWER HEREBY IRREVOCABLY AND UNCONDITIONALLY SUBMITS TO THE EXCLUSIVE JURISDICTION OF THE STATE AND FEDERAL COURTS LOCATED IN THE BOROUGH OF MANHATTAN, COUNTY OF NEW YORK AND THE STATE OF NEW YORK, IN ANY ACTION OR PROCEEDING ARISING OUT OF OR RELATING TO ANY LOAN DOCUMENTS, OR FOR RECOGNITION OR ENFORCEMENT OF ANY JUDGMENT. EACH OF THE PARTIES HERETO AGREES THAT A FINAL JUDGMENT IN ANY SUCH ACTION OR PROCEEDING SHALL BE CONCLUSIVE AND MAY BE ENFORCED IN OTHER JURISDICTIONS BY SUIT ON THE JUDGMENT OR IN

ANY OTHER MANNER PROVIDED BY LAW. NOTHING IN THIS AGREEMENT OR ANY OTHER LOAN DOCUMENT SHALL AFFECT ANY RIGHT THAT AGENT MAY OTHERWISE HAVE TO BRING ANY ACTION OR PROCEEDING RELATING TO THIS AGREEMENT OR ANY OTHER LOAN DOCUMENT AGAINST ANY LOAN PARTY OR ITS PROPERTIES IN THE COURTS OF ANY JURISDICTION.

(e) NO CLAIM MAY BE MADE BY ANY LOAN PARTY AGAINST THE AGENT, THE SWING LENDER, ANY OTHER LENDER OR ANY AFFILIATE, DIRECTOR, OFFICER, EMPLOYEE, COUNSEL, REPRESENTATIVE, AGENT, OR ATTORNEY-IN-FACT OF ANY OF THEM FOR ANY SPECIAL, INDIRECT, CONSEQUENTIAL, PUNITIVE OR EXEMPLARY DAMAGES OR LOSSES IN RESPECT OF ANY CLAIM FOR BREACH OF CONTRACT OR ANY OTHER THEORY OF LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF OR RELATED TO THE TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED BY THIS AGREEMENT OR ANY OTHER LOAN DOCUMENT, OR ANY ACT, OMISSION, OR EVENT OCCURRING IN CONNECTION THEREWITH, AND EACH LOAN PARTY HEREBY WAIVES, RELEASES, AND AGREES NOT TO SUE UPON ANY CLAIM FOR SUCH DAMAGES, WHETHER OR NOT ACCRUED AND WHETHER OR NOT KNOWN OR SUSPECTED TO EXIST IN ITS FAVOR.

14. ASSIGNMENTS AND PARTICIPATIONS; SUCCESSORS.

14.1 Assignments and Participations.

(a) (i) Subject to the conditions set forth in clause (a)(ii) below, any Lender may assign and delegate all or any portion of its rights and duties under the Loan Documents (including the Obligations owed to it and its Commitments) to one or more assignees so long as such prospective assignee is an Eligible Transferee (each, an "Assignee"), with the prior written consent (such consent not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed) of:

(A) Borrower; provided, that no consent of Borrower shall be required (1) if a Default or an Event of Default has occurred and is continuing, (2) in connection with an assignment to a Person that is a Lender or an Affiliate (other than natural persons) of a Lender, or (3) if such assignment is in connection with a sale or other disposition of all or substantially all of any Lender's loan portfolio; provided, further, that Borrower shall be deemed to have consented to a proposed assignment unless it objects thereto by written notice to Agent within five Business Days after having received notice thereof; and

(B) Agent and Swing Lender.

(ii) Assignments shall be subject to the following additional conditions:

(A) no assignment may be made (i) so long as no Event of Default has occurred and is continuing, to a Disqualified Institution, or (ii) to a natural person,

(B) no assignment may be made to a Loan Party or an Affiliate of a Loan Party,

(C) the amount of the Commitments and the other rights and obligations of the assigning Lender hereunder and under the other Loan Documents subject to each such assignment (determined as of the date the Assignment and Acceptance with respect to such assignment is delivered to Agent) shall be in a minimum amount (unless waived by Agent) of \$5,000,000 (except such

minimum amount shall not apply to (I) an assignment or delegation by any Lender to any other Lender, an Affiliate of any Lender, or a Related Fund of such Lender or (II) a group of new Lenders, each of which is an Affiliate of each other or a Related Fund of such new Lender to the extent that the aggregate amount to be assigned to all such new Lenders is at least \$5,000,000),

(D) each partial assignment shall be made as an assignment of a proportionate part of all the assigning Lender's rights and obligations under this Agreement,

(E) the parties to each assignment shall execute and deliver to Agent an Assignment and Acceptance; provided, that Borrower and Agent may continue to deal solely and directly with the assigning Lender in connection with the interest so assigned to an Assignee until written notice of such assignment, together with payment instructions, addresses, and related information with respect to the Assignee, have been given to Borrower and Agent by such Lender and the Assignee,

(F) unless waived by Agent, the assigning Lender or Assignee has paid to Agent, for Agent's separate account, a processing fee in the amount of \$3,500, and

(G) the assignee, if it is not a Lender, shall deliver to Agent an Administrative Questionnaire in a form approved by Agent (the "Administrative Questionnaire").

(b) From and after the date that Agent receives the executed Assignment and Acceptance and, if applicable, payment of the required processing fee, (i) the Assignee thereunder shall be a party hereto and, to the extent that rights and obligations hereunder have been assigned to it pursuant to such Assignment and Acceptance, shall be a "Lender" and shall have the rights and obligations of a Lender under the Loan Documents, and (ii) the assigning Lender shall, to the extent that rights and obligations hereunder and under the other Loan Documents have been assigned by it pursuant to such Assignment and Acceptance, relinquish its rights (except with respect to Section 11.3) and be released from any future obligations under this Agreement (and in the case of an Assignment and Acceptance covering all or the remaining portion of an assigning Lender's rights and obligations under this Agreement and the other Loan Documents, such Lender shall cease to be a party hereto and thereto); provided, that nothing contained herein shall release any assigning Lender from obligations that survive the termination of this Agreement, including such assigning Lender's obligations under Section 16 and Section 18.9(a).

(c) By executing and delivering an Assignment and Acceptance, the assigning Lender thereunder and the Assignee thereunder confirm to and agree with each other and the other parties hereto as follows: (i) other than as provided in such Assignment and Acceptance, such assigning Lender makes no representation or warranty and assumes no responsibility with respect to any statements, warranties or representations made in or in connection with this Agreement or the execution, legality, validity, enforceability, genuineness, sufficiency or value of this Agreement or any other Loan Document furnished pursuant hereto, (ii) such assigning Lender makes no representation or warranty and assumes no responsibility with respect to the financial condition of any Loan Party or the performance or observance by any Loan Party of any of its obligations under this Agreement or any other Loan Document furnished pursuant hereto, (iii) such Assignee confirms that it has received a copy of this Agreement, together with such other documents and information as it has deemed appropriate to make its own credit analysis and decision to enter into such Assignment and Acceptance, (iv) such Assignee will, independently and without reliance upon Agent, such assigning Lender or any other Lender, and based on such documents and information as it shall deem appropriate at the time, continue to make its own credit decisions in taking or not taking action under this Agreement, (v) such Assignee appoints and authorizes Agent to take

such actions and to exercise such powers under this Agreement and the other Loan Documents as are delegated to Agent, by the terms hereof and thereof, together with such powers as are reasonably incidental thereto, and (vi) such Assignee agrees that it will perform all of the obligations which by the terms of this Agreement are required to be performed by it as a Lender.

(d) Immediately upon Agent's receipt of the required processing fee, if applicable, and delivery of notice to the assigning Lender pursuant to Section 14.1(b), this Agreement shall be deemed to be amended to the extent, but only to the extent, necessary to reflect the addition of the Assignee and the resulting adjustment of the Commitments arising therefrom. The Commitment allocated to each Assignee shall reduce such Commitments of the assigning Lender *pro tanto*.

(e) Any Lender may at any time sell to one or more commercial banks, financial institutions, or other Persons (a "Participant") participating interests in all or any portion of its Obligations, its Commitment, and the other rights and interests of that Lender (the "Originating Lender") hereunder and under the other Loan Documents; provided, that (i) the Originating Lender shall remain a "Lender" for all purposes of this Agreement and the other Loan Documents and the Participant receiving the participating interest in the Obligations, the Commitments, and the other rights and interests of the Originating Lender hereunder shall not constitute a "Lender" hereunder or under the other Loan Documents and the Originating Lender's obligations under this Agreement shall remain unchanged, (ii) the Originating Lender shall remain solely responsible for the performance of such obligations, (iii) Borrower, Agent, and the Lenders shall continue to deal solely and directly with the Originating Lender in connection with the Originating Lender's rights and obligations under this Agreement and the other Loan Documents, (iv) no Lender shall transfer or grant any participating interest under which the Participant has the right to approve any amendment to, or any consent or waiver with respect to, this Agreement or any other Loan Document, except to the extent such amendment to, or consent or waiver with respect to this Agreement or of any other Loan Document would (A) extend the final maturity date of the Obligations hereunder in which such Participant is participating, (B) reduce the interest rate applicable to the Obligations hereunder in which such Participant is participating, (C) release all or substantially all of the Collateral or guaranties (except to the extent expressly provided herein or in any of the Loan Documents) supporting the Obligations hereunder in which such Participant is participating, (D) postpone the payment of, or reduce the amount of, the interest or fees payable to such Participant through such Lender (other than a waiver of default interest), or (E) decrease the amount or postpone the due dates of scheduled principal repayments or prepayments or premiums payable to such Participant through such Lender, (v) no participation shall be sold to a natural person, (vi) no participation shall be sold to a Loan Party or an Affiliate of a Loan Party, and (vii) all amounts payable by Borrower hereunder shall be determined as if such Lender had not sold such participation, except that, if amounts outstanding under this Agreement are due and unpaid, or shall have been declared or shall have become due and payable upon the occurrence of an Event of Default, each Participant shall be deemed to have the right of set off in respect of its participating interest in amounts owing under this Agreement to the same extent as if the amount of its participating interest were owing directly to it as a Lender under this Agreement. The rights of any Participant only shall be derivative through the Originating Lender with whom such Participant participates and no Participant shall have any rights under this Agreement or the other Loan Documents or any direct rights as to the other Lenders, Agent, Borrower, the Collections of Borrower or its Subsidiaries, the Collateral, or otherwise in respect of the Obligations. No Participant shall have the right to participate directly in the making of decisions by the Lenders among themselves.

(f) In connection with any such assignment or participation or proposed assignment or participation or any grant of a security interest in, or pledge of, its rights under and interest in this Agreement, a Lender may, subject to the provisions of Section 18.9, disclose all documents and

information which it now or hereafter may have relating to any Loan Party and its Subsidiaries and their respective businesses.

(g) Any other provision in this Agreement notwithstanding, any Lender may at any time create a security interest in, or pledge, all or any portion of its rights under and interest in this Agreement to secure obligations of such Lender, including any pledge in favor of any Federal Reserve Bank in accordance with Regulation A of the Federal Reserve Bank or U.S. Treasury Regulation 31 CFR §203.24, and such Federal Reserve Bank may enforce such pledge or security interest in any manner permitted under applicable law; provided, that no such pledge shall release such Lender from any of its obligations hereunder or substitute any such pledgee or assignee for such Lender as a party hereto.

14.2 **Successors.** This Agreement shall bind and inure to the benefit of the respective successors and assigns of each of the parties; provided, that Borrower may not assign this Agreement or any rights or duties hereunder without the Lenders' prior written consent and any prohibited assignment shall be absolutely void *ab initio*. No consent to assignment by the Lenders shall release Borrower from its Obligations. A Lender may assign this Agreement and the other Loan Documents and its rights and duties hereunder and thereunder pursuant to Section 14.1 and, except as expressly required by Section 14.1, no consent or approval by Borrower is required in connection with any such assignment.

15. AMENDMENTS; WAIVERS.

15.1 Amendments and Waivers.

(a) No amendment, waiver or other modification of any provision of this Agreement or any other Loan Document (other than the Fee Letter), and no consent with respect to any departure by Borrower therefrom, shall be effective unless the same shall be in writing and signed by the Required Lenders (or by Agent at the written request of the Required Lenders) and the Loan Parties that are party thereto and then any such waiver or consent shall be effective, but only in the specific instance and for the specific purpose for which given; provided, that no such waiver, amendment, or consent shall, unless in writing and signed by all of the Lenders directly affected thereby and all of the Loan Parties that are party thereto, do any of the following:

(i) increase the amount of or extend the expiration date of any Commitment of any Lender or amend, modify, or eliminate the last sentence of Section 2.2(c)(i),

(ii) postpone or delay any date fixed by this Agreement or any other Loan Document for any payment of principal, interest, fees, or other amounts due hereunder or under any other Loan Document,

(iii) reduce the principal of, or the rate of interest on, any loan or other extension of credit hereunder, or reduce any fees or other amounts payable hereunder or under any other Loan Document (except (y) in connection with the waiver of applicability of Section 2.5(c) (which waiver shall be effective with the written consent of the Required Lenders), and (z) that any amendment or modification of defined terms used in the financial covenants in this Agreement shall not constitute a reduction in the rate of interest or a reduction of fees for purposes of this clause (iii)),

(iv) amend, modify, or eliminate this Section or any provision of this Agreement providing for consent or other action by all Lenders,

- (v) amend, modify, or eliminate Section 3.1, Section 3.2, Section 3.3 or Section 3.4,
 - (vi) amend, modify, or eliminate Section 16.11,
 - (vii) other than as permitted by Section 16.11, release or contractually subordinate Agent's Lien in and to any of the Collateral,
 - (viii) amend, modify, or eliminate the definitions of "Required Lenders", Supermajority Lenders, or "Pro Rata Share,"
 - (ix) other than in connection with a merger, liquidation, dissolution or sale of such Person expressly permitted by the terms hereof or the other Loan Documents, release Borrower or any Guarantor from any obligation for the payment of money or consent to the assignment or transfer by Borrower or any Guarantor of any of its rights or duties under this Agreement or the other Loan Documents,
 - (x) amend, modify, or eliminate any of the provisions of Section 2.3(b)(i) or (ii);
 - (xi) [Reserved]; or
 - (xii) amend, modify, or eliminate any of the provisions of Section 14.1 with respect to assignments to, or participations with, Persons who are Loan Parties or Affiliates of a Loan Party;
- (b) No amendment, waiver, modification, or consent shall amend, modify, waive, or eliminate,
- (i) the definition of, or any of the terms or provisions of, the Fee Letter, without the written consent of Agent and Borrower (and shall not require the written consent of any of the Lenders),
 - (ii) any provision of Section 16 pertaining to Agent, or any other rights or duties of Agent under this Agreement or the other Loan Documents, without the written consent of Agent, Borrower, and the Required Lenders;
- (c) No amendment, waiver, modification, elimination, or consent shall amend, without written consent of Agent, Borrower and the Supermajority Lenders, modify, or eliminate the definition of Borrowing Base or any of the defined terms (including the definitions of Eligible Obligor Loan Receivables) that are used in such definition to the extent that any such change results in more credit being made available to Borrower based upon the Borrowing Base, but not otherwise, or the definition of Maximum Revolver Amount;
- (d) [Reserved];
- (e) No amendment, waiver, modification, elimination, or consent shall amend, modify, or waive any provision of this Agreement or the other Loan Documents pertaining to Swing Lender, or any other rights or duties of Swing Lender under this Agreement or the other Loan Documents, without the written consent of Swing Lender, Agent, Borrower, and the Required Lenders; and

(f) Anything in this Section 15.1 to the contrary notwithstanding, (i) any amendment, modification, elimination, waiver, consent, termination, or release of, or with respect to, any provision of this Agreement or any other Loan Document that relates only to the relationship of the Lender Group among themselves, and that does not affect the rights or obligations of any Loan Party, shall not require consent by or the agreement of any Loan Party and (ii) any amendment, waiver, modification, elimination, or consent of or with respect to any provision of this Agreement or any other Loan Document may be entered into without the consent of, or over the objection of, any Defaulting Lender.

15.2 **Replacement of Certain Lenders.**

(a) If (i) any action to be taken by the Lender Group or Agent hereunder requires the consent, authorization, or agreement of all Lenders or all Lenders affected thereby and if such action has received the consent, authorization, or agreement of the Required Lenders but not of all Lenders or all Lenders affected thereby, or (ii) any Lender makes a claim for compensation under Section 17, then Borrower or Agent, upon at least five Business Days prior irrevocable notice, may permanently replace any Lender that failed to give its consent, authorization, or agreement (a “Non-Consenting Lender”) or any Lender that made a claim for compensation (a “Tax Lender”) with one or more Replacement Lenders, and the Non-Consenting Lender or Tax Lender, as applicable, shall have no right to refuse to be replaced hereunder. Such notice to replace the Non-Consenting Lender or Tax Lender, as applicable, shall specify an effective date for such replacement, which date shall not be later than 15 Business Days after the date such notice is given.

(b) Prior to the effective date of such replacement, the Non-Consenting Lender or Tax Lender, as applicable, and each Replacement Lender shall execute and deliver an Assignment and Acceptance, subject only to the Non-Consenting Lender or Tax Lender, as applicable, being repaid in full its share of the outstanding Obligations (without any premium or penalty of any kind whatsoever, but including all interest, fees and other amounts that may be due in payable in respect thereof). If the Non-Consenting Lender or Tax Lender, as applicable, shall refuse or fail to execute and deliver any such Assignment and Acceptance prior to the effective date of such replacement, Agent may, but shall not be required to, execute and deliver such Assignment and Acceptance in the name or and on behalf of the Non-Consenting Lender or Tax Lender, as applicable, and irrespective of whether Agent executes and delivers such Assignment and Acceptance, the Non-Consenting Lender or Tax Lender, as applicable, shall be deemed to have executed and delivered such Assignment and Acceptance. The replacement of any Non-Consenting Lender or Tax Lender, as applicable, shall be made in accordance with the terms of Section 14.1. Until such time as one or more Replacement Lenders shall have acquired all of the Obligations, the Commitments, and the other rights and obligations of the Non-Consenting Lender or Tax Lender, as applicable, hereunder and under the other Loan Documents, the Non-Consenting Lender or Tax Lender, as applicable, shall remain obligated to make the Non-Consenting Lender’s or Tax Lender’s, as applicable, Pro Rata Share of Advances.

15.3 **No Waivers; Cumulative Remedies.** No failure by Agent or any Lender to exercise any right, remedy, or option under this Agreement or any other Loan Document, or delay by Agent or any Lender in exercising the same, will operate as a waiver thereof. No waiver by Agent or any Lender will be effective unless it is in writing, and then only to the extent specifically stated. No waiver by Agent or any Lender on any occasion shall affect or diminish Agent’s and each Lender’s rights thereafter to require strict performance by Borrower of any provision of this Agreement. Agent’s and each Lender’s rights under this Agreement and the other Loan Documents will be cumulative and not exclusive of any other right or remedy that Agent or any Lender may have.

16. **AGENT; THE LENDER GROUP.**

16.1 **Appointment and Authorization of Agent.** Each Lender hereby designates and appoints EWB as its agent under this Agreement and the other Loan Documents and each Lender hereby irrevocably authorizes (and by entering into a Bank Product Agreement, each Bank Product Provider shall be deemed to designate, appoint, and authorize) Agent to execute and deliver each of the other Loan Documents on its behalf and to take such other action on its behalf under the provisions of this Agreement and each other Loan Document and to exercise such powers and perform such duties as are expressly delegated to Agent by the terms of this Agreement or any other Loan Document, together with such powers as are reasonably incidental thereto. Agent agrees to act as agent for and on behalf of the Lenders (and the Bank Product Providers) on the conditions contained in this Section 16. Any provision to the contrary contained elsewhere in this Agreement or in any other Loan Document notwithstanding, Agent shall not have any duties or responsibilities, except those expressly set forth herein or in the other Loan Documents, nor shall Agent have or be deemed to have any fiduciary relationship with any Lender (or Bank Product Provider), and no implied covenants, functions, responsibilities, duties, obligations or liabilities shall be read into this Agreement or any other Loan Document or otherwise exist against Agent. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the use of the term “agent” in this Agreement or the other Loan Documents with reference to Agent is not intended to connote any fiduciary or other implied (or express) obligations arising under agency doctrine of any applicable law. Instead, such term is used merely as a matter of market custom, and is intended to create or reflect only a representative relationship between independent contracting parties. Each Lender hereby further authorizes (and by entering into a Bank Product Agreement, each Bank Product Provider shall be deemed to authorize) Agent to act as the secured party under each of the Loan Documents that create a Lien on any item of Collateral. Except as expressly otherwise provided in this Agreement, Agent shall have and may use its sole discretion with respect to exercising or refraining from exercising any discretionary rights or taking or refraining from taking any actions that Agent expressly is entitled to take or assert under or pursuant to this Agreement and the other Loan Documents. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, or of any other provision of the Loan Documents that provides rights or powers to Agent, Lenders agree that Agent shall have the right to exercise the following powers as long as this Agreement remains in effect: (a) maintain, in accordance with its customary business practices, ledgers and records reflecting the status of the Obligations, the Collateral, payments and proceeds of Collateral, and related matters, (b) execute or file any and all financing or similar statements or notices, amendments, renewals, supplements, documents, instruments, proofs of claim, notices and other written agreements with respect to the Loan Documents, or to take any other action with respect to any Collateral or Loan Documents which may be necessary to perfect, and maintain perfected, the security interests and Liens upon Collateral pursuant to the Loan Documents, (c) make Advances, for itself or on behalf of Lenders, as provided in the Loan Documents, (d) exclusively receive, apply, and distribute payments and proceeds of the Collateral as provided in the Loan Documents, (e) open and maintain such bank accounts and cash management arrangements as Agent deems necessary and appropriate in accordance with the Loan Documents for the foregoing purposes, (f) perform, exercise, and enforce any and all other rights and remedies of the Lender Group with respect to any Loan Party or its Subsidiaries, the Obligations, the Collateral, or otherwise related to any of same as provided in the Loan Documents, including the determination of eligibility of Obligor Loan Receivable, the necessity and amount of reserves against the Borrowing Base, Borrower’s compliance with the Required Procedures and all other determinations and decisions relating to ordinary course administration of the credit facilities contemplated hereunder, and (g) incur and pay such Lender Group Expenses as Agent may deem necessary or appropriate for the performance and fulfillment of its functions and powers pursuant to the Loan Documents.

16.2 **Delegation of Duties**. Agent may execute any of its duties under this Agreement or any other Loan Document by or through agents, employees or attorneys in fact and shall be entitled to advice of counsel concerning all matters pertaining to such duties. Agent shall not be responsible for the negligence or misconduct of any agent or attorney in fact that it selects as long as such selection was made without gross negligence or willful misconduct.

16.3 **Liability of Agent**. None of the Agent-Related Persons shall (a) be liable for any action taken or omitted to be taken by any of them under or in connection with this Agreement or any other Loan Document or the transactions contemplated hereby (except for its own gross negligence or willful misconduct), or (b) be responsible in any manner to any of the Lenders (or Bank Product Providers) for any recital, statement, representation or warranty made by any Loan Party or any of its Subsidiaries or Affiliates, or any officer or director thereof, contained in this Agreement or in any other Loan Document, or in any certificate, report, statement or other document referred to or provided for in, or received by Agent under or in connection with, this Agreement or any other Loan Document, or the validity, effectiveness, genuineness, enforceability or sufficiency of this Agreement or any other Loan Document, or for any failure of any Loan Party or its Subsidiaries or any other party to any Loan Document to perform its obligations hereunder or thereunder. No Agent-Related Person shall be under any obligation to any Lenders (or Bank Product Providers) to ascertain or to inquire as to the observance or performance of any of the agreements contained in, or conditions of, this Agreement or any other Loan Document, or to inspect the books and records or properties of any Loan Party or its Subsidiaries. No Agent-Related Person shall have any liability to any Lender, and Loan Party or any of their respective Affiliates if any request for an Advance or other extension of credit was not authorized by Borrower. Agent shall not be required to take any action that, in its opinion or in the opinion of its counsel, may expose it to liability or that is contrary to any Loan Document or applicable law or regulation.

16.4 **Reliance by Agent**. Agent shall be entitled to rely, and shall be fully protected in relying, upon any writing, resolution, notice, consent, certificate, affidavit, letter, telegram, telefacsimile or other electronic method of transmission, telex or telephone message, statement or other document or conversation believed by it to be genuine and correct and to have been signed, sent, or made by the proper Person or Persons, and upon advice and statements of legal counsel (including counsel to Borrower or counsel to any Lender), independent accountants and other experts selected by Agent. Agent shall be fully justified in failing or refusing to take any action under this Agreement or any other Loan Document unless Agent shall first receive such advice or concurrence of the Lenders as it deems appropriate and until such instructions are received, Agent shall act, or refrain from acting, as it deems advisable. If Agent so requests, it shall first be indemnified to its reasonable satisfaction by the Lenders (and, if it so elects, the Bank Product Providers) against any and all liability and expense that may be incurred by it by reason of taking or continuing to take any such action. Agent shall in all cases be fully protected in acting, or in refraining from acting, under this Agreement or any other Loan Document in accordance with a request or consent of the Required Lenders and such request and any action taken or failure to act pursuant thereto shall be binding upon all of the Lenders (and Bank Product Providers).

16.5 **Notice of Default or Event of Default**. Agent shall not be deemed to have knowledge or notice of the occurrence of any Default or Event of Default, except with respect to defaults in the payment of principal, interest, fees, and expenses required to be paid to Agent for the account of the Lenders and, except with respect to Events of Default of which Agent has actual knowledge, unless Agent shall have received written notice from a Lender or Borrower referring to this Agreement, describing such Default or Event of Default, and stating that such notice is a "notice of default." Agent promptly will notify the Lenders of its receipt of any such notice or of any Event of Default of which Agent has actual knowledge. If any Lender obtains actual knowledge of any Event of Default, such Lender promptly shall notify the

other Lenders and Agent of such Event of Default. Each Lender shall be solely responsible for giving any notices to its Participants, if any. Subject to Section 16.4, Agent shall take such action with respect to such Default or Event of Default as may be requested by the Required Lenders in accordance with Section 9; provided, that unless and until Agent has received any such request, Agent may (but shall not be obligated to) take such action, or refrain from taking such action, with respect to such Default or Event of Default as it shall deem advisable.

16.6 **Credit Decision**. Each Lender (and Bank Product Provider) acknowledges that none of the Agent-Related Persons has made any representation or warranty to it, and that no act by Agent hereinafter taken, including any review of the affairs of any Loan Party and its Subsidiaries or Affiliates, shall be deemed to constitute any representation or warranty by any Agent-Related Person to any Lender (or Bank Product Provider). Each Lender represents (and by entering into a Bank Product Agreement, each Bank Product Provider shall be deemed to represent) to Agent that it has, independently and without reliance upon any Agent-Related Person and based on such due diligence, documents and information as it has deemed appropriate, made its own appraisal of and investigation into the business, prospects, operations, property, financial and other condition and creditworthiness of Borrower or any other Person party to a Loan Document, and all applicable bank regulatory laws relating to the transactions contemplated hereby, and made its own decision to enter into this Agreement and to extend credit to Borrower. Each Lender also represents (and by entering into a Bank Product Agreement, each Bank Product Provider shall be deemed to represent) that it will, independently and without reliance upon any Agent-Related Person and based on such documents and information as it shall deem appropriate at the time, continue to make its own credit analysis, appraisals and decisions in taking or not taking action under this Agreement and the other Loan Documents, and to make such investigations as it deems necessary to inform itself as to the business, prospects, operations, property, financial and other condition and creditworthiness of Borrower or any other Person party to a Loan Document. Except for notices, reports, and other documents expressly herein required to be furnished to the Lenders by Agent, Agent shall not have any duty or responsibility to provide any Lender (or Bank Product Provider) with any credit or other information concerning the business, prospects, operations, property, financial and other condition or creditworthiness of Borrower or any other Person party to a Loan Document that may come into the possession of any of the Agent-Related Persons. Each Lender acknowledges (and by entering into a Bank Product Agreement, each Bank Product Provider shall be deemed to acknowledge) that Agent does not have any duty or responsibility, either initially or on a continuing basis (except to the extent, if any, that is expressly specified herein) to provide such Lender (or Bank Product Provider) with any credit or other information with respect to Borrower, its Affiliates or any of their respective business, legal, financial or other affairs, and irrespective of whether such information came into Agent's or its Affiliates' or representatives' possession before or after the date on which such Lender became a party to this Agreement (or such Bank Product Provider entered into a Bank Product Agreement).

16.7 **Costs and Expenses; Indemnification**. Agent may incur and pay Lender Group Expenses to the extent Agent reasonably deems necessary or appropriate for the performance and fulfillment of its functions, powers, and obligations pursuant to the Loan Documents, including court costs, attorneys' fees and expenses, fees and expenses of financial accountants, advisors, consultants, and appraisers, costs of collection by outside collection agencies, auctioneer fees and expenses, and costs of security guards or insurance premiums paid to maintain the Collateral, whether or not Borrower is obligated to reimburse Agent or Lenders for such expenses pursuant to this Agreement or otherwise. Agent is authorized and directed to deduct and retain sufficient amounts from payments or proceeds of the Collateral received by Agent to reimburse Agent for such out-of-pocket costs and expenses prior to the distribution of any amounts to Lenders (or Bank Product Providers). In the event Agent is not reimbursed for such costs and expenses by the Loan Parties and their respective Subsidiaries, each Lender hereby

agrees that it is and shall be obligated to pay to Agent such Lender's ratable share thereof. Whether or not the transactions contemplated hereby are consummated, each of the Lenders, on a ratable basis, shall indemnify and defend the Agent-Related Persons (to the extent not reimbursed by or on behalf of Borrower and without limiting the obligation of Borrower to do so) from and against any and all Indemnified Liabilities; provided, that no Lender shall be liable for the payment to any Agent-Related Person of any portion of such Indemnified Liabilities resulting solely from such Person's gross negligence or willful misconduct nor shall any Lender be liable for the obligations of any Defaulting Lender in failing to make an Advance or other extension of credit hereunder. Without limitation of the foregoing, each Lender shall reimburse Agent upon demand for such Lender's ratable share of any costs or out of pocket expenses (including attorneys, accountants, advisors, and consultants fees and expenses) incurred by Agent in connection with the preparation, execution, delivery, administration, modification, amendment, or enforcement (whether through negotiations, legal proceedings or otherwise) of, or legal advice in respect of rights or responsibilities under, this Agreement or any other Loan Document to the extent that Agent is not reimbursed for such expenses by or on behalf of Borrower. The undertaking in this Section shall survive the payment of all Obligations hereunder and the resignation or replacement of Agent.

16.8 **Agent in Individual Capacity.** EWB and its Affiliates may make loans to, issue letters of credit for the account of, accept deposits from, provide Bank Products to, acquire Equity Interests in, and generally engage in any kind of banking, trust, financial advisory, underwriting, or other business with any Loan Party and its Subsidiaries and Affiliates and any other Person party to any Loan Document as though EWB were not Agent hereunder, and, in each case, without notice to or consent of the other members of the Lender Group. The other members of the Lender Group acknowledge (and by entering into a Bank Product Agreement, each Bank Product Provider shall be deemed to acknowledge) that, pursuant to such activities, EWB or its Affiliates may receive information regarding a Loan Party or its Affiliates or any other Person party to any Loan Documents that is subject to confidentiality obligations in favor of such Loan Party or such other Person and that prohibit the disclosure of such information to the Lenders (or Bank Product Providers), and the Lenders acknowledge (and by entering into a Bank Product Agreement, each Bank Product Provider shall be deemed to acknowledge) that, in such circumstances (and in the absence of a waiver of such confidentiality obligations, which waiver Agent will use its reasonable best efforts to obtain), Agent shall not be under any obligation to provide such information to them. The terms "Lender" and "Lenders" include EWB in its individual capacity.

16.9 **Successor Agent.** Agent may resign as Agent upon 30 days (or ten days if an Event of Default has occurred and is continuing) prior written notice to the Lenders (unless such notice is waived by the Required Lenders) and Borrower (unless such notice is waived by Borrower or a Default or an Event of Default has occurred and is continuing) and without any notice to the Bank Product Providers. If Agent resigns under this Agreement, the Required Lenders shall be entitled, with (so long as no Event of Default has occurred and is continuing) the consent of Borrower (such consent not to be unreasonably withheld, delayed, or conditioned), appoint a successor Agent for the Lenders (and the Bank Product Providers). If, at the time that Agent's resignation is effective, it is acting as the Swing Lender, such resignation shall also operate to effectuate its resignation as the Swing Lender, as applicable, and it shall automatically be relieved of any further obligation to make Swing Loans. If no successor Agent is appointed prior to the effective date of the resignation of Agent, Agent may appoint, after consulting with the Lenders and Borrower, a successor Agent. If Agent has materially breached or failed to perform any material provision of this Agreement or of applicable law, the Required Lenders may agree in writing to remove and replace Agent with a successor Agent from among the Lenders with (so long as no Event of Default has occurred and is continuing) the consent of Borrower (such consent not to be unreasonably withheld, delayed, or conditioned). In any such event, upon the acceptance of its appointment as

successor Agent hereunder, such successor Agent shall succeed to all the rights, powers, and duties of the retiring Agent and the term “Agent” shall mean such successor Agent and the retiring Agent’s appointment, powers, and duties as Agent shall be terminated. After any retiring Agent’s resignation hereunder as Agent, the provisions of this Section 16 shall inure to its benefit as to any actions taken or omitted to be taken by it while it was Agent under this Agreement. If no successor Agent has accepted appointment as Agent by the date which is 30 days following a retiring Agent’s notice of resignation, the retiring Agent’s resignation shall nevertheless thereupon become effective and the Lenders shall perform all of the duties of Agent hereunder until such time, if any, as the Lenders appoint a successor Agent as provided for above.

16.10 Lender in Individual Capacity. Any Lender and its respective Affiliates may make loans to, issue letters of credit for the account of, accept deposits from, provide Bank Products to, acquire Equity Interests in and generally engage in any kind of banking, trust, financial advisory, underwriting, or other business with any Loan Party and its Subsidiaries and Affiliates and any other Person party to any Loan Documents as though such Lender were not a Lender hereunder without notice to or consent of the other members of the Lender Group (or the Bank Product Providers). The other members of the Lender Group acknowledge (and by entering into a Bank Product Agreement, each Bank Product Provider shall be deemed to acknowledge) that, pursuant to such activities, such Lender and its respective Affiliates may receive information regarding a Loan Party or its Affiliates or any other Person party to any Loan Documents that is subject to confidentiality obligations in favor of such Loan Party or such other Person and that prohibit the disclosure of such information to the Lenders, and the Lenders acknowledge (and by entering into a Bank Product Agreement, each Bank Product Provider shall be deemed to acknowledge) that, in such circumstances (and in the absence of a waiver of such confidentiality obligations, which waiver such Lender will use its reasonable best efforts to obtain), such Lender shall not be under any obligation to provide such information to them.

16.11 Collateral Matters.

(a) The Lenders hereby irrevocably authorize (and by entering into a Bank Product Agreement, each Bank Product Provider shall be deemed to authorize) Agent to release any Lien on any Collateral (i) upon the termination of the Commitments and payment and satisfaction in full by Borrower of all of the Obligations, (ii) constituting property being sold or disposed of if a release is required or desirable in connection therewith and if Borrower certifies to Agent that the sale or disposition is permitted under Section 7.4 (and Agent may rely conclusively on any such certificate, without further inquiry), (iii) constituting property in which no Loan Party or any of its Subsidiaries owned any interest at the time Agent’s Lien was granted nor at any time thereafter, (iv) constituting property leased or licensed to a Loan Party or its Subsidiaries under a lease or license that has expired or is terminated in a transaction permitted under this Agreement, or (v) in connection with a credit bid or purchase authorized under this Section 16.11. The Loan Parties and the Lenders hereby irrevocably authorize (and by entering into a Bank Product Agreement, each Bank Product Provider shall be deemed to authorize) Agent, based upon the instruction of the Required Lenders, to (A) consent to the sale of, credit bid, or purchase (either directly or indirectly through one or more entities) all or any portion of the Collateral at any sale thereof conducted under the provisions of the Bankruptcy Code, including Section 363 of the Bankruptcy Code, (B) credit bid or purchase (either directly or indirectly through one or more entities) all or any portion of the Collateral at any sale or other disposition thereof conducted under the provisions of the Code, including pursuant to Sections 9-610 or 9-620 of the Code, or (C) credit bid or purchase (either directly or indirectly through one or more entities) all or any portion of the Collateral at any other sale or foreclosure conducted or consented to by Agent in accordance with applicable law in any judicial action or proceeding or by the exercise of any legal or equitable remedy. In connection with any such credit bid or

purchase, (1) the Obligations owed to the Lenders and the Bank Product Providers shall be entitled to be, and shall be, credit bid on a ratable basis (with Obligations with respect to contingent or unliquidated claims being estimated for such purpose if the fixing or liquidation thereof would not impair or unduly delay the ability of Agent to credit bid or purchase at such sale or other disposition of the Collateral and, if such contingent or unliquidated claims cannot be estimated without impairing or unduly delaying the ability of Agent to credit bid at such sale or other disposition, then such claims shall be disregarded, not credit bid, and not entitled to any interest in the Collateral that is the subject of such credit bid or purchase) and the Lenders and the Bank Product Providers whose Obligations are credit bid shall be entitled to receive interests (ratably based upon the proportion of their Obligations credit bid in relation to the aggregate amount of Obligations so credit bid) in the Collateral that is the subject of such credit bid or purchase (or in the Equity Interests of any entities that are used to consummate such credit bid or purchase), and (2) Agent, based upon the instruction of the Required Lenders, may accept non-cash consideration, including debt and equity securities issued by any entities used to consummate such credit bid or purchase and in connection therewith Agent may reduce the Obligations owed to the Lenders and the Bank Product Providers (ratably based upon the proportion of their Obligations credit bid in relation to the aggregate amount of Obligations so credit bid) based upon the value of such non-cash consideration; provided, that Bank Product Obligations not entitled to the application set forth in Section 2.3(b)(ii)(J) shall not be entitled to be, and shall not be, credit bid, or used in the calculation of the ratable interest of the Lenders and Bank Product Providers in the Obligations which are credit bid. Except as provided above, Agent will not execute and deliver a release of any Lien on any Collateral without the prior written authorization of (y) if the release is of all or substantially all of the Collateral, all of the Lenders (without requiring the authorization of the Bank Product Providers), or (z) otherwise, the Required Lenders (without requiring the authorization of the Bank Product Providers). Upon request by Agent or Borrower at any time, the Lenders will (and if so requested, the Bank Product Providers will) confirm in writing Agent's authority to release any such Liens on particular types or items of Collateral pursuant to this Section 16.11; provided, that (I) anything to the contrary contained in any of the Loan Documents notwithstanding, Agent shall not be required to execute any document or take any action necessary to evidence such release on terms that, in Agent's opinion, could expose Agent to liability or create any obligation or entail any consequence other than the release of such Lien without recourse, representation, or warranty, and (II) such release shall not in any manner discharge, affect, or impair the Obligations or any Liens (other than those expressly released) upon (or obligations of Borrower in respect of) any and all interests retained by Borrower, including, the proceeds of any sale, all of which shall continue to constitute part of the Collateral. Each Lender further hereby irrevocably authorizes (and by entering into a Bank Product Agreement, each Bank Product Provider shall be deemed to irrevocably authorize) Agent, at its option and in its sole discretion, to subordinate (by contract or otherwise) any Lien granted to or held by Agent on any property under any Loan Document (a) to the holder of any Permitted Lien on such property if such Permitted Lien secures Permitted Purchase Money Indebtedness and (b) to the extent Agent has the authority under this Section 16.11 to release its Lien on such property. Notwithstanding the provisions of this Section 16.11, the Agent shall be authorized, without the consent of any Lender and without the requirement that an asset sale consisting of the sale, transfer or other disposition having occurred, to release any security interest in any building, structure or improvement located in an area determined by the Federal Emergency Management Agency to have special flood hazards.

(b) Agent shall have no obligation whatsoever to any of the Lenders (or the Bank Product Providers) (i) to verify or assure that the Collateral exists or is owned by a Loan Party or any of its Subsidiaries or is cared for, protected, or insured or has been encumbered, (ii) to verify or assure that Agent's Liens have been properly or sufficiently or lawfully created, perfected, protected, or enforced or are entitled to any particular priority, (iii) to verify or assure that any particular items of Collateral meet

the eligibility criteria applicable in respect thereof (iv) to impose, maintain, increase, reduce, implement or eliminate any particular reserve hereunder or to determine whether the amount of any reserve is appropriate or not, or (v) to exercise at all or in any particular manner or under any duty of care, disclosure or fidelity, or to continue exercising, any of the rights, authorities and powers granted or available to Agent pursuant to any of the Loan Documents, it being understood and agreed that in respect of the Collateral, or any act, omission, or event related thereto, subject to the terms and conditions contained herein, Agent may act in any manner it may deem appropriate, in its sole discretion given Agent's own interest in the Collateral in its capacity as one of the Lenders and that Agent shall have no other duty or liability whatsoever to any Lender (or Bank Product Provider) as to any of the foregoing, except as otherwise expressly provided herein.

16.12 Restrictions on Actions by Lenders; Sharing of Payments.

(a) Each of the Lenders agrees that it shall not, without the express written consent of Agent, and that it shall, to the extent it is lawfully entitled to do so, upon the written request of Agent, set off against the Obligations, any amounts owing by such Lender to any Loan Party or its Subsidiaries or any deposit accounts of any Loan Party or its Subsidiaries now or hereafter maintained with such Lender. Each of the Lenders further agrees that it shall not, unless specifically requested to do so in writing by Agent, take or cause to be taken any action, including, the commencement of any legal or equitable proceedings to enforce any Loan Document against Borrower or any Guarantor or to foreclose any Lien on, or otherwise enforce any security interest in, any of the Collateral.

(b) If, at any time or times any Lender shall receive (i) by payment, foreclosure, setoff, or otherwise, any proceeds of Collateral or any payments with respect to the Obligations, except for any such proceeds or payments received by such Lender from Agent pursuant to the terms of this Agreement, or (ii) payments from Agent in excess of such Lender's Pro Rata Share of all such distributions by Agent, such Lender promptly shall (A) turn the same over to Agent, in kind, and with such endorsements as may be required to negotiate the same to Agent, or in immediately available funds, as applicable, for the account of all of the Lenders and for application to the Obligations in accordance with the applicable provisions of this Agreement, or (B) purchase, without recourse or warranty, an undivided interest and participation in the Obligations owed to the other Lenders so that such excess payment received shall be applied ratably as among the Lenders in accordance with their Pro Rata Shares; provided, that to the extent that such excess payment received by the purchasing party is thereafter recovered from it, those purchases of participations shall be rescinded in whole or in part, as applicable, and the applicable portion of the purchase price paid therefor shall be returned to such purchasing party, but without interest except to the extent that such purchasing party is required to pay interest in connection with the recovery of the excess payment.

16.13 Agency for Perfection. Agent hereby appoints each other Lender (and each Bank Product Provider) as its agent (and each Lender hereby accepts (and by entering into a Bank Product Agreement, each Bank Product Provider shall be deemed to accept) such appointment) for the purpose of perfecting Agent's Liens in assets which, in accordance with Article 8 or Article 9, as applicable, of the Code can be perfected by possession or control. Should any Lender obtain possession or control of any such Collateral, such Lender shall notify Agent thereof, and, promptly upon Agent's request therefor shall deliver possession or control of such Collateral to Agent or in accordance with Agent's instructions.

16.14 Payments by Agent to the Lenders. All payments to be made by Agent to the Lenders (or Bank Product Providers) shall be made by bank wire transfer of immediately available funds pursuant to such wire transfer instructions as each party may designate for itself by written notice to Agent.

Concurrently with each such payment, Agent shall identify whether such payment (or any portion thereof) represents principal, premium, fees, or interest of the Obligations.

16.15 **Concerning the Collateral and Related Loan Documents.** Each member of the Lender Group authorizes and directs Agent to enter into this Agreement and the other Loan Documents. Each member of the Lender Group agrees (and by entering into a Bank Product Agreement, each Bank Product Provider shall be deemed to agree) that any action taken by Agent in accordance with the terms of this Agreement or the other Loan Documents relating to the Collateral and the exercise by Agent of its powers set forth therein or herein, together with such other powers that are reasonably incidental thereto, shall be binding upon all of the Lenders (and such Bank Product Provider).

16.16 **Field Examination Reports; Confidentiality; Disclaimers by Lenders; Other Reports and Information.** By becoming a party to this Agreement, each Lender:

(a) is deemed to have requested that Agent furnish such Lender, promptly after it becomes available, a copy of each field examination report respecting any Loan Party or its Subsidiaries (each, a "Report") prepared by or at the request of Agent, and Agent shall so furnish each Lender with such Reports,

(b) expressly agrees and acknowledges that Agent does not (i) make any representation or warranty as to the accuracy of any Report, and (ii) shall not be liable for any information contained in any Report,

(c) expressly agrees and acknowledges that the Reports are not comprehensive audits or examinations, that Agent or other party performing any field examination will inspect only specific information regarding the Loan Parties and their respective Subsidiaries and will rely significantly upon Borrower's and its Subsidiaries' books and records, as well as on representations of Borrower's personnel,

(d) agrees to keep all Reports and other material, non-public information regarding the Loan Parties and their Subsidiaries and their operations, assets, and existing and contemplated business plans in a confidential manner in accordance with Section 18.9, and

(e) without limiting the generality of any other indemnification provision contained in this Agreement, agrees: (i) to hold Agent and any other Lender preparing a Report harmless from any action the indemnifying Lender may take or fail to take or any conclusion the indemnifying Lender may reach or draw from any Report in connection with any loans or other credit accommodations that the indemnifying Lender has made or may make to Borrower, or the indemnifying Lender's participation in, or the indemnifying Lender's purchase of, a loan or loans of Borrower, and (ii) to pay and protect, and indemnify, defend and hold Agent, and any such other Lender preparing a Report harmless from and against, the claims, actions, proceedings, damages, costs, expenses, and other amounts (including, attorneys' fees and costs) incurred by Agent and any such other Lender preparing a Report as the direct or indirect result of any third parties who might obtain all or part of any Report through the indemnifying Lender.

(f) In addition to the foregoing, (x) any Lender may from time to time request of Agent in writing that Agent provide to such Lender a copy of any report or document provided by any Loan Party or its Subsidiaries to Agent that has not been contemporaneously provided by such Loan Party or such Subsidiary to such Lender, and, upon receipt of such request, Agent promptly shall provide a copy of same to such Lender, (y) to the extent that Agent is entitled, under any provision of the Loan

Documents, to request additional reports or information from any Loan Party or its Subsidiaries, any Lender may, from time to time, reasonably request Agent to exercise such right as specified in such Lender's notice to Agent, whereupon Agent promptly shall request of Borrower the additional reports or information reasonably specified by such Lender, and, upon receipt thereof from such Loan Party or such Subsidiary, Agent promptly shall provide a copy of same to such Lender, and (z) any time that Agent renders to Borrower a statement regarding the Loan Account, Agent shall send a copy of such statement to each Lender.

16.17 **Several Obligations; No Liability.** Notwithstanding that certain of the Loan Documents now or hereafter may have been or will be executed only by or in favor of Agent in its capacity as such, and not by or in favor of the Lenders, any and all obligations on the part of Agent (if any) to make any credit available hereunder shall constitute the several (and not joint) obligations of the respective Lenders on a ratable basis, according to their respective Commitments, to make an amount of such credit not to exceed, in principal amount, at any one time outstanding, the amount of their respective Commitments. Nothing contained herein shall confer upon any Lender any interest in, or subject any Lender to any liability for, or in respect of, the business, assets, profits, losses, or liabilities of any other Lender. Each Lender shall be solely responsible for notifying its Participants of any matters relating to the Loan Documents to the extent any such notice may be required, and no Lender shall have any obligation, duty, or liability to any Participant of any other Lender. Except as provided in Section 16.7, no member of the Lender Group shall have any liability for the acts of any other member of the Lender Group. No Lender shall be responsible to Borrower or any other Person for any failure by any other Lender (or Bank Product Provider) to fulfill its obligations to make credit available hereunder, nor to advance for such Lender (or Bank Product Provider) or on its behalf, nor to take any other action on behalf of such Lender (or Bank Product Provider) hereunder or in connection with the financing contemplated herein.

16.18 **Joint Lead Arrangers, Joint Book Runners, Co-Syndication Agents, and Co-Documentation Agents.** Each of the Joint Lead Arrangers, Joint Book Runners, Co-Syndication Agents, and Co-Documentation Agents, in such capacities, shall not have any right, power, obligation, liability, responsibility, or duty under this Agreement other than those applicable to it in its capacity as a Lender, as Agent, or as Swing Lender. Without limiting the foregoing, each of the Joint Lead Arrangers, Joint Book Runners, Co-Syndication Agents, and Co-Documentation Agents, in such capacities, shall not have or be deemed to have any fiduciary relationship with any Lender or any Loan Party. Each Lender, Agent, Swing Lender, and each Loan Party acknowledges that it has not relied, and will not rely, on the Joint Lead Arrangers, Joint Book Runners, Co-Syndication Agents, and Co-Documentation Agents in deciding to enter into this Agreement or in taking or not taking action hereunder. Each of the Joint Lead Arrangers, Joint Book Runners, Co-Syndication Agents, and Co-Documentation Agents, in such capacities, shall be entitled to resign at any time by giving notice to Agent and Borrower.

16.19 **Acknowledgment and Consent to Bail-In of Affected Financial Institutions.** Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in any Loan Document or in any other agreement, arrangement or understanding among any such parties, each party hereto acknowledges that any liability of any Affected Financial Institution arising under any Loan Document, to the extent such liability is unsecured, may be subject to the write-down and conversion powers of the applicable Resolution Authority and agrees and consents to, and acknowledges and agrees to be bound by:

(a) the application of any Write-Down and Conversion Powers by the applicable Resolution Authority to any such liabilities arising hereunder which may be payable to it by any party hereto that is an Affected Financial Institution; and

(b) the effects of any Bail-In Action on any such liability, including, if applicable:

(i) a reduction in full or in part or cancellation of any such liability;

(ii) a conversion of all, or a portion of, such liability into shares or other instruments of ownership in such Affected Financial Institution, its parent entity, or a bridge institution that may be issued to it or otherwise conferred on it, and that such shares or other instruments of ownership will be accepted by it in lieu of any rights with respect to any such liability under this Agreement or any other Loan Document; or

(iii) the variation of the terms of such liability in connection with the exercise of the Write-Down and Conversion Powers of any Resolution Authority.

17. WITHHOLDING TAXES.

17.1 **Payments.** All payments made by any Loan Party under any Loan Document will be made free and clear of, and without deduction or withholding for, any Taxes, except as otherwise required by applicable law, and in the event any deduction or withholding of Taxes is required, the applicable Loan Party shall make the requisite withholding, promptly pay over to the applicable Governmental Authority the withheld tax, and furnish to Agent as promptly as possible after the date the payment of any such Tax is due pursuant to applicable law, certified copies of tax receipts evidencing such payment by the Loan Parties. Furthermore, if any such Tax is an Indemnified Tax or an Indemnified Tax is so levied or imposed, the Loan Parties agree to pay the full amount of such Indemnified Taxes and such additional amounts as may be necessary so that every payment of all amounts due under this Agreement, any note, or Loan Document, including any amount paid pursuant to this Section 17.1 after withholding or deduction for or on account of any Indemnified Taxes, will not be less than the amount provided for herein. The Loan Parties will promptly pay any Other Taxes or reimburse Agent for such Other Taxes upon Agent's demand. The Loan Parties shall jointly and severally indemnify each Indemnified Person (as defined in Section 11.3) (collectively a "Tax Indemnitee") for the full amount of Indemnified Taxes arising in connection with this Agreement or any other Loan Document or breach thereof by any Loan Party (including any Indemnified Taxes imposed or asserted on, or attributable to, amounts payable under this Section 17) imposed on, or paid by, such Tax Indemnitee and all reasonable costs and expenses related thereto (including fees and disbursements of attorneys and other tax professionals), as and when they are incurred and irrespective of whether suit is brought, whether or not such Indemnified Taxes were correctly or legally imposed or asserted by the relevant Governmental Authority (other than Indemnified Taxes and additional amounts that a court of competent jurisdiction finally determines to have resulted from the gross negligence or willful misconduct of such Tax Indemnitee). The obligations of the Loan Parties under this Section 17 shall survive the termination of this Agreement, the resignation and replacement of the Agent, and the repayment of the Obligations.

17.2 **Exemptions.**

(a) If a Lender or Participant is entitled to claim an exemption or reduction from United States withholding tax, such Lender or Participant agrees with and in favor of Agent, to deliver to Agent (or, in the case of a Participant, to the Lender granting the participation only) and Administrative Borrower, on behalf of each Borrower, one of the following before receiving its first payment under this Agreement:

(i) if such Lender or Participant is entitled to claim an exemption from United States withholding tax pursuant to the portfolio interest exception, (A) a statement of the Lender

or Participant, signed under penalty of perjury, that it is not a (I) a “bank” as described in Section 881(c)(3)(A) of the IRC, (II) a 10% shareholder of Borrower (within the meaning of Section 871(h)(3)(B) of the IRC), or (III) a controlled foreign corporation related to Borrower within the meaning of Section 864(d)(4) of the IRC, and (B) a properly completed and executed IRS Form W-8BEN, Form W-8BEN-E, or Form W-8IMY (with proper attachments, as applicable);

(ii) if such Lender or Participant is entitled to claim an exemption from, or a reduction of, withholding tax under a United States tax treaty, a properly completed and executed copy of IRS Form W-8BEN or Form W-8BEN-E, as applicable;

(iii) if such Lender or Participant is entitled to claim that interest paid under this Agreement is exempt from United States withholding tax because it is effectively connected with a United States trade or business of such Lender, a properly completed and executed copy of IRS Form W-8ECI;

(iv) if such Lender or Participant is entitled to claim that interest paid under this Agreement is exempt from United States withholding tax because such Lender or Participant serves as an intermediary, a properly completed and executed copy of IRS Form W-8IMY (including a withholding statement and copies of the tax certification documentation for its beneficial owner(s) of the income paid to the intermediary, if required based on its status provided on the Form W-8IMY); or

(v) a properly completed and executed copy of any other form or forms, including IRS Form W-9, as may be required under the IRC or other laws of the United States as a condition to exemption from, or reduction of, United States withholding or backup withholding tax.

(b) Each Lender or Participant shall provide new forms (or successor forms) upon the expiration or obsolescence of any previously delivered forms and promptly notify Agent (or, in the case of a Participant, to the Lender granting the participation only) and Administrative Borrower of any change in circumstances which would modify or render invalid any claimed exemption or reduction.

(c) If a Lender or Participant claims an exemption from withholding tax in a jurisdiction other than the United States, such Lender or such Participant agrees with and in favor of Agent and Borrower, to deliver to Agent and Administrative Borrower (or, in the case of a Participant, to the Lender granting the participation only), any such form or forms, as may be required under the laws of such jurisdiction as a condition to exemption from, or reduction of, foreign withholding or backup withholding tax before receiving its first payment under this Agreement, but only if such Lender or such Participant is legally able to deliver such forms, or the providing of or delivery of such forms in the Lender's reasonable judgment would not subject such Lender to any material unreimbursed cost or expense or materially prejudice the legal or commercial position of such Lender (or its Affiliates); provided, that nothing in this Section 17.2(c) shall require a Lender or Participant to disclose any information that it deems to be confidential (including its tax returns). Each Lender and each Participant shall provide new forms (or successor forms) upon the expiration or obsolescence of any previously delivered forms and promptly notify Agent and Administrative Borrower (or, in the case of a Participant, to the Lender granting the participation only) of any change in circumstances which would modify or render invalid any claimed exemption or reduction.

(d) If a Lender or Participant claims exemption from, or reduction of, withholding tax and such Lender or Participant sells, assigns, grants a participation in, or otherwise transfers all or part of the Obligations of Borrower to such Lender or Participant, such Lender or Participant agrees to notify

Agent (or, in the case of a sale of a participation interest, to the Lender granting the participation only) and Administrative Borrower of the percentage amount in which it is no longer the beneficial owner of Obligations of Borrower to such Lender or Participant. To the extent of such percentage amount, Agent and Administrative Borrower will treat such Lender's or such Participant's documentation provided pursuant to Section 17.2(a) or 17.2(c) as no longer valid. With respect to such percentage amount, such Participant or Assignee may provide new documentation, pursuant to Section 17.2(a) or 17.2(c), if applicable. Borrower agrees that each Participant shall be entitled to the benefits of this Section 17 with respect to its participation in any portion of the Commitments and the Obligations so long as such Participant complies with the obligations set forth in this Section 17 with respect thereto.

(e) If a payment made to a Lender under any Loan Document would be subject to U.S. federal withholding tax imposed by FATCA if such Lender were to fail to comply with the applicable due diligence and reporting requirements of FATCA (including those contained in Section 1471(b) or 1472(b) of the IRC, as applicable), such Lender shall deliver to Agent (or, in the case of a Participant, to the Lender granting the participation only) at the time or times prescribed by law and at such time or times reasonably requested by Agent (or, in the case of a Participant, the Lender granting the participation) such documentation prescribed by applicable law (including as prescribed by Section 1471(b)(3)(C)(i) of the IRC) and such additional documentation reasonably requested by Agent (or, in the case of a Participant, the Lender granting the participation) as may be necessary for Agent or Borrower to comply with their obligations under FATCA and to determine that such Lender has complied with such Lender's obligations under FATCA or to determine the amount to deduct and withhold from such payment. Solely for purposes of this clause (e), "FATCA" shall include any amendments made to FATCA after the date of this Agreement.

17.3 **Reductions.**

(a) If a Lender or a Participant is subject to an applicable withholding tax, Agent (or, in the case of a Participant, the Lender granting the participation) may withhold from any payment to such Lender or such Participant an amount equivalent to the applicable withholding tax. If the forms or other documentation required by Section 17.2(a) or 17.2(c) are not delivered to Agent (or, in the case of a Participant, to the Lender granting the participation), then Agent (or, in the case of a Participant, to the Lender granting the participation) may withhold from any payment to such Lender or such Participant not providing such forms or other documentation an amount equivalent to the applicable withholding tax.

(b) If the IRS or any other Governmental Authority of the United States or other jurisdiction asserts a claim that Agent (or, in the case of a Participant, to the Lender granting the participation) did not properly withhold tax from amounts paid to or for the account of any Lender or any Participant due to a failure on the part of the Lender or any Participant (because the appropriate form was not delivered, was not properly executed, or because such Lender failed to notify Agent (or such Participant failed to notify the Lender granting the participation) of a change in circumstances which rendered the exemption from, or reduction of, withholding tax ineffective, or for any other reason) such Lender shall indemnify and hold Agent harmless (or, in the case of a Participant, such Participant shall indemnify and hold the Lender granting the participation harmless) for all amounts paid, directly or indirectly, by Agent (or, in the case of a Participant, to the Lender granting the participation), as tax or otherwise, including penalties and interest, and including any taxes imposed by any jurisdiction on the amounts payable to Agent (or, in the case of a Participant, to the Lender granting the participation only) under this Section 17, together with all costs and expenses (including attorneys' fees and expenses). The obligation of the Lenders and the Participants under this subsection shall survive the payment of all Obligations and the resignation or replacement of Agent.

17.4 **Refunds.** If Agent or a Lender determines, in its sole discretion, that it has received a refund of any Indemnified Taxes to which the Loan Parties have paid additional amounts pursuant to this Section 17, so long as no Default or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing, it shall pay over such refund to Administrative Borrower on behalf of the Loan Parties (but only to the extent of payments made, or additional amounts paid, by the Loan Parties under this Section 17 with respect to Indemnified Taxes giving rise to such a refund), net of all out-of-pocket expenses of Agent or such Lender and without interest (other than any interest paid by the applicable Governmental Authority with respect to such a refund); provided, that the Loan Parties, upon the request of Agent or such Lender, agree to repay the amount paid over to the Loan Parties (plus any penalties, interest or other charges, imposed by the applicable Governmental Authority, other than such penalties, interest or other charges imposed as a result of the willful misconduct or gross negligence of Agent or Lender hereunder as finally determined by a court of competent jurisdiction) to Agent or such Lender in the event Agent or such Lender is required to repay such refund to such Governmental Authority. Notwithstanding anything in this Agreement to the contrary, this Section 17 shall not be construed to require Agent or any Lender to make available its tax returns (or any other information which it deems confidential) to Loan Parties or any other Person or require Agent or any Lender to pay any amount to an indemnifying party pursuant to Section 17.4, the payment of which would place Agent or such Lender (or their Affiliates) in a less favorable net after-Tax position than such Person would have been in if the Tax subject to indemnification and giving rise to such refund had not been deducted, withheld or otherwise imposed and the indemnification payments or additional amounts with respect to such Tax had never been paid.

18. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

18.1 **Effectiveness.** This Agreement shall be binding and deemed effective when executed by Borrower, Agent, and each Lender whose signature is provided for on the signature pages hereof.

18.2 **Section Headings.** Headings and numbers have been set forth herein for convenience only. Unless the contrary is compelled by the context, everything contained in each Section applies equally to this entire Agreement.

18.3 **Interpretation.** Neither this Agreement nor any uncertainty or ambiguity herein shall be construed against the Lender Group or Borrower, whether under any rule of construction or otherwise. On the contrary, this Agreement has been reviewed by all parties and shall be construed and interpreted according to the ordinary meaning of the words used so as to accomplish fairly the purposes and intentions of all parties hereto.

18.4 **Severability of Provisions.** Each provision of this Agreement shall be severable from every other provision of this Agreement for the purpose of determining the legal enforceability of any specific provision.

18.5 **Bank Product Providers.** Each Bank Product Provider in its capacity as such shall be deemed a third party beneficiary hereof and of the provisions of the other Loan Documents for purposes of any reference in a Loan Document to the parties for whom Agent is acting. Agent hereby agrees to act as agent for such Bank Product Providers and by virtue of entering into a Bank Product Agreement, the applicable Bank Product Provider shall be automatically deemed to have appointed Agent as its agent and to have accepted the benefits of the Loan Documents. It is understood and agreed that the rights and benefits of each Bank Product Provider under the Loan Documents consist exclusively of such Bank Product Provider's being a beneficiary of the Liens and security interests (and, if applicable, guarantees) granted to Agent and the right to share in payments and collections out of the Collateral as more fully set

forth herein. In addition, each Bank Product Provider, by virtue of entering into a Bank Product Agreement, shall be automatically deemed to have agreed that Agent shall have the right, but shall have no obligation, to establish, maintain, relax, or release reserves in respect of the Bank Product Obligations and that if reserves are established there is no obligation on the part of Agent to determine or insure whether the amount of any such reserve is appropriate or not. In connection with any such distribution of payments or proceeds of Collateral, Agent shall be entitled to assume no amounts are due or owing to any Bank Product Provider unless such Bank Product Provider has provided a written certification (setting forth a reasonably detailed calculation) to Agent as to the amounts that are due and owing to it and such written certification is received by Agent a reasonable period of time prior to the making of such distribution. Agent shall have no obligation to calculate the amount due and payable with respect to any Bank Products, but may rely upon the written certification of the amount due and payable from the applicable Bank Product Provider. In the absence of an updated certification, Agent shall be entitled to assume that the amount due and payable to the applicable Bank Product Provider is the amount last certified to Agent by such Bank Product Provider as being due and payable (less any distributions made to such Bank Product Provider on account thereof). Borrower may obtain Bank Products from any Bank Product Provider, although Borrower is not required to do so. Borrower acknowledges and agrees that no Bank Product Provider has committed to provide any Bank Products and that the providing of Bank Products by any Bank Product Provider is in the sole and absolute discretion of such Bank Product Provider. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement or any other Loan Document, no provider or holder of any Bank Product shall have any voting or approval rights hereunder (or be deemed a Lender) solely by virtue of its status as the provider or holder of such agreements or products or the Obligations owing thereunder, nor shall the consent of any such provider or holder be required (other than in their capacities as Lenders, to the extent applicable) for any matter hereunder or under any of the other Loan Documents, including as to any matter relating to the Collateral or the release of Collateral or Guarantors.

18.6 **Debtor-Creditor Relationship.** The relationship between the Lenders and Agent, on the one hand, and the Loan Parties, on the other hand, is solely that of creditor and debtor. No member of the Lender Group has (or shall be deemed to have) any fiduciary relationship or duty to any Loan Party arising out of or in connection with the Loan Documents or the transactions contemplated thereby, and there is no agency or joint venture relationship between the members of the Lender Group, on the one hand, and the Loan Parties, on the other hand, by virtue of any Loan Document or any transaction contemplated therein.

18.7 **Counterparts; Electronic Execution.** This Agreement may be executed in any number of counterparts and by different parties on separate counterparts, each of which, when executed and delivered, shall be deemed to be an original, and all of which, when taken together, shall constitute but one and the same Agreement. Delivery of an executed counterpart of this Agreement by telefacsimile or other electronic method of transmission shall be equally as effective as delivery of an original executed counterpart of this Agreement. Any party delivering an executed counterpart of this Agreement by telefacsimile or other electronic method of transmission also shall deliver an original executed counterpart of this Agreement but the failure to deliver an original executed counterpart shall not affect the validity, enforceability, and binding effect of this Agreement. The foregoing shall apply to each other Loan Document *mutatis mutandis*.

18.8 **Revival and Reinstatement of Obligations.**

(a) If any member of the Lender Group or any Bank Product Provider repays, refunds, restores, or returns in whole or in part, any payment or property (including any proceeds of

Collateral) previously paid or transferred to such member of the Lender Group or such Bank Product Provider in full or partial satisfaction of any Obligation or on account of any other obligation of any Loan Party under any Loan Document or any Bank Product Agreement, because the payment, transfer, or the incurrence of the obligation so satisfied is asserted or declared to be void, voidable, or otherwise recoverable under any law relating to creditors' rights, including provisions of the Bankruptcy Code relating to fraudulent transfers, preferences, or other voidable or recoverable obligations or transfers (each, a "Voidable Transfer"), or because such member of the Lender Group or Bank Product Provider elects to do so on the reasonable advice of its counsel in connection with a claim that the payment, transfer, or incurrence is or may be a Voidable Transfer, then, as to any such Voidable Transfer, or the amount thereof that such member of the Lender Group or Bank Product Provider elects to repay, restore, or return (including pursuant to a settlement of any claim in respect thereof), and as to all reasonable costs, expenses, and attorneys' fees of such member of the Lender Group or Bank Product Provider related thereto, (i) the liability of the Loan Parties with respect to the amount or property paid, refunded, restored, or returned will automatically and immediately be revived, reinstated, and restored and will exist and (ii) Agent's Liens securing such liability shall be effective, revived, and remain in full force and effect, in each case, as fully as if such Voidable Transfer had never been made. If, prior to any of the foregoing, (A) Agent's Liens shall have been released or terminated or (B) any provision of this Agreement shall have been terminated or cancelled, Agent's Liens, or such provision of this Agreement, shall be reinstated in full force and effect and such prior release, termination, cancellation or surrender shall not diminish, release, discharge, impair or otherwise affect the obligation of any Loan Party in respect of such liability or any Collateral securing such liability. This provision shall survive the termination of this Agreement and the repayment in full of the Obligations.

(b) Anything to the contrary contained herein notwithstanding, if Agent or any Lender accepts a guaranty of only a portion of the Obligations pursuant to any guaranty, Borrower hereby waives its right under Section 2822(a) of the California Civil Code or any similar laws of any other applicable jurisdiction to designate the portion of the Obligations satisfied by the applicable guarantor's partial payment.

18.9 **Confidentiality.**

(a) Agent and Lenders each individually (and not jointly or jointly and severally) agree that material, non-public information regarding the Loan Parties and their Subsidiaries, their operations, assets, and existing and contemplated business plans ("Confidential Information") shall be treated by Agent and the Lenders in a confidential manner, and shall not be disclosed by Agent and the Lenders to Persons who are not parties to this Agreement, except: (i) to attorneys for and other advisors, accountants, auditors, and consultants to any member of the Lender Group and to employees, directors and officers of any member of the Lender Group (the Persons in this clause (i), "Lender Group Representatives") on a "need to know" basis in connection with this Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereby and on a confidential basis, (ii) to Subsidiaries and Affiliates of any member of the Lender Group (including the Bank Product Providers), provided that any such Subsidiary or Affiliate shall have agreed to receive such information hereunder subject to the terms of this Section 18.9, (iii) as may be required by regulatory authorities so long as such authorities are informed of the confidential nature of such information, (iv) as may be required by statute, decision, or judicial or administrative order, rule, or regulation; provided that (x) prior to any disclosure under this clause (iv), the disclosing party agrees to provide Borrower with prior notice thereof, to the extent that it is practicable to do so and to the extent that the disclosing party is permitted to provide such prior notice to Borrower pursuant to the terms of the applicable statute, decision, or judicial or administrative order, rule, or regulation and (y) any disclosure under this clause (iv) shall be limited to the portion of the

Confidential Information as may be required by such statute, decision, or judicial or administrative order, rule, or regulation, (v) as may be agreed to in advance in writing by Borrower, (vi) as requested or required by any Governmental Authority pursuant to any subpoena or other legal process, provided, that, (x) prior to any disclosure under this clause (vi) the disclosing party agrees to provide Borrower with prior written notice thereof, to the extent that it is practicable to do so and to the extent that the disclosing party is permitted to provide such prior written notice to Borrower pursuant to the terms of the subpoena or other legal process and (y) any disclosure under this clause (vi) shall be limited to the portion of the Confidential Information as may be required by such Governmental Authority pursuant to such subpoena or other legal process, (vii) as to any such information that is or becomes generally available to the public (other than as a result of prohibited disclosure by Agent or the Lenders or the Lender Group Representatives), (viii) in connection with any assignment, participation or pledge of any Lender's interest under this Agreement, provided that prior to receipt of Confidential Information any such assignee, participant, or pledgee shall have agreed in writing to receive such Confidential Information either subject to the terms of this Section 18.9 or pursuant to confidentiality requirements substantially similar to those contained in this Section 18.9 (and such Person may disclose such Confidential Information to Persons employed or engaged them as described in clause (i) above), (ix) in connection with any litigation or other adversary proceeding involving parties hereto which such litigation or adversary proceeding involves claims related to the rights or duties of such parties under this Agreement or the other Loan Documents; provided, that, prior to any disclosure to any Person (other than any Loan Party, Agent, any Lender, any of their respective Affiliates, or their respective counsel) under this clause (ix) with respect to litigation involving any Person (other than Borrower, Agent, any Lender, any of their respective Affiliates, or their respective counsel), the disclosing party agrees to provide Borrower with prior written notice thereof, and (x) in connection with, and to the extent reasonably necessary for, the exercise of any secured creditor remedy under this Agreement or under any other Loan Document.

(b) Anything in this Agreement to the contrary notwithstanding, Agent may disclose information concerning the terms and conditions of this Agreement and the other Loan Documents to loan syndication and pricing reporting services or in its marketing or promotional materials, with such information to consist of deal terms and other information customarily found in such publications or marketing or promotional materials and may otherwise use the name, logos, and other insignia of Borrower or the other Loan Parties and the Commitments provided hereunder in any "tombstone" or other advertisements, on its website or in other marketing materials of the Agent.

(c) Each Loan Party agrees that Agent may make materials or information provided by or on behalf of Borrower hereunder (collectively, "Borrower Materials") available to the Lenders by posting the Communications on IntraLinks, SyndTrak or a substantially similar secure electronic transmission system (the "Platform"). The Platform is provided "as is" and "as available." Agent does not warrant the accuracy or completeness of the Borrower Materials, or the adequacy of the Platform and expressly disclaim liability for errors or omissions in the communications. No warranty of any kind, express, implied or statutory, including any warranty of merchantability, fitness for a particular purpose, non-infringement of third party rights or freedom from viruses or other code defects, is made by Agent in connection with the Borrower Materials or the Platform. In no event shall Agent or any of the Agent-Related Persons have any liability to the Loan Parties, any Lender or any other person for damages of any kind, including direct or indirect, special, incidental or consequential damages, losses or expenses (whether in tort, contract or otherwise) arising out of any Loan Party's or Agent's transmission of communications through the Internet, except to the extent the liability of such person is found in a final non-appealable judgment by a court of competent jurisdiction to have resulted from such person's gross negligence or willful misconduct. Each Loan Party further agrees that certain of the Lenders may be "public-side" Lenders (*i.e.*, Lenders that do not wish to receive material non-public information with

respect to the Loan Parties or their securities) (each, a “Public Lender”). The Loan Parties shall be deemed to have authorized Agent and its Affiliates and the Lenders to treat Borrower Materials marked “PUBLIC” or otherwise at any time filed with the SEC as not containing any material non-public information with respect to the Loan Parties or their securities for purposes of United States federal and state securities laws. All Borrower Materials marked “PUBLIC” are permitted to be made available through a portion of the Platform designated as “Public Investor” (or another similar term). Agent and its Affiliates and the Lenders shall be entitled to treat any Borrower Materials that are not marked “PUBLIC” or that are not at any time filed with the SEC as being suitable only for posting on a portion of the Platform not marked as “Public Investor” (or such other similar term).

18.10 **Survival**. All representations and warranties made by the Loan Parties in the Loan Documents and in the certificates or other instruments delivered in connection with or pursuant to this Agreement or any other Loan Document shall be considered to have been relied upon by the other parties hereto and shall survive the execution and delivery of the Loan Documents and the making of any Loans, regardless of any investigation made by any such other party or on its behalf and notwithstanding that Agent or any Lender may have had notice or knowledge of any Default or Event of Default or incorrect representation or warranty at the time any credit is extended hereunder, and shall continue in full force and effect as long as the principal of, or any accrued interest on, any Loan or any fee or any other amount payable under this Agreement is outstanding or unpaid and so long as the Commitments have not expired or been terminated.

18.11 **Patriot Act; Due Diligence**. Each Lender that is subject to the requirements of the Patriot Act hereby notifies the Loan Parties that pursuant to the requirements of the Patriot Act, it is required to obtain, verify and record information that identifies each Loan Party, which information includes the name and address of each Loan Party and other information that will allow such Lender to identify each Loan Party in accordance with the Patriot Act. In addition, Agent and each Lender shall have the right to periodically conduct due diligence on all Loan Parties, their senior management and key principals and legal and beneficial owners. Each Loan Party agrees to cooperate in respect of the conduct of such due diligence and further agrees that the reasonable costs and charges for any such due diligence by Agent shall constitute Lender Group Expenses hereunder and be for the account of Borrower.

18.12 **Integration**. This Agreement, together with the other Loan Documents, reflects the entire understanding of the parties with respect to the transactions contemplated hereby and shall not be contradicted or qualified by any other agreement, oral or written, before the date hereof. The foregoing to the contrary notwithstanding, all Bank Product Agreements, if any, are independent agreements governed by the written provisions of such Bank Product Agreements, which will remain in full force and effect, unaffected by any repayment, prepayments, acceleration, reduction, increase, or change in the terms of any credit extended hereunder, except as otherwise expressly provided in such Bank Product Agreement.

18.13 **Acknowledgement Regarding Any Supported QFCs**. To the extent that the Loan Documents provide support, through a guarantee or otherwise, for Hedge Agreements or any other agreement or instrument that is a QFC (such support, “QFC Credit Support” and each such QFC a “Supported QFC”), the parties acknowledge and agree as follows with respect to the resolution power of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation under the Federal Deposit Insurance Act and Title II of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (together with the regulations promulgated thereunder, the “U.S. Special Resolution Regimes”) in respect of such Supported QFC and QFC Credit Support (with the provisions below applicable notwithstanding that the Loan Documents and any Supported QFC may in fact be stated to be governed by the laws of the State of New York and/or of the United States or any other state of the United States): In the event a Covered Entity that is party to a

Supported QFC (each, a “Covered Party”) becomes subject to a proceeding under a U.S. Special Resolution Regime, the transfer of such Supported QFC and the benefit of such QFC Credit Support (and any interest and obligation in or under such Supported QFC and such QFC Credit Support, and any rights in property securing such Supported QFC or such QFC Credit Support) from such Covered Party will be effective to the same extent as the transfer would be effective under the U.S. Special Resolution Regime if the Supported QFC and such QFC Credit Support (and any such interest, obligation and rights in property) were governed by the laws of the United States or a state of the United States. In the event a Covered Party or a BHC Act Affiliate of a Covered Party becomes subject to a proceeding under a U.S. Special Resolution Regime, Default Rights under the Loan Documents that might otherwise apply to such Supported QFC or any QFC Credit Support that may be exercised against such Covered Party are permitted to be exercised to no greater extent than such Default Rights could be exercised under the U.S. Special Resolution Regime if the Supported QFC and the Loan Documents were governed by the laws of the United States or a state of the United States. Without limitation of the foregoing, it is understood and agreed that rights and remedies of the parties with respect to a Defaulting Lender shall in no event affect the rights of any Covered Party with respect to a Supported QFC or any QFC Credit Support.

18.14 **SUNS as Agent for the Borrowers.** Each Borrower hereby irrevocably appoints SUNS as the borrowing agent and attorney-in-fact for each Borrower (the “Administrative Borrower”) which appointment shall remain in full force and effect unless and until Agent shall have received prior written notice signed by each Borrower that such appointment has been revoked and that another Borrower has been appointed Administrative Borrower. Each Borrower hereby irrevocably appoints and authorizes Administrative Borrower (a) to provide Agent with all notices with respect to the Loans obtained for the benefit of any Borrower and all other notices and instructions under this Agreement and the other Loan Documents (and any notice or instruction provided by Administrative Borrower shall be deemed to be given by each Borrower hereunder and shall bind each Borrower), (b) to receive notices and instructions from members of the Lender Group (and any notice or instruction provided by any member of the Lender Group to Administrative Borrower in accordance with the terms hereof shall be deemed to have been given to each Borrower), (c) to enter into Bank Product Agreements on behalf of any Borrower and their Subsidiaries, and (d) to take such action as Administrative Borrower deems appropriate on its behalf to obtain Loans and to exercise such other powers as are reasonably incidental thereto to carry out the purposes of this Agreement. It is understood that the handling of the Loan Account and Collateral in a combined fashion, as more fully set forth herein, is done solely as an accommodation to each Borrower in order to utilize the collective borrowing powers of SUNS and SUNS Holdings I in the most efficient and economical manner and at their request, and that Lender Group shall not incur liability to any Borrower as a result hereof. Each Borrower expects to derive benefit, directly or indirectly, from the handling of the Loan Account and the Collateral in a combined fashion since the successful operation of each Borrower is dependent on the continued successful performance of the integrated group. To induce the Lender Group to do so, and in consideration thereof, each Borrower hereby jointly and severally agrees to indemnify each member of the Lender Group and hold each member of the Lender Group harmless against any and all liability, expense, loss or claim of damage or injury, made against the Lender Group by any Borrower or by any third party whosoever, arising from or incurred by reason of (i) the handling of the Loan Account and Collateral of each Borrower as herein provided, or (ii) the Lender Group’s relying on any instructions of Administrative Borrower, except that no Borrower will have liability to the relevant Agent-Related Person or Lender-Related Person under this Section 18.14 with respect to any liability that has been finally determined by a court of competent jurisdiction to have resulted solely from the gross

negligence or willful misconduct of such Agent-Related Person or Lender-Related Person, as the case may be.

[Signature pages to follow.]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Agreement to be executed and delivered as of the date first above written.

BORROWER:

SUNRISE REALTY TRUST, INC.,
a Maryland corporation

By: _____
Name: Brandon Hetzel
Its: Chief Financial Officer

SUNRISE REALTY TRUST HOLDINGS I LLC,
a Delaware limited liability company

By: _____
Name: Brian Sedrish
Its: Authorized Signatory

EAST WEST BANK,

as Agent, as Joint Lead Arranger, as Joint Book Runner, as Co-Syndication Agent, as Co-Documentation Agent, and as a Lender

By:

Name:

Martin Kriegler

Its:

Authorized Signatory

AMENDMENT NUMBER TWO TO LOAN AND SECURITY AGREEMENT

This Amendment Number Two to Loan and Security Agreement (this "Amendment") is entered into as of December 31, 2024 (the "Second Amendment Effective Date"), by and among the lenders identified on the signature pages hereof (such lenders, together with their respective successors and permitted assigns, are referred to hereinafter each individually as a "Lender" and collectively as the "Lenders"), EAST WEST BANK, administrative agent for each member of the Lender Group and the Bank Product Providers (in such capacity, together with its successors and assigns in such capacity, "Agent"), as joint lead arranger (in such capacity, together with its successors and assigns in such capacity, the "Joint Lead Arranger"), and as joint book runner (in such capacity, together with its successors and assigns in such capacity, the "Joint Book Runner"), SUNRISE REALTY TRUST, INC., a Maryland corporation ("Existing Borrower"), and SUNRISE REALTY TRUST HOLDINGS I LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("New Borrower"), and together with Existing Borrower, each individually a Borrower, and collectively, jointly and severally, the "Borrowers"), in light of the following:

- A. Agent, the Lenders, the Joint Lead Arranger, the Joint Book Runner and Existing Borrower have previously entered into that certain Loan and Security Agreement, dated as of November 6, 2024 (as amended, restated or otherwise modified from time to time, the "Agreement");
- B. Existing Borrower has requested that New Borrower join as a "Borrower" under the Agreement and the other Loan Documents;
- C. In accordance with Section 15.1 of the Agreement, Agent, the Lenders (which shall constitute the Supermajority Lenders), and Borrower have agreed to amend the Agreement set forth herein.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises herein contained and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and adequacy of which are hereby acknowledged, Agent, the Lenders, and the Borrowers hereby agree as follows as of the Second Amendment Effective Date:

1. **DEFINITIONS.** All initially capitalized terms used in this Amendment shall have the meanings given to them in the Agreement unless specifically defined herein.

2. **AMENDMENTS.**

(a) The definitions of "Agreement Among Lenders, Obligor Agent, and EWB Agent", "Borrower Pro Rata Hold", "Co-Lender Agreement", and "Obligor Triggering Event" set forth in Section 1.1 of the Agreement are hereby deleted and replaced with the following definitions of the same terms:

"Agreement Among Lenders, Obligor Agent, and EWB Agent" means that certain Agreement Among Lenders and Obligor Agent dated as of December 9, 2024, among Obligor Loan Agent, Borrower, the other Obligor Lenders, and Agent.

"Borrower Pro Rata Hold" means Borrower's pro rata interest as a lender in the unfunded commitments and outstanding loans in any Obligor Loan Receivable, it being understood and agreed that any portion of Borrower's pro rata interest sold, granted or otherwise conveyed as a participating interest or other ownership interest (legal, beneficial or otherwise) in the unfunded commitments and outstanding loans in any Obligor Loan Receivable shall be excluded from the calculation of the Borrower Pro Rata Hold for such Obligor Loan Receivable.

'Co-Lender Agreement' means that certain Co-Lender Agreement dated as of December 9, 2024, among Holdings I and Borrower.

'Obligor Triggering Event' means, with respect to any one or more Obligor Loan Receivables, (i) an Obligor Specified Event of Default under the applicable Obligor Loan Documents has occurred and is continuing, (ii) any amendment, modification, or waiver results in the release of any material portion of the collateral securing the applicable Obligor Loan Receivable or reducing or postponing any payments due under the Obligor Loan Documents, (iii) Borrower ceases to constitute Obligor Required Lenders under the applicable Obligor Loan Receivable, (iv) (x) a master servicer, primary servicer, special servicer and/or trustee is appointed to manage, administer or otherwise service such Obligor Loan Receivable, unless such appointment has been consented to by Agent in writing (and for the avoidance of doubt, Bellwether Asset Services, LLC has been consented to by Agent in writing), or (y) any servicing agreement previously consented to by Agent is materially amended, the existing servicer under such servicing agreement is removed or replaced, or a new servicing agreement that amends, restates, and supersedes an existing servicing agreement is entered into with respect to such Obligor Loan Receivable, in each case without the prior written consent of Agent, (v) any other amendment, modification or waiver of any applicable Obligor Loan Documents which requires the consent of all lenders or all affected lenders under the terms of such Obligor Loan Documents as in effect at the time such Obligor Loan Receivables were first included in the Borrowing Base is proposed and not approved, (vi) such Obligor Loan Receivable is assigned a risk rating of "4" or a higher number, (vii) unless otherwise approved by Agent, Obligor Loan Receivables to an Obligor or its Affiliates exceed twenty five percent (25%) of all Eligible Obligor Loan Receivables in the Borrowing Base at the time of determination, to the extent of the obligations owing by such Obligor and its Affiliates in excess of such percentage, (viii) except for Mezzanine Loan Receivables, it ceases to be secured by a first priority security interest in the applicable Obligor Loan Collateral, (ix) the occurrence of an Obligor Loan Receivable Triggering Action with respect to the applicable Eligible Obligor Loan Receivable; (x) Borrower for any reason ceases to be designated as "Directing Lender" or such similar term or as the party to have the ability to accelerate the debt and direct enforcement actions under the applicable Intra-Lender Agreement associated with such Obligor Loan Receivable; provided that this clause (x) shall not constitute an "Obligor Triggering Event" if SRTH is the "Directing Lender" or such similar term or the party with the ability to accelerate the debt and direct enforcement actions under the applicable Intra-Lender Agreement associated with such Obligor Loan Receivable, and such Obligor Loan Receivable is pledged to the Lender as "collateral" in connection with the SRTH Loan Agreement, or (xi) Borrower and SRTH Borrower are both lenders under the Obligor Loan Documents associated with such Obligor Loan Receivable, and SRTH Borrower's Pro Rata Hold under such Obligor Loan Receivable is deemed to be ineligible or is excluded from the calculation of the borrowing base under the SRTH Loan Agreement, or is not otherwise pledged to the Lender as "collateral" in connection with the SRTH Loan Agreement. For purposes of this definition, SRTH Borrower shall mean a "Borrower" under the SRTH Loan Agreement and as defined therein."

(b) Section 5.25 of the Agreement is hereby amended by deleting the period (“.”) at the end of such Section and replacing it with a comma (“,”) and adding the following clause immediately after the comma:

“unless such participation interest or other ownership interest has been consented to by Agent in its sole discretion.”

(c) Section 5 is hereby amended by adding the following Section 5.29 immediately after Section 5.28:

“5.29 **REIT Status.** Borrower is qualified to elect or has elected status as a real estate investment trust under Section 856 of the Code and currently is in compliance in all material respects with all provisions of the IRC applicable to the qualification of the Borrower as a real estate investment trust.”

(d) Section 6 is hereby amended by adding the following Section 6.24 immediately after Section 6.23:

“6.24 **REIT Status.** Borrower shall at all times comply with all requirements of applicable laws necessary to maintain its status as a real estate investment trust under the IRC, shall elect to be treated as a real estate investment trust and shall operate its business in compliance with the terms and conditions of this Agreement and the other Loan Documents.”

(e) Section 7.13 is hereby amended to read as follows:

“7.13 **Participations in Obligor Loan Receivables.** Unless consented to in writing by Agent in its sole discretion, Borrower will not sell, grant or otherwise convey a participating interest or other ownership interest (legal, beneficial or otherwise) in the unfunded commitments, outstanding loans, the obligations of the applicable Obligor, or the other rights and interests of Borrower in any Eligible Obligor Loan Receivable to another Person.”

(f) Clause (l) of Section 10.1 is hereby amended to read as follows:

“(l) Take any actions described in the Intra-Lender Agreements; and”

(g) Schedule E-1 to the Agreement is hereby amended and replaced with the Schedule E-1 attached to this Amendment.

3. **REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES.**

(a) Borrower hereby affirms to Agent and the Lenders that all its representations and warranties set forth in the Loan Documents, after giving effect to this Amendment, are true, complete and accurate in all material respects except that such materiality qualifier shall not be applicable to any representations and warranties that already are qualified or modified by materiality in the text thereof as of the date hereof (except to the extent that such representations and warranties relate solely to an earlier date).

(b) Borrower represents and warrants as of the date hereof (i) it has the requisite corporate power and authority to execute and deliver this Amendment, and to perform its obligations hereunder and under the Loan Documents (as amended hereby) to which it is a party and (ii) the execution, delivery and performance by Borrower of this Amendment have been duly approved by all necessary corporate action and does not (A) violate any material provision of federal, state, or local law or regulation applicable to Borrower or its Subsidiaries or (B) conflict with, result in a breach of, or constitute (with due notice or lapse of time or both) a default under any Material Contract of Borrower or its Subsidiaries except to the extent that any such conflict, breach or default could not individually or in the aggregate reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Change.

(c) Borrower represents and warrants as of the date hereof that this Amendment (i) has been duly executed and delivered by Borrower, (ii) is the legal, valid and binding obligation of Borrower, enforceable against such Borrower in accordance with its terms, and is in full force and effect, except to the extent that (A) the enforceability thereof may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium or other laws relating to or affecting generally the enforcement of creditors' rights or general principles of equity or (B) the availability of the remedies of specific performance or injunctive relief are subject to the discretion of the court before which any proceeding therefor may be brought, and (iii) does not and will not violate any material provision of the Governing Documents of Borrower or its Subsidiaries.

4. **NO DEFAULTS.** Borrower hereby affirms to Agent and the Lenders that no Default or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing as of the date hereof.

5. **CONDITIONS PRECEDENT.** The effectiveness of this Amendment is expressly conditioned upon receipt by Agent of a fully executed copy of this Amendment in form and substance satisfactory to Agent.

6. **CONDITIONS SUBSEQUENT.** The obligation of the Lender Group (or any member thereof) to continue to make Advances (or otherwise extend credit under the Agreement) is subject to the fulfillment, on or before the applicable date thereto, of the following conditions subsequent (the failure by Borrower to so perform or cause to be performed such conditions subsequent as and when required by the terms thereof (unless such date is extended, in writing, by Agent, which Agent may do without obtaining the consent of the other members of the Lender Group), shall constitute an Event of Default:

(a) On or before February 1, 2025, Borrower (i) shall have replaced that certain Promissory Note dated December 12, 2024, in the original principal amount of \$57,000,000.00, by Sardis Lone Star II LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Sardis"), in favor of SRTH and Holdings I, with (A) a promissory note in the original principal amount of \$25,000,000, by Sardis in favor of SRTH, and (B) a promissory note in the original principal amount of \$32,000,000, by Sardis in favor of Holdings I (collectively, the "Replacement Notes"), (ii) shall have delivered the duly executed original of each of the Replacement Note to Agent, with an allonge endorsed pursuant to Section 4.3 affixed thereto;

(b) On or before February 1, 2025, Agent shall have received an amendment to that certain Loan Agreement dated as of December 12, 2024, by and among SRTH and Holdings I, as lenders, SRT Agent, as agent for the lenders, and Sardis Lone Star II LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, as borrower, duly executed and in full force and effect, and in form and substance satisfactory to Agent; and

(c) On or before February 1, 2025, Agent shall have received duly executed copies of the Acknowledgments of Service, in form and substance satisfactory to Agent.

7. **ACKNOWLEDGEMENT.** Borrower hereby acknowledges and reaffirms (a) all of its obligations and duties under the Loan Documents, and (b) that Agent, for the ratable benefit of the Lender Group, has and shall continue to have valid, perfected Liens in the Collateral.

8. **COSTS AND EXPENSES.** Borrowers shall pay to Agent all of Lenders' reasonable and documented out-of-pocket costs and expenses (including, without limitation, the reasonable and documented fees and expenses of its counsel, which counsel may include any local counsel deemed necessary, search fees, filing and recording fees, documentation fees, appraisal fees, travel expenses, and other fees) arising in connection with the preparation, execution, and delivery of this Amendment and all related documents as well as expenses related to the maintenance of the facility (such as periodic searches).

9. **LIMITED EFFECT.** In the event of a conflict between the terms and provisions of this Amendment and the terms and provisions of the Agreement, the terms and provisions of this Amendment shall govern. In all other respects, the Agreement, as amended and supplemented hereby, shall remain in full force and effect.

10. **COUNTERPARTS; EFFECTIVENESS**. This Amendment may be executed in any number of counterparts and by different parties on separate counterparts, each of which when so executed and delivered shall be deemed to be an original. All such counterparts, taken together, shall constitute but one and the same Amendment. This Amendment shall become effective upon the execution of a counterpart of this Amendment by each of the parties hereto and satisfaction of each of the other conditions precedent set forth in Section 5 hereof. This Amendment is a Loan Document and is subject to all the terms and conditions, and entitled to all the protections, applicable to Loan Documents generally. Delivery of an executed counterpart of this Amendment by telefacsimile or .pdf shall be equally effective as delivery of a manually executed counterpart.

11. **CHOICE OF LAW AND VENUE; JURY TRIAL WAIVER; JUDICIAL REFERENCE**. Section 14 of the Agreement is incorporated herein by reference *mutatis mutandis*.

[Signatures on next page.]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this Amendment as of the date first set forth above.

EAST WEST BANK,
as Agent and a Lender

By: /s/ Martin Kriegler
Title: Senior Vice President
Name: Martin Kriegler

Amendment Number Two
to Loan and Security Agreement

List of Subsidiaries of the Company

Sunrise Realty Trust Holdings I LLC, a Delaware limited liability company

Sunrise Realty Trust Holdings II LLC, a Delaware limited liability company

Sunrise Realty Trust TRS LLC, a Delaware limited liability company

Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

We consent to the inclusion in this Registration Statement on Form S-11 (File No 333-____) of our report dated February 21, 2024, with respect to the financial statements of Sunrise Realty Trust, Inc. as of December 31, 2023, and for the period from August 28, 2023 (date of formation) through December 31, 2023.

We also consent to the reference to our firm under the caption "Experts".

/s/CohnReznick LLP

Baltimore, Maryland

January 21, 2025